Oriental motor

Before using the product

Safety precautions

Precautions for use

Checking the product

Installation

Connection

Guidance

Inspection and maintenance

Appendix

Brushless Motor

BLV Series R Type Driver BLVD-KBRD

OPERATING MANUAL

Installation and Connection Edition

Thank you for purchasing an Oriental Motor product.

This Operating Manual describes product handling procedures and safety precautions.

• Please read it thoroughly to ensure safe operation.

• Always keep the manual where it is readily available.

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1 Before using the product

Only qualified personnel of electrical and mechanical engineering should work with the product.

Use the product correctly after thoroughly reading the section "2 Safety precautions." In addition, be sure to observe the contents described in warning, caution, and note in this manual.

The product described in this manual is designed and manufactured to be incorporated in general industrial equipment. Do not use for any other purpose.

For the power supply, use a DC power supply with reinforced insulation on its primary and secondary sides. Oriental Motor Co., Ltd. is not responsible for any compensation for damage caused through failure to observe this warning.

Overview of the product

Compatible with battery drive

This product is compatible with the allowable operating voltage of 15 VDC to 40 VDC, taking into account voltage fluctuations.

• Stability at low speeds

Excellent stability at low speeds is obtained in comparison with conventional brushless motors. Using this product can achieve smooth starting and stopping of equipment.

Compatible with network communications

Parameters can be set and operation can be executed or stopped via communications of RS-485 (Modbus RTU) or CAN (CANopen).

Parameters can also be set using the support software.

Related operating manuals

Operating manuals are not included with the product. Download them from Oriental Motor Website Download Page or contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office.

Operating manual name		
BLV Series R Type Driver: BLVD-KBRD OPERATING MANUAL Installation and Connection Edition (this document)		
BLV Series R Type OPERATING MANUAL Function Edition		
BLV Series R Type Driver CANopen Communication Profile		
BLV Series R Type Motor OPERATING MANUAL		

Search for an operating manual by the model name shown on the nameplate.

2 Safety precautions

The precautions described below are intended to ensure the safe and correct use of the product, and to prevent the customer and others from exposure to the risk of injury. Use the product only after carefully reading and fully understanding these instructions.

Description of signs

	Handling the product without observing the instructions that accompany a "WARNING" symbol may result in serious injury or death.	
	Handling the product without observing the instructions that accompany a "CAUTION" symbol may result in injury or property damage.	
Note	The items under this heading contain important handling instructions that the user should observe to ensure safe use of the product.	
memo	The items under this heading contain related information and contents to gain a further understanding of the text in this manual.	

Explanation of graphic symbols



Indicates "prohibited" actions that must not be performed.

Indicates "compulsory" actions that must be performed.

	WARNING
	• Do not use the product in explosive or corrosive environments, in the presence of flammable gases, in places subjected to splashing water, or near combustibles. Doing so may result in fire, electric shock, or injury.
	• Do not transport, install, connect or inspect the product while the power is supplied. Always turn off the power before carrying out these operations. This may result in electric shock or damage to equipment.
	• Do not use a motor without an electromagnetic brake in an application of vertical drive such as elevating equipment. If the alarm function (protective function) of the driver is activated, the motor will stop operating. This may cause the moving part to fall, resulting in injury or damage to equipment.
\bigcirc	• Do not use the brake mechanism of the electromagnetic brake motor as a safety brake. It is intended to hold the moving part and motor positions. Using it as a safety brake may result in injury or damage to equipment.
	• Do not forcibly bend, pull, or pinch the cable. Doing so may result in fire, electrical shock, or damage to equipment.
	• Do not touch the motor or driver when conducting the insulation resistance measurement or dielectric strength test. Accidental contact may result in electric shock.
	• Do not disassemble or modify the driver. Doing so may result in electric shock, injury, or damage to equipment. Refer all such internal inspections and repairs to the branch or sales office from which you purchased the product.
	• Only qualified and educated personnel should be allowed to perform installation, connection, operation and inspection/troubleshooting of the product. Handling by unqualified and uneducated personnel may result in fire, electric shock, injury, or damage to equipment.
	• Use a motor and a driver only in the specified combination. An incorrect combination may cause fire, electric shock, or damage to equipment.
	• If the alarm function (protective function) of the driver is activated, remove the cause before resetting the alarm. Continuing the operation without removing the cause of the problem may result in malfunction of the motor, leading to injury or damage to equipment.
	Install the driver in an enclosure. Inappropriate installation may result in injury.
	• Always keep the power supply voltage of the driver within the specified range. Failure to do so may result in fire, electric shock, or damage to equipment.

A WARNING				
	• Connect the cables securely according to the wiring example. Failure to do so may result in fire, electric shock, or damage to equipment.			
•	• For a main power supply for communication, use a battery or a DC power supply with reinforced insulation on its primary and secondary sides. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.			
	• Turn off the main power supply in the event of a power failure. Otherwise, the motor may suddenly start when the power is restored, causing injury or damage to equipment.			
	• Always turn off the power before performing maintenance or inspection. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.			

\bigcirc	• Do not use the driver beyond its specifications. Doing so may result in fire, electric shock, injury, or damage to equipment.
	• Do not touch the driver while operating or immediately after stopping. The surface is hot, and this may cause a skin burn(s).
	• Keep the area around the driver free of combustible materials. Failure to do so may result in fire or a skin burn(s).
	• Do not leave anything around the driver that would obstruct ventilation. Doing so may result in damage to equipment.
	• Securely install the driver to the mounting plate. Inappropriate installation may cause the motor or driver to detach and fall, resulting in injury or damage to equipment.
	• Make sure the wiring for the power supply does not disconnect. This may result in damage to equipment.
	• When moving the moving part by hands, put the motor into a non-excitation state. Operating in a state where the motor is excited may cause injury.
	• Pay enough attention to safe operation when starting and stopping the motor by switching ON-OFF of the power supply. Failure to do so may result in injury or damage to equipment.
U	• Be sure to ground the driver to prevent them from being damaged by static electricity. Failure to do so may result in fire or damage to equipment.
	• Provide an emergency stop device or emergency stop circuit external to the equipment so that the entire equipment will operate safely in the event of a system failure or malfunction. Failure to do so may result in injury.
	• Immediately when a problem occurred, stop operation and turn off the main power supply. Failure to do so may result in fire, electrical shock, or injury.

3 Precautions for use

This section covers restrictions and requirements the user should consider when using the product.

Wiring

Connecting a motor and a driver

Use the dedicated connection cable (sold separately) when extending the wiring distance between the motor and the driver.

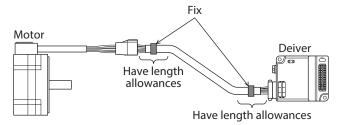
Notes when the cable is used

Note the following points when the cable is used.

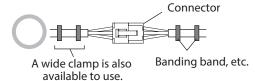
How to fix the cable

Fix the cable at the positions near the connector so that no stress due to the bending or self-weight of the cable is applied on the connector.

Also, do not excessively bend the cable near the connection part of the connector. Applying stress on the cable may cause poor contact or disconnection, leading to malfunction or heat generation.



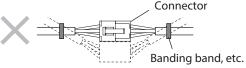
• Fixing at two places on each side



Fix using two cable ties or a wide clamp.

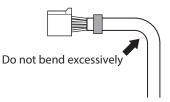
When bending the cable

• Fixing at one place on each side



When the cable is moved, it causes the connectors to move, causing stress to apply on the connector part.

Do not excessively bend the cable. Applying stress on the cable may cause poor contact or disconnection, leading to malfunction or heat generation.



Note when connecting a power supply whose positive terminal is grounded

The USB connector on the driver is not electrically insulated. When grounding the positive terminal of the power supply, do not connect any equipment (PC, etc.) whose negative terminal is grounded. Doing so may cause the driver and these equipment to short, damaging both.

Noise elimination measures

Refer to p.23 for noise elimination measures.

Insulation resistance measurement and dielectric strength test

• Do not conduct the insulation resistance measurement or the dielectric strength test with the motor and driver connected.

Conducting the insulation resistance measurement or dielectric strength test with the motor and driver connected may result in damage to the product.

Operations

Regeneration energy

When the motor is used in operation such as rapid acceleration/deceleration of an inertia body or vertical drive (elevating equipment), regeneration energy may generate. Since the driver has no function to consume regeneration energy, if the output capacity or overvoltage allowance of the DC power supply is small, the protective function for the power supply or driver may be activated to stop the motor. When performing these operations, use a DC power supply or battery that has a large output capacity or overvoltage allowance.

If the protective function for the power supply or driver is activated, contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office.

Power removal function

- If the power removal function is activated, the motor holding force is lost and the motor output shaft may be rotated by external forces (gravity on a vertical axis, etc.). If the motor output shaft is required to hold in position, install an external brake mechanism or equivalent. Failure to do so may result in injury or damage to equipment.
- The power removal function is a function to shut off the power supply to the motor by stopping operation of the inverter circuit. It is not a function to physically shut off the driver and the motor. When touching the driver or the motor, turn off the driver power and check the PWR/SYS LED is turned off. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.
- Be sure to check the motor is in a standstill state before transitioning to the power removal status. Transitioning to the power removal status while the motor is rotating may cause damage to the motor, driver, or equipment.

Saving the data

Notes when saving the data to the non-volatile memory

Do not turn off the power supply while writing the data to the non-volatile memory, and also do not turn off for five seconds after the completion of writing the data. Doing so may abort writing the data and cause an alarm of EEPROM error to generate.

The non-volatile memory can be rewritten approximately 100,000 times.

4 Checking the product

4-1 Package contents

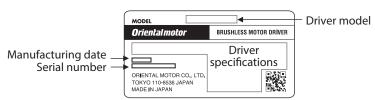
Verify that the items listed below are included. Report any missing or damaged items to the branch or sales office from which you purchased the product.

4-2 Product model

Verify the model name of the purchased product against the model shown on the nameplate.

Driver model: BLVD-KBRD

4-3 Information about nameplate



4-4 Products possible to combine

Verify the model name of the purchased product against the model shown on the nameplate.

- The box (
) in the model name indicates a number representing the gear ratio.
- The box (\blacklozenge) in the model name indicates **F** or **B** representing the cable outlet direction.

Pinion shaft type/parallel shaft gearhead

Output power	Driver model	Applicable motor model	Applicable gearhead model
400 W	BLVD-KBRD	BLMR6400SK-GFV-	GFV6G□

Pinion shaft type/hollow shaft flat gearhead

Output power	Driver model	Applicable motor model	Applicable gearhead model
400 W	BLVD-KBRD	BLMR6400SK-GFV-	GFS6G□FR

Round shaft type

Output power	Driver model	Applicable motor model
400 W	BLVD-KBRD	BLMR5400K-A- ◆

Electromagnetic brake type Pinion shaft type/parallel shaft gearhead

Output power	Driver model	Applicable motor model	Applicable gearhead model
400 W	BLVD-KBRD	BLMR6400SKM-GFV-	GFV6G⊡

■ Electromagnetic brake type Pinion shaft type/hollow shaft flat gearhead

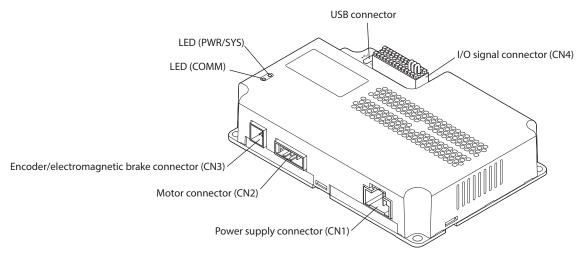
Output power	Driver model	Applicable motor model	Applicable gearhead model
400 W	BLVD-KBRD	BLMR6400SKM-GFV-	GFS6G□FR

Electromagnetic brake type Round shaft type

Output power	Driver model	Applicable motor model
400 W	BLVD-KBRD	BLMR5400KM-A- ◆

4-5 Names and functions of parts

This section explains the name and function for each part of the driver.



Name	Sign	Description	
Power supply connector	CN1	Connects the power supply cable.	
Motor connector	CN2	Connects the motor connector.	
Encoder/electromagnetic brake connector	CN3 ENC/MB	Connects the encoder/electromagnetic brake connector.	
I/O signal connector	CN4 I/O	Connects with external equipment.	
USB connector	•	Connects a PC in which the support software has been installed.	
l FD	PWR/SYS	Refer to "4-6 Indication of LEDs."	
	COMM		

4-6 Indication of LEDs

The driver status and the communication status via RS-485 or CAN can be checked using the indication of LEDs.

PWR/SYS LED

The status of the driver can be checked.

LED status	Description		
No light	The main power is not supplied.		
White light	The main power is supplied. (PWR)		
Blinking red	An alarm is being generated. The alarm type generated can be checked by counting the number of times the LED blinks. The LED will be lit in white when the alarm is reset.		
Blinking white	The power removal function has been activated. The LED will be lit in white when the power removal function and the ETO status is released.		
Blinking blue	Information is being generated. The LED will be lit in white when the information is cleared.		
Repeating "Green \rightarrow Red \rightarrow Simultaneously lit (yellow) \rightarrow No light"	This is the driver simulation mode.		

COMM LED

The communication status can be checked. It is unlit in the initial state. When each communication is started, the COMM LED is lit or blinks depending on the communication status.

 (memo) If communications of CAN and RS-485 were used simultaneously, CAN communication is prioritized.

• When using via RS-485 communication

LED status	Description
White light or blinking white	The driver communicates with the master station properly via RS-485 communication. (C-DAT)
Red light	An error occurs in communication with the master station via RS-485 communication. The LED will be lit or blink in white when the communication status returns to the normal state. (C-ERR)

When using via CAN communication

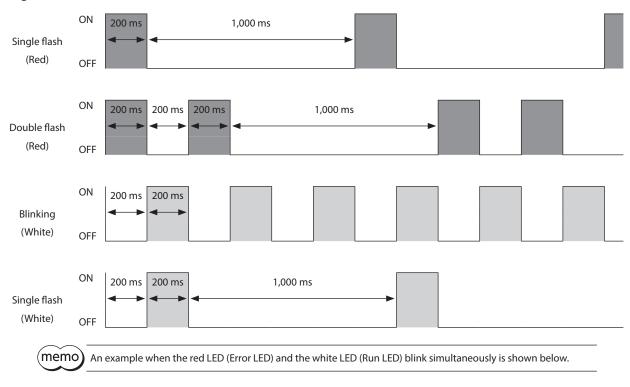
With the COMM LED, the red LED (Error LED) and the white LED (Run LED) are indicated independently for each function.

Red LED (Error LED): Indicates the status of CAN communication and the error in CAN messages. White LED (Run LED): Indicates the status of CANopen network state machine.

LED status		Description	
	No light	The driver is in a state of normal operation.	
Red LED (Error LED)	Single flash	The error counter of the CAN controller reached the warning level.	
	Double flash	Guarding event or Heartbeat event has occurred.	
	Lighting	The driver is in a state of Bus off.	
	Blinking	The driver is in a state of PRE-OPERATIONAL.	
White LED (Run LED)	Single flash	The driver is in a state of STOPPED.	
	Lighting	The driver is in a state of OPERATIONAL.	

Checking the product

Blinking state of LED



Example: When the red LED is "Single flash" and the white LED is "Single flash"



The red LED is prioritized in a state where the red LED and the white LED blink simultaneously.

5-1 Installation location

The driver are designed and manufactured to be incorporated in equipment. Install them in a well-ventilated location that provides easy access for inspection. The location must also satisfy the following conditions:

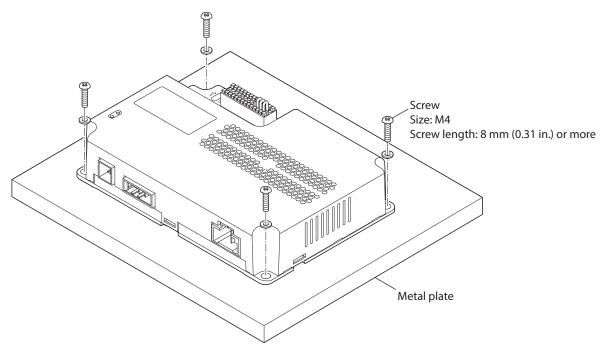
- Inside an enclosure that is installed indoors (provide vent holes)
- Operating ambient temperature: 0 to +40 °C [+32 to +104 °F] (non-freezing)
- Operating ambient humidity: 85% or less (non-condensing)
- Area free of explosive atmosphere, toxic gas (such as sulfuric gas), or liquid
- Area not exposed to direct sun
- Area free of excessive amount of dust, iron particles or the like
- Area not subject to splashing water (rain, water droplets), oil (oil droplets) or other liquids
- Area free of excessive salt
- Area not subject to continuous vibration or excessive shocks
- Area free of excessive electromagnetic noise (from welders, power machinery, etc.)
- Area free of radioactive materials, magnetic fields or vacuum
- Up to 1000 m (3300 ft.) above sea level

5-2 How to install

The driver can be installed in any direction.

Install the driver to a flat metal plate* offering high heat conductivity.

- When installing the driver, use the mounting holes and secure to the metal plate with four screws (M4: not included).
- * Material: Aluminum, size: 350×350×2 mm (13.8×13.8×0.08 in.) or equivalent





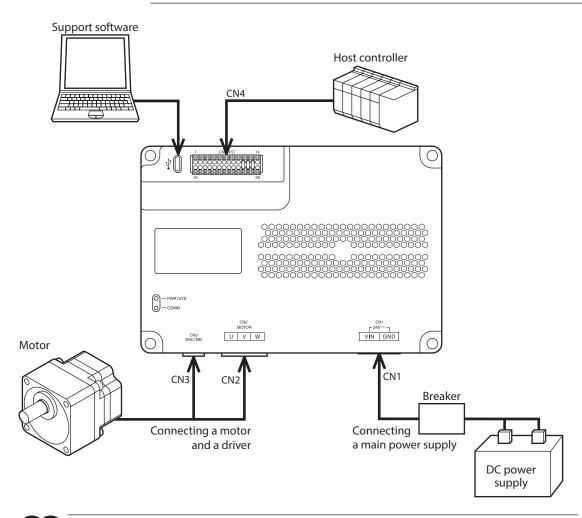
- Install the driver in an enclosure.
- Do not install any equipment that generates a large amount of heat or noise near the driver.
- Do not install the driver underneath a host controller or other equipment vulnerable to heat.
- If the ambient temperature of the driver exceeds the upper limit of the operating ambient temperature, reconsider the ventilation condition or forcibly cool the area around the driver using a fan in order to keep within the operating ambient temperature.

6 Connection

This chapter explains how to connect the driver with the motor, power supplies, and I/O signals.

6-1 System configuration

For protection against electric shock, do not turn on the power supply until the wiring is completed.



• Connect the connectors securely. Insecure connector connections may cause malfunction or damage to the product.

• Keep 3.5 m (11.5 ft.) or less for the wiring distance between a motor and a driver. Extending the wiring distance to 3.5 m (11.5 ft.) or more may result in heat generation from the driver or increase of the electrical noise emitted from the products including the motor and the cable.

(memo

Note

• Before connecting or disconnecting a connector, turn off the main power supply for communication, and check the PWR/SYS LED has been turned off.

• When wiring the I/O signal cable, provide a clearance at least 100 mm (3.94 in.) from inductive loads such as electromagnetic relay, and do not parallel to the power supply cable and connection cable.

• Do not wire the power supply cable in the same cable duct with other power line or motor cable.

6-2 Connecting the main power supply (CN1)

The power supply current capacity varies depending on the motor connected. Insert the connector of the power supply cable into the main power supply connector (CN1) on the driver. The power supply cable **LC03D06A** (sold separately) is provided.

Motor	Input power supply voltage	Power supply current capacity	
400 W	24 VDC	31 A or more	



• To connect the power supply, use as thick a cable as possible and wire over the shortest possible distance. If a thin cable is used or the wiring distance is long, the voltage drop is increased.

• Do not wire the power supply cable in the same cable duct with other power line or motor cable.

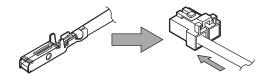
Pin assignment

Pin No.	Name	Description		_
1	VIN	Main power supply input (24 VDC)		₹ <u></u>]
2	GND	Ground for main power supply	1	2

Connector: DF60A-2S-10.16C (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.) Contact: DF60-1012SCFA (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.) Designated crimp tool: HT306/DF60-1012 (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.)

■ How to wire the connector

- Applicable lead wire: AWG12 to AWG10 (3.5 to 5.5 mm²)
- 1. Strip the insulation of the lead wires.
- 2. Crimp the lead wires and contacts using the designated crimp tool.
- 3. Insert the lead wires that have crimped contacts into the connector for CN1.



6-3 Connecting the motor and the driver (CN2, CN3)

Insert the connectors of the motor cable or connection cable into the motor connector (CN2) and the encoder/ electromagnetic brake connector (CN3) on the driver.

Use the dedicated connection cable (sold separately) when extending the wiring distance between the motor and the driver.

The maximum extension distance including the cable length of the motor itself should be 3.5 m [11.5 ft.].



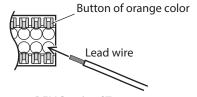
- Connect the connectors securely. Insecure connector connections may cause malfunction or damage to the product.
- Be sure to insert and pull out the connector while holding the connector part. Do not apply any force in a direction other than the direction of inserting and pulling out the connector. Applying improper force may cause damage to the product.
- Do not lift up the product by holding the motor cable. Doing so may result in damage to the product.

6-4 Connecting the I/O signals (CN4)

Connect the I/O signal cable for communication, RS-485 communication cable, or CAN communication cable to CN4 according to your method for using.

How to wire the CN4 connector

- Applicable lead wire: AWG26 to 20 (0.14 to 0.5 mm²)
- Lead wire strip length: 7 mm (0.28 in.)
- 1. Strip the insulation of the lead wire.
- 2. Insert the lead wire while pushing the button of the orange color with a screwdriver.
- 3. After having inserted, release the button to secure the lead wire.



Connector: DFMC0,5/14-ST-2,54 (PHOENIX CONTACT GmbH & Co. KG)

(memo)

Be certain the I/O signal cable is as short as possible.

Pin assignments list

(memo)

• All input signals of the driver are photocoupler inputs.

• The status of signals is shown as follows.

I/O signals for normally open: "ON: Current-carrying" "OFF: Not current-carrying"

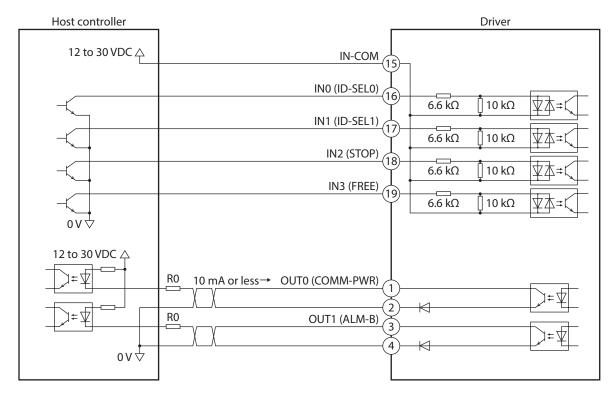
I/O signals for normally closed: "ON: Not current-carrying" "OFF: Current-carrying"

Pin No.	Signal name	Description*		Pin No.	Signal name	Description*
1	OUT0+	Control output 0 (COMM-PWR)		15	IN-COM	Common for IN0 to IN3 inputs
2	OUT0-			16	IN0	Control input 0 (ID-SEL0)
3	OUT1+	Control output 1 (ALM-B)		17	IN1	Control input 1 (ID-SEL1)
4	OUT1-			18	IN2	Control input 2 (STOP)
5	CAN_L	CAN Low		19	IN3	Control input 3 (FREE)
6	CAN_H	CAN High		20	NC	Non Connection
7	CAN_GND	Ground for CAN communication		21	NC	Non Connection
8	485GND	Ground for RS-485 communication		22	485GND	Ground for RS-485 communication
9	TR+	Positive side of signal for RS-485 communication		23	TR+	Positive side of signal for RS-485 communication
10	TR–	Negative side of signal for RS-485 communication	15 21 28	24	TR–	Negative side of signal for RS-485 communication
11	HWTO1+	Positive side of power removal input 1		25	+V	Positive side for internal connection
12	HWTO1-	Negative side of power removal input 1		26	HWTO2+	Positive side of power removal input 2
13	0V	0 V for internal connection		27	HWTO2-	Negative side of power removal input 2
14	EDM-	Negative side of power removal failure monitoring output		28	EDM+	Positive side of power removal failure monitoring output
* Values in parentheses () are initial values.		theses () are initial values.		* Va	* Values in parentheses () are initial value	

Note

• "No.7: CAN_GND," "No.8: 485GND," and "No.22: 485GND" are connected to a signal ground (SG). The SG is insulated from "No.13: 0 V" and "Ground for main power supply."

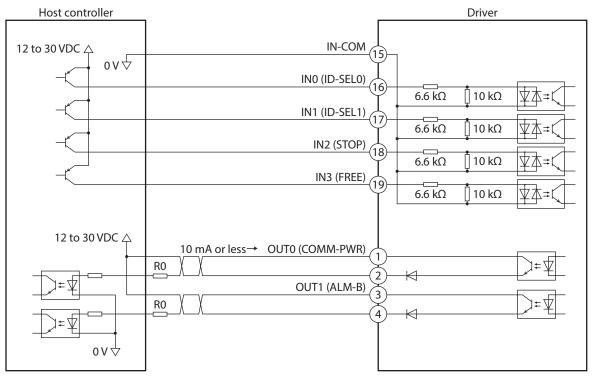
• If the power removal function is not used, connect a jumper wire (included) between the terminals as shown in the figure.



Connection example with a current sink output circuit

* Values in parentheses () are initial values.

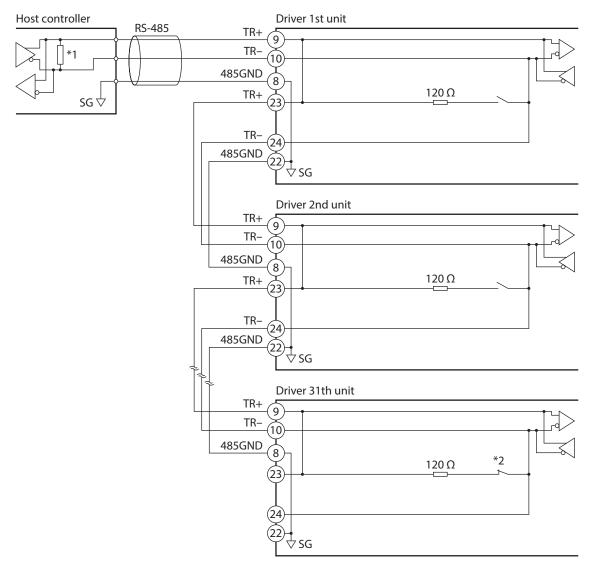
■ Connection example with a current source output circuit



* Values in parentheses () are initial values.

Note

- Use input signals at 12 to 30 VDC.
- Use output signals at 12 to 30 VDC, 10 mA or less. If the current exceeds 10 mA, connect an external resistor R0 so that the current becomes 10 mA or less.
- The saturated voltage of output signals is 2.0 VDC maximum.



■ Connection example with a host controller (RS-485 communication)

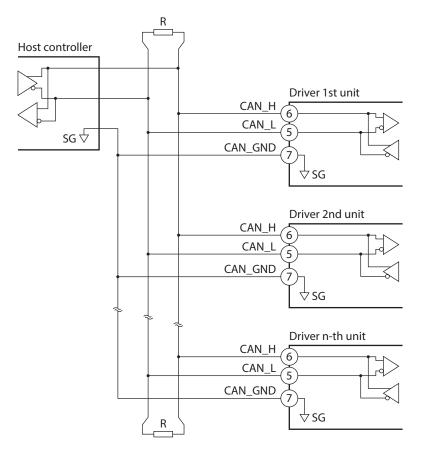
- *1 Termination resistor 120 Ω
- *2 Set the "RS-485 communication termination resistor" parameter to "Enable" with the support software.
 - Use twisted-pair wires for the communication cable and keep the total extension distance up to 10 m (32.8 ft.).
 - Keep 31 units or less for the number of drivers connected.
 - The SG is insulated from the ground for main power supply.



Note

Refer to p.34 for the communication specifications.

Connection example with a host controller (CAN communication)



R: Termination resistor

Connect the termination resistors (120 Ω , 1/4 W or more) on both ends of a bus. Termination resistors are not included with the product.



• Use the CAN-Bus cable for the communication cable.

• The SG is insulated from the ground for main power supply.

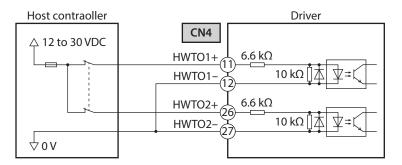


Refer to p.35 for the communication specifications.

■ Connection example with a host controller (power removal function)

Input signal

Signal name	Specifications
HWTO1+ input HWTO1– input	12 to 30 VDC
HWTO2+ input HWTO2– input	12 to 30 vDC

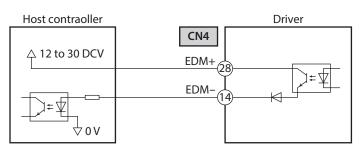




Provide individual contacts for operating the HWTO1 input and the HWTO2 input.

• Output signal

Signal name	Specifications	
EDM+ output	12 to 30 VDC, 10 mA or less	
EDM– output	Output saturated voltage 2.0 V maximum	

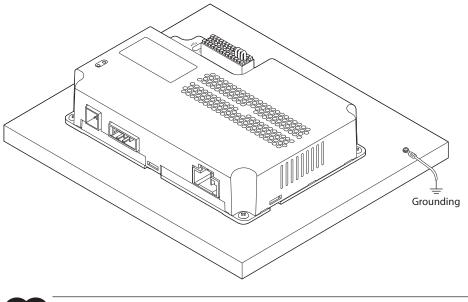




The EDM output is not an output signal to ensure the safety. Do not use the EDM output for any other purpose except for monitoring a failure.

6-5 Grounding

Install the driver to a metal surface that has grounded.





Static electricity may cause damage to the products if they are not grounded.

6-6 Connecting the USB cable

Connect the USB cable to the USB connector when using the support software.

Specifications of USB cable

Specification	USB2.0 (full speed)
Cable	Length: 3 m (9.8 ft.) or less Shape: A to micro B



• Connect the driver and PC directly with the USB cable without using a hub or an extension cable.

- In large electrically noisy environments, use the USB cable with a ferrite core or install a ferrite core to the USB cable.
- The driver's USB connector is not electrically insulated. When grounding the positive terminal of the power supply, do not connect any equipment (PC, etc.) whose negative terminal is grounded. Doing so may cause the driver and these equipment to short, damaging both.

Cable clamp

6-7 Noise elimination measures

There are two types of electrical noises: One is a noise to invade into the driver from the outside and cause the driver malfunction, and the other is a noise to emit from the driver and cause peripheral equipment malfunction. For the noise that is invaded from the outside, take measures to prevent the driver malfunction. It is needed to take adequate measures because signal lines are very likely to be affected by the noise. For the noise that is emitted from the driver, take measures to suppress it.

Measures against electrical noise

There are the following three methods mainly to take measures against the electrical noise.

Noise suppression

- When relays or electromagnetic switches are used, use noise filters or CR circuits to suppress surge generated by them.
- Use a connection cable (sold separately) when extending the wiring distance between the motor and the driver. This is effective in suppressing the electrical noise emitted from the motor.
- Cover the driver by a metal plate such as aluminum. This is effective in shielding the electrical noise emitted from the driver.

Prevention of noise propagation

- Place the power lines such as the motor and power supply cables, keeping a distance of 100 mm (3.94 in.) or more from the signal lines such as I/O signal cable and RS-485 communication cable, and also do not bundle them or wire them in parallel. If a power cable and a signal cable have to cross, cross them at a right angle.
- Use a cable of AWG 26 (0.14 mm²) or thicker for the I/O signal cable.
- Use a cable of AWG 26 (0.14 mm²) or thicker for the RS-485 communication cable.
- Use the CAN-Bus cable for the CAN communication cable.
- For more effective elimination of noise, use shielded cables for a power supply cable and a signal cable or install ferrite cores if non-shielded cables are used.

Shielded cable

- Keep cables as short as possible without coiling and bundling extra lengths.
- To ground a shielded cable, use a metal cable clamp that can maintain contact with the entire circumference of the shielded cable, and ground as near the product as possible.
- Grounding multiple points will increase effect to block electrical noise because impedance on the grounding points is decreased.

However, ground them so that a potential difference does not occur among the grounding points.

• Suppression of effect by noise propagation

• Loop the noise propagated cable around a ferrite core. Doing so will prevent the propagated noise invades into the driver or emits from the driver. The frequency band in which an effect by the ferrite core can be seen is generally 1 MHz or more. Check the frequency characteristics of the ferrite core used. When increasing the effect of noise attenuation by the ferrite core, loop the cable a lot.

6-8 Conformity to the EMC Directive

Effective measures must be taken against the EMI that the motor and driver may give to adjacent control-system equipment, as well as the EMS of the motor and driver itself, in order to prevent a serious functional impediment in the machinery. The use of the following installation and wiring methods will enable the motor and driver to be compliant with the EMC directive.

Oriental Motor conducts EMC testing on its motors and drivers in accordance with "Example of installation and wiring."

The user is responsible for ensuring the machine's compliance with the EMC Directive, based on the installation and wiring explained below.



This equipment is not intended for use in residential environments nor for use on a low-voltage public network supplied in residential premises, and it may not provide adequate protection to radio reception interference in such environments.

About power supply

The driver is a product of DC power input. Use a DC power supply compliant with the EMC Directive.

Connecting the motor cable

When extending the motor cable, use a connection cable (sold separately). The maximum extension distance including the cable length of the motor itself should be 3.5 m [11.5 ft.] (3 m [9.8 ft.] for the connector type).

Notes about installation and wiring

- Ground the motor, driver and other peripheral control equipment directly to the grounding point so that a potential difference does not occur among the grounds.
- When relays or electromagnetic switches are used together with the system, use noise filters and CR circuits to suppress surges generated by them.
- Keep a power supply cable and a signal cable as short as possible without coiling and bundling extra lengths.
- Separate power lines such as the motor cable and the power supply cable from signal lines, and wire them apart as much as possible [example: about 100 to 200 mm (3.94 to 7.87 in.)]. If the power lines must cross over the signal lines, wire them at right angles.

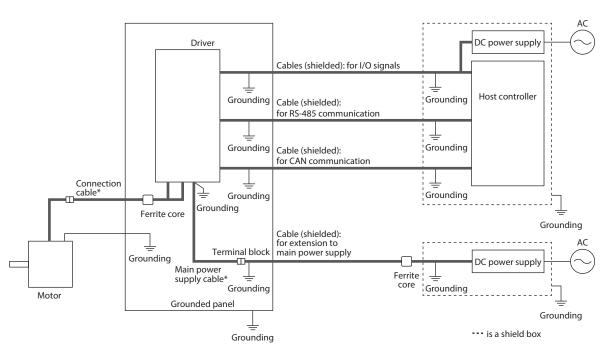
Grounding method

- Wires used to ground the motor and the driver must be as thick and short as possible so that no potential difference is generated between the grounding points.
- Choose a large, thick and uniformly conductive surface for the grounding point.
- Install the motor to a grounded metal plate.

Example of installation and wiring



The driver uses parts that are sensitive to electrostatic charge. Take measures against static electricity since static electricity may cause the driver to malfunction or suffer damage.

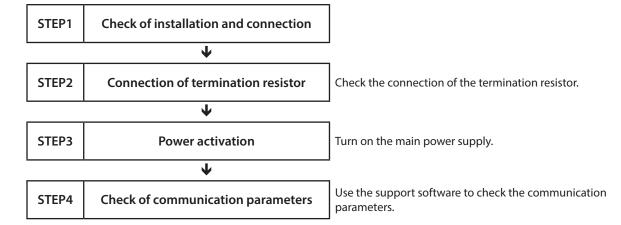


* Oriental Motor connection cables are used.

• The termination resistors are connected on both ends of the CAN communication cable to conduct the testing.
• The CAN-Bus cable is used for the CAN communication cable.

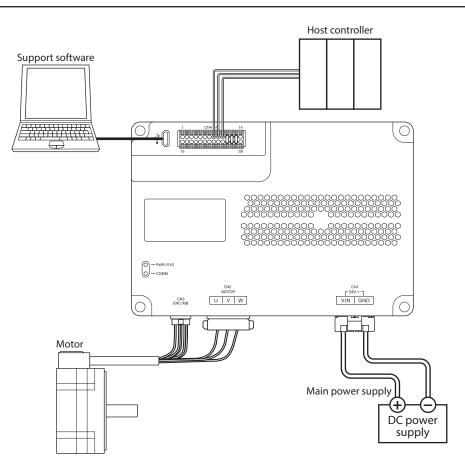
7 Guidance

If you are new to this product, read this section to understand the setting flow of the communication parameters.



7-1 Setting of RS-485 communication





STEP 2 Connection of termination resistor

Connect a termination resistor for a driver located the farthest away (positioned at the end) from the host controller. There are the following two methods for how to connect a termination resistor.

When a termination resistor inside the driver is used

Change the "RS-485 communication termination resistor" parameter to "Enable" with the support software.

Name	Setting	
RS-485 communication termination resistor	Enable	



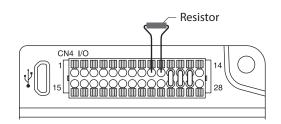
The termination resistor is turned ON only when the main power is supplied to the driver since it is turned ON or OFF inside the driver.

The termination resistor inside the driver is set based on the address number (slave address). The terminating resistor is enabled when the slave address 4 is set (initial value). When the slave address 4 is used, check the connection of termination resistor. Refer to the OPERATING MANUAL Function Edition for how to set the address number.

When a resistor (120 Ω) is connected between the TR+ and TR- terminals of the CN4 connector

Connecting method

- 1. Connect lead wires to a resistor.
- 2. Connect the lead wires between the TR+ and TR- terminals of CN4.



Note

 Be sure to connect a resistor between the TR+ and TR- terminals. Incorrect connection may cause damage to the resistor.

• When connecting a resistor, set the "RS-485 communication termination resistor" parameter to "Disable."

memo For a resistor, use a metal film resistor of 120 Ω , 1/2 W or more.

STEP 3 Power activation

Turn on the main power supply.

Start the support software. Execute "Communication port" to check the setting of the communication port. Execute "Data reading" to read the driver data.

STEP 4	Check of	communication	parameters

Start "Starts the simple setting." of the support software.

setting							
Starts the simple setting.							
Communication setting							
COM Setting Condition	COMM-I/F mode selection: CAM	lopen	&Modbus RTU			CANop Deta	en / Modbus RTU ailed setting
Communication power supply	ON *To comm	unica	te, the communica	tion power su	pply is req	uired to be	turned on.
	Communication power supply lo	st actio	on: Disable				
					1		10.0510
ID-SEL(Applicable value) ID-SEL(Present value)		D-SEL D-SEL	_	_	D-SEL2		ID-SEL3 ID-SEL3
ID-SEL(Present value)		D-SEL	.0 🗌 ID-S		J ID-SEL2		ID-SEL3
CANopen Communication	setting						
	Input value		Deere	ent value			
Node-ID	1	~	1	ant value	_		
	500kbps	×	500kbps			Reflect	ing on the driver.
Diudie	SUUKDPS	~	JUUKDPS				
	Statusword - remote				[CAN	pen com. status
Communication status	Initialization				I		monitor
Communication error	No error						
Reception count	0						
Reception count Transmission count							
	7						
Transmission count	7		Prese	ent value			
Transmission count	7	~	Prese	ent value		D-(l)	
Transmission count Modbus Communication s Slave address	7 etting Input value	~		ent value		Reflect	ing on the driver.
Transmission count Modbus Communication s Slave address	7 Input value		1	nt value		Reflect	ing on the driver.
Transmission count Modbus Communication s Slave address Baudrate	7 Input value 1 230400bps	~	1 230400bps	ent value		Reflect	ing on the driver.
Transmission count Modbus Communication s Slave address Baudrate Communication parity Termination resistor	7 Input value 1 230400bps Even	~	1 230400bps Even	ent value		Reflect	ing on the driver.
Transmission count Modbus Communication s Slave address Baudrate Communication parity	7 Input value 1 230400bps Even	~	1 230400bps Even Disable				
Transmission count Modbus Communication s Slave address Baudrate Communication parity Termination resistor	7 Input value 1 230400bps Even	~	1 230400bps Even		&Modbus R		
Transmission count Modbus Communication s Slave address Baudrate Communication parity Termination resistor	7 Input value 1 230400bps Even	~ ~ COM	1 230400bps Even Disable			TU / Stop	oit: 1 bit
Transmission count Modbus Communication s Slave address Baudrate Communication parity Termination resistor	7 Input value 1 230400bps Even Disable Communication timeout[ms] :	~ ~ COM	1 230400bps Even Disable	ion: CANopen Transmiss	ion waiting	TU / Stop time[ms] :	oit: 1 bit
Transmission count Modbus Communication s Slave address Baudrate Communication parity Termination resistor	7 Input value 1 230400bps Even Disable	~ ~ COM	1 230400bps Even Disable	ion: CANopen	ion waiting	TU / Stop time[ms] :	oit: 1 bit
Transmission count Modbus Communication s Slave address Baudrate Communication parity Termination resistor	7 etting Input value 1 230400bps Even Disable Communication timeout[ms] : Silent interval[ms] :	~ ~ COM	1 230400bps Even Disable	ion: CANopen Transmiss	ion waiting	TU / Stop time[ms] :	oit: 1 bit
Transmission count Modbus Communication s Slave address Baudrate Communication parity Termination resistor Present setting	7 Input value 1 230400bps Even Disable Communication timeout[ms] : Silent interval[ms] :	~ ~ COM 0 0.0	1 230400bps Even Disable MI-I/F mode select	ion: CANopen Transmiss Communic	ion waiting	TU / Stop time[ms] :	oit: 1 bit
Transmission count Modbus Communication s Slave address Baudrate Communication parity Termination resistor Present setting	7 etting Input value 1 230400bps Even Disable Communication timeout[ms] : Silent interval[ms] :	~ ~ COM 0 0.0	1 230400bps Even Disable MI-I/F mode select	ion: CANopen Transmiss Communic	ion waiting	TU / Stop time[ms] :	oit: 1 bit
Transmission count Modbus Communication s Slave address Baudrate Communication parity Termination resistor Present setting	7 Input value 1 230400bps Even Disable Communication timeout[ms] : Silent interval[ms] :	COM 0 00:CC	1 230400bps Even Disable MI-I/F mode select	ion: CANopen Transmiss Communic	ion waiting ation error	TU / Stop time[ms] :	ot: 1 bit 3.0 3
Transmission count Modbus Communication s Slave address Baudrate Communication parity Termination resistor Present setting Communication s	7 etting Input value 1 230400bps Even Disable Communication timeout[ms]: Silent interval[ms]: status COM Error Condition :	 COM 0 00:C 0 	1 230400bps Even Disable MI-I/F mode select	ion: CANopen Transmiss Communic	ion waiting ation error	TU / Stop time[ms] : detection : sion byte :	0

Set the following communication parameters according to the communication parameters of the host controller.

Modbus Communication setting				
	Input value	Present value		
Slave address	1 ~	1	Reflecting on the driver.	
Baudrate	230400bps ~	230400bps	Nenecting on the univer.	
Communication parity	Even ~	Even		
Termination resistor	Disable \checkmark	Disable		

If the values are different, change the value of the "Input value" and execute "Reflecting on the driver."

If the following communication parameters are different from those of the host controller, execute "Detailed setting..." to change the parameters.

Parameter name	Initial value
Byte & word order (Modbus)	Even Address-High Word & Big-Endian
Communication stop bit (Modbus)	1 bit

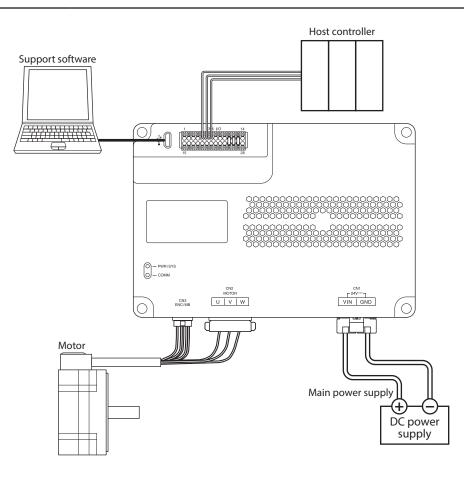
(memo)

• The "Slave address" can be changed by the ID-SEL0 and ID-SEL1 inputs.

• For **BLVD-KBRD**, it is not necessary to connect a power supply for communication. Turning on the main power supply will automatically set to ON.

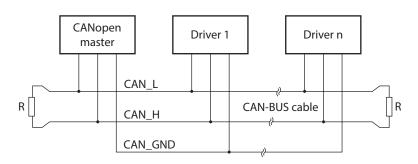
7-2 Setting of CAN communication

STEP 1 Check of installation and connection



STEP 2

Connection of termination resistor



R: Termination resistor

Connect the termination resistor (120 Ω , 1/4 W or more) on both ends of a bus. Termination resistors are not included with the product.

STEP 3 Power activation

Turn on the main power supply.

Start the support software.

Execute "Communication port" to check the setting of the communication port. Execute "Data reading" to read the driver data.

STEP 4	Check of	communication	parameters

Start "Starts the simple setting." of the support software.

COMM-I/F mode selection: CAN DN • To comm Communication power supply los		Modbus RTU			
ON * To comm		Modbus RTU			
ON * To comm		Modbus RTU			
					CANopen / Modbus RTU Detailed setting
Communication power supply los	unicat	e, the commu	inication pow	er supply is req	uired to be turned on.
	st actio	n: Disable			
	D-SEL D-SEL		ID-SEL1 ID-SEL1	ID-SEL2	
	J-SEL		ID-SEL1	D-SEL2	ID-SEL3
etting					
			resent value		
	~				Reflecting on the driver.
OUUKDPS	~	SUUKDPS			
Statusword - remote					CANopen com. status
Initialization				I	IC monitor
No error					
0					
lnput value		F	Present value		
1	\sim	1			Reflecting on the driver.
230400bps	\sim	230400bps			
Even	\sim	Even			
Disable	\sim	Disable			
	COM	M-I/F mode s	election: CAN	lopen&Modbus R	TU / Stop bit: 1 bit
Communication timeout[ms] :	0		Trans	mission waiting	time[ms]: 3.0
Silent interval[ms] :	0.0		Comn	nunication error	detection : 3
			_		
atus					
COM Error Condition :	00:C	ommunication	error not pres	ent	
Reception byte :	0		1	Transmis	sion byte : 0
	_		Ĩ		ion frame : 0
Communication interval [ms]:	_		1		RS-485 com. status
	- Initialization No error No e	Input value I Statusword - remote Statusword - remote Statusword - remote I Communication timeout[ms]: Communication timeout[ms]: COM Error Condition: COM Error Cond	Input value F 1 0 500kbps 500kbps Statusword - remote 500kbps Itialization 0 Vo error 0 7 0 7 1 230400bps 1 230400bps 1 230400bps 1 230400bps Even Disable Disable Communication timeout[ms] : 0 Silent interval[ms] : 0.0 atus COM Error Condition : 00:Communication Reception byte : 0 0 on frame(Only own address) : 0 0	Input value Present value 1 1 500kbps 500kbps Statusword - remote 500kbps Itilaization 1 No error 7 7 230400kps 11 230400kps 230400kps 1 230400kps 230400kps Even 230400kps Disable Disable Communication timeout[ms]: 0 Silent interval[ms]: 0 COM Error Condition: 00/communication error not present value Reception byte: 0 on frame(Only own address): 0	Input value Present value 1 1 500kbps 500kbps Statusword - remote initialization Initialization

Set the following communication parameters according to the communication parameters of the host controller.

	Input value	Present value	
Node-ID	1 ~	1	Reflecting on the driver.
Bitrate	500kbps ~	500kbps	Neriec (ing on the driver.
	Statusword - remote		CANopen com. status
	Statusword - remote		CANopen com. status
Communication status			CANopen com. status CANopen com. status monitor
Communication status Communication error	Initialization		CANopen com. status monitor
	Initialization No error		CANopen com. status monitor

If the values are different, change the value of the "Input value" and execute "Reflecting on the driver."

(memo)

• The "Node-ID" can be changed by the ID-SEL0 and ID-SEL1 inputs.

• For **BLVD-KBRD**, it is not necessary to connect a power supply for communication. Turning on the main power supply will automatically set to ON.

8 Inspection and maintenance

8-1 Inspection

It is recommended that periodic inspections are conducted for the items listed below after each operation of the motor. If an abnormality is generated, discontinue any use and contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office.

Inspection item

- Check if any of the mounting screws secured the driver is loose.
- Check if the connection part with the connector is loose.
- Check if dust is deposited on the driver.
- Check if the driver has unusual smells or appearance defects.

Note The driver uses semiconductor components. Static electricity may damage the semiconductor components of the driver, so be extremely careful when handling them.

8-2 Warranty

Product warranty

Check on the Oriental Motor Website for the product warranty.

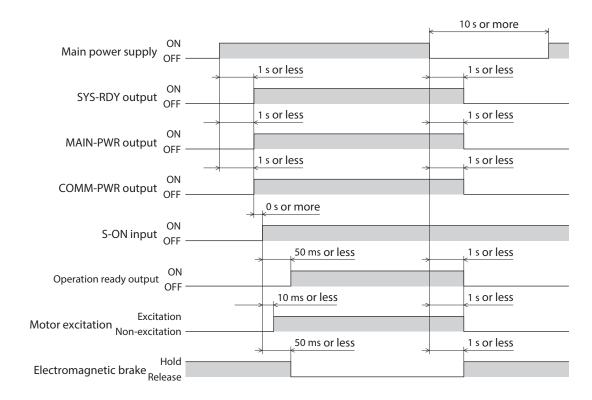
8-3 Disposal

Dispose the product correctly in accordance with laws and regulations, or instructions of local governments.

9 Appendix

9-1 Timing chart

Power activation



9-2 Alarm list

Alarm code	Number of LED blinks	Alarm type	Reset using the ALM-RST input	Motor excitation*1
10h	7	Position deviation	Possible	Non-excitation after deceleration
20h	9	Overcurrent	Not possible	Non-excitation
21h	7	Main circuit overheat		Non-excitation after deceleration
22h		Overvoltage	Possible	Non-excitation
25h	5	Undervoltage	POSSIDIE	Non-excitation after deceleration
26h	7	Motor overheat		Non-excitation after deceleration
28h	2	Encoder error		
29h	9	Internal circuit error	Networkitele	
2Ah	2	Encoder communication error	Not possible	Non-excitation
2Dh	2	Motor connection error*2		

Alarm code	Number of LED blinks	Alarm type	Reset using the ALM-RST input	Motor excitation*1
30h	7	Overload	Possible	Non-excitation after deceleration
31h	7	Overspeed	Possible	
41h	9	EEPROM error		
42h	2	Initial encoder error	Not possible	Non-excitation
44h	9	Encoder EEPROM error	Not possible	
45h	2	Motor combination error		
4Ah	7	Return-to-home incomplete	Possible	Excitation
50h	9	Electromagnetic brake overcurrent		
53h	3	HWTO input circuit error	Not possible	Non-excitation
55h	2	Electromagnetic brake connection error		
60h	3	±LS both sides active		
61h	5	Reverse ±LS connection		
62h		Return-to-home operation error		
63h	4	No HOMES		Excitation
64h	4	Z, SLIT signal error		
66h		Hardware overtravel	Possible	
67h	6	Software overtravel		
68h	1	HWTO input detection		Non-excitation
6Ah	6	Return-to-home additional operation error		Excitation
6Eh	1	User alarm*2		Non-excitation after deceleration*3
70h	6	Operation data error		Excitation
71h	0	Unit setting error	Not possible	Non-excitation
81h		Network bus error		
84h	0	RS-485 communication error	Possible	Excitation
85h	8	RS-485 communication timeout		
8Ch		Outside setting range		
F0h	Lighting	CPU error	Not possible	Non-excitation
F3h	6	CPU overload		

*1 An excitation state of the motor when an alarm is generated is as follows.

Non-excitation: If an alarm is generated, the motor current is cut off and the motor holding force is lost.

When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake automatically actuates to hold the motor shaft.

Non-excitation after deceleration: If an alarm is generated, the motor decelerates to a stop.

After decelerating to a stop, the motor current is cut off and the motor holding force is lost. When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake automatically actuates to hold the motor shaft.

Excitation: If an alarm is generated, the motor will decelerates to a stop.

After decelerating to a stop, the motor current is not shut off and the motor excitation state is continued.

*2 It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.

*3 This is the initial setting. The motor excitation state after stop can be set with the "User alarm action" parameter.

Specifications

Motor models in the table below describe a part of the entire name of models. Refer to p.9 for models in details.

	Driver	BLVD-KBRD
Model	Motor	BLMR5400K BLMR6400SK
Rated output power		400 W
	Rated voltage	24 VDC
Dower cupply input	Allowable operating voltage	15 to 40 VDC
Power supply input	Rated current	20 A
	Maximum input current	31 A
1/O signala	Input signal	12 to 30 VDC
I/O signals	Output signals	12 to 30 VDC Current 10 mA or less
Rated torque		1.27 N·m (11.2 lb-in)
Peak torque		2.54 N·m (22 lb-in) [200%]
Rated speed		3000 r/min
Speed control range		1 to 4000 r/min (Speed ratio 1:4000)

General specifications

Degree of pro-	tection	IP20		
	Ambient temperature	0 to +40 °C (+32 to +104 °F) (non-freezing)		
	Humidity	85% or less (non-condensing)		
	Altitude Up to 1000 m (3300 ft.) above sea level			
Operating environment Surrounding atmosphere Vibration		No corrosive gas, dust, water or oil. Cannot be used in radioactive materials, magnetic field, vacuum or other special environments.		
		Not subject to continuous vibration or excessive impact. In conformance with JIS C 60068-2-6 "Sine-wave vibration test method" Frequency range: 10 Hz to 55 Hz Pulsating amplitude: 0.15 mm (0.006 in.) Sweep direction: 3 directions (X, Y, Z) Number of sweeps: 20 times		
	Ambient temperature	−25 to +70 °C [−13 to +158 °F] (non-freezing)		
Storage environment	Humidity	85% or less (non-condensing)		
Shipping	Altitude	Up to 3000 m (10000 ft.) above sea level		
environment	Surrounding atmosphere	No corrosive gas, dust, water or oil. Cannot be used in radioactive materials, magnetic field, vacuum or other special environments.		

■ RS-485 communication specifications

Electrical characteristics	In conformance with EIA-485 Use twisted-pair wires and keep the total extension distance up to 10 m (32.8 ft.). *
Communication mode	Half duplex Asynchronous mode (data: 8 bits, stop bit: 1 bit/2 bits, parity: none/even number/odd number)
Transmission rate	Selectable from 9,600 bps, 19,200 bps, 38,400 bps, 57,600 bps, 115,200 bps, and 230,400 bps (initial value).
Protocol	Modbus RTU mode
Type of Connection	Up to 31 drivers can be connected to one host controller.

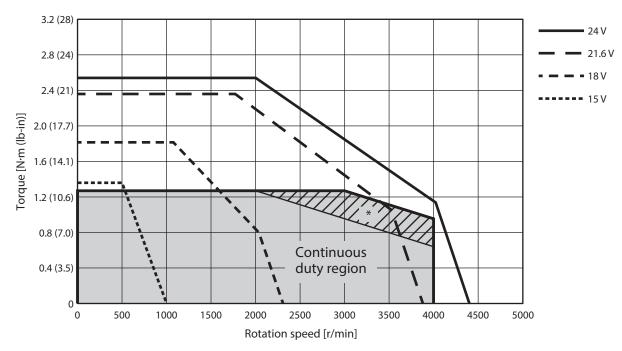
* If the motor cable or power supply cable generates an undesirable amount of noise depending on the wiring or configuration, shield the cable or install a ferrite core.

CAN communication specifications

Electrical characteristics	In conformance with ISO 11898 Use the CAN-Bus cable.			
Communication protocol	CANopen			
Communication profile	In conformance with CiA DS301 Version 4.2.0			
Device profile	In conformance with CiA DSP402 Version 4.0.0			
Node ID	1 to 127			
Bit rate	Selectable from 1 Mbps, 800 kbps, 500 kbps (initial value), 250 kbps, 125 kbps, 50 kbps, 20 kbps, 10 kbps			
Maximum bus length	25 m (82 ft.) [maximum bus length at 1 Mbps]			
	NMT (Network Management)			
	SDO (Service Data Object: 1 SDO server)			
Communication objects	PDO (Process Data Object: 4 Receive-PDO, 4 Transmit-PDO)			
	EMCY (Emergency Object)			
	SYNC (Synchronization Object)			
	Profile velocity mode (pv)			
Operation modes	Profile position mode (pp)			
	Homing mode (hm)			

■ Main power supply input voltage and output torque

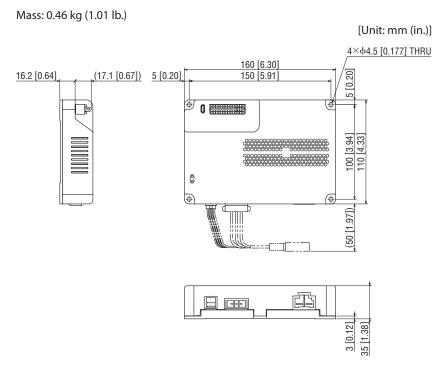
If the input voltage to the main power supply is dropped, the output torque is limited.



400 W type motor

* The shaded area indicates the time rating of 30 minutes.

Dimensions



9-4 Regulations and standards

■ CE Marking/UKCA Marking

This product is affixed with the marks under the following directives/regulations.

EU EMC Directive/UK EMC Regulation

Refer to "6-8 Conformity to the EMC Directive" on p.24 for details about conformity.

■ EU RoHS Directive/UK RoHS Regulation

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• Please contact your nearest Oriental Motor office for further information.

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