## Orientalmotor

Basic function

Operating method

I/O signals

Power removal function

## BLV Series

R Type

## OPERATING MANUAL

Function Edition
Modbus RTU control (RS-485 communication)

Address codes list

Alarms and Information

Extended function

Appendix

Thank you for purchasing an Oriental Motor product.
This Operating Manual describes product handling procedures and safety precautions.

- Please read it thoroughly to ensure safe operation.
- Always keep the manual where it is readily available.
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- Related operating manuals

Operating manuals are not included with the product. Download them from Oriental Motor Website Download Page or contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office.

| Operating manual name | Manual number |
| :--- | :---: |
| BLV Series R Type OPERATING MANUAL Installation and Connection Edition | HP-5140 |
| BLV Series R Type OPERATING MANUAL Function Edition (this document) | HP-5142 |
| BLV Series R Type Driver CANopen Communication Profile | HP-5143 |

## - How to read this manual

- The setting unit may vary depending on the application such as support software.

Note the setting units when setting operation data and parameters.
This manual describes using the setting units shown below.
Position: [step]
Velocity: [r/min]

## Motor rotation direction

The rotation direction of the motor shaft represents the direction when viewed from the motor shaft.


The relation between the setting value and the motor rotation direction are shown below.

| Setting value | Notation | Motor rotation direction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positive value | FWD | CW direction |
| Negative value | RVS | CCW direction |

The motor rotation direction can be changed by changing the parameter.

## 1 Basic function

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## 1 Unit setting

Units for the position, velocity, and acceleration/deceleration can be set.
Setting each unit can operate the product based on the position or the velocity on the motor shaft, the driving shaft of the gearbox, or the mechanism. Set a unit for the motor shaft, the driving shaft of the gearbox, or the mechanism according to the equipment used.


## 1-1 Factory setting

The motor shaft is set at the time of shipment. The unit setting for each item is as follows.

| Item | Setting |
| :--- | :--- |
| User-defined position unit | [step] |
| User-defined velocity unit | $[\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}]$ |
| User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit | $[\mathrm{ms}]$ |
| Control resolution | 36,000 P/R [1 step = 0.01 deg. (motor shaft)] |
| Motor rotation direction | Positive value (FWD): CW direction <br> Negative value (RVS): CCW direction |
| Drive shaft setting | Motor shaft |

## 1-2 User-defined position unit setting

Setting the user-defined position unit can operate the product based on the position on the motor shaft, the driving shaft of the gearbox, or the mechanism. Set a unit for the motor shaft, the driving shaft of the gearbox, or the mechanism according to the equipment used.
The user-defined position unit having set is used as a unit of the travel amount or the actual position for positioning operation.

The setting method of the user-defined position unit varies depending on which position unit for the motor shaft, the driving shaft of the gearbox, or the mechanism is set. Select according to the equipment used.

- Drive shaft to be set and related parameters


## Related parameter



| Name | Motor shaft | Driving shaft of <br> gearbox | Mechanism |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| User-defined position unit setting | Possible | Possible | Possible |
| Control resolution (numerator) | Possible | Not possible | Not possible |
| Control resolution (denominator) | Possible | Not possible | Not possible |
| Motor rotation direction | Possible | Possible | Possible |
| Gear information (numerator) | Not possible | Possible | Possible |
| Gear information (denominator) | Not possible | Possible | Possible |
| Gear rotation direction | Not possible | Possible | Possible |
| Mechanism information specifications | Not possible | Not possible | Possible |
| Mechanism information (numerator) | Not possible | Not possible | Possible |
| Mechanism information (denominator) | Not possible | Not possible | Possible |
| Mechanism traveling direction | Not possible | Not possible | Possible |

Specify with the "User-defined position unit setting" parameter to which drive shaft is used to set.

| Drive shaft to be set | Setting value of "User-defined position unit setting" parameter |
| :---: | :---: |
| - | 0: Encoder setting is prioritized (Use [Control resolution] if not a mechanical product) (initial value) |
| Motor shaft | 1. Control resolution (step) |
| Mechanism | 10: Use mechanism unit ( $\times 1$ ) |
|  | 11: Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.1$ ) |
|  | 12: Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.01$ ) |
|  | 13: Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.001$ ) |
| Driving shaft of gearbox | 23: 0.001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) |
|  | 24: 0.0001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) |
|  | 25:0.00001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) |
|  | 26: 0.000001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) |
|  | 31:0.1 deg (driving shaft of gearbox) |
|  | 32:0.01 deg (driving shaft of gearbox) |
|  | 33: 0.001 deg (driving shaft of gearbox) |
|  | 34:0.0001 deg (driving shaft of gearbox) |

Select according to the equipment used or the minimum travel unit.

- Control resolution

The control resolution $[P / R]$ represents a resolution per revolution of the motor shaft.
To control with the motor shaft, set with the "Control resolution (numerator)" and "Control resolution (denominator)" parameters.
When setting with the driving shaft of the gearbox or with the mechanism, the control resolution is automatically calculated inside the driver if the "User-defined position unit setting" parameter and the related parameters are set.
Note that the calculated value must fall within the setting range specified below.
Setting range of control resolution: 500 to $36,000 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{R}$ (initial value: 36,000 P/R)
Note If a resolution out of the setting range is set, information of "Unit setting" will be generated. If the power supply is turned on again or Configuration is executed in a state where information of "Unit setting" is being generated, an alarm of "Unit setting error" will be generated.
memo The present control resolution can be checked with the "Unit information monitor" of the support software.

## ■ When setting with the motor shaft

Setting the following parameters can set the user-defined position unit based on the motor shaft.

- User-defined position unit setting
- Control resolution (numerator)
- Control resolution (denominator)
- Motor rotation direction



## <Setting procedures>

1. Set "Control resolution (step)" to the "User-defined position unit setting" parameter.
2. Set the minimum travel amount for positioning operation with the "Control resolution (numerator)" and "Control resolution (denominator)" parameters.
(Initial value: Control resolution 36,000 P/R, which operates 0.01 degrees per step)
3. Sets the rotation direction of the motor shaft.

- Control resolution

If the "Control resolution (numerator)" and "Control resolution (denominator)" parameters are set, the control resolution per revolution of the motor shaft can be set.
Note that the calculated value must fall within the setting range specified below.
Setting range of control resolution: 500 to $36,000 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{R}$ (initial value: $36,000 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{R}$ )
Control resolution $(P / R)=\frac{\text { Control resolution (numerator) }}{\text { Control resolution (denominator) }}$

Note If a resolution out of the setting range is set, information of "Unit setting" will be generated.
If the power supply is turned on again or Configuration is executed in a state where information of "Unit setting" is being generated, an alarm of "Unit setting error" will be generated.

## - Rotation direction of drive shaft

Set the "Motor rotation direction" parameter according to your equipment.

| Setting value of "Motor rotation direction" parameter | Rotation direction of motor shaft |
| :--- | :--- |
| $0:$ Not invert (+ = CW) | Positive value (FWD): CW direction <br> Negative value (RVS): CCW direction |
| 1: Invert (+ = CCW) | Positive value (FWD): CCW direction <br> Negative value (RVS): CW direction |

## - Setting example

## <Conditions>

- To operate the motor shaft by 0.1 degrees per step.
- To rotate the motor in the CCW direction when a positive value is set.
<Settings of parameters>

| Parameter | Setting value |
| :--- | :--- |
| User-defined position unit setting | 1: Control resolution (step) |
| Control resolution (numerator) | 3600 |
| Control resolution (denominator) | 1 |
| Motor rotation direction | 1: Invert |

<Value to be executed>

| Item | Setting |
| :--- | :--- |
| User-defined position unit | [step] |
| Control resolution | 3600 P/R (1 step = 0.1 deg.) |
| Rotation direction of motor shaft | Positive value (FWD): CCW direction <br> Negative value (RVS): CW direction |

## ■ When setting with the driving shaft of the gearbox

Setting the following parameters can set the user-defined position unit based on the driving shaft of the gearbox.

- User-defined position unit setting
- Motor rotation direction
- Gear information (numerator)
- Gear information (denominator)
- Gear rotation direction

memo In the case of a geared motor, information of the gearhead is written to the motor (encoder) in advance. For details, refer to "1-6 Unit setting of geared motor" on p.30.


## <Setting procedures>

1. Set the "User-defined position unit setting" parameter.
2. Set the gear ratio of equipment with the "Gear information (numerator)" and "Gear information (denominator)" parameters.
3. Set the rotation direction of the driving shaft of the gearbox based on that of the motor shaft.

- Gear ratio

The gear ratio can be set using the "Gear information (numerator)" and "Gear information (denominator)" parameters.

$$
\text { Gear ratio }=\frac{\text { Gear information (numerator) }}{\text { Gear information (denominator) }}
$$

The control resolution is automatically set inside the driver based on the "User-defined position unit setting" parameter and the gear ratio.
The calculation of the control resolution varies depending on the setting value of the "User-defined position unit setting" parameter.

When the user-defined position unit setting: "*** rev (driving shaft of gearbox)" is set

| Drive shaft to be set | Setting value of "User-defined position unit setting" parameter |
| :---: | :--- |
| Driving shaft of gearbox | $23: 0.001 \mathrm{rev}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) |
|  | 24:0.0001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) |
|  | 25: 0.00001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) |
|  | 26: 0.000001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) |

$$
\text { Control resolution }(P / R)=\frac{1}{\text { User-defined position unit (driving shaft of gearbox) }} \times \frac{1}{\text { Gear ratio }}
$$

## When the user-defined position unit setting: "*** deg (driving shaft of gearbox)" is set

| Drive shaft to be set | Setting value of "User-defined position unit setting" parameter |
| :---: | :--- |
| Driving shaft of gearbox | $31: 0.1 \mathrm{deg}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) |
|  | $32: 0.01 \mathrm{deg}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) |
|  | $33: 0.001 \mathrm{deg}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) |
|  | $34: 0.0001 \mathrm{deg}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) |

$$
\text { Control resolution }(P / R)=\frac{360}{\text { User-defined position unit (driving shaft of gearbox) }} \times \frac{1}{\text { Gear ratio }}
$$

Note that the calculated value must fall within the setting range specified below.
Setting range of control resolution: 500 to $36,000 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{R}$ (initial value: $36,000 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{R}$ )

Note
If a resolution out of the setting range is set, information of "Unit setting" will be generated. If the power supply is turned on again or Configuration is executed in a state where information of "Unit setting" is being generated, an alarm of "Unit setting error" will be generated.

## - Rotation direction of drive shaft

Set the "Motor rotation direction" and "Gear rotation direction" parameters according to your equipment.

| Setting value of "Motor rotation <br> direction" parameter | Setting value of "Gear rotation <br> direction" parameter | Rotation direction of motor shaft |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $0:$ Not invert (+ = CW) | 0: Not invert | Positive value (FWD): CW direction <br> Negative value (RVS): CCW direction |
|  | 1: Invert | Positive value (FWD): CCW direction <br> Negative value (RVS): CW direction |
|  | 0: Not invert | Positive value (FWD): CCW direction <br> Negative value (RVS): CW direction |
|  | 1: Invert | Positive value (FWD): CW direction <br> Negative value (RVS): CCW direction |

## - Setting example

## <Conditions>

- To set the driving shaft of the gearbox by 0.0001 revolutions.
- To use a gear of the gear ratio 10 .
- The driving shaft of the gearbox and the motor shaft rotate in the same direction.
- To rotate the driving shaft of the gearbox in the CCW direction when a positive value is set.


## <Settings of parameters>

| Parameter | Setting value |
| :--- | :--- |
| User-defined position unit setting | $24: 0.0001$ rev (driving shaft of gearbox) |
| Gear information (numerator) | 10 |
| Gear information (denominator) | 1 |
| Gear rotation direction | $1:$ Invert |
| Motor rotation direction | $0:$ Not invert |

## <Control resolution calculation>

$$
\text { Control resolution }(P / R)=\frac{1}{0.0001 \mathrm{rev}} \times \frac{1}{10}=1000
$$

<Value to be executed>

| Item | Setting |
| :--- | :--- |
| User-defined position unit | $[0.0001$ rev] (driving shaft of gearbox) |
| Control resolution | $1000 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{R} \mathrm{(1} \mathrm{step}=0.001$ rev (motor shaft)) |
| Rotation direction of driving shaft of gearbox | Positive value (FWD): CCW direction <br> Negative value (RVS): CW direction |

## - When setting with the mechanism

Setting the following parameters can set the user-defined position unit based on the mechanism.

- User-defined position unit setting
- Motor rotation direction
- Gear information (numerator)
- Gear information (denominator)
- Gear rotation direction
- Mechanism information specifications
- Mechanism information (numerator)
- Mechanism information (denominator)
- Mechanism traveling direction


When setting with the mechanism, the user-defined position unit based on the mechanism can be set using the "User-defined position unit setting" and "Mechanism information specifications" parameters.

| "Mechanism information specifications" parameter | "User-defined position unit setting" parameter | User-defined position unit (mechanism) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No unit | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 1$ ) | [1 $\times$ no unit] |
|  | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.1$ ) | [0.1 $\times$ no unit] |
|  | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.01$ ) | [0.01 $\times$ no unit] |
|  | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.001$ ) | [0.001 $\times$ no unit] |
| Linear motion [mm], setting: travel amount [mm/rev] | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 1$ ) | [ $1 \times \mathrm{mm}$ ] |
|  | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.1$ ) | [0.1 $\times \mathrm{mm}$ ] |
|  | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.01$ ) | [0.01 $\times \mathrm{mm}$ ] |
|  | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.001$ ) | [0.001 $\times \mathrm{mm}$ ] |
| Wheel [mm], setting: diameter [mm] | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 1$ ) | [1 $\times \mathrm{mm}$ ] |
|  | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.1$ ) | [0.1 $\times \mathrm{mm}$ ] |
|  | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.01$ ) | [0.01 $\times \mathrm{mm}$ ] |
|  | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.001$ ) | [0.001 $\times \mathrm{mm}$ ] |
| Rotation [rev], setting: mechanism reduction ratio | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 1$ ) | [1×rev] |
|  | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.1$ ) | [0.1 $\times \mathrm{rev}$ ] |
|  | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.01$ ) | [0.01 $\times \mathrm{rev}$ ] |
|  | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.001$ ) | [0.001 $\times \mathrm{rev}$ ] |
| Rotation [deg], setting: mechanism reduction ratio | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 1$ ) | [1 $\times$ deg] |
|  | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.1$ ) | [0.1 $\times$ deg] |
|  | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.01$ ) | [0.01 $\times$ deg] |
|  | Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.001$ ) | [0.001 $\times$ deg] |

## <Setting procedures>

1. Set the "User-defined position unit setting" and "Mechanism information specifications" parameters according to equipment and the minimum travel unit.
2. Set the gear ratio of equipment with the "Gear information (numerator)" and "Gear information (denominator)" parameters.
3. Set the rotation direction of the driving shaft of the gearbox based on that of the motor shaft.
4. Sets the traveling direction of the mechanism based on the rotation direction of the driving shaft of the gearbox.

## - Mechanism traveling direction

Set the "Motor rotation direction," "Gear rotation direction," and "Mechanism traveling direction" parameters according to the equipment used.

| "Motor rotation direction" parameter setting value | "Gear rotation direction" parameter setting value | "Mechanism traveling direction" parameter setting value | Rotation direction of motor shaft |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 : Not invert (+ = CW) | 0 : Not invert | 0: Not invert | Positive value (FWD): CW direction Negative value (RVS): CCW direction |
|  |  | 1: Invert | Positive value (FWD): CCW direction Negative value (RVS): CW direction |
|  | 1: Invert | 0 : Not invert | Positive value (FWD): CCW direction Negative value (RVS): CW direction |
|  |  | 1: Invert | Positive value (FWD): CW direction Negative value (RVS): CCW direction |
| 1: Invert (+ = CCW) | 0 : Not invert | 0 : Not invert | Positive value (FWD): CCW direction Negative value (RVS): CW direction |
|  |  | 1: Invert | Positive value (FWD): CW direction Negative value (RVS): CCW direction |
|  | 1: Invert | 0 : Not invert | Positive value (FWD): CW direction Negative value (RVS): CCW direction |
|  |  | 1: Invert | Positive value (FWD): CCW direction Negative value (RVS): CW direction |

■ When "No unit" is selected in Mechanism information specifications
Select when a mechanism is installed on the driving shaft of the gearbox. Use when the user-defined position unit is set as desired other than [mm].
Illustration example


The user-defined position unit can be set as follows using the "User-defined position unit setting" and "Mechanism information specifications" parameters.

| "Mechanism information <br> specifications" parameter | "User-defined position unit setting" <br> parameter | User-defined position unit <br> (mechanism) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| No unit | Use mechanism unit $(\times 1)$ | $[1 \times$ no unit $]$ |
|  | Use mechanism unit $(\times 0.1)$ | $[0.1 \times$ no unit $]$ |
|  | Use mechanism unit $(\times 0.01)$ | $[0.01 \times$ no unit $]$ |
|  | Use mechanism unit $(\times 0.001)$ | $[0.001 \times$ no unit $]$ |

## - Gear ratio

The gear ratio can be set using the "Gear information (numerator)" and "Gear information (denominator)" parameters.

memo - Setting example If the velocity of the driving shaft of the gearbox is set to one twentieth

Example:
Gear ratio $20=\frac{20}{1}$ the gear ratio is 20

- In the case of a geared motor, information of the gearhead is written to the motor (encoder) in advance. For details, refer to "1-6 Unit setting of geared motor" on p.30.
- Mechanism information

Use the "Mechanism information (numerator)" and "Mechanism information (denominator)" parameters to set the travel amount per revolution of the driving shaft of the gearbox [no unit/rev].


- Control resolution

Control resolution $(P / R)=\frac{\text { Travel amount per revolution of driving shaft of gearbox }}{\text { User-defined position unit (mechanism) }} \times \frac{1}{\text { Gear ratio }}$
Note that the calculated value must fall within the setting range specified below.
Setting range of control resolution: 500 to 36,000 P/R (initial value: 36,000 P/R)
Note If a resolution out of the setting range is set, information of "Unit setting" will be generated. If the power supply is turned on again or Configuration is executed in a state where information of "Unit setting" is being generated, an alarm of "Unit setting error" will be generated.

■ When "Linear motion [mm], setting: travel amount [mm/rev]" is selected in Mechanism information specifications

Select when a linear motion mechanism is assembled to the driving shaft of the gearbox.

## Illustration example



The user-defined position unit can be set as follows using the "User-defined position unit setting" and "Mechanism information specifications" parameters.

| "Mechanism information <br> specifications" parameter | "User-defined position unit setting" <br> parameter | User-defined position unit <br> $($ mechanism $)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Linear motion $[\mathrm{mm}]$, <br> setting: travel amount $[\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{rev}]$ | Use mechanism unit $(\times 1)$ | $[1 \times \mathrm{mm}]$ |
|  | Use mechanism unit $(\times 0.1)$ | $[0.1 \times \mathrm{mm}]$ |
|  | Use mechanism unit $(\times 0.01)$ | $[0.01 \times \mathrm{mm}]$ |
|  | Use mechanism unit $(\times 0.001)$ | $[0.001 \times \mathrm{mm}]$ |

- Gear ratio

The gear ratio can be set using the "Gear information (numerator)" and "Gear information (denominator)" parameters.
Gear ratio $=\frac{\text { Gear information (numerator) }}{\text { Gear information (denominator) }}$

| - Setting example | Example: |
| :--- | :--- |
| If the velocity of the driving shaft of the gearbox is set to one twentieth, | Gear ratio $20=\frac{20}{1}$ |
| the gear ratio is 20. |  |

## - Mechanism information

Use the "Mechanism information (numerator)" and "Mechanism information (denominator)" parameters to set the travel amount per revolution of the driving shaft of the gearbox [ $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{rev}$ ].

$$
\text { Travel amount per revolution of driving shaft of gearbox }[\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{rev}]=\frac{\begin{array}{c}
\text { Mechanism information } \\
\text { (numerator) }
\end{array}}{\begin{array}{c}
\text { Mechanism information } \\
\text { (denominator) }
\end{array}}[\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{rev}]
$$

## - Control resolution

Control resolution $(P / R)=\frac{\text { Travel amount per revolution of driving shaft of gearbox }}{\text { User-defined position unit }(\text { mechanism })} \times \frac{1}{\text { Gear ratio }}$
Note that the calculated value must fall within the setting range specified below.
Setting range of control resolution: 500 to $36,000 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{R}$ (initial value: $36,000 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{R}$ )

## Note

If a resolution out of the setting range is set, information of "Unit setting" will be generated. If the power supply is turned on again or Configuration is executed in a state where information of "Unit setting" is being generated, an alarm of "Unit setting error" will be generated.

## - When "Wheel [mm], setting: diameter [mm]" is selected in Mechanism information specifications

Select when a mechanism having assembled a wheel on the driving shaft of the gearbox is used.

## Illustration example



The user-defined position unit can be set as follows using the "User-defined position unit setting" and "Mechanism information specifications" parameters.

| "Mechanism information <br> specifications" parameter | "User-defined position unit setting" <br> parameter | User-defined position unit <br> (mechanism) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Wheel $[\mathrm{mm}]$, <br> setting: diameter $[\mathrm{mm}]$ | Use mechanism unit $(\times 1)$ | $[1 \times \mathrm{mm}]$ |
|  | Use mechanism unit $(\times 0.1)$ | $[0.1 \times \mathrm{mm}]$ |
|  | Use mechanism unit $(\times 0.01)$ | $[0.01 \times \mathrm{mm}]$ |
|  | Use mechanism unit $(\times 0.001)$ | $[0.001 \times \mathrm{mm}]$ |

- Gear ratio

The gear ratio can be set using the "Gear information (numerator)" and "Gear information (denominator)" parameters.

 the gear ratio is 20 .

Example:
Gear ratio $20=\frac{20}{1}$

- In the case of a geared motor, information of the gearhead is written to the motor (encoder) in advance. For details, refer to "1-6 Unit setting of geared motor" on p.30.


## - Mechanism information

Use the "Mechanism information (numerator)" and "Mechanism information (denominator)" parameters to set the diameter of the wheel assembled on the driving shaft of the gearbox [mm].

Diameter of wheel assembled on driving shaft of gearbox $[\mathrm{mm}]=\frac{\text { Mechanism information (numerator) }}{\text { Mechanism information (denominator) }}[\mathrm{mm}]$

- Control resolution


Note that the calculated value must fall within the setting range specified below.
Setting range of control resolution: 500 to $36,000 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{R}$ (initial value: $36,000 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{R}$ )
Note If a resolution out of the setting range is set, information of "Unit setting" will be generated. If the power supply is turned on again or Configuration is executed in a state where information of "Unit setting" is being generated, an alarm of "Unit setting error" will be generated.

■ When "Rotation [rev], setting: mechanism reduction ratio" is selected in Mechanism information specifications

Select when a rotating mechanism having assembled a speed reduction or speed increasing mechanism on the driving shaft of the gearbox is used.

Illustration example


The user-defined position unit can be set as follows using the "User-defined position unit setting" and "Mechanism information specifications" parameters.

| "Mechanism information <br> specifications" parameter | "User-defined position unit setting" <br> parameter | User-defined position unit <br> $($ mechanism $)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Rotation $[$ rev], <br> setting: mechanism reduction ratio | Use mechanism unit $(\times 1)$ | $[1 \times \mathrm{rev}]$ |
|  | Use mechanism unit $(\times 0.1)$ | $[0.1 \times \mathrm{rev}]$ |
|  | Use mechanism unit $(\times 0.01)$ | $[0.01 \times \mathrm{rev}]$ |
|  | Use mechanism unit $(\times 0.001)$ | $[0.001 \times \mathrm{rev}]$ |

- Gear ratio

The gear ratio can be set using the "Gear information (numerator)" and "Gear information (denominator)" parameters.
Gear ratio $=\frac{\text { Gear information (numerator) }}{\text { Gear information (denominator) }}$

| - Setting example | Example: <br> If the velocity of the driving shaft of the gearbox is set to one twentieth, <br> the gear ratio is 20. |
| :--- | :--- |
| - In the case ratio $20=\frac{20}{1}$ |  |
| advance. For details, refer to " $1-6$ Unit setting of geared motor" on p.30. |  |

## - Mechanism information

Use the "Mechanism information (numerator)" and "Mechanism information (denominator)" parameters to set the gear ratio (mechanism reduction ratio) of the mechanism assembled on the driving shaft of the gearbox.

Mechanism reduction ratio $=\frac{\text { Mechanism information (numerator) }}{\text { Mechanism information (denominator) }}$

## - Control resolution

$$
\text { Control resolution }(P / R)=\frac{1}{\begin{array}{c}
\text { User-defined position unit } \\
(\text { mechanism })
\end{array}} \times \frac{1}{\text { Gear ratio }} \times \frac{1}{\text { Mechanism reduction ratio }}
$$

Note that the calculated value must fall within the setting range specified below.
Setting range of control resolution: 500 to 36,000 P/R (initial value: 36,000 P/R)
Note If a resolution out of the setting range is set, information of "Unit setting" will be generated. If the power supply is turned on again or Configuration is executed in a state where information of "Unit setting" is being generated, an alarm of "Unit setting error" will be generated.

## When "Rotation [deg], setting: mechanism reduction ratio" is selected in Mechanism information specifications

Select when a rotating mechanism having assembled a speed reduction or speed increasing mechanism on the driving shaft of the gearbox is used.

Illustration example


The user-defined position unit can be set as follows using the "User-defined position unit setting" and "Mechanism information specifications" parameters.

| "Mechanism information <br> specifications" parameter | "User-defined position unit setting" <br> parameter | User-defined position unit <br> (mechanism) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Rotation $[\mathrm{deg}]$, <br> setting: mechanism reduction ratio | Use mechanism unit $(\times 1)$ | $[1 \times \mathrm{deg}]$ |
|  | Use mechanism unit $(\times 0.1)$ | $[0.1 \times \mathrm{deg}]$ |
|  | Use mechanism unit $(\times 0.01)$ | $[0.01 \times \mathrm{deg}]$ |
|  | Use mechanism unit $(\times 0.001)$ | $[0.001 \times \mathrm{deg}]$ |

- Gear ratio

The gear ratio can be set using the "Gear information (numerator)" and "Gear information (denominator)" parameters.

memo - Setting example If the velocity of the driving shaft of the gearbox is set to one twentieth,

Example: the gear ratio is 20 .

Gear ratio $20=\frac{20}{1}$

- In the case of a geared motor, information of the gearhead is written to the motor (encoder) in advance. For details, refer to "1-6 Unit setting of geared motor" on p.30.
- Mechanism information

Use the "Mechanism information (numerator)" and "Mechanism information (denominator)" parameters to set the gear ratio (mechanism reduction ratio) of the mechanism assembled on the driving shaft of the gearbox.

$$
\text { Mechanism reduction ratio }=\frac{\text { Mechanism information (numerator) }}{\text { Mechanism information (denominator) }}
$$

## - Control resolution

$$
\text { Control resolution }(P / R)=\frac{360}{\begin{array}{c}
\text { User-defined position unit } \\
\text { (mechanism) }
\end{array}} \times \frac{1}{\text { Gear ratio }} \times \frac{1}{\text { Mechanism reduction ratio }}
$$

Note that the calculated value must fall within the setting range specified below.
Setting range of control resolution: 500 to 36,000 P/R (initial value: 36,000 P/R)
Note If a resolution out of the setting range is set, information of "Unit setting" will be generated. If the power supply is turned on again or Configuration is executed in a state where information of "Unit setting" is being generated, an alarm of "Unit setting error" will be generated.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| User-defined position unit setting | Sets the position unit. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Encoder setting is prioritized <br> (Use [Control resolution] if not a mechanical product) <br> 1: Control resolution (step) <br> 10: Use mechanism unit ( $\times 1$ ) <br> 11: Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.1$ ) <br> 12: Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.01$ ) <br> 13: Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.001$ ) <br> 23: 0.001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 24: 0.0001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 25: 0.00001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 26: 0.000001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 31:0.1 deg (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 32:0.01 deg (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 33: 0.001 deg (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 34:0.0001 deg (driving shaft of gearbox) | 0 | - |
| Motor rotation direction | Sets the rotation direction of the motor shaft. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | 0 | - |
| Control resolution (numerator) | Sets the numerator of the control resolution. <br> [Setting range] <br> 500 to 67,108,863 | 36,000 | - |
| Control resolution (denominator) | Sets the denominator of the control resolution. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 65,535 | 1 | - |
| Gear information (numerator) | Sets the numerator of the gear ratio. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1000 | 1 | - |
| Gear information (denominator) | Sets the denominator of the gear ratio. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1000 | 1 | - |
| Gear rotation direction | Sets the rotation direction of the driving shaft of the gearbox. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | 0 | - |


| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Mechanism information specifications | Sets the mechanism information specifications. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Encoder setting is prioritized (if not a mechanical product, no unit) <br> 1: Encoder setting is prioritized (if not a mechanical product, linear motion [mm], setting: travel amount [mm/rev]) <br> 2: Encoder setting is prioritized (if not a mechanical product, wheel [mm], setting: diameter [mm]) <br> 5: Encoder setting is prioritized (if not a mechanical product, rotation [rev], setting: mechanism reduction ratio) <br> 6: Encoder setting is prioritized (if not a mechanical product, rotation [deg], setting: mechanism reduction ratio) <br> 8: No unit <br> 9: Linear motion [mm], setting: travel amount [mm/rev] <br> 10: Wheel [mm], setting: diameter [mm] <br> 13: Rotation [rev], setting: mechanism reduction ratio <br> 14: Rotation [deg], setting: mechanism reduction ratio | 2 | - |
| Mechanism information (numerator) | Sets the numerator of mechanism information. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 65,535 | 1 | - |
| Mechanism information (denominator) | Sets the denominator of mechanism information. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 65,535 | 1 | - |
| Mechanism traveling direction | Sets the travel direction of the mechanism. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Not invert <br> 1: Invert | 0 | - |

## 1-3 User-defined velocity unit setting

Setting the "User-defined velocity unit setting" parameter can set the user-defined velocity unit.
The user-defined velocity unit having set is used as a unit of the demand velocity or the actual velocity for operation. The user-defined velocity unit cannot be set depending on a combination of the "User-defined velocity unit setting," "Control resolution," and "Gear ratio" parameters. Information of "Unit setting" is generated if a combination that cannot be set is selected.

Note If the power supply is turned on again or Configuration is executed in a state where information of "Unit setting" is being generated, an alarm of "Unit setting error" will be generated.

## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| User-defined velocity unit setting | Sets the velocity unit. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Position unit is "Control resolution": $r / m i n$ (motor shaft), others: position unit/s <br> 1: Position unit/s <br> 2: r/min (motor shaft) <br> 11:0.1 r/min (motor shaft) <br> 12: $0.01 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (motor shaft) <br> 20: $1 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 21:0.1 r/min (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 22:0.01 r/min (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 23: $0.001 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 24: $0.0001 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 25:0.00001 r/min (driving shaft of gearbox) | 0 | - |

## User-defined velocity unit setting range

- When "*** (motor shaft)" is set

Information of "Unit setting" is generated if the following condition is satisfied.

Condition: Control resolution $(\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{R}) \times \frac{\text { User-defined velocity unit setting }[\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}]}{60}<1$ [step/s]
Set the control resolution and the setting unit so that the calculation result is greater than 1 .
<Setting example>

| Parameter | Setting value |
| :--- | :--- |
| User-defined velocity unit setting | $12: 0.01 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (motor shaft) |
| Control resolution | $36,000[\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{R}]$ |
| Calculation result |  |
| $\frac{36,000[\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{R}] \times 0.01[\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}]}{60}=6$ |  |

The calculation result is "6." This value is greater than 1 , so an alarm or information will not be generated.
If the power supply is turned on again or Configuration is executed in a state where information of "Unit setting" is being generated, an alarm of "Unit setting error" will be generated.

## - When "*** (driving shaft of gearbox)" is set

Information of "Unit setting" is generated if one of the following conditions is satisfied.
Condition 1) User velocity unit $[\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}] \times$ Gear ratio $\geq 10[r / m i n]$ (motor shaft)

Condition 2) Control resolution $(P / R) \times \frac{\text { User-defined velocity unit setting }[\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}]}{60} \times$ Gear ratio $<1[\mathrm{step} / \mathrm{s}]$
The gear ratio can be set using the "Gear information (numerator)" and "Gear information (denominator)" parameters.
Gear ratio $=\frac{\text { Gear information (numerator) }}{\text { Gear information (denominator) }}$
<Setting example>

| Parameter | Setting value |
| :--- | :--- |
| User-defined velocity unit setting | $23: 0.001 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) |
| Control resolution | $6,000[\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{R}]$ |
| Gear ratio | 20 |

Calculation result
Condition 1) $0.001[\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}] \times 20=0.02<10[\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}]$

Condition 2) $\frac{6,000[P / R] \times 0.001[\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}] \times 20}{60}=2 \geq 1[\mathrm{step} / \mathrm{s}]$
An alarm or information will not be generated since both the conditions 1) and 2) are not satisfied from the calculation result.

Note If the power supply is turned on again or Configuration is executed in a state where information of "Unit setting" is being generated, an alarm of "Unit setting error" will be generated.

## 1-4 User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit

Setting the "User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit setting" parameter can set the user-defined acceleration/ deceleration unit.
The user-defined acceleration/deceleration unit having set is used as a unit of the acceleration or the deceleration for operation.
memo "(User-defined velocity unit)/s" is fixed in operation by the drive profile (CAN communication).

Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| User-defined acceleration/ deceleration unit setting (DD, FWRV, SD, HOME operation) | Sets the acceleration/deceleration unit. <br> This parameter is not applied when the product is operated with the drive profile (CAN communication). <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : (User-defined velocity unit)/s <br> 1: ms | 1 | - |

When "0: (User-defined velocity unit)/s" is set
Operating velocity [User-defined velocity unit]


When " 1 : ms" is set
Operating velocity [User-defined velocity unit]


## 1-5 Coordinate direction

The objects of the position demand and velocity demand are changed using the "User-defined position unit setting" parameter and the "User-defined velocity unit setting" parameter.

| Setting of "User-defined position unit setting" parameter | Object of position demand (position coordinate) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Control resolution (step) | Motor shaft |
| *** rev (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> *** deg (driving shaft of gearbox) | Driving shaft of gearbox |
| Use mechanism unit ( ${ }^{* * * \text { ) }}$ | Position of moving part of mechanism |
| Setting of "User-defined velocity unit setting" parameter | Object of velocity demand (velocity coordinate) |
| Position unit/s | Same as the object of position demand |
| *** r/min (motor shaft) | Motor shaft |
| *** r/min (driving shaft of gearbox) | Driving shaft of gearbox |

If the actual motor rotation direction is different between the position coordinate direction and the velocity coordinate direction, the position coordinate direction follows the velocity coordinate direction.
Changing the "Position/velocity coordinate direction" parameter can change the relation between the position coordinate direction and the velocity coordinate direction.

## - Motor rotation direction (velocity coordinate)

- Object of velocity demand: In the case of motor shaft

This is a mode to control the motor shaft directly.
The velocity can be commanded based on the motor shaft.
The actual motor rotation direction follows the setting of the following parameter.

- "Motor rotation direction" parameter
- Object of velocity demand: In the case of driving shaft of gearbox

This is a mode to control the driving shaft of the gearbox that a gear is installed to the motor shaft. The velocity can be commanded based on the driving shaft of the gearbox.
The actual motor rotation direction follows the result composited the settings of the following parameters. If the parameters are all set to "Invert," the rotation direction is not inverted due to "Invert × Invert."

- "Motor rotation direction" parameter
- "Gear rotation direction" parameter
- Object of velocity demand: In the case of velocity of moving part of mechanism

This is a mode to control the moving part of the mechanism when the mechanism is installed to the driving shaft of the gearbox installed to the motor shaft.
The velocity can be commanded based on the moving part of the mechanism.
The actual motor rotation direction follows the result composited the settings of the following parameters.
If the parameters are all set to "Invert," the rotation direction is inverted due to "Invert × Invert × Invert."

- "Motor rotation direction" parameter
- "Gear rotation direction" parameter
- "Mechanism traveling direction" parameter


## - Motor rotation direction (position coordinate)

This is the same as the velocity.

## ■ Torque coordinate direction

The torque coordinate direction follows the velocity coordinate direction.
Changing the "Torque coordinate direction" parameter can change the torque coordinate direction to the position coordinate direction.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| User-defined position unit setting | Sets the position unit. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Encoder setting is prioritized <br> (Use [Control resolution] if not a mechanical product) <br> 1: Control resolution (step) <br> 10: Use mechanism unit ( $\times 1$ ) <br> 11: Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.1$ ) <br> 12: Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.01$ ) <br> 13: Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.001$ ) <br> 23: 0.001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 24: 0.0001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 25: 0.00001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 26: 0.000001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 31: 0.1 deg (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 32: 0.01 deg (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 33: 0.001 deg (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 34: 0.0001 deg (driving shaft of gearbox) | 0 | - |
| User-defined velocity unit setting | Sets the velocity unit. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Position unit is "Control resolution": r/min (motor shaft), others: position unit/s <br> 1: Position unit/s <br> 2: r/min (motor shaft) <br> 11:0.1 r/min (motor shaft) <br> 12: $0.01 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (motor shaft) <br> 20: $1 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 21: $0.1 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 22: $0.01 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 23: $0.001 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 24: $0.0001 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 25: $0.00001 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) | 0 | - |
| Motor rotation direction | Sets the rotation direction of the motor shaft. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | 0 | - |
| Gear rotation direction | Sets the rotation direction of the driving shaft of the gearbox. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Not invert <br> 1: Invert | 0 | - |
| Mechanism traveling direction | Sets the travel direction of the mechanism. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Not invert <br> 1: Invert | 0 | - |
| Position/velocity coordinate direction | Sets directions for the position coordinate and the velocity coordinate. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Follow unit setting <br> 1: Match the direction of velocity coordinate with position coordinate <br> 2: Match the direction of position coordinate with velocity coordinate | 2 | - |
| Torque coordinate direction | Selects the coordinate to be used as a reference with the torque monitor. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Based on position coordinate <br> 1: Based on velocity coordinate | 1 | - |

## 1-6 Unit setting of geared motor

In the case of a geared motor, information of the gearhead is written to the motor (encoder) in advance. Therefore, the following parameters are automatically applied to the unit setting even if a setting is not made.

- "Gear information (numerator)" parameter
- "Gear information (denominator)" parameter
- "Gear rotation direction" parameter
memo - In the case of motors of the combination type, information of the gearhead is not written to the motor (encoder).
- If the "Gear information (numerator)" parameter or the "Gear information (denominator)" parameter is changed from the initial value "1," the value set in the parameter is prioritized.
- If information of the gearhead written to the motor (encoder) is not used, set the "Gear information (numerator)" parameter or the "Gear information (denominator)" parameter.
- If the reduction ratio of the entire equipment is desired to set only with the "Mechanism information (numerator)" parameter and the "Mechanism information (denominator)" parameter, set the "Gear information (numerator)" parameter and the "Gear information (denominator)" parameter to the same value such as 2 . The information of the gearhead written to the motor (encoder) can be disabled.


## - How to check

Information of the gearhead applied to the unit setting can be checked with the "Unit information monitor" of the support software.
If information of the gearhead written to the motor (encoder) is applied, the "Gear setting" will be "Encoder." When the parameter setting value is applied, the "Gear setting" will be "Parameter."

| $8-16$ | Gear setting | Encoder |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $8-17$ | Gear information (numerator)(Applicable value) | 10 |
| $8-18$ | Gear information (denominator)(Applicable value) | 1 |
| $8-19$ | Gear rotation direction(Applicable value) | Non invert |

## 2 Coordinates management

## 2-1 Coordinate home positions

There are two types of home positions, a mechanical home and an electrical home. When coordinates are set, the ABSPEN output is turned ON.

Note The following operation cannot be executed if coordinates are not set. Absolute positioning operation (when the "Permission of absolute positioning without setting absolute coordinates" parameter is "Disable")

## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| Permission of absolute positioning <br> without setting absolute coordinates | Permits absolute positioning operation in a state <br> where coordinates are not set. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable | 0 | - |

## Mechanical home

The mechanical home is a home that is set by homing operation or the position preset.

## ■ Mechanical home setting

To set the mechanical home coordinates, perform the position preset or homing operation. If the mechanical home coordinates are set, operation is performed on the coordinates centered on the mechanical home.

- Position preset

The demand position and the actual position will be a value obtained by subtracting a value of the "Home offset" parameter from the home, and the home is set.

## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sets the amount of offset from the home when homing operation is <br> completed or P-PRESET is executed. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ <br> In $2,147,483,647 ~(U s e r-d e f i n e d ~ p o s i t i o n ~ u n i t) ~$ | 0 | step |

- Homing operation

Performing homing operation can set the mechanical home.

## ■ Electrical home

The electrical home is a home that is set in the driver. When the EL-PRST input is turned ON, the electrical home is set, and the motor operates on the coordinate system with the electrical home as the home. If the EL-PRST input is turned OFF, the electrical home is cleared. The ELPRST-MON output is being ON while the electrical home is set.

## Electrical home setting

The demand position when the EL-PRST input is turned from OFF to ON will be the electrical home. While the EL-PRST input is being ON , operation is performed on the coordinates centered on the electrical home.
When the position preset or homing operation is performed in a state where the EL-PRST input is an ON state, the mechanical home and the electrical home will simultaneously be a value subtracted a value of the "Home offset" parameter from the home.
Turning the EL-PRST input from ON to OFF returns to the mechanical home coordinates.
A state where coordinates are not set
Coordinates will be an unset state in the following cases. The ABSPEN output is turned OFF.

- When the main power supply is turned on
- After Configuration was executed.


## 2-2 WRAP Function

The WRAP function is a function to automatically preset the position information of the present position when the position exceeds the set range. Setting the upper limit and the lower limit of the WRAP setting can restrict the operation area of equipment or control an index table with coordinates on the positive and negative sides.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | $\quad$ Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| WRAP setting | Sets the WRAP setting. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1:32-bit range <br> (WRAP-type operation disabled/WRAP-ZERO output disabled) <br> 2: Follows WRAP setting lower limit/WRAP setting upper limit | 1 | Unit |
|  | Sets the lower limit value of the WRAP setting. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-536,870,912$ to 0 (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step |
| WRAP setting lower <br> limit | Sets the upper limit value of the WRAP setting. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 536,870,911 (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step |
| WRAP setting upper <br> limit |  |  |  |

memo - If both the "WRAP setting lower limit" and "WRAP setting upper limit" are set to "0," the WRAP setting will be set to "32-bit range."

- When the WRAP setting is "32-bit range," an alarm of "Operation data error" will be generated if operation related WRAP is executed.


## When "32-bit range" is set

The position goes around between $-2,147,483,648$ and $2,147,483,647$.
It shows 2,147,483,647 after -2,147,483,648, and after that it shows in descending order.


It shows -2,147,483,648 after 2,147,483,647, and after that it shows in ascending order.

## ■ When "Follows WRAP setting lower limit/WRAP setting upper limit" is set

The position goes around between the "WRAP setting lower limit" and the "WRAP setting upper limit."

## - Setting example

If parameters are set as shown in the table below, the motor can be operated on the coordinates shown in the figure.

| Item | Setting |
| :--- | :--- |
| WRAP setting | 2: Follows WRAP setting lower limit/WRAP setting upper limit |
| WRAP setting lower limit | -6000 |
| WRAP setting upper limit | 5999 |



## Related output signals

- WRAP-ZERO output (p.199)
- WRAP-OVF output (p.199)


## 3 Stopping movement

## 3-1 Operation stop input

When the operation stop signal is input during motor operation, the motor stops.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| FW-BLK/RV-BLK input action | Sets how to stop the motor when the FW-BLK input or the RV-BLK input is turned ON. <br> [Setting Range] <br> 0: Immediate stop <br> 1: Deceleration stop (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 2: Follow QSTOP setting (current is not cut off) <br> 3: Follow STOP setting | 1 | - |
| STOP input action | Sets how to stop the motor when the STOP input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> -3: Deceleration time stop <br> (according to the Custom stopping time parameter) <br> -2 : Deceleration rate stop <br> (according to the Custom stopping rate parameter) <br> -1 : Immediate stop <br> 1: Deceleration stop (according to the operation profile during operation except for the torque limiting value) <br> 2: Deceleration rate stop (according to the Quick stop rate parameter) | 1 | - |
| STOP input stopping Torque limit value | Sets the torque limiting value when the STOP input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Use profile torque limit continuously <br> 1 to 10,000 ( $1=0.1 \%$ ) | 0 | $1=0.1 \%$ |
| QSTOP input action | Sets how to stop the motor when the QSTOP input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> -3: Deceleration time stop <br> (according to the Custom stopping time parameter) <br> -2: Deceleration rate stop <br> (according to the Custom stopping rate parameter) <br> -1 : Immediate stop <br> 0 : Immediate stop (current is cut off after stopping) <br> 1: Deceleration stop <br> (according to the operation profile during operation except for the torque limiting value) <br> (current is cut off after stopping) <br> 2: Deceleration rate stop <br> (according to the Quick stop rate parameter) <br> (current is cut off after stopping) <br> 5: Deceleration stop (according to the operation profile during operation except for the torque limiting value) <br> 6: Deceleration rate stop (according to the Quick stop rate parameter) | 2 | - |


| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| QSTOP input stopping Torque limit value | Sets the torque limiting value when the QSTOP input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Use profile torque limit continuously <br> 1 to 10,000 ( $1=0.1 \%$ ) | 0 | 1=0.1\% |
| Quick stop rate | Sets the deceleration rate when "Deceleration rate stop (according to the Quick stop rate parameter)" is selected in the "STOP input action" and "QSTOP input action" parameters. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000$ (User-defined velocity unit/s) | 1,000 | $(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}) / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Custom stopping rate | Sets the deceleration rate when "Deceleration rate stop (according to the Custom stopping rate parameter)" is selected in the "STOP input action" and "QSTOP input action" parameters. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit/s) | 1,000 | (r/min)/s |
| Custom stopping time | Sets the deceleration time when "Deceleration time stop (according to the Custom stopping time parameter)" is selected in the "STOP input action" and "QSTOP input action" parameters. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms |

## 3-2 Hardware overtravel

Hardware overtravel is a function that limits the range of movement by installing the limit sensors (FW-LS, RV-LS) at the upper and lower limits of the moving range. If the "FW-LS/RV-LS input action" parameter is set, the motor can be stopped when the limit sensor is detected.

## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
|  | Sets how to stop the motor when the FW-LS input or the RV-LS input is <br> turned ON. <br> [Setting Range] <br> -1: Only for homing sensor <br> 0: Immediate stop <br> 1: Deceleration stop (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 2: Follow QSTOP setting (current is not cut off) <br> 3: Follow STOP setting <br> 4: Immediate stop with alarm <br> 5: Deceleration stop with alarm <br> (according to the operation profile during operation) | 4 |  |
| 6: Follow QSTOP setting with alarm (current is not cut off) <br> 7: Follow STOP setting with alarm | - |  |  |

memo If the "FW-LS/RV-LS input action" parameter is set to an item describing "with alarm," the set values in the "Stopping method at alarm generation" parameter and the "FW-LS/RV-LS input action" parameter are compared, and the operation is stopped by the higher-priority stopping method.

## 3-3 Software overtravel

Software overtravel is a function that limits the range of movement by setting the upper and lower limits of the moving range by the parameters. When the demand position reaches the software limit, the motor can be stopped according to the setting of the "Software overtravel action" parameter. If the "Software overtravel action" parameter is set to an item describing "with alarm," an alarm of "Software overtravel" will be generated after the motor stops. Also, if the target position exceeds the software limit, an alarm of "Operation data error" will be generated.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Software overtravel action | Sets the operation when the demand position reaches the software limit. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1: Disable <br> 0: Immediate stop <br> 1: Deceleration stop <br> (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 2: Follow QSTOP setting (current is not cut off) <br> 3: Follow STOP setting <br> 4: Immediate stop with alarm <br> 5: Deceleration stop with alarm <br> (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 6: Follow QSTOP setting with alarm (current is not cut off) <br> 7: Follow STOP setting with alarm | 6 | - |
| Max software limit | Sets the maximum value of the software limit. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to $2,147,483,647$ (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step |
| Min software limit | Sets the minimum value of the software limit. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to $2,147,483,647$ (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step |
| Home offset | Sets the amount of offset from the home when homing operation is completed or P-PRESET is executed. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to $2,147,483,647$ (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step |
| Valid position range | Sets the criterion of the software limit. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : [Software limit] - [Home offset] (CiA402 compatible) <br> 1: Software limit (AZ compatible) | 0 | - |

memo - The software limit is enabled when coordinates are set.
If a value in the "Max software limit" parameter is set to equal or less than a value in the "Min software limit" parameter, an alarm of "Operation data error" due to the software overtravel and the software limit will be disabled.
In addition, if the software limit exceeds the WRAP setting range, an alarm of "Operation data error" due to the software overtravel of the exceeded direction and the software limit will be disabled.

- If the "Software overtravel action" parameter is set to an item describing "with alarm," the set values in the "Stopping method at alarm generation" parameter and the "Software overtravel action" parameter are compared, and the operation is stopped by the higher-priority stopping method.


## 3-4 Escape from the limit sensor

It is possible to escape in the reverse direction when the limit in the forward direction (FWD) is detected and in the forward direction when that in the reverse direction (RVS) is detected.

## 3-5 Priority of stop action

When multiple stop commands are input to the driver, the motor stops according to the following priority.

| Priority | Stop level | Stopping movement |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High | 0 | Immediate stop | Stop by CLR input Immediate stop *1 |
| 4 | 1 | Deceleration stop *2 | Deceleration stop when alarm is generated Deceleration stop when power supply for communication is lost Deceleration stop by maintenance command "Stop operation" |
|  | 2 |  | Deceleration stop by QSTOP input |
|  | 3 |  | Deceleration stop by FW-LS/RV-LS input *3 Deceleration stop by FW-BLK/RV-BLK input Deceleration stop by software overtravel *3 |
| 1 | 4 |  | Deceleration stop by STOP input |
| Low | 5 |  | Deceleration stop by stop operation |

*1 When "Immediate stop" is selected in the stopping movement for each input signal
*2 For the same stop level, a larger value of the deceleration rate (faster stop) is prioritized.
*3 If the "FW-LS/RV-LS input action" parameter or the "Software overtravel action" parameter is set to an item describing "with alarm," the stop level will be "1."

Note - In the following cases, immediate stop or deceleration stop cannot be executed using direct data operation.
-While the motor is operating to stop by the operation stop signal
-When the motor is operating by a method other than direct data operation

- When combined with a gear, do not stop by the CLR input in a state where the motor shaft speed exceeds $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$.


## Example of operation

- Operation when having input the QSTOP input (deceleration stop) while the motor was stopping by the STOP input (deceleration stop)
The motor operates according to the QSTOP input due to high-priority input.

- Operation when having input the STOP input (deceleration stop) while the motor was stopping by the QSTOP input (deceleration stop)
Deceleration stop by the QSTOP input is continued because the QSTOP input has a higher stop priority.



## 4 Torque limiting function

The maximum output torque of the motor can be limited.
Set when limiting the motor output torque according to a load.
The motor operates at the lowest torque limiting value among the following conditions.

| Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operation profile torque limiting | Torque limiting by the torque limiting value when operation is executed |
| TRQ-LMT input torque limiting | Torque limiting by the value set in the "TRQ-LMT input Torque limit value" <br> parameter (when the TRQ-LMT input is ON) |
| ATL function torque limiting | Torque limiting by the ATL function (initial value: enable) |
| Stop command torque limiting | Torque limiting by the torque limiting value when the STOP input or the <br> QSTOP input is turned ON |
| Alarm torque limiting | Torque limiting by the torque limiting value when an alarm is generated |
| Output power limiting | Limiting value when the main power supply is dropped |

The maximum torque limiting value varies depending on the motor.
60 W motor: $200 \%$
100 W motor: 220\%
200 W motor: $210 \%$
400 W motor: 200\%

Note If the limit value is significantly increased during torque limiting, a large impact torque may be generated, causing damage to the motor or equipment. Beware of changing the limit value.

## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Torque limit setting at motor <br> standstill | Selects the operating torque limit when the motor stops. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Follow the selection number <br> 1: Maintain the previous operating torque limit <br> (reset by excitation OFF) | Unit |  |

## 5 ATL function

The ATL function is a function that prevents the overload alarm by automatically adjusting the torque limiting value when the output torque increases to near the overload alarm level.

## When the torque limiting value larger than the overload detection torque is set

The ATL function activates when all of the following conditions are satisfied.

- The output torque of the motor exceeded the overload detection torque.
- The driver was estimated to exceed the overload detection time based on the output torque of the motor.

* The time varies depending on the operating condition or a load.

When the torque limiting value smaller than the overload detection torque is set
The ATL function is not activated because the motor output torque is smaller than the overload detection torque.


Note If the ATL function is activated, the motor may not operate according to the operation profile. Make sure that changing the operation profile does not cause any problem in equipment beforehand.

## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Selects the setting method of the ATL function. <br> [Setting Range] <br> 0: Follow ATL-EN input <br> 1: ATL function enabled | 1 | Unit |

memo • About ATL-EN Input
When the "ATL function mode setting" parameter is set to "Follow ATL-EN input," select whether to enable or disable the ATL function using the ATL-EN input. Turning the ATL-EN input ON enables the ATL function, and turning it OFF disables the ATL function.

- Operation example: When load fluctuation occurs during continuous operation

When ATL function is disabled


When ATL function is enabled


ALM-A output ON Alarm is not generated

## 6 <br> Driver status and motor excitation

Driver status and state transition of motor excitation

| Driver status | Motor excitation | Electromagnetic <br> brake | SON-MON output | PWR/SYS LED |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Motor non-excitation | Non-excitation | Hold | OFF | White light |
| FREE | Non-excitation | Release | OFF | White light |
| Power removal with ETO | Non-excitation | Hold | OFF | Blinking white |
| ETO | Non-excitation | Hold | OFF | Blinking white |
| Alarm (non-excitation) | Non-excitation | Hold | OFF | Blinking red |
| Alarm (excitation) | Excitation | Release | ON | Blinking red |
| Motor excitation | Excitation | Release | ON | White light |

## Outline of ETO (External Torque Off)

When both the HWTO1 input and HWTO2 input are turned OFF, the driver transitions to the power removal status and concurrently with the "ETO" status.
At this time, the driver makes the motor put into a non-excitation state.
If both the HWTO1 input and HWTO2 input are turned ON, the power removal status is released, but the "ETO" status is retained without being released.


* If the parameter is changed, the "ETO" status can be released by the ALM-RST input, the S-ON input, or the STOP input.

Note
The motor can be operated only when the driver status is in the "Motor excitation" status.

## 6-1 Driver status (motor non-excitation status)

## - Motor non-excitation

When the main power supply of the driver is turned on, the driver transitions to the "Motor non-excitation" status. The PWR/SYS LED is lit in white.
The motor puts into a non-excitation state.
When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake actuates to hold the motor shaft.
Also, if the S-ON input is turned OFF while the driver status is in the "Motor excitation" status, the driver transitions to the "Motor non-excitation" status.
The SON-MON output is turned OFF.


Note If the motor excitation is turned off to put into a non-excitation state while the motor is rotating, the motor, the driver, or the equipment may be damaged.

## - FREE

When the FREE input is turned ON, the driver transitions to the "FREE" status.
The PWR/SYS LED remains in white light.
The motor puts into a non-excitation state. Also, the SON-MON output is turned OFF.
When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake is released.
If the FREE input is turned OFF, the driver transitions to the "Motor non-excitation" status.


## Alarm (non-excitation)

If the driver detects an alarm to put the motor into a non-excitation state, it transitions to the "Alarm (non-excitation)" status.
The PWR/SYS LED blinks in red. The present alarm can be checked by counting the number of times the LED blinks.
The motor puts into a non-excitation state. Also, the SON-MON output and the ALM-B output are turned OFF, and the ALM-A output is turned ON.
When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake actuates to hold the motor shaft. If the alarm is reset, the driver transitions to the "Motor non-excitation" status.

memo
Refer to p .432 for details about alarms.

## - Power removal with ETO

If the driver detects both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs are turned OFF, it transitions to the "Power removal with ETO" status.
The PWR/SYS LED blinks in white.
The motor puts into a non-excitation state. Also, the SON-MON output is turned OFF and the ETO-MON output is turned ON.
When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake actuates to hold the motor shaft. If both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs are turned ON, the driver transitions to the "ETO" status.

memo Refer to p. 208 for the power removal function.

## ETO

If both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs are turned ON in a state where the driver is in the "Power removal with ETO" status, the driver transitions to the "ETO" status.
The PWR/SYS LED continues to blink in white.
The motor remains in a non-excitation state. Also, the SON-MON output is continued in an OFF state, and the ETOMON output is continued in an ON state.
When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake continues to hold the motor shaft. If the ETO-CLR input is turned ON to release the "ETO" status, the driver transitions to the "Motor non-excitation" status.


## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| ETO reset ineffective period | Sets the time from when the driver transitions to the ETO status until it can release the ETO status. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 100 ms | 0 | ms |
| ETO reset action (ETO-CLR) | Sets the judgment criterion of the signal when the ETO status is released by the ETO-CLR input. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1: ON edge (Positive edge) <br> 2: ON level | 1 | - |
| ETO reset action (ALM-RST) | Enables to release the ETO status by the ALM-RST input. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: ON edge (Positive edge) | 0 | - |
| ETO reset action (S-ON) | Enables to release the ETO status by the S-ON input. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: ON edge (Positive edge) | 1 | - |
| ETO reset action (STOP) | Enables to release the ETO status by the STOP input. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: ON edge (Positive edge) | 1 | - |

- "ETO reset ineffective period" parameter

The motor cannot be excited even if the ETO-CLR input is turned from OFF to ON until the time set in the "ETO reset ineffective period" parameter is elapsed.

When the ETO-CLR input is turned ON before the time set in the "ETO reset ineffective period" parameter is elapsed (when the motor is excited at the ON edge of the input)


When the ETO-CLR input is turned ON after the setting time of the "ETO reset ineffective period" parameter is elapsed (when the motor is excited at the ON edge of the input)


- To release the "ETO" status by input signals other than ETO-CLR input

The function to release the "ETO" status can be added to the ALM-RST input, the S-ON input, and the STOP input using parameters.
As the initial value, the function to release the "ETO" status is set to the S-ON input and the STOP input.

## 6-2 Driver status (motor excitation status)

## - Motor excitation

If the S-ON input is turned ON in a state where the driver is in the "Motor non-excitation" status, the driver transitions to the "Motor excitation" status.
The PWR/SYS LED remains in white light.
The motor puts into an excitation state. Also, the SON-MON output is turned ON.
When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake is released.


Note The motor can be operated only when the driver status is in the "Motor excitation" status.

## Alarm (excitation)

If the driver detects an alarm that allows the motor to keep an excitation state, the driver transitions to the "Alarm (excitation)" status.
The PWR/SYS LED blinks in red. The present alarm can be checked by counting the number of times the LED blinks. The motor remains in an excitation state. Also, the ALM-B output is turned OFF and the ALM-A output is turned ON. When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake is released.

memo
Refer to p .432 for details about alarms.

## 2 <br> Operating method

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## 1 Flow of settings necessary for operation

Details of $\square$ are described in this part.


## 2 Operation overview

## - Direct data operation

Direct data operation is a method that allows overriding of data and start of operation to be executed at the same time.
It is suitable to frequently change operation data such as the position (travel amount) and velocity or to adjust the position finely.

## - Stored data operation

Stored data operation is an operation that sets the operation data such as the motor operating velocity and position (travel amount) and executes.
Up to 256 operation data (No. 0 to No.255) can be set.

## - FW/RV operation

FW/RV operation is an operating method that turns a specific input signal ON to execute an operation corresponding to the signal.
FW/RV operation includes JOG operation, inching operation, and continuous operation.

## - I/O homing operation

Homing operation is an operation that detects the home using external sensors.
It is executed to return from the present position to the home when the power supply is turned on or positioning operation is completed.

- Operation via CAN communication (drive profile)

| Item | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| Operation mode | The following modes are supported. |
|  | • Profile position mode (pp) |
| • Profile velocity mode (pv) |  |
|  | •Homing mode (hm) |

## 3 Operation types

## 3-1 Types of operation

| Type of operation method |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stop operation | This is used to stop the operation presently performed. |  |
|  | Operation type | Description |
|  | Deceleration rate stop (according to the specified operation profile) | The motor decelerates to a stop according to the operation profile specified. |
|  | Deceleration rate stop (according to the operation profile in during operation) | The motor decelerates to a stop according to the operation profile being operated. |
|  | Immediate stop | The motor stops immediately. |
| Continuous operation | The motor starts rotating at the starting velocity and accelerates until it reaches the operating velocity. Once it reaches the operating velocity, the velocity is kept constant and the operation is continued. |  |
|  | Operation type | Description |
|  | Continuous operation (position control) | The motor starts rotating at the starting velocity and accelerates until it reaches the operating velocity. Once it reaches the operating velocity, the operation is continued with the velocity maintained while monitoring the position deviation. |
|  | Continuous operation (speed control) | The motor starts rotating at the starting velocity and accelerates until it reaches the operating velocity. Once it reaches the operating velocity, the operation is continued with the velocity maintained. |
|  | Continuous operation (cyclic speed control) *3 | The motor starts rotating at the starting velocity and accelerates until it reaches the operating velocity. Once it reaches the operating velocity, the operation is continued with the velocity maintained. <br> This is an operation type suitable for applications where the velocity is changed at a certain period in direct data operation. |
|  | Continuous operation (push-motion) *1 | The motor starts rotating at the starting velocity and accelerates until it reaches the operating velocity. Once it reaches the operating velocity, the operation is continued with the velocity maintained. When a mechanism installed to the motor presses against a load, pressure is continuously applied to the load. Set the torque limiting value to $100.0 \%$ or less. *2 |
|  | Continuous operation (torque control) *1 | The motor starts rotating at the operating velocity and continues the operation with the velocity maintained. When a mechanism installed to the motor presses against a load, pressure is continuously applied to the load. <br> Set the torque limiting value to $100.0 \%$ or less. *2 |


| Type of operation method | Description |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Positioning operation | Operation with trapezoidal drive (drive with acceleration/deceleration time) is performed from <br> the present position to the target position. The motor starts rotating at the starting velocity and <br> accelerates until it reaches the operating velocity. Once it reaches the operating velocity, the <br> velocity is kept constant. Then, it decelerates when the stop position is approached, and finally <br> comes to a stop. The position loop is enabled when operation is started. |  |
| Setting method of <br> target position | Operation type |  |


| Type of operation method |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positioning push-motion operation *1 | Operation with trapezoidal drive (drive with acceleration/deceleration time) is performed from the present position to the target position. The motor starts rotating at the starting velocity and accelerates until it reaches the operating velocity. Once it reaches the operating velocity, the velocity is kept constant. Then, it decelerates when the stop position is approached, and finally comes to a stop. Using the TLC output as the completion signal for push-motion operation can judge whether a mechanism installed to the motor presses against a load. Set the torque limiting value to $100.0 \%$ or less. *2 |  |
| Setting method of target position | Operation type | Description |
| Absolute positioning | Absolute positioning push-motion | Positioning push-motion operation is performed from the present position to the set target position. |
| Incremental positioning | Incremental positioning push-motion (based on demand position) | Positioning push-motion operation with the set travel amount is performed from the present demand position. |
|  | Incremental positioning push-motion (based on actual position) | Positioning push-motion operation with the set travel amount is performed from the present actual position. |
|  | Incremental positioning push-motion (based on target position) | Positioning push-motion operation with the set travel amount is performed from the present target position. |
| WRAP absolute positioning | WRAP absolute push-motion | Positioning push-motion operation is performed to the target position within the WRAP range. |
|  | WRAP proximity push-motion | Positioning push-motion operation is performed in the shortest distance to the target position within the WRAP range. |
|  | WRAP push-motion (FWD) | Positioning push-motion operation in the forward direction (FWD) is performed to the target position within the WRAP range. |
|  | WRAP push-motion (RVS) | Positioning push-motion operation in the forward direction (RVS) is performed to the target position within the WRAP range. |

*1 When combined with a gear, do not perform operation that continues pressing to a load.
*2 If a value larger than $100.0 \%$ is set to the torque limiting value, an alarm of "Operation data error" is generated.
*3 It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.
Note - To operate the motor, turn the S-ON input ON to put the motor into an excitation state.

- When combined with a gear, set the "Starting velocity" parameter so that the motor shaft speed is $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or lower.


## 3-2 Operation methods and operation types

There are five types of operation methods as shown below.
Note To operate the motor, turn the S-ON input ON to put the motor into an excitation state.

## Stop operation

This is used to stop the operation presently performed.

- Deceleration rate stop (according to the specified operation profile)

- Deceleration rate stop
(according to the operation profile in during operation)
[Operation profile]

- Immediate stop
[Operation profile]

* The motor decelerates at the maximum deceleration rate.
memo When stop operation is executed, the target position is not updated.


## Continuous operation

The motor starts rotating at the starting velocity and accelerates until it reaches the operating velocity. Once it reaches the operating velocity, the velocity is kept constant and the operation is continued.
Setting a positive value to the operating velocity continues to operate the motor at a constant velocity in the forward direction (FWD), and setting a negative value continues to operate it at a constant velocity in the reverse direction (RVS).

- Continuous operation (position control),
- Continuous operation (torque control) continuous operation (speed control), continuous operation (push-motion), Continuous operation (cyclic speed control)


memo When continuous operation is executed, the target position is not updated.

Note When combined with a gear, do not perform continuous operation (push-motion) and continuous operation (torque control).

## - Positioning operation

Operation with trapezoidal drive (drive with acceleration/deceleration time) is performed from the present position to the target position. The motor starts rotating at the starting velocity and accelerates until it reaches the operating velocity.
Once it reaches the operating velocity, the velocity is kept constant. Then, it decelerates when the stop position is approached, and finally comes to a stop.

- Absolute positioning, incremental positioning (based on demand position), incremental positioning (based on actual position), incremental positioning (based on target position), WRAP absolute positioning, WRAP proximity positioning, WRAP absolute positioning (FWD), WRAP absolute positioning (RVS)


## [Operation profile]

Note The maximum travel amount of positioning operation is $2,147,483,647$ steps. If the travel amount of the motor exceeds the maximum travel amount, an alarm of "Operation data error" will be generated.
memo - The rotation direction of positioning operation is determined based on the setting of "Position."
Absolute positioning: Operates in the forward direction (FWD) when "Position" is larger than the present position, and in the reverse direction (RVS) when "Position" is smaller than the present position.
Incremental positioning: Operates in the forward direction (FWD) when a positive value is set, and in the reverse direction (RVS) when a negative value is set.

- Operation when a negative value is set to the operating velocity is shown below.

Absolute positioning: Operates as the velocity of the absolute value.
Incremental positioning: Operates in the forward direction (FWD) when a negative value is set to "Position," and in the reverse direction (RVS) when a positive value is set.

## Positioning operation (speed control)

Operation with trapezoidal drive (drive with acceleration/deceleration time) is performed from the present position to the target position. The motor starts rotating at the starting velocity and accelerates until it reaches the operating velocity.
Once it reaches the operating velocity, the velocity is kept constant. Then, it decelerates when the stop position is approached, and finally comes to a stop.
If a load exceeding the torque limiting value is applied, a slip occurs to turn the SLIP output ON.

- Incremental positioning speed control (based on demand position), incremental positioning speed control (based on actual position)
[Operation profile]


Note The maximum travel amount of positioning operation is $2,147,483,647$ steps. If the travel amount of the motor exceeds the maximum travel amount, an alarm of "Operation data error" will be generated.
memo - The rotation direction of positioning operation is determined based on the setting of "Position." Setting a positive value rotates the motor in the forward direction (FWD), and setting a negative value rotates it in the reverse direction (RVS).

- Operation when a negative value is set to the operating velocity is shown below. Absolute positioning: Operates as the velocity of the absolute value.
Incremental positioning: Operates in the forward direction (FWD) when a negative value is set to "Position," and in the reverse direction (RVS) when a positive value is set.


## Positioning push-motion operation

Operation with trapezoidal drive (drive with acceleration/deceleration time) is performed from the present position to the target position. The motor starts rotating at the starting velocity and accelerates until it reaches the operating velocity. Once it reaches the operating velocity, the velocity is kept constant. Then, it decelerates when the stop position is approached, and finally comes to a stop. Using the TLC output as the completion signal for push-motion operation can judge whether a mechanism installed to the motor presses against a load.

- Absolute positioning push-motion, incremental positioning push-motion (based on demand position), incremental positioning push-motion (based on actual position), incremental positioning push-motion (based on target position), WRAP absolute push-motion, WRAP proximity push-motion, WRAP absolute push-motion (FWD), WRAP absolute push-motion (RVS)


## [Operation profile]



Note - The maximum travel amount of positioning push-motion operation is $2,147,483,647$ steps. If the travel amount of the motor exceeds the maximum travel amount, an alarm of "Operation data error" will be generated.

- When combined with a gear, do not perform positioning push-motion operation.
- If the motor moves to the position deviation alarm zone by an external force, an alarm of "Position deviation" will be generated.

Setting value in "Position deviation alarm" parameter


- The rotation direction of positioning operation is determined based on the setting of "Position."

Absolute positioning: Operates in the forward direction (FWD) when "Position" is larger than the present position, and in the reverse direction (RVS) when "Position" is smaller than the present position.
Incremental positioning: Operates in the forward direction (FWD) when a positive value is set, and in the reverse direction (RVS) when a negative value is set.

- Operation when a negative value is set to the operating velocity is shown below.

Absolute positioning: Operates as the velocity of absolute value.
Incremental positioning: Operates in the forward direction (FWD) when a negative value is set to "Position," and in the reverse direction (RVS) when a positive value is set.

## 3-3 Setting method of target position

There are three types of setting methods for the target position as shown below.

## Absolute positioning

Set the target position on coordinates with the home as a reference.
Example: Setting when moving from the present position "100" to the target position "400"


## Incremental positioning

Set the position, which was moved by the set travel amount from the present position, as the target position. This is suitable when the same travel amount is repeatedly operated.

Example: Setting when moving from the present position "100" to the target position "400"

memo Based on demand position: Positioning operation is performed based on the present demand position.
Based on actual position: Positioning operation is performed based on the present actual position. Based on target position: Positioning operation is performed based on the present target position.

## WRAP absolute positioning

This is used by setting the "WRAP setting" parameters to "Follows WRAP setting lower limit/WRAP setting upper limit." Set the target position within the WRAP range.

Example: Setting when moving from the present position "100" to the target position "400"


## Orbit comparison of positioning operation

Movements when the following is set are shown below.

| Item | Setting |
| :--- | :--- |
| WRAP setting | 2: Follows WRAP setting lower limit/WRAP setting upper limit |
| WRAP setting lower limit | -500 |
| WRAP setting upper limit | 499 |


| Operation type | From initial value (250) to a value set in "Position" of operation data |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 250 to 900 | 250 to -1400 |
| - Absolute positioning <br> ※ Sets coordinates of the target position from the home. |  |  |
| - Incremental positioning (based on demand position) <br> - Incremental positioning (based on actual position) <br> - Incremental positioning (based on target position) <br> ※ Sets the travel amount from the demand position, actual position, or the present target position to the next target position. |  |  |
| - WRAP absolute positioning <br> ※ Sets the target position on coordinates with the home as a reference and operates within the WRAP range. |  |  |
| - WRAP proximity positioning <br> ※ Sets the target position on coordinates with the home as a reference and operates to the target position within the WRAP range in the shortest distance. |  |  |
| - WRAP absolute positioning (FWD) <br> ※ Sets the target position on coordinates with the home as a reference and operates in the forward direction (FWD) toward the target position within the WRAP range. |  |  |
| - WRAP absolute positioning (RVS) <br> ※ Sets the target position on coordinates with the home as a reference and operates in the reverse direction (RVS) toward the target position within the WRAP range. |  |  |

[^0]
## 3-4 Selecting the operation type

The table below show a list of operation types that can be selected in direct data operation or stored data operation. Use the "Direct data operation operation type" command and the "Operation data R/W" command to set.

| Setting value |  | Operation types |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Motion extension mode | Normal |  |
| 0 (00h) | - | Deceleration rate stop (according to the specified operation profile) |
| - | 1 (01h) | Absolute positioning |
| - | 2 (02h) | Incremental positioning (based on demand position) |
| - | 3 (03h) | Incremental positioning (based on actual position) |
| - | 4 (04h) | Incremental positioning (based on target position) |
| - | 5 (05h) | Incremental positioning speed control (based on demand position) |
| - | 6 (06h) | Incremental positioning speed control (based on actual position) |
| 39 (27h) | 7 (07h) | Continuous operation (position control) |
| - | 8 (08h) | Wrap absolute positioning |
| - | 9 (09h) | Wrap proximity positioning |
| - | 10 (0Ah) | Wrap absolute positioning (FWD) |
| - | 11 (OBh) | Wrap absolute positioning (RVS) |
| - | 12 (0Ch) | Wrap absolute push-motion |
| - | 13 (0Dh) | Wrap proximity push-motion |
| - | 14 (0Eh) | Wrap push-motion (FWD) |
| - | 15 (0Fh) | Wrap push-motion (RVS) |
| 48 (30h) | 16 (10h) | Continuous operation (speed control) |
| 49 (31h) | 17 (11h) | Continuous operation (push-motion) |
| 50 (32h) | 18 (12h) | Continuous operation (torque control) |
| 51 (33h) | 19 (13h) | Continuous operation (cyclic speed control) |
| - | 20 (14h) | Absolute positioning push-motion |
| - | 21 (15h) | Incremental positioning push-motion (based on demand position) |
| - | 22 (16h) | Incremental positioning push-motion (based on actual position) |
| - | 23 (17h) | Incremental positioning push-motion (based on target position) |
| 31 (1Fh) | - | Deceleration rate stop (according to the operation profile during operation) |
| 32 (20h) | - | Immediate stop |

memo - Refer to p. 66 for the motion extension mode.

- The Motion extension mode and continuous operation (cyclic speed control) are effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.

Note
When combining a 400 W motor with a gear, use the motion extension mode. When the 400 W motor with a gear is used in a normal state, the motor may be damaged if it rapidly decelerates while the demand velocity is significantly different from the actual velocity.

## 3-5 Operation type and position loop

The table below shows operation types that the position loop is enabled.

| Direct data operation Stored data operation |  | FW/RV operation | Drive profile | Operation types | Position loop |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operation types setting value |  | Input signal <br> ( $\square$ : FW or RV) | Operation mode |  |  |
| Motion extension mode | Normal |  |  |  |  |
| 0 (00h) | - | - | - | Deceleration rate stop (according to the specified operation profile) | *1 |
| - | 1 (01h) | - | pp | Absolute positioning | Enabled |
| - | 2 (02h) | $\square-J O G-P$ | pp | Incremental positioning (based on demand position) | Enabled |
| - | 3 (03h) | - | pp | Incremental positioning (based on actual position) | Enabled |
| - | 4 (04h) | - | pp | Incremental positioning (based on target position) | Enabled |
| - | 5 (05h) | - | pv | Incremental positioning speed control (based on demand position) | - |
| - | 6 (06h) | - | pv | Incremental positioning speed control (based on actual position) | - |
| 39 (27h) | 7 (07h) | $\square-P O S$ | pv | Continuous operation (position control) | Enabled |
| - | 8 (08h) | - | pp | Wrap absolute positioning | Enabled |
| - | 9 (09h) | - | pp | Wrap proximity positioning | Enabled |
| - | 10 (0Ah) | - | pp | Wrap absolute positioning (FWD) | Enabled |
| - | 11 (0Bh) | - | pp | Wrap absolute positioning (RVS) | Enabled |
| - | 12 (0Ch) | - | pp | Wrap absolute push-motion | *2 |
| - | 13 (0Dh) | - | pp | Wrap proximity push-motion | *2 |
| - | 14 (0Eh) | - | pp | Wrap push-motion (FWD) | *2 |
| - | 15 (0Fh) | - | pp | Wrap push-motion (RVS) | *2 |
| 48 (30h) | 16 (10h) | $\begin{aligned} & \square \text {-SPD } \\ & \square \text {-JOG } \\ & \square \text {-JOG-H } \end{aligned}$ | pv | Continuous operation (speed control) | - |
| 49 (31h) | 17 (11h) | $\square-\mathrm{PSH}$ | - | Continuous operation (push-motion) | - |
| 50 (32h) | 18 (12h) | - | - | Continuous operation (torque control) | - |
| 51 (33h) | 19 (13h) | - | - | Continuous operation (cyclic speed control) | - |
| - | 20 (14h) | - | pp | Absolute positioning push-motion | *2 |
| - | 21 (15h) | - | pp | Incremental positioning push-motion (based on demand position) | *2 |
| - | 22 (16h) | - | pp | Incremental positioning push-motion (based on actual position) | *2 |
| - | 23 (17h) | - | pp | Incremental positioning push-motion (based on target position) | *2 |
| 31 (1Fh) | - | - | - | Deceleration rate stop (according to the operation profile during operation) | *1 |
| 32 (20h) | - | - | - | Immediate stop | *1 |

[^1]memo - The position loop at stopping is switched by the PLOOP-MODE input.
To control the position in a state where position deviation or slip is not occurred, always turn the PLOOP-MODE input ON.

- The position loop is enabled when the motor is in an excitation state.
- The position loop is enabled in homing operation. (Except the push-motion mode)


## 3-6 Motion extension mode

The motion extension mode is a control mode in which the driver generates the demand velocity with the "actual velocity" as the starting point when the velocity is changed.
When the actual velocity does not follow the demand velocity, the motor can quickly respond without waiting that the demand velocity becomes equal to the actual velocity.
In the following cases, the driver generates the demand velocity with the "actual velocity" as the starting point.

- When decelerating to the target velocity lower than the actual velocity while accelerating in a state where the demand velocity is higher than actual velocity
- When accelerating to the target velocity higher than the actual velocity while decelerating in a state where the demand velocity is lower than actual velocity

If the actual velocity has already exceeded the target velocity when the velocity is started changing, the demand velocity will immediately be a value of the target velocity.

The motion extension mode can be selected with the following methods.

- Select with the operation type in the case of direct data operation or stored data operation.
- Select with the "FW/RV operation control mode setting" parameter in the case of FW/RV operation.
- Select with the Controlword in the case of the drive profile (CAN communication).

If the motion extension mode is not selected (in the case of a normal state), the driver generates the demand velocity with the "demand velocity" as the starting point.

| Control mode | Motion extension mode | Normal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Example of operation | When the velocity is changed, the demand velocity is generated with the "actual velocity" as the starting point. | When the velocity is changed, the demand velocity is generated with the "demand velocity" as the starting point. |
| Feature | - The motor can quickly respond according to the actual velocity. <br> - The time period required for changing the velocity may be shorter than the acceleration/ deceleration time set in the operation profile. | - The demand velocity is generated according to the setting of the operation profile. |
| Recommended application | - When the velocity is frequently changed during operation <br> - When the actual velocity does not follow the demand velocity because the load inertia is large | - When a predetermined operation is repeatedly performed |

memo - Even in the operation type in a normal state, operation in the motion extension mode is applied when stopped by stop operation or an operation stop signal.

- The motion extension mode is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.

Note When combining a 400 W motor with a gear, use the motion extension mode. When the 400 W motor with a gear is used in a normal state, the motor may be damaged if it rapidly decelerates while the demand velocity is significantly different from the actual velocity.

## 3-7 Continuous operation (cyclic speed control)

Continuous operation (cyclic speed control) is an operation type suitable for applications where the velocity is changed at a certain period in direct data operation.
The acceleration/deceleration rate (acceleration/deceleration time) in this operation type changes as shown below.

- Acceleration rate (acceleration time) $\rightarrow$ Changing speed rate (changing speed time)
- Deceleration rate (deceleration time) $\rightarrow$ Stopping rate (stopping time)

When changing the rotation direction, the changing speed rate (changing speed time) is applied to reach the target velocity after reversing.

## Example of operation: When changing the velocity at a certain period



A: Acceleration or deceleration at changing speed rate (changing speed time)
B: No velocity change
C: Reverse operation at changing speed rate (changing speed time)
D: Deceleration stop at stopping rate (stopping time)
: Starting velocity
memo - "Acceleration/deceleration setting method" parameter is not applied.

- Continuous operation (cyclic speed control) is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.


## 4 Direct data operation

Direct data operation is a method that allows overriding of data and start of operation to be executed at the same time.
It is suitable to frequently change operation data such as the position (travel amount) and velocity or to adjust the position finely.
Triggers to start operation at the same time as overriding of data are as follows.

- One of the following items: Operation data number, operation type, position, operating velocity, acceleration rate, deceleration rate, and torque limiting value
- The above seven items are collectively overridden


## Application example of direct data operation

## - Example 1

The position (travel amount) or the operating velocity should be adjusted each time a load is changed because the feed rate is different in each load.

## Setting example

- Position (travel amount): Change as desired
- Operating velocity: Change as desired
- Trigger: All the items (setting value of trigger: 1)


## Procedure

1. Write the position and the operating velocity.
2. Write " 1 " to the trigger.

Result
When the trigger is written, the changed value is updated
 immediately, and operation is performed with the new position and the operating velocity.

- Example 2

The operating velocity should be changed immediately with the touch screen because a large load is inspected at a lower rate.

## Setting example

- Operating velocity: Change as desired
- Trigger: Operating velocity (setting value of trigger: -4)


## Procedure

1. Write " -4 " to the trigger.
2. Write the data of the operating velocity.

## Result

If the operating velocity is written, the changed value is updated immediately, and the operation is performed at
 the new operating velocity.

## Note

To operate the motor, turn the S-ON input ON to put the motor into an excitation state.

## 4-1 Guidance

If you are new to this product, read this section to understand the operating methods along with the operation flow.


## - Operating conditions

This operation is performed under the following conditions.

| - Number of drivers connected: 1 unit |
| :--- |
| - Address number: 1 |
| - Transmission rate: 230,400 bps |
| -Termination resistor: Set to enable |

Note
Before operating the motor, check the surrounding conditions to ensure safety.

## STEP 1 Check of installation and connection



## STEP 2 Power activation

Turn on the main power supply and the power supply for communication.
Start the support software.
Execute "Communication port" to check the setting of the communication port.
Execute "Data reading" to read the driver data.

## STEP 3 Check of communication parameters

Start "Starts the simple setting." of the support software.


Set the following communication parameters according to the communication parameters of the host controller.


If the values are different, change the value of the "Input value" and execute "Reflecting on the driver."
If the following communication parameters are different from those of the host controller, execute "Detailed setting..." to change the parameters.

| Parameter name | Setting |
| :--- | :--- |
| Byte \& word order (Modbus) | Even Address-High Word \& Big-Endian |
| Communication stop bit (Modbus) | 1 bit |

## STEP 4 Excitation of motor

Send the following query to turn the S-ON input of remote I/O ON.
Turning the S-ON input ON causes the motor to put into an excitation state.
$\frac{01}{(1)} \frac{10}{(2)} \frac{007 \mathrm{C}}{(3)} \frac{0002}{(4)} \frac{04}{5} \frac{00000001}{6} \frac{35}{(7)} \frac{1 \mathrm{E}}{8}$

| Number | Communication data <br> (HEX) | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $(1)$ | 01 | Address number=1 |
| $(2)$ | 10 | Function code=10h |
| $(3)$ | $007 C$ | Write register lead address=007Ch |
| $(4)$ | 0002 | Number of write registers=2 registers |
| $(5)$ | 04 | Number of write data bytes=4 bytes |
| $(6)$ | 00000001 | Turn the S-ON input ON (put the motor into an excitation state) |
| $(7)$ | 35 | Error check (lower) |
| $(8)$ | 1 E | Error check (upper) |

## STEP 5 Operation of motor

As an example, this section explains how to execute the following operation. The trigger is assumed to be overridden collectively.

## [Operation profile]



1. Send the operation data and the trigger with the following query. Operation is started at the same time as the send.

| Number | Communication data (HEX) | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) | 01 | Address number=1 |
| (2) | 10 | Function code=10h |
| (3) | 005 A | Write register lead address=005Ah |
| (4) | 00 OE | Number of write registers=14 registers |
| (5) | 1 C | Number of write data bytes= 28 bytes |
| (6) | 00000030 | Operation type=48: (Motion extension) continuous operation (speed control) |
| (7) | 00000000 | Position=0 step |
| (8) | 000003 E 8 | Operating velocity $=1000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ |
| (9) | $000003 \mathrm{E8}$ | Acceleration rate $=1,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| (10) | 000009 C4 | Deceleration rate $=2,500 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| (11) | 000003 E 8 | Torque limiting value=100.0\% |
| (12) | 00000001 | Trigger=1: Normal start, Lifetime disable |
| (13) | 87 | Error check (lower) |
| (14) | 36 | Error check (upper) |

Setting of operation profile
2. Check the motor rotates without any problem.

Note When combining a 400 W motor with a gear, use the motion extension mode. When the 400 W motor with a gear is used in a normal state, the motor may be damaged if it rapidly decelerates while the demand velocity is significantly different from the actual velocity.

## STEP 6 Check of operation

How did it go? Were you able to operate the motor properly? If the motor does not operate, check the following points.

- Is any alarm present?
- Are the power supply, the motor, and the RS-485 communication cable connected securely?
- Is the power supply for communication turned on?
- Are the slave addresses, the transmission rate, and the termination resistor set correctly?
- Is the COMM LED unlit? Or is it lit in red? (A communication error occurs)
- Is an unintended input signal is turned ON?


## STEP 7 Stop of operation

1. Send the operation data and the trigger with the following query. Operation is stopped at the same time as the send.


| Number | Communication data <br> (HEX) | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $(1)$ | 01 | Address number=1 |
| $(2)$ | 10 | Function code=10h |
| $(3)$ | 005 A | Write register lead address=005Ah |
| $(4)$ | 000 E | Number of write registers=14 registers |
| $(5)$ | 1 C | Number of write data bytes=28 bytes |
| (6) | 00000000 | Operation type=0: Deceleration rate stop |
| (according to the specified operation profile) |  |  |
| $(7)$ | 00000000 | Position=0 step |
| (8) | 00000000 | Operating velocity=0 r/min |
| (9) | 000003 E8 | Acceleration rate $=1,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| (10 | 000009 C4 | Deceleration rate $=2,500 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| (11) | 000003 E8 | Torque limiting value $=100.0 \%$ |
| (12) | 00000001 | Trigger=1: Normal start, Lifetime disable |
| (13) | 46 | Error check (lower) |
| (14) | B9 | Error check (upper) |

2. Check the motor stops without any problem.

4-2 Command necessary for direct data operation

| Register address |  | Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 88 \\ (0058 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 89 \\ (0059 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation operation data number | The operation data of the specified operation data number is transferred to the direct data operation command. <br> Writing a value of the operation data number executes the data transfer. <br> Commands to be transferred are as follows. <br> - Direct data operation operation type <br> - Direct data operation position <br> - Direct data operation operating velocity <br> - Direct data operation acceleration rate <br> - Direct data operation deceleration rate <br> - Direct data operation torque limiting value <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 255: Operation data No. 0 to No. 255 | 0 *1 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 90 \\ (005 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 91 \\ \text { (005Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation operation type | Sets the operation type for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> Refer to "3-4 Selecting the operation type" on p.63. | 0 *2 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 92 \\ (005 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 93 \\ (005 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation position | Sets the target position for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | 0 *2 | step |
| $\begin{gathered} 94 \\ \text { (005Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 95 \\ (005 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation operating velocity | Sets the operating velocity for direct data operation. [Setting range] $-4,000,000$ to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 0 *2 | r/min |
| $\begin{gathered} 96 \\ (0060 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 97 \\ (0061 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation acceleration rate | Sets the acceleration rate (acceleration time) for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 <br> (User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit) | 1,000 *2 | ms |
| $\begin{gathered} 98 \\ (0062 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 99 \\ (0063 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation deceleration rate | Sets the deceleration rate (deceleration time) for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000$ <br> (User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit) | 1,000 *2 | ms |
| $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (0064 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 101 \\ (0065 h) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation torque limiting value | Sets the torque limiting value for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] $0 \text { to } 10,000(1=0.1 \%) * 3$ | 10,000 *2 | $1=0.1 \%$ |


| Register address |  | Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 102 \\ (0066 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 103 \\ (0067 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation trigger | Sets the trigger and the lifetime for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> <Upper 16 bits> Lifetime setting *4 <br> $-1,0$ : Direct data operation lifetime disable <br> 1 to 32767 : Direct data operation lifetime setting value [ms] <br> <Lower 16 bits> Trigger setting <br> -7 : Operation data number <br> -6: Operation type <br> -5: Position <br> -4 : Operating velocity <br> -3: Acceleration rate <br> -2: Deceleration rate <br> -1 :Torque limiting value <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to 3: Normal start <br> 4, 5: Unit specified start <br> (acceleration/deceleration: rate) <br> 6,7: Unit specified start <br> (acceleration/deceleration: time) <br> 8,9: Unit specified start (velocity: step/s) <br> 10, 11: Unit specified start (velocity: step/s, acceleration/deceleration: rate) <br> 12, 13: Unit specified start (velocity: step/s, acceleration/deceleration: time) <br> 14, 15: Unit specified start (velocity: $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ ) <br> 16, 17: Unit specified start (velocity: $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$, acceleration/deceleration: rate) <br> 18, 19: Unit specified start (velocity: r/min, acceleration/deceleration: time) | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 104 \\ (0068 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 105 \\ (0069 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation forwarding destination | Selects the stored area when the next direct data is transferred during direct data operation. <br> (Data destination $\Rightarrow$ p.81) <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Execution memory <br> 1: Buffer memory | 0 | - |

*1 The value set in the "Direct data operation operation parameter initial value reference data number" parameter will be the initial value.
*2 The operation data of the operation data number set in the "Direct data operation operation parameter initial value reference data number" parameter will be the initial value.
*3 The maximum torque limiting value varies depending on the motor. Refer to p .39 for the maximum value of each motor.
*4 It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.

Related parameters

| Register address |  | Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 544 \\ (0220 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 545 \\ (0221 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation zero speed command action | When " 0 " is written to the operating velocity, selects whether to decelerate the motor to a stop or to change only the velocity to "0" in an operating status. *1 <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Deceleration stop command <br> 1:Velocity zero command | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 546 \\ (0222 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 547 \\ (0223 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation trigger initial value | Sets the initial value of the trigger (lower 16 bits). <br> [Setting range] <br> -7: Operation data number update <br> -6: Operation type update <br> -5 : Position update <br> -4: Operating velocity update <br> -3: Acceleration rate update <br> -2 : Deceleration rate update <br> -1 : Torque limiting value update <br> 0 : The trigger is used | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 548 \\ (0224 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 549 \\ (0225 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation data destination initial value | Sets the initial value of the data destination. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Execution memory <br> 1: Buffer memory | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 550 \\ (0226 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 551 \\ (0227 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation operation parameter initial value reference data number | Sets the operation data number to be used as the initial value for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 255: Operation data number | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 552 \\ (0228 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 553 \\ (0229 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation trigger automatic clear | Sets the movement when setting "Direct data operation trigger" which is set the trigger factor to transfer or update the data in the direct data operation memory area as execution data. When this parameter is set to enable, if direct data operation is started by writing to "Direct data operation trigger," the trigger (lower 16 bits) of "Direct data operation trigger" is automatically cleared to "0" regardless of whether it is successful or not. Therefore, if the same data is written, direct data operation can be started as many times as written. When this parameter is set to disable, "Direct data operation trigger" is not cleared to 0 even if it is written. Therefore, direct data operation is not started even if the same data is written in succession. To restart, one of the following is required. <br> - Write "0" to "Direct data operation trigger" and then write the value for starting. <br> - Write a different value to "Direct data operation trigger." <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1: Enable | 1 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 572 \\ (023 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 573 \\ (023 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation lifetime initial value *2 | Sets the initial value for direct data operation lifetime. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to $32,767 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 0 | ms |

[^2]
## 4-3 Trigger and lifetime

Sets the trigger and the lifetime for direct data operation.
Upper 16 bits: Direct data operation lifetime Lower 16 bits: Trigger

Note If either the direct data operation lifetime or the trigger is out of the range, a communication error of "Out of setting range" occurs. In this case, both the upper and lower values are not applied.

## Lower 16 bits Trigger

This is a trigger to start operation at the same time as overriding of data in direct data operation.

## When the trigger setting is " 0 " to "19"

When the following value is written, all data is written in the selected unit, and simultaneously direct data operation is started. It is not started if the same value is written. If the "Direct data operation trigger automatic clear" parameter is set to "Enable," the trigger (lower 16 bits) will automatically return to "0" regardless of whether the operation is started or not (initial value: Enable).
xxxx: If the lifetime is not used, set 0000h or FFFFh.
Set the lifetime when using it.

| Setting value |  | Starting mode | Starting method |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec* | Hex |  | Velocity unit | Acceleration/ deceleration unit |
| 0 | xxxx 0000h | Not start | - | - |
| 1 (or 2, 3) | xxxx 0001h (xxxx 0002h) (xxxx 0003h) | Normal start | User-defined velocity unit | User-defined acceleration/ deceleration unit |
| 4 (or 5) | xxxx 0004h <br> (xxxx 0005h) | Unit specified start (acceleration/ deceleration) | User-defined velocity unit | (Velocity unit)/s (acceleration/ deceleration rate) |
| 6 (or 7) | xxxx 0006h <br> (xxxx 0007h) | Unit specified start (acceleration/ deceleration) | User-defined velocity unit | ms (acceleration/ deceleration time) |
| 8 (or 9) | xxxx 0008h <br> (xxxx 0009h) | Unit specified start (velocity) | step/s ((User-defined position unit)/s) | User-defined acceleration/ deceleration unit |
| 10 (or 11) | xxxx 000Ah <br> (xxxx 000Bh) | Unit specified start (velocity, acceleration/ deceleration) | step/s ((User-defined position unit)/s) | (Velocity unit)/s (acceleration/ deceleration rate) |
| 12 (or 13) | xxxx 000Ch <br> (xxxx 000Dh) | Unit specified start (velocity, acceleration/ deceleration) | step/s ((User-defined position unit)/s) | ms (acceleration/ deceleration time) |
| 14 (or 15) | xxxx 000Eh (xxxx 000Fh) | Unit specified start (velocity) | r/min (motor shaft) | User-defined acceleration/ deceleration unit |
| 16 (or 17) | xxxx 0010h <br> (xxxx 0011h) | Unit specified start (velocity, acceleration/ deceleration) | $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (motor shaft) | (Velocity unit)/s (acceleration/ deceleration rate) |
| 18 (or 19) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { xxxx 0012h } \\ & \text { (xxxx 0013h) } \end{aligned}$ | Unit specified start (velocity, acceleration/ deceleration) | $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (motor shaft) | ms (acceleration/ deceleration time) |

* This is the value when the lifetime is not used.


## Note

If the operation is started in a state where the setting value is "8" to "19" (Unit specified start (velocity) or Unit specified start (velocity, acceleration/deceleration)), the monitor unit of the target velocity will be the same as the specified unit only when the operation is being performed. Therefore, the target velocity is the value having commanded.

## ■ When the trigger setting is " -1 " to " -7 "

Direct data operation is started when the data corresponding to the trigger is written. Even if operation is started, the setting value of the trigger is retained.
xxxx: If the lifetime is not used, set 0000h or FFFFh.
Set the lifetime when using it.

| Setting value |  | Starting mode | Starting method |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dec* | Hex |  | Velocity unit | Acceleration/deceleration <br> unit |
| -7 | xxxx FFF9h | Start when writing <br> operation data number | User-defined velocity unit | User-defined acceleration/ <br> deceleration unit |
| -6 | xxxx FFFAh | Start when writing <br> operation type | User-defined velocity unit | User-defined acceleration/ <br> deceleration unit |
| -5 | xxxx FFFBh | Start when writing position | User-defined velocity unit | User-defined acceleration/ <br> deceleration unit |
| -4 | xxxx FFFCh | Start when writing velocity | User-defined velocity unit | User-defined acceleration/ <br> deceleration unit |
| -3 | xxxx FFFDh | Start when writing <br> acceleration rate | User-defined velocity unit | User-defined acceleration/ <br> deceleration unit |
| -2 | xxxx FFFEh | Start when writing <br> deceleration rate | User-defined velocity unit | User-defined acceleration/ <br> deceleration unit |
| -1 | xxxx FFFFh | Start when writing torque <br> limiting value | User-defined velocity unit | User-defined acceleration/ <br> deceleration unit |

* This is the value when the lifetime is not used.


## Setting value of $x x x x$ (setting value of lifetime)

| Setting value |  | Direct data operation lifetime action | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec | Hex |  |  |
| -32768 | 8000h | Out of setting range | The direct data operation lifetime is out of the setting range. The lifetime is continued counting while being counted. |
| - | - |  |  |
| -2 | FFFEh |  |  |
| -1 | FFFFh | Stop | The direct data operation lifetime is disabled. The lifetime is stopped counting when already counting. |
| 0 | 0000h |  |  |
| 1 | 0001h | Start | The setting value will be the direct data operation lifetime [ms]. The lifetime is updated when already counting. |
| 2 | 0002h |  |  |
| - | - |  |  |
| 32767 | 7FFFh |  |  |

## - Upper 16 bits Direct data operation lifetime

- Direct data operation lifetime

The lifetime for direct data operation can be set.
Use the lifetime when direct data operation is periodically executed.
If the lifetime is set, the timer inside the driver starts counting (countdown) when direct data operation is executed. When the count value reaches " 0 ," an alarm of "RS-485 communication timeout" is generated, and the motor stops.
The lifetime is updated when the direct data operation is executed.
It is not updated by other communication than direct data operation.


## - Update of lifetime

The lifetime is stopped counting to set again.
The lifetime is updated at the following.

- When direct data operation is executed
- When the "Direct data operation trigger" command is written


## 4-4 Data destination

During direct data operation, the stored area when the next direct data is transferred can be selected.

| Setting value |  | Data destination |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec | Hex |  |
| 0 | 00000000 h | Execution memory |
| 1 | 0000 0001h | Buffer memory |

■ When the data destination is set to "Execution memory"
When the trigger is written, the data in operation can be overridden to the next direct data.


DDBUF-FULL output ON

## ■ When the data destination is set to "Buffer memory"

If the trigger is written, the next direct data is stored in the buffer memory. When the data during operation is completed, operation of the buffer memory is automatically started. One direct data can be stored in the buffer memory. If the next direct data is written to the buffer memory, the DDBUF-FULL output is turned ON.
During stop or continuous operation, if "Buffer memory" is specified, the data is not stored in the buffer memory and it is overridden to the next direct data immediately.
In the following cases, even if "Buffer memory" is specified, the direct data is not stored in the buffer memory. It is rewritten to the next direct data immediately.

- When stopped (when operation is already ended)
- During continuous operation
- While instructing execution of stop operation


Note If the trigger is written in a state where the DDBUF-FULL output is ON , the following is applied. When the data destination is set to "Buffer memory": The direct data is not applied. When the data destination is set to "Execution memory": The written data is applied.

The data in the buffer memory is cleared.

## 4-5 Transfer of operation data

The value is transferred from the operation data of the direct data operation operation data number to each command at the following time.

- When the main power supply is turned on or when Configuration is executed.
- When writing to the direct data operation operation data number is executed

Operation data (data source) and direct data operation command (data destination) are as follows.

| Operation data (data source) | Direct data operation command (data destination) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operation type | Direct data operation operation type |
| Position | Direct data operation position |
| Velocity | Direct data operation operating velocity |
| Acceleration rate / Acceleration time * | Direct data operation acceleration rate |
| Deceleration rate / Deceleration time * | Direct data operation deceleration rate |
| Torque limiting value | Direct data operation torque limiting value |

* The operation data of the data source varies depending on the setting of the "User-defined acceleration/ deceleration unit setting (DD, FWRV, SD, HOME operation)" parameter.
(User-defined velocity unit)/s: Acceleration rate and deceleration rate ms : Acceleration time and deceleration time


## 4-6 Operation example when operation data was overridden

This is operation when the data destination was set to "Execution memory" and the operation data was overridden (override).
(Operation example)
Operation when having overridden to the direct data operation 2 while the direct data operation 1 is executed

## Example 1

Direct data operation 1: Continuous operation
Direct data operation 2: Continuous operation

When operating velocity 2 is faster than operating velocity 1


When operating velocity 1 is faster than operating velocity 2


## Example 2

Direct data operation 1: Positioning operation
Direct data operation 2: Positioning operation

When operating velocity 2 is faster than operating velocity 1


When operating velocity 1 is faster than operating velocity 2


## Example 3

Direct data operation 1: Continuous operation
Direct data operation 2: Positioning operation
When operating velocity 2 is faster than operating velocity 1


When operating velocity 1 is faster than operating velocity 2


Note When the user-defined acceleration/deceleration unit is "ms" (time), the slope of acceleration/ deceleration is calculated based on the time from when the writing was performed.
Therefore, when the same data is redundantly written, the slope of acceleration/deceleration will be smaller than that when it was written the first time even if the same data is written. (*1, *2)
*1 When the demand velocity does not reach the target velocity.
*2 Sop operation is excluded.
When the same data is redundantly written, setting the acceleration/deceleration unit to "(Userdefined velocity unit)/s" (acceleration/deceleration rate) is recommended.

## Example: If the same data is written multiple times when decelerating from high speed to low speed.

- User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit: ms

- User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit: (User-defined velocity unit)/s



## 4-7 Timing chart

1. Check the RDY-DD-OPE output is being ON.
2. Send a query (including the trigger and data) to execute direct data operation.
3. When the master sends a query, the MOVE output is turned ON and operation is started.
4. When the motor stops, the MOVE output is turned OFF.


[^3]
## 5 Stored data operation

Stored data operation is an operation that sets the operation data such as the motor operating velocity and position (travel amount) and executes.

5-1 Types of stored data (SD) operation


## 5-2 Setting the data

There are the following two types of settings for stored data operation.

- Operation data

Operation type, position, operating velocity, acceleration/deceleration rate, torque limiting value, etc. necessary for stored data operation are set.

- Operation I/O event

Conditions to generate an event necessary for the event jump function and the event jump destination and event link of operation when an event is generated are set. Use when the event jump function is used.

- Operation data

| Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Operation type | Selects the operation type. <br> [Setting range] <br> Refer to "3-4 Selecting the operation type" on p.63. | 0 | - |
| Position | Sets the target position (travel amount). It is not used for continuous operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to $2,147,483,647$ (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step |
| Operating velocity | Sets the operating velocity. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-4,000,000$ to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 0 | r/min |
| Acceleration rate | Sets the acceleration rate. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000$ ((User-defined velocity unit)/s) | 1,000 | $(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}) / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Deceleration rate | Sets the deceleration rate. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000$ ((User-defined velocity unit)/s) | 1,000 | $(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}) / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Acceleration time | Sets the acceleration time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms |
| Deceleration time | Sets the deceleration time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms |
| Torque limiting value | Sets the torque limiting value. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $10,000(1=0.1 \%)$ *2 | 10,000 | 1=0.1\% |
| Drive-complete delay time | Sets the waiting time generated after operation is completed. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $65,535 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 0 | ms |
| Link | Sets the mode for link operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : No link <br> 1: Manual sequential <br> 2: Automatic sequential <br> 3: Continuous sequential operation | 0 | - |
| Next data number | Sets the next data. <br> [Setting range] $\begin{aligned} & -256: \text { Stop } \\ & -2: \downarrow \downarrow(+2) \end{aligned}$ $-1: \downarrow(+1)$ <br> 0 to 255: Operation data number | -1 | - |


| Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Area offset | Sets the distance from the center position of the range in which the MAREA output is turned ON to the target position of the positioning operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to 2,147,483,647 (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step |
| Area width | Sets the range in which the MAREA output is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1: Disable <br> 0 to 4,194,303 (User-defined position unit) | -1 | step |
| Loop count | Sets the number of times of loop. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 100,000,000 | 0 | - |
| Loop offset | Offsets the position (travel amount) every time loop is executed. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-4,194,304$ to 4,194,303 (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step |
| Loop end point | Sets to the operation data number in which loop is completed. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : -(not the loop end point) <br> 1: \}L-End (loop end point) | 0 | - |
| (Low) I/O event number | Sets the number of the operation I/O event to generate a low event. The condition to generate the event is set in the operation I/O event. <br> [Setting range] $-1 \text { :-(Disable) }$ <br> 0 to 31: Operation I/O event number | -1 | - |
| (Middle) I/O event number | Sets the number of the operation I/O event to generate a middle event. The condition to generate the event is set in the operation I/O event. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1:-(Disable) <br> 0 to 31: Operation I/O event number | -1 | - |
| (High) I/O event number | Sets the number of the operation I/O event to generate a high event. The condition to generate the event is set in the operation I/O event. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1:-(Disable) <br> 0 to 31: Operation I/O event number | -1 | - |

*1 This is the operation type used when the operation data is linked. Therefore, the motor will not stop even if the START input is turned ON during operation.
*2 The maximum torque limiting value varies depending on the motor. Refer to $p .39$ for the maximum value of each motor.

- Position, operating velocity, acceleration rate, deceleration rate, torque limiting value, drive-complete delay time

The target position, operating velocity, acceleration/deceleration rate (acceleration/deceleration time), and torque limiting value necessary for stored data operation are set.

- Positioning operation

User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit
(User-defined velocity unit)/s


- Continuous operation

User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit:
(User-defined velocity unit)/s



RDY-SD-OPE ON output OFF

- When operating velocity is faster than starting velocity


User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit: ms


User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit: ms


RDY-SD-OPE ON output

OFF

- When starting velocity is equal to or faster than operating velocity



## - Link and next data number

- No link

Operation is executed once with a single operation data number. (single-motion operation)

- Manual sequential

Operation based on the operation data number set in the "Next data number" is executed whenever the SSTART input is turned ON.
The SSTART input is enabled when the RDY-SD-OPE output is ON.

- Automatic sequential

Operation based on the operation data number set in the "Next data number" is automatically started after stop for the time set in the "Drive-complete delay time."

- Continuous sequential operation Operation based on the operation data number set in the "Next data number" is executed without stopping the motor.
- Area offset, area width

Setting the area offset or the area width can set the range of the MAREA output for each operation data.
When the operation direction is the forward direction

- Positioning operation

- Loop count, loop offset, loop end point

If the loop count, the loop offset, and the loop end point are set, the loop function is enabled.

- (Low) I/O event number, (middle) I/O event number, (high) I/O event number

If the (low) I/O event number, the (middle) I/O event number, the (high) I/O event number are set, the event jump function is enabled.
When they occur simultaneously, they operate according to the following priority.
In descending order: (High) I/O event number - (Middle) I/O event number - (Low) I/O event number

## 5-3 Operation I/O event

This is the operation I/O event necessary for setting the (low) I/O event number, the (middle) I/O event number, and the (high) I/O event number.

| Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Link | Sets the linked method after event trigger detection. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : No link <br> 1: Manual sequential <br> 2: Automatic sequential <br> 3: Continuous sequential operation | 0 | - |
| Next data number | Sets the next data. <br> [Setting range] $\begin{aligned} & -256: \text { Stop } \\ & -2: \downarrow(+2) \\ & -1: \downarrow(+1) \end{aligned}$ <br> 0 to 255: Operation data number | -256 | - |
| Dwell | Sets the waiting time generated after event trigger detection. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $1,000,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 0 | ms |
| Event trigger I/O | Sets I/O to be used as an event trigger. <br> [Setting range] <br> "2 Signals list" on p. 151 | 0: Not used | - |
| Event trigger type | Sets the timing to detect the event trigger. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not event execution <br> 1: ON (calculated cumulative: ms ) <br> 2: ON (continuous: ms) <br> 3: OFF (calculated cumulative: ms) <br> 4: OFF (continuous: ms) <br> 5: ON (form: positive edge $\uparrow$ ) <br> 6: OFF(form: negative edge $\downarrow$ ) <br> 7: ON (cumulative: ms) <br> 8: OFF (cumulative: ms ) | 0 | - |
| Event trigger counter | Sets the judgment time to detect the event trigger or the number of times of detection. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $1,000,000$ ( $1=1 \mathrm{~ms}$ or $1=$ once) | 0 | - |

## - Link, next data number

Sets the linked method and the next data number when the event trigger is detected. There are the following four modes for link.

- No link

The event is ignored.

- Manual sequential

This makes the present operation decelerate to a stop. Then, after the time set in "Dwell" is elapsed, the RDY-SDOPE output is turned ON. If the SSTART input is turned ON, the operation based on the operation data number set in the "Next data number" is executed.

- Automatic sequential

This makes the present operation decelerate to a stop. Then, after the time set in "Dwell" is elapsed, the operation based on the operation data number set in the "Next data number" is automatically started.

- Continuous sequential operation

The operation based on the operation data number set in the "Next data number" is started without stopping the operation.

## 5-4 Operation data number selection

There are the following three methods to select the operation data number to be started.

- Selection by NET selection number
- Direct selection (D-SEL0 to D-SEL15)
- Selection by M0 to M7 inputs

The priority is applied according to the following order: NET selection number, direct selection, M0 to M7 inputs.

- NET selection number

The NET selection number is a method that sets the operation data number with remote I/O. If an operation data number other than 0 to 255 is set, the NET selection number is disabled and the direct selection or the selection by the M0 to M7 inputs is enabled.

## - Direct selection

The direct selection is a method in which the operation data number is set with parameters and selected with D-SELO to D-SEL15 inputs.
If all D-SELO to D-SEL15 inputs are turned OFF or two or more inputs are turned ON, the direct selection is disabled and the selection by the M0 to M7 inputs is enabled.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| D-SEL drive start function | Sets how to start the motor when the D-SEL input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Operation data number selection only <br> 1: Operation data number selection + START function | 1 | - |
| D-SEL0 operation number selection | Sets the corresponding operation data number to be started when each D-SEL input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 255: Operation data number | 0 | - |
| D-SEL1 operation number selection |  | 1 | - |
| D-SEL2 operation number selection |  | 2 | - |
| D-SEL3 operation number selection |  | 3 | - |
| D-SEL4 operation number selection |  | 4 | - |
| D-SEL5 operation number selection |  | 5 | - |
| D-SEL6 operation number selection |  | 6 | - |
| D-SEL7 operation number selection |  | 7 | - |
| D-SEL8 operation number selection |  | 8 | - |
| D-SEL9 operation number selection |  | 9 | - |
| D-SEL10 operation number selection |  | 10 | - |
| D-SEL11 operation number selection |  | 11 | - |
| D-SEL12 operation number selection |  | 12 | - |
| D-SEL13 operation number selection |  | 13 | - |
| D-SEL14 operation number selection |  | 14 | - |
| D-SEL15 operation number selection |  | 15 | - |

- Selection by M0 to M7 inputs

This is a method in which a desired operation data number is selected by a combination of ON-OFF status of the M0 to M7 inputs.

| Operation data number | M7 | M6 | M5 | M4 | M3 | M2 | M1 | M0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| 1 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 2 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF |
| $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ |
| $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ |
| $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ |
| 253 | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF | ON |
| 254 | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF |
| 255 | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON |

## 5-5 Operating method and timing chart

## Positioning operation

- Operating method

1. Check the RDY-SD-OPE output is being ON.
2. Select the operation data number using the MO to M7 inputs, and turn the START input ON.
3. The RDY-SD-OPE output is turned OFF and the motor starts operation.
4. Check the RDY-SD-OPE output has been turned OFF and turn the START input OFF.
5. When the operation is completed, the RDY-SD-OPE output is turned ON.


- Timing chart



## Continuous operation

- Operating method

1. Check the RDY-SD-OPE output is being ON.
2. Select the operation data number using the M0 to M7 inputs, and turn the START input ON. The RDY-SD-OPE output is turned OFF and the motor starts operation.
3. Check the RDY-SD-OPE output has been turned OFF and turn the START input OFF.
4. If the STOP input is turned ON, the motor starts deceleration stop.
5. When the motor stops, the RDY-SD-OPE output is turned ON.


- Timing chart



## 5-6 Link method of operation data

Operations of two or more operation data numbers are linked. If the base point for linked operation is changed using the M0 to M7 inputs or the D-SEL0 to D-SEL15 inputs, linked operation with multiple operation patterns can be set. This can be used when a different operation pattern for each load is set.
The timing to transition to the operation data number of the next data varies depends on the operation method.

- Positioning operation, positioning push-motion operation
- When the demand position reaches the target position
- When the NEXT input is turned ON.
- When the event jump function is executed
- Continuous operation
- When the NEXT input is turned ON.
- When the event jump function is executed

No link
Operation is executed once with a single operation data number.

## Related I/O signals



## Manual sequential operation

Operation based on the operation data number set in the "Next data number" is executed whenever the SSTART input is turned ON. This is a convenient method when multiple positioning operations are performed sequentially because there is no need to repeatedly select each operation data number.
memo - If the SSTART input is turned ON in a state where the SEQ-BSY output is ON (manual sequential standby state), the operation data number set in the "Next data number" is executed.

- If the SSTART input is turned ON in a state where the SEQ-BSY output is OFF, the operation data number presently selected is executed.
- Example of use: When positioning operation is performed to multiple coordinates at a desired time


## Setting the operation data

|  | Operation type | Position <br> $[s t e p]$ | Operating velocity <br> $[\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}]$ | Acceleration time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ | Deceleration time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.0 | Absolute positioning | 1000 | 1500 | 1000 | 1000 |
| No. 1 | Absolute positioning | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 |
| No.2 | Absolute positioning | 300 | 1500 | 1000 | 1000 |


|  | Torque limiting value <br> $[\%]$ | Drive-complete delay time <br> [ms] | Link | Next data number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.0 | 1000.0 | 0 | Manual sequential | $\downarrow(+1)$ |
| No. 1 | 1000.0 | 0 | Manual sequential | $\downarrow(+1)$ |
| No.2 | 1000.0 | 0 | No link | Stop |

Operation example


## Timing chart

1. Check the RDY-SD-OPE output is being ON.
2. Select the operation data number using the $M 0$ and $M 7$ inputs.
3. Turn the START input ON.

The RDY-SD-OPE output is turned OFF and the SEQ-BSY output is turned ON, and the motor starts operation.
4. Check the RDY-SD-OPE output has been turned OFF and turn the START input OFF.
5. When the operation is completed, the RDY-SD-OPE output is turned ON.
6. Check the RDY-SD-OPE output has been turned ON and turn the SSTART input ON. The operation of the linked operation data number by manual sequential is started.
7. Check the RDY-SD-OPE output has been turned OFF and turn the SSTART input OFF.
8. When all linked operations are completed, the SEQ-BSY output is turned OFF and the RDY-SD-OPE output is turned ON.


## Related I/O signals



## - Automatic sequential operation

Two or more operations are automatically executed in sequence. After one operation is completed, operation of the operation data number set in the "Next data number" is started after stop for the time set in the "Drive-complete delay time." If there is operation data that "No link" is set, the motor operates stored data operation sequentially and stops when the operation data of "No link" is completed.

- Example of use: When positioning operation is automatically performed to multiple coordinates

Setting the operation data

|  | Operation type | Position <br> $[$ step] | Operating velocity <br> $[\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}]$ | Acceleration time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ | Deceleration time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.0 | Absolute positioning | 1000 | 1500 | 1000 | 1000 |
| No.1 | Absolute positioning | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 |
| No.2 | Absolute positioning | 300 | 1500 | 1000 | 1000 |


|  | Torque limiting value <br> $[\%]$ | Drive-complete delay time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ | Link | Next data number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.0 | 1000.0 | 5000 | Automatic sequential | $\downarrow(+1)$ |
| No. 1 | 1000.0 | 5000 | Automatic sequential | $\downarrow(+1)$ |
| No.2 | 1000.0 | 0 | No link | Stop |

## Operation example




## Timing chart

1. Check the RDY-SD-OPE output is being ON.
2. Select the operation data number using the $M 0$ and $M 7$ inputs.
3. Turn the START input ON.

The RDY-SD-OPE output is turned OFF and the SEQ-BSY output is turned ON, and the motor starts operation.
4. Check the RDY-SD-OPE output has been turned OFF and turn the START input OFF.
5. When the first operation is completed, operation linked in "Automatic sequential" is started after stop for time set in the "Drive-complete delay time."
6. When all linked operations are completed, the SEQ-BSY output is turned OFF and the RDY-SD-OPE output is turned ON.


Related I/O signals


## ■ Continuous sequential operation

Operation based on the operation data number set in the "Next data number" is executed continuously without stopping the motor. If there is operation data that "No link" is set, the motor operates stored data operation sequentially and stops when the operation data of "No link" is completed.

- Example of use: When the velocity is changed at positions specified


## Setting the operation data

| Operation type | Position <br> $[s t e p]$ | Operating velocity <br> $[\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}]$ | Acceleration time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ | Deceleration time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.0 | Absolute positioning | 1000 | 2000 | 2000 | 1000 |
| No. 1 | Absolute positioning | 1700 | 3000 | 1000 | 2000 |
| No.2 | Absolute positioning | 3000 | 1000 | 2000 | 2000 |
| No.3 | Absolute positioning | 1300 | 2000 | 1500 | 1000 |


|  | Torque limiting value <br> $[\%]$ | Drive-complete delay time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ | Link | Next data number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.0 | 1000.0 | 0 | Continuous sequential <br> operation | $\downarrow(+1)$ |
| No.1 | 1000.0 | 0 | Continuous sequential <br> operation | $\downarrow(+1)$ |
| No.2 | 1000.0 | 0 | Continuous sequential <br> operation | $\downarrow(+1)$ |
| No.3 | 1000.0 | 0 | No link | Stop |

## Operation example



* If the direction of operation is switched to the opposite direction in the middle of operation, the target position will be exceeded.
memo - When operation is linked to the next operation data number, the motor accelerates according to the acceleration time of the next data number.
- If operation of the next data number was set to the rotation in the opposite direction, the motor decelerates according to the deceleration time of the next data number.
However, in the case of positioning operation and positioning push-motion operation, the motor decelerates with the inclination according to the operating profile of the next data number.
- When stopped, the motor decelerates according to the deceleration time of the operation data number linked at last.


## Timing chart

1. Check the RDY-SD-OPE output is being ON.
2. Select the operation data number using the $M 0$ and $M 7$ inputs.
3. Turn the START input ON.

The RDY-SD-OPE output is turned OFF and the SEQ-BSY output is turned ON, and the motor starts operation.
4. Check the RDY-SD-OPE output has been turned OFF and turn the START input OFF.
5. When the motor reaches the target position during operation, the operation transitions to the next operation linked, and the motor starts acceleration/deceleration from the present velocity to the target velocity.
6. When all linked operations are completed, the SEQ-BSY output is turned OFF and the RDY-SD-OPE output is turned ON.


Related I/O signals


## 5-7 Sequence function

## Loop function

The loop function is a function that repeats the operation of the linked operation data numbers for the number of set times.
From the operation data number having set the "Loop count" until the operation data number having set the "Loop end point," operation is repeated for the number of times set in the "Loop count." When the operation for the number of set times is completed, the operation transitions to the operation data number that is set to the "Next data number."


If "No link" is included in the "Link" of the operation data number to be looped, the motor will stop when operation of the operation data number that "No link" was set is completed. Be sure to link all operations using "Manual sequential," "Automatic sequential," or "Continuous sequential operation."

- Example of use: When operation from the operation data No. 0 to No. 1 is repeated three times.

Setting the operation data

| Operation type | Position <br> $[$ step $]$ | Operating velocity <br> $[\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}]$ | Acceleration time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ | Deceleration time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.0 | Absolute positioning | 5000 | 2000 | 1500 | 1500 |
| No. 1 | Absolute positioning | 100 | 2000 | 1500 | 1500 |
| No.2 | Absolute positioning | 2000 | 1000 | 1500 | 1500 |


|  | Torque limiting value <br> $[\%]$ | Drive-complete delay time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ | Link | Next data number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. 0 | 1000.0 | 0 | Automatic sequential | $\downarrow(+1)$ |
| No. 1 | 1000.0 | 0 | Automatic sequential | $\downarrow(+1)$ |
| No. 2 | 1000.0 | 0 | No link | Stop |


|  | Area offset | Area width | Loop count | Loop offset [step] | Loop end point |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.0 | 0 | -1 | 3 | 0 | - |
| No.1 | 0 | -1 | 0 | 0 | $\}$ L-End |
| No.2 | 0 | -1 | 0 | 0 | - |

## Operation example



## - Offset of loop

If an offset is set, the target position for positioning can be shifted by the amount set in the "Loop offset" while repeating the loop. Use for palletizing operation, etc.

## Example of use: When operation from the operation data No. 0 to No. 1 is repeated three times.

 (When the target position is increased by 100 steps every time loop is executed)
## Setting the operation data

- In absolute positioning:

The coordinates of the target position is offset.

|  | Operation type | Position <br> $[$ step] | Operating velocity <br> $[\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}]$ | Acceleration time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ | Deceleration time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.0 | Absolute positioning | 1000 | 1200 | 1500 | 1500 |
| No.1 | Absolute positioning | 100 | 1200 | 1500 | 1500 |


|  | Torque <br> limiting value <br> $[\%]$ | Drive-complete <br> delay time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ | Link | Next data <br> number | Area <br> offset | Area <br> width | Loop <br> count | Loop <br> offset <br> [step] | Loop end <br> point |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.0 | 1000.0 | 0 | Automatic <br> sequential | $\downarrow(+1)$ | 0 | -1 | 3 | 100 | - |
| No.1 | 1000.0 | 0 | Automatic <br> sequential | Stop | 0 | -1 | 0 | 0 | $\}$ L-End |

- In incremental positioning:

The travel amount to the target position is offset.

|  | Operation type | Position <br> [step] | Operating velocity <br> $[\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}]$ | Acceleration time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ | Deceleration time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.0 | Incremental positioning <br> (based on demand position) | 900 | 1200 | 1500 | 1500 |
| No.1 | Incremental positioning <br> (based on demand position) | -900 | 1200 | 1500 | 1500 |


|  | Torque <br> limiting value <br> $[\%]$ | Drive-complete <br> delay time <br> [ms] | Link | Next data <br> number | Area <br> offset | Area <br> width | Loop <br> count | Loop <br> offset <br> [step] | Loop end <br> point |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.0 | 1000.0 | 0 | Automatic <br> sequential | $\downarrow(+1)$ | 0 | -1 | 3 | 100 | - |
| No.1 | 1000.0 | 0 | Automatic <br> sequential | Stop | 0 | -1 | 0 | -100 | $\}$ L-End |

## Operation example



## Event jump function

The event jump function is a function that branches the operation by turning ON-OFF the signal set in the "Event trigger I/O"of the operation I/O event. The operation transitions to the "Next data number" forcibly when the event trigger I/O is detected during linked operation or loop operation. Three types can be set for a single operation data: "(Low) I/O event number," "(Middle) I/O event number," and "(High) I/O event number." When they occur simultaneously, they operate according to the following priority.
In descending order: (High) I/O event number - (Middle) I/O event number - (Low) I/O event number


## - Types of event trigger

- ON (form: positive edge $\uparrow$ )

- ON (continuous: ms)

- ON (calculated cumulative: ms)

- ON (cumulative: ms)

- OFF(form: negative edge $\downarrow$ )

- OFF (continuous: ms)

- OFF (calculated cumulative: ms)

- OFF (cumulative: ms)

- Example of use: When absolute positioning push-motion operation of the operation data No. 0 is executed
- Without push-motion: After the operation of No. 0 is completed, the operation of No. 1 is started.

> (Event not generated)

- With push-motion: After the ON edge of the TLC output is detected, the operation of No. 2 is started.
(Low event generated)


## Setting the operation data

|  | Operation type | Position <br> $[\mathrm{step}]$ | Operating velocity <br> $[\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}]$ | Acceleration time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ | Deceleration time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. 0 | Absolute positioning <br> push-motion | 2000 | 30 | 1000 | 1000 |
| No. 1 | Continuous operation <br> (speed control) | 0 | 1000 | 500 | 500 |
| No. 2 | Absolute positioning | 100 | 1000 | 500 | 500 |


|  | Torque limiting value <br> $[\%]$ | Drive-complete delay time <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ | Link | Next data <br> number | Area offset | Area width |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.0 | 100.0 | 0 | Automatic <br> sequential | $\downarrow(+1)$ | 0 | -1 |
| No. 1 | 100.0 | 0 | No link | $\downarrow(+1)$ | 0 | -1 |
| No. 2 | 100.0 | 0 | No link | $\downarrow(+1)$ | 0 | -1 |


|  | Loop count | Loop offset [step] | Loop end point | (Low) I/O event <br> number | (Middle) I/O <br> event number | (High) I/O event <br> number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - | - |
| No.1 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - |
| No.2 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - |

Operation I/O event setting

|  | Link | Next data <br> number | Dwell <br> $[\mathrm{ms}]$ | Event trigger I/O | Event trigger type | Event trigger <br> counter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.0 | Automatic sequential | 2 | 0 | TLC | (form: positive edge $\uparrow$ ) | 1 |

Operation example



## 6 FW/RV operation

FW/RV operation is an operating method that turns a specific input signal ON to execute an operation corresponding to the signal. FW/RV operation includes JOG operation, inching operation, and continuous operation. The travel amount, operating velocity, acceleration/deceleration rate, etc. for each operation are set with parameters.

## 6-1 Types of FW/RV operation

## JOG operation

JOG operation is FW/RV operation that uses parameters specific to JOG.

- JOG operation

- High-speed JOG operation

- Inching operation



## Continuous operation

Continuous operation is FW/RV operation that uses "Operating velocity," "Acceleration rate," "Deceleration rate," "Acceleration time," "Deceleration time," and "Torque limiting value" of operation data.

- Continuous operation (position control)

- Continuous operation (push-motion)

- Continuous operation (speed control)


Note - Link of operation data, loop function, and event jump function cannot be used in FW/RV operation. To link operation data, use stored data operation.

- When combined with a gear, do not perform operation that continues pressing to a load.
- When combined with a gear, set the "JOG starting speed" parameter so that the motor shaft speed is $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or lower.

Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| FW/RV operation control mode setting * | Selects the control mode in FW/RV operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Normal <br> 1: Motion extension | 1 | - |

* It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.
memo Refer to p .66 for the motion extension mode.


## 6-2 JOG operation

In JOG operation, the motor operates continuously in one direction while the FW-JOG input or the RV-JOG input is being ON. If the signal having input is turned OFF, the motor decelerates to a stop. The motor operation can be stopped by inputting the operation stop signal.
If both the FW-JOG input and the RV-JOG input are turned ON during JOG operation, the motor decelerates to a stop.

## Operation example



## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| JOG/HOME command filter time constant | Sets the time constant for the command filter. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 200 ms | 1 | ms |
| JOG/HOME Torque limit value | Sets the torque limiting value. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $10,000(1=0.1 \%)$ *1 | 10,000 | $1=0.1 \%$ |
| (JOG) Operating velocity | Sets the operating velocity for JOG operation and inching operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 100 | $r / m i n$ |
| (JOG) Acceleration/deceleration | Sets the acceleration/deceleration rate or the acceleration/deceleration time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 <br> (User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit) | 1,000 | ms |
| (JOG) Starting velocity | Sets the starting velocity. *2 <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 0 | $r / m i n$ |

*1 The maximum torque limiting value varies depending on the motor. Refer to $p .39$ for the maximum value of each motor.
*2 When combined with a gear, set the "JOG starting speed" parameter so that the motor shaft speed is $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or lower.

## Timing chart

1. Check the RDY-FWRV-OPE output is being ON.
2. Turn the FW-JOG input (or RV-JOG input) ON.

The RDY-FWRV-OPE output is turned OFF and the MOVE output is turned ON, and the motor starts operation.
3. Turn the FW-JOG input (or RV-JOG input) OFF.

The motor starts deceleration stop.
4. When the motor stops, the RDY-FWRV-OPE output is turned ON and the MOVE output is turned OFF.



[^4]
## 6-3 High-speed JOG operation

In high-speed JOG operation, the motor operates continuously in one direction while the FW-JOG-H input or the RV-JOG-H input is being ON. If the signal having input is turned OFF, the motor decelerates to a stop. The motor operation can be stopped by inputting the operation stop signal.
If both the FW-JOG input and the RV-JOG input are turned ON during JOG operation, the motor decelerates to a stop.

## Operation example



Turning the RV-JOG-H input ON starts high-speed JOG operation in the reverse direction.

Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| JOG/HOME command filter time constant | Sets the time constant for the command filter. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 200 ms | 1 | ms |
| JOG/HOME Torque limit value | Sets the torque limiting value. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 10,000 (1=0.1\%) *1 | 10,000 | 1=0.1\% |
| (JOG) Operating velocity (high) | Sets the operating velocity for high-speed JOG operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 500 | r/min |
| (JOG) Acceleration/deceleration | Sets the acceleration/deceleration rate or the acceleration/deceleration time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000$ <br> (User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit) | 1000 | ms |
| (JOG) Starting velocity | Sets the starting velocity. *2 <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 0 | r/min |

[^5]
## Timing chart

1. Check the RDY-FWRV-OPE output is being ON.
2. Turn the FW-JOG-H input (or RV-JOG-H input) ON.

The RDY-FWRV-OPE output is turned OFF and the MOVE output is turned ON, and the motor starts operation.
3. Turn the FW-JOG-H input (or RV-JOG-H input) OFF.

The motor starts deceleration stop.
4. When the motor stops, the RDY-FWRV-OPE output is turned ON and the MOVE output is turned OFF.



* It varies depending on the load, operating velocity, speed filter, etc.


## 6-4 Inching operation

In inching operation, the motor performs positioning operation when the FW-JOG-P input or the RV-JOG-P input is turned from OFF to ON. The motor stops when it rotates by the number of steps set in "(JOG) Travel amount."

Operation example


Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| JOG/HOME command filter time constant | Sets the time constant for the command filter. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 200 ms | 1 | ms |
| JOG/HOME Torque limit value | Sets the torque limiting value. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $10,000(1=0.1 \%) * 1$ | 10,000 | 1=0.1\% |
| (JOG) Travel amount | Sets the travel amount for inching operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 8,388,607 (User-defined position unit) | 1 | step |
| (JOG) Operating velocity | Sets the operating velocity for JOG operation and inching operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 100 | r/min |
| (JOG) Acceleration/deceleration | Sets the acceleration/deceleration rate or the acceleration/deceleration time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 <br> (User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit) | 1,000 | ms |
| (JOG) Starting velocity | Sets the starting velocity. *2 <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 0 | r/min |

*1 The maximum torque limiting value varies depending on the motor. Refer to $p .39$ for the maximum value of each motor.
*2 When combined with a gear, set the "JOG starting speed" parameter so that the motor shaft speed is $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or lower.

## Timing chart

1. Check the RDY-FWRV-OPE output is being ON.
2. Turn the FW-JOG-P input (or RV-JOG-P input) ON. The IN-POS output and the RDY-FWRV-OPE output are turned OFF and the MOVE output is turned ON, and the motor starts operation.
3. Check the RDY-FWRV-OPE output has been turned OFF and turn the FW-JOG-P input (or RV-JOG-P) input OFF.
4. When the motor stops, the IN-POS output and the RDY-FWRV-OPE output are turned ON and the MOVE output is turned OFF.



* It varies depending on the load, operating velocity, speed filter, etc.


## 6-5 Continuous operation (position control)

When the operation data number is selected and the FW-POS input or the RV-POS input is turned ON, continuous operation (position control) is started at the operating velocity corresponding to the operation data number selected. Turning the FW-POS input ON rotates the motor in the forward direction (FWD), and turning the RV-POS input ON rotates it in the reverse direction (RVS).
If the signal of the same rotation direction is turned ON while the motor decelerates to a stop, the motor accelerates again and continues operation.
If both the FW-POS and RV-POS inputs are turned ON, the motor decelerates to a stop.
When the operation data number is changed during continuous operation, the operating velocity is changed to that of the operation data number changed.

Operation example


Related operation data

| Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Operating velocity | Sets the operating velocity. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-4,000,000$ to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 0 | r/min |
| Acceleration rate | Sets the acceleration rate. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 ((User-defined velocity unit)/s) | 1,000 | $(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}) / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Deceleration rate | Sets the deceleration rate. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 ((User-defined velocity unit)/s) | 1,000 | $(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}) / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Acceleration time | Sets the acceleration time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms |
| Deceleration time | Sets the deceleration time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms |
| Torque limiting value | Sets the torque limiting value. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $10,000(1=0.1 \%)$ * | 10,000 | 1=0.1\% |

* The maximum torque limiting value varies depending on the motor. Refer to $p .39$ for the maximum value of each motor.


## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Initial value |  | Unit |
| Starting velocity | Sets the starting velocity. * <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 0 | $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ |

[^6]
## Timing chart

1. Check the RDY-FWRV-OPE output is being ON.
2. Turn the FW-POS input (or RV-POS input) ON.

The RDY-FWRV-OPE output is turned OFF and the MOVE output is turned ON, and the motor starts operation.
3. Turn the FW-POS input (or RV-POS input) OFF.

The motor starts deceleration stop.
4. When the motor stops, the RDY-FWRV-OPE output is turned ON and the MOVE output is turned OFF.


* It varies depending on the load, operating velocity, speed filter, etc.


## 6-6 Continuous operation (speed control)

When the operation data number is selected and the FW-SPD input or the RV-SPD input is turned ON, continuous operation (speed control) is started at the operating velocity corresponding to the operation data number selected. Turning the FW-SPD input ON rotates the motor in the forward direction (FWD) and turning the RV-SPD input ON rotates the motor in the reverse direction (RVS).
If the signal of the same rotation direction is turned ON while the motor decelerates to a stop, the motor accelerates again and continues operation.
If both the FW-SPD and RV-SPD inputs are turned ON, the motor decelerates to a stop.
When the operation data number is changed during continuous operation, the operating velocity is changed to that of the operation data number changed.

Operation example


Related operation data

| Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Operating velocity | Sets the operating velocity. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-4,000,000$ to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 0 | r/min |
| Acceleration rate | Sets the acceleration rate. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000$ ((User-defined velocity unit)/s) | 1,000 | $(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}) / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Deceleration rate | Sets the deceleration rate. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000$ ((User-defined velocity unit)/s) | 1,000 | $(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}) / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Acceleration time | Sets the acceleration time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms |
| Deceleration time | Sets the deceleration time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms |
| Torque limiting value | Sets the torque limiting value. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 10,000 ( $1=0.1 \%$ ) * | 10,000 | 1=0.1\% |

* The maximum torque limiting value varies depending on the motor. Refer to p .39 for the maximum value of each motor.


## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description |  | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Initial value |  | Unit |  |
| Starting velocity | Sets the starting velocity. * <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 0 | $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ |  |

[^7]
## Timing chart

1. Check the RDY-FWRV-OPE output is being ON.
2. Turn the FW-SPD input (or RV-SPD input) ON.

The RDY-FWRV-OPE output is turned OFF and the MOVE output is turned ON, and the motor starts operation.
3. Turn the FW-SPD input (or RV-SPD input) OFF.

The motor starts deceleration stop.
4. When the motor stops, the RDY-FWRV-OPE output is turned ON and the MOVE output is turned OFF.



[^8]
## 6-7 Continuous operation (push-motion)

When the operation data number is selected and the FW-PSH input or the RV-PSH input is turned ON, continuous operation (push-motion) is started at the operating velocity corresponding to the operation data number selected. Turning the FW-PSH input ON rotates the motor in the forward direction (FWD) and turning the RV-PSH input ON rotates the motor in the reverse direction (RVS).
If the signal of the same rotation direction is turned ON while the motor decelerates to a stop, the motor accelerates again and continues operation.
If both the FW-PSH and RV-PSH inputs are turned ON, the motor decelerates to a stop.
When the operation data number is changed during continuous operation, the operating velocity is changed to that of the operation data number changed.

Note - When combined with a gear, do not perform operation that continues pressing to a load.

- If a value larger than $100.0 \%$ is set to the torque limiting value, an alarm of "Operation data error" is generated.


## Operation example



Related operation data

| Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Operating velocity | Sets the operating velocity. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-4,000,000$ to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 0 | r/min |
| Acceleration rate | Sets the acceleration rate. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 ((User-defined velocity unit)/s) | 1,000 | $(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}) / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Deceleration rate | Sets the deceleration rate. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 ((User-defined velocity unit)/s) | 1,000 | $(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}) / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Acceleration time | Sets the acceleration time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms |
| Deceleration time | Sets the deceleration time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms |
| Torque limiting value | Sets the torque limiting value. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $10,000(1=0.1 \%)$ * | 10,000 | 1=0.1\% |

* The maximum torque limiting value varies depending on the motor. Refer to $p .39$ for the maximum value of each motor.


## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Initial value |  | Unit |
| Starting velocity | Sets the starting velocity. * <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 0 | $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ |

[^9]
## Timing chart

1. Check the RDY-FWRV-OPE output is being ON.
2. Turn the FW-PSH input (or RV-PSH input) ON.

The RDY-FWRV-OPE output is turned OFF and the MOVE output is turned ON, and the motor starts operation.
3. Turn the FW-PSH input (or RV-PSH input) OFF.

The motor starts deceleration stop.
4. When the motor stops, the RDY-FWRV-OPE output is turned ON and the MOVE output is turned OFF.


* It varies depending on the load, operating velocity, speed filter, etc.


## 7 I/O homing operation

Homing operation is an operation that detects the home using external sensors.
It is executed to return from the present position to the home when the power supply is turned on or positioning operation is completed.
There are four types of homing operation shown below.

| Item | Description | Features |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-sensor mode | When the limit sensor is detected, the motor rotates in the reverse direction and pull out of the limit sensor. After pulling out of the limit sensor, the motor rotates according to the value set in the "(HOME) Backward steps in 2 sensor homing" parameter and stops. The stop position is set as the home. | - Two sensors are required externally. <br> -The operating velocity is at a low rate ((HOME) Starting velocity). |
| 3 -sensor mode | When the limit sensor is detected, the motor rotates in the reverse direction and pull out of the limit sensor. After that, it stops when the ON edge of the HOME sensor is detected. The stop position is set as the home. | - Three sensors are required externally. *2 <br> - The operating velocity is at a high rate ((HOME) Operating velocity). |
|  | The motor stops when the ON edge of the HOME |  |

Push-motion mode *1
sensor is detected. After that, until the OFF edge of the HOME sensor is detected, it pulls out of the sensor according to the velocity set in the "(HOME) Last velocity" parameter. After pulling out of the HOME sensor, the motor rotates according to the value set in the "(HOME) Operating amount in unidirectional homing" parameter and stops. The stop position is set as the home.
The motor rotates in the reverse direction when a mechanism installed to the motor presses against a mechanical stopper, etc. After that, it rotates according to the value set in the "(HOME) Backward steps after first entry in push-homing" parameter and reverses, and then operates at the "(HOME) Last velocity." When a mechanism installed to the motor presses against a mechanical stopper or others, it rotates in the reverse direction and stops after rotating according to the value set in the "(HOME) Backward steps in push-homing" parameter. The stop position is set as the home.
*1 When combined with a gear, do not perform push-motion homing operation.
*2 For a rotating mechanism, the home can be detected even using one external sensor.
memo Signals of external sensors required for homing operation are not assigned at the time of shipment. Assign signals before executing homing operation.

## Explanation of code

- VR: (HOME) Operating velocity
- VS: (HOME) Starting velocity
- VL: (HOME) Last velocity
- ---: Orbit when (HOME) Travel amount of additional operation after homing is set
- 2-sensor mode

- 3-sensor mode

- One-way rotation mode

- Push-motion mode

*1 Depending on "(HOME) Backward steps after first entry in push-homing" parameter
*2 Depending on "(HOME) Backward steps in push-homing" parameter
Note When combined with a gear, set the "(HOME) Starting velocity" parameter and the "(HOME) Last velocity" parameter so that the motor shaft speed is $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or lower.

Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| JOG/HOME command filter time constant | Sets the time constant for the command filter. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 200 ms | 1 | ms |
| JOG/HOME Torque limit value | Sets the torque limiting value. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $10,000(1=0.1 \%){ }^{*} 1$ | 10,000 | 1=0.1\% |
| (HOME) Homing mode | Sets the homing method. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: 2 sensors <br> 1:3 sensors <br> 2: One-way rotation <br> 3: Push | 1 | - |
| (HOME) Starting direction | Sets the starting direction for home detection. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Negative side <br> 1: Positive side | 1 | - |
| (HOME) Acceleration/ deceleration | Sets the acceleration/deceleration rate or the acceleration/ deceleration time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000$ <br> (User-defined acceleration/detection unit) | 1,000 | ms |


| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| (HOME) Starting velocity | Sets the starting velocity. *2 <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 30 | r/min |
| (HOME) Operating velocity | Sets the operating velocity. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 60 | r/min |
| (HOME) Last velocity | Sets the operating velocity when finally positioning with the home. *2 <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 30 | r/min |
| (HOME) Backward steps in 2 sensor homing | Sets the amount of backward steps after homing operation in 2-sensor mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 8,388,607 (User-defined position unit) | 18,000 | step |
| (HOME) Operating amount in unidirectional homing | Sets the operating amount after homing operation in one-way rotation mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 8,388,607 (User-defined position unit) | 18,000 | step |
| (HOME) Torque limit value for push-homing | Sets the torque limiting value for push-motion homing. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $1,000(1=0.1 \%){ }^{*} 1$ | 1000 | 1=0.1\% |
| (HOME) Backward steps after first entry in pushhoming | Sets the amount of backward steps after first detecting the mechanical end in push-motion homing operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 8,388,607 (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step |
| (HOME) Pushing time in push-homing | Sets the generation time of the TLC output that judges the completion of push motion. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $65,535 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 200 | ms |
| (HOME) Backward steps in push-homing | Sets the amount of backward steps after fixing the mechanical end position in push-motion homing operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 8,388,607 (User-defined position unit) | 18,000 | step |
| Home offset | Sets the amount of offset from the home when homing operation is completed or P-PRESET is executed. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to $2,147,483,647$ (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step |

*1 The maximum torque limiting value varies depending on the motor. Refer to p .39 for the maximum value of each motor.
*2 When combined with a gear, set the "(HOME) Starting velocity" parameter and the "(HOME) Last velocity" parameter so that the motor shaft speed is $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or lower.
memo - The ABSPEN output is turned OFF since the coordinates are not fixed during homing operation.

- In homing operation, the preset (P-PRESET) is executed after homing additional operation is completed to set the coordinates. Therefore, the machine coordinates of the home position are depended on the "Home offset" parameter.


## Additional function

- Homing additional operation

This is a function that performs positioning operation of the value set in the "(HOME) Travel amount of additional operation after Homing" parameter after homing operation and sets the stopped position as the home.

- External sensor (signal) detection

Using the SLIT input or the ZSG-N signal concurrently with homing operation can detect the home more accurately.
Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| (HOME) SLIT detection | Sets whether to use the SLIT input together when returning to the home. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable | 0 | - |
| (HOME) ZSG signal detection | Sets whether to use the ZSG-N signal together when returning to the home. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable 2: ZSG | 0 | - |
| (HOME) Travel amount of additional operation after homing | Sets the travel amount for homing additional operation. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,647 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step |

## Timing chart (3-sensor mode)

1. Check the RDY-HOME-OPE output is being ON.
2. Turn the HOME input ON.
3. The RDY-HOME-OPE output is turned OFF and the MOVE output is turned ON, and homing operation is started.
4. Check the RDY-HOME-OPE output has been turned OFF and turn the HOME input OFF.
5. The HOMES input is turned ON and the homing operation is completed.

The HOME-END output and the RDY-HOME-OPE output are turned ON, and the MOVE output and the OPE-BSY output are turned OFF.


## 7-1 3-sensor mode

When the limit sensor is detected during operation, the motor rotates in the reverse direction and pulls out of the limit sensor. The motor operates at the "(HOME) Operating velocity" and stops when the ON edge of the HOME sensor is detected. The stop position is set as the home.

## Explanation of code

- VR: (HOME) Operating velocity
- VS: (HOME) Starting velocity
- VL: (HOME) Last velocity
- ---: Orbit when (HOME) Travel amount of additional operation after homing is set

| Starting position of homing operation | Starting direction of homing operation: Positive direction | Starting direction of homing operation: Negative direction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RV-LS |  |  |
| FW-LS |  |  |
| HOMES |  |  |
| Between HOMES and RV-LS |  |  |
| Between HOMES and FW-LS |  |  |

When combined with a gear, set the "(HOME) Starting velocity" parameter and the "(HOME) Last velocity" parameter so that the motor shaft speed is $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or lower.

## When using the HOME sensor only (rotating machine etc.)

If the limit sensor is not used, in case of a rotating mechanism for example, the sequence is as follows.

| Starting position of homing operation | Starting direction of homing operation Positive direction | Starting direction of homing operation: Negative direction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HOMES |  |  |
| Other than HOMES |  |  |

Note
Depending on the value set in the "(HOME) Acceleration/deceleration" parameter, the motor may decelerate to a stop in excess of the HOME sensor after the HOME sensor was detected. There is a risk of contact if the distance between the mechanical end and the HOME sensor is close, so provide enough distance between them.

## When the SLIT input and/or the ZSG signal are used concurrently

Even after homing operation is completed, operation is continued until an external signal is detected. If an external signal is detected while the HOME sensor is ON, homing operation is completed.

| Home detection signal | Starting direction of homing operation: Positive direction | Starting direction of homing operation: Negative direction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SLIT input |  |  |
| ZSG signal |  |  |
| SLIT input and ZSG signal |  |  |

## 7-2 2-sensor mode

The motor operates in the "(HOME) Starting direction" at the "(HOME) Starting velocity." When the limit sensor is detected, the motor rotates in the reverse direction and pulls out of the limit sensor at the "(HOME) Last velocity." After pulling out of the limit sensor, the motor operates according to the value set in the "(HOME) Backward steps in 2 sensor homing" at the starting velocity and stops. The stop position is set as the home.

## Explanation of code

- VR: (HOME) Operating velocity
- VS: (HOME) Starting velocity
- VL: (HOME) Last velocity
- ---: Orbit when (HOME) Travel amount of additional operation after homing is set

| Starting position of homing operation | Starting direction of homing operation: Positive direction | Starting direction of homing operation: Negative direction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RV-LS |  |  |
| FW-LS |  |  |
| Between RV-LS and FW-LS |  | FW-LS |

* The motor pulls out of the limit sensor, and rotates according to the value set in the "(HOME) Backward steps in 2 sensor homing."

Note When combined with a gear, set the "(HOME) Starting velocity" parameter and the "(HOME) Last velocity" parameter so that the motor shaft speed is $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or lower.

## When the SLIT input and/or ZSG signal are used concurrently

Even after homing operation is completed, operation is continued until an external signal is detected. If an external signal is detected, homing operation is completed.

| Home detection signal | Starting direction of homing operation: Positive direction | Starting direction of homing operation: Negative direction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SLIT input |  |  |
| ZSG signal |  |  |
| SLIT input and ZSG signal |  |  |

[^10]
## 7-3 One-way rotation mode

The motor operates in the "(HOME) Starting direction" at the "(HOME) Operating velocity," and it decelerates to a stop when the HOME sensor is detected. After that, the motor pulls out of the range of the HOME sensor at the "(HOME) Last velocity," operates according to the value set in the "(HOME) Operating amount in unidirectional homing" at the "(HOME) Starting velocity," and stops. The stop position is set as the home.

## Explanation of code

- VR: (HOME) Operating velocity
- VS: (HOME) Starting velocity
- VL: (HOME) Last velocity
- ---: Orbit when (HOME) Travel amount of additional operation after homing is set

| Starting position of homing operation | Starting direction of homing operation: Positive direction | Starting direction of homing operation: Negative direction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HOMES |  |  |
| Other than HOMES |  |  |

* The motor pulls out of the HOME sensor, and rotates according to the value set in the "(HOME) Operating amount in unidirectional homing."

Note - When operation is started from a position other than the HOME sensor, if the motor pulls out of the HOME sensor during deceleration stop after detection of the HOME sensor, an alarm of "Homing operation error" is generated. Set the "(HOME) Acceleration/deceleration" parameter so that the motor can stop in the range of the HOME sensor.

- When combined with a gear, set the "(HOME) Starting velocity" parameter and the "(HOME) Last velocity" parameter so that the motor shaft speed is $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or lower.


## When the SLIT input and/or ZSG signal are used concurrently

Even after homing operation is completed, operation is continued until an external signal is detected. If an external signal is detected, homing operation is completed.

| Home detection signal | Starting direction of homing operation: Positive direction | Starting direction of homing operation: Negative direction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SLIT input | HOMES |  |
| ZSG signal |  |  |
| SLIT input and ZSG signal | HOMES |  |

[^11]
## 7-4 Push-motion mode

The motor operates in the "(HOME) Starting direction" at the "(HOME) Operating velocity," and rotates in the reverse direction when a mechanism installed to the motor presses against a stopper or others mounted at the mechanical end. After that, the motor rotates according to the value set in the "(HOME) Backward steps after first entry in pushhoming" and stops, and then operates again toward the stopper at the "(HOME) Last velocity." When the motor presses against a stopper or others again, it rotates in the reverse direction, rotates according to the value set in the "(HOME) Backward steps in push-homing" and stops.
Do not perform push-motion homing operation when combined with a gear.

## Explanation of code

- VR: (HOME) Operating velocity
- VS: (HOME) Starting velocity
- VL: (HOME) Last velocity
- ---: Orbit when (HOME) Travel amount of additional operation after homing is set

*1 The motor rotates from the mechanical end according to the value set in the "(HOME) Backward steps after first entry in push-homing."
*2 The motor rotates from the mechanical end according to the value set in the "(HOME) Backward steps in pushhoming."

Note When combined with a gear, do not perform push-motion homing operation.

## - When the SLIT input and/or ZSG signal are used concurrently

Even after homing operation is completed, operation is continued until an external signal is detected. If an external signal is detected, homing operation is completed.

| Home detection signal | Starting direction of homing operation: Positive direction | Starting direction of homing operation: Negative direction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SLIT input |  |  |
| ZSG sign |  |  |
| SLIT input and ZSG signal |  |  |

[^12]
## 8 Extended function

The operating method can be extended by changing parameters.
The relation between extendable operations and parameters is shown in the table below.

| Operation type |  | Parameter name |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Acceleration/ deceleration setting method | Accept stored data override operation start by START input | Automatic S-ON for the FW/RV operation |
| Drive profile |  | Available | Not available | Not available |
| Direct data operation |  | Available | Not available | Not available |
| Stored data operation |  | Available | Available | Not available |
| FW/RV operation | JOG operation | Not available | Not available | Available |
|  | High-speed JOG operation | Not available | Not available | Available |
|  | Inching operation | Not available | Not available | Available |
|  | Continuous operation (position control) | Available | Not available | Available |
|  | Continuous operation (speed control) | Available | Not available | Available |
|  | Continuous operation (push-motion) | Available | Not available | Available |
| Homing operation | 2-sensor mode | Not available | Not available | Not available |
|  | 3-sensor mode | Not available | Not available | Not available |
|  | One-way rotation mode | Not available | Not available | Not available |
|  | Push-motion mode | Not available | Not available | Not available |

## 8-1 Acceleration/deceleration setting method

Changing the "Acceleration/deceleration setting method " parameter can change the motor operation when the velocity is changed.

■ When the user-defined acceleration/deceleration unit is "(User-defined velocity unit)/s"

## - For acceleration/deceleration



- For changing velocity/stop (AZ compatible)



## ■ When the user-defined acceleration/deceleration unit is "ms"

## - For acceleration/deceleration




- For changing velocity/stop (AZ compatible)



Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Acceleration/deceleration <br> setting method | Selects the setting method for the acceleration rate and the <br> deceleration rate. <br> [Setting range] | Unit <br> 0: Acceleration/deceleration <br> 1: Changing velocity/stop (AZ compatible) | 0 |

memo When the operation type is "Continuous operation (cyclic speed control)," the "Acceleration/ deceleration setting method" parameter is not applied.

## 8-2 Accept stored data override operation start by START input

Setting the "Accept stored data override operation start by START input" parameter to "Enable" can override the operation data during stored data operation by the START input and the D-SEL input.

## - Operating method

1. Check the RDY-SD-OPE output is being ON.
2. Select the operation data number using the M0 to M7 inputs, and turn the START input ON.
3. The RDY-SD-OPE output is turned OFF and the motor starts operation.
4. Check the RDY-SD-OPE output has been turned OFF and turn the START input OFF.
5. When the START input is turned OFF, the RDY-SD-OPE output is turned ON.
6. Select the operation data number using the M0 to M7 inputs, and turn the START input ON.
7. The operation data is overridden to execute operation.


Note
When the operation data is overridden, all information related to the sequence function is cleared.
memo The D-SEL input is enabled only when the "D-SEL drive start function" parameter is set to "1: Operation data number selection + START function."

## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| Accept stored data override <br> operation start by START <br> input | Selects whether to start operation using the START input <br> while operating. <br> When the function of the D-SEL input is set to "Operation data <br> number selection + START function," the D-SEL is also applied. <br> [Setting range] <br> $0:$ Disable <br> $1:$ Enable | 0 |  |

## 8-3 Automatic S-ON for the FW/RV operation

When the "Automatic S-ON for the FW/RV operation" parameter is set to "Enable," operation can be started from the excitation OFF state by automatically controlling the S-ON input in FW/RV operation.

- For FW-JOG-P/RV-JOG-P

* It varies depending on the load, operating velocity, speed filter, etc.
- For other than FW-JOG-P/RV-JOG-P

* It varies depending on the load, operating velocity, speed filter, etc.

Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Automatic S-ON for the FW/RV <br> operation | Selects the setting that automatically turns the S-ON input <br> ON in FW/RV operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable | 0 | - |

## 3 I/O signals

This part describes input signals and output signals.

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## 1 Overview of I/O signals

## 1-1 Overview of input signals

## Direct input

Direct input (DIN) is a method in which a signal is input directly by connecting the I/O cable to the connector. If the composite input function is used, a single input can turn two signals ON simultaneously, achieving saving of wiring.


| Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input function | Select the input signal to be assigned to DIN. |
| Inverting mode | ON/OFF of the input signal can be changed. |
| ON signal dead-time | The input signal is turned ON when the time having set is <br> exceeded. <br> This can be used for taking measures to eliminate noise or <br> for adjusting the timing between devices. |
| 1-shot signal | The input signal having been turned ON is automatically <br> turned OFF after 250 $\mu$ s. |
| Composite input function | When DIN is turned ON, the signal selected here is also <br> turned ON. |

## 1-2 Overview of output signals

- Direct output

Direct output (DOUT) is a method in which a signal is output directly by connecting the I/O cable to the connector. If the composite output function is used, the logical combination result of two output signals can be output in a single signal.

| Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| (Normal) Output function | Select the output signal to be assigned to DOUT. |
| Inverting mode | ON/OFF of the output signal can be changed. |
| OFF delay time | The output signal is turned OFF when the time having set <br> is exceeded. <br> This can be used for taking measures to eliminate noise or <br> for adjusting the timing between devices. |
| Composite output function | Cot the logical combination [logical conjunction or Logical <br> disjunction] of the composite output function. |

## 1-3 Setting contents of input signals and output signals

## Direct input

- Input function

| Name | Description | Initial value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIN0 input function | Selects the input signals to be assigned to DIN0 to DIN3. [Setting range] $\Rightarrow$ "2-1 Input signals list" on p. 151 | 72: ID-SEL0 |
| DIN1 input function |  | 73: ID-SEL1 |
| DIN2 input function |  | 5: STOP |
| DIN3 input function |  | 1: FREE |

- Change of ON/OFF setting of input signals

| Name | Description | Initial value |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Inverting mode | Changes ON/OFF of DIN0 to DIN3. |  |
|  | [Setting range] | $0:$ Not invert |
|  | 0 |  |

- ON signal dead-time

| Name | Description | Initial value |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| ON signal dead-time | The input signal is turned ON when the time having set is exceeded. <br> This can be used for taking measures to eliminate noise or for adjusting the <br> timing between devices. <br> lSetting range] <br> 0 to 250 ms | 0 |



- 1-shot signal

| Name | Description | Initial value |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1-shot signal | Automatically turns the signal, which was input to DINO to DIN3, to OFF (or <br> ON) $250 \mu$ S after input. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable | 0 |

Note
When the HMI input is assigned to the DIN input function, do not set the " 1 -shot signal" parameter to "Enable."

- Composite input function

| Name | Description | Initial value |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Composite input <br> function | Automatically turns the signal, which was input to DIN0 to DIN3, to OFF (or <br> ON) $250 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ after input. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-1 Input signals list" on p.151 | 0 : Not used |

## Direct output

- (Normal) Output function

| Name | Description | Initial value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DOUTO (normal) Output function | Selects the output signals to be assigned to DOUT0 and DOUT1. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | 241: COMM-PWR |
| DOUT1 (normal) Output function |  | 130: ALM-B |

- Inverting mode

| Name | Description | Initial value |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Inverting mode | Changes ON/OFF of DOUT0 and DOUT1. <br> [Setting range] <br> $0:$ Not invert <br> $1:$ Invert | 0 |

- OFF delay time

| Name | Description | Initial value |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| OFF delay time | Sets the OFF delay time of DOUT0 and DOUT1. <br> This can be used for taking measures to eliminate noise or for adjusting the <br> timing between devices. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $4,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 0 |



- Composite logical combination

| Name | Description | Initial value |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Composite logical <br> combination | Sets the logical combination [logical conjunction or logical disjunction] of the <br> composite output function. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: AND <br> 1: OR | 1 |

- Composite output function

| Name | Description | Initial value |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Composite output <br> function | Selects the output signals for logical operation with the signals of DOUTO <br> and DOUT1. <br> When logical combination of the two signals has been established, the <br> output is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow " 2-2 ~ O u t p u t ~ s i g n a l s ~ l i s t " ~ o n ~ p .154 ~$ | 128: CONST-OFF |

- Composite inverting mode

| Name | Description | Initial value |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Composite inverting <br> mode | Changes ON/OFF of the composite output function. <br> [Setting range] <br> $0:$ Not invert <br> $1:$ Invert | 0 |

## 2 Signals list

Assign I/O signals using the support software or via industrial network.

## 2-1 Input signals list

To assign signals via industrial network, use the "assignment numbers" in the table instead of the signal names. Refer to " 4 Input signals" on $p .163$ for details about each signal.

| Assignment number | Signal name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | Not used | Set when the input terminal is not used. |
| 1 | FREE | Shut off the motor current to put the motor into a non-excitation state. When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake is released. |
| 2 | S-ON | Put the motor into an excitation state. |
| 3 | CLR | Clear the deviation (position deviation) between the demand position and actual position. |
| 4 | QSTOP | Stop the motor. |
| 5 | STOP | Stop the motor. |
| 7 | BREAK-ATSQ | Switch from automatic sequential to manual sequential. Continuous sequential operation is not changed. |
| 8 | ALM-RST | Reset the alarm generated presently. |
| 9 | P-PRESET | Rewrite the mechanical home to the present position. |
| 10 | EL-PRST | Switch to the coordinate system with the electrical home as the home. |
| 11 | USR-ALM * | Generate the user alarm. |
| 12 | ETO-CLR | Release the ETO status generated presently. |
| 13 | LAT-CLR | Clear the latch information. |
| 14 | INFO-CLR | Clear the information status. |
| 16 | HMI | Release the function limitation of the support software. |
| 18 | TRQ-LMT | Enable the TRQ-LMT input torque limiting. |
| 19 | SPD-LMT | Enable the SPD-LMT input speed limit. |
| 24 | PLOOP-MODE | Enable the position loop. |
| 25 | ATL-EN | Enable the ATL function. |
| 32 | START | Execute stored data operation. |
| 33 | SSTART | Execute stored data operation. <br> In manual sequential operation, operation of the next data number is executed. |
| 35 | NEXT | Transition to the linked operation data number forcibly. |
| 36 | HOME | Execute homing operation. |
| 40 | M0 |  |
| 41 | M1 |  |
| 42 | M2 |  |
| 43 | M3 | act the operation data number using eight bits. |
| 44 | M4 | Select the operation data number using eight bits. |
| 45 | M5 |  |
| 46 | M6 |  |
| 47 | M7 |  |
| 48 | FW-JOG | Execute JOG operation in the forward direction. |
| 49 | RV-JOG | Execute JOG operation in the reverse direction. |
| 50 | FW-JOG-H | Execute high-speed JOG operation in the forward direction. |


| Assignment number | Signal name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 51 | RV-JOG-H | Execute high-speed JOG operation in the reverse direction. |
| 52 | FW-JOG-P | Execute inching operation in the forward direction. |
| 53 | RV-JOG-P | Execute inching operation in the reverse direction. |
| 56 | FW-POS | Execute continuous operation (position control) in the forward direction. |
| 57 | RV-POS | Execute continuous operation (position control) in the reverse direction. |
| 58 | FW-SPD | Execute continuous operation (speed control) in the forward direction. |
| 59 | RV-SPD | Execute continuous operation (speed control) in the reverse direction. |
| 60 | FW-PSH | Execute continuous operation (push-motion) in the forward direction. |
| 61 | RV-PSH | Execute continuous operation (push-motion) in the reverse direction. |
| 64 | USR-LAT-INO | These are external latch signals. |
| 65 | USR-LAT-IN1 |  |
| 66 | FW-BLK | Stop the operation in the forward direction. |
| 67 | RV-BLK | Stop the operation in the reverse direction. |
| 68 | FW-LS | This is a signal to be input from the limit sensor in the forward direction. |
| 69 | RV-LS | This is a signal to be input from the limit sensor in the reverse direction. |
| 70 | HOMES | This is a signal input from the mechanical home sensor. |
| 71 | SLIT | This is a signal to be input from the slit sensor. |
| 72 | ID-SELO | Set the address number for RS-485 communication and CAN communication. |
| 73 | ID-SEL1 |  |
| 74 | ID-SEL2 |  |
| 75 | ID-SEL3 |  |
| 80 | D-SELO | Execute operation based on the operation data number having set in the D-SEL input. |
| 81 | D-SEL1 |  |
| 82 | D-SEL2 |  |
| 83 | D-SEL3 |  |
| 84 | D-SEL4 |  |
| 85 | D-SEL5 |  |
| 86 | D-SEL6 |  |
| 87 | D-SEL7 |  |
| 88 | D-SEL8 |  |
| 89 | D-SEL9 |  |
| 90 | D-SEL10 |  |
| 91 | D-SEL11 |  |
| 92 | D-SEL12 |  |
| 93 | D-SEL13 |  |
| 94 | D-SEL14 |  |
| 95 | D-SEL15 |  |
| 96 | Ro | These are general signals. |
| 97 | R1 |  |
| 98 | R2 |  |
| 99 | R3 |  |
| 100 | R4 |  |
| 101 | R5 |  |
| 102 | R6 |  |
| 103 | R7 |  |
| 104 | R8 |  |
| 105 | R9 |  |
| 106 | R10 |  |


| Assignment number | Signal name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 107 | R11 | These are general signals. |
| 108 | R12 |  |
| 109 | R13 |  |
| 110 | R14 |  |
| 111 | R15 |  |
| 112 | R16 |  |
| 113 | R17 |  |
| 114 | R18 |  |
| 115 | R19 |  |
| 116 | R20 |  |
| 117 | R21 |  |
| 118 | R22 |  |
| 119 | R23 |  |
| 120 | R24 |  |
| 121 | R25 |  |
| 122 | R26 |  |
| 123 | R27 |  |
| 124 | R28 |  |
| 125 | R29 |  |
| 126 | R30 |  |
| 127 | R31 |  |

* It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.


## 2-2 Output signals list

To assign signals via industrial network, use the "assignment numbers" in the table instead of the signal names. Refer to " 5 Output signals" on p .187 for details about each signal.

| Assignment number | Signal name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | Not used | Set when the output terminal is not used. |
| 1 | FREE_R |  |
| 2 | S-ON_R |  |
| 3 | CLR_R |  |
| 4 | QSTOP_R |  |
| 5 | STOP_R |  |
| 7 | BREAK-ATSQ_R |  |
| 8 | ALM-RST_R |  |
| 9 | P-PRESET_R |  |
| 10 | EL-PRST_R |  |
| 11 | USR-ALM_R |  |
| 12 | ETO-CLR_R |  |
| 13 | LAT-CLR_R |  |
| 14 | INFO-CLR_R |  |
| 16 | HMI_R |  |
| 18 | TRQ-LMT_R |  |
| 19 | SPD-LMT_R |  |
| 24 | PLOOP-MODE_R |  |
| 25 | ATL-EN_R |  |
| 32 | START_R |  |
| 33 | SSTART_R |  |
| 35 | NEXT_R |  |
| 36 | HOME_R | Output in response to the input signal. |
| 40 | M0_R |  |
| 41 | M1_R |  |
| 42 | M2_R |  |
| 43 | M3_R |  |
| 44 | M4_R |  |
| 45 | M5_R |  |
| 46 | M6_R |  |
| 47 | M7_R |  |
| 48 | FW-JOG_R |  |
| 49 | RV-JOG_R |  |
| 50 | FW-JOG-H_R |  |
| 51 | RV-JOG-H_R |  |
| 52 | FW-JOG-P_R |  |
| 53 | RV-JOG-P_R |  |
| 56 | FW-POS_R |  |
| 57 | RV-POS_R |  |
| 58 | FW-SPD_R |  |
| 59 | RV-SPD_R |  |
| 60 | FW-PSH_R |  |
| 61 | RV-PSH_R |  |
| 64 | USR-LAT-INO_R |  |



| Assignment number | Signal name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 117 | R21_R | Output in response to the input signal. |
| 118 | R22_R |  |
| 119 | R23_R |  |
| 120 | R24_R |  |
| 121 | R25_R |  |
| 122 | R26_R |  |
| 123 | R27_R |  |
| 124 | R28_R |  |
| 125 | R29_R |  |
| 126 | R30_R |  |
| 127 | R31_R |  |
| 128 | CONST-OFF | Output an OFF state all the time. |
| 129 | ALM-A | Output the alarm status of the driver (normally open). |
| 130 | ALM-B | Output the alarm status of the driver (normally closed). |
| 131 | SYS-RDY | Output when the main power supply of the driver is turned on. |
| 133 | SON-MON | Output when the motor is in an excitation state. |
| 134 | MOVE | Output when the motor operates. |
| 135 | INFO | Output the information status of the driver. |
| 136 | SYS-BSY | Output when the driver is in an internal processing state. |
| 137 | ETO-MON | Output when the driver is in the ETO status. |
| 138 | IN-POS | Output when positioning operation is completed. |
| 140 | TLC | Output when the output torque reaches the maximum output torque or the torque limiting value. |
| 141 | VA | Output when the operating velocity reaches the target velocity. |
| 142 | ZV | Output when the actual velocity reaches the velocity 0. |
| 145 | RDY-HOME-OPE | Output when the driver is ready to start homing operation. |
| 146 | RDY-FWRV-OPE | Output when the driver is ready to start FW/RV operation. |
| 147 | RDY-SD-OPE | Output when the driver is ready to start stored data operation. |
| 148 | RDY-DD-OPE | Output when the driver is ready to start direct data operation. |
| 149 | RDY-DPROF-OPE | Output when the driver is ready to operate the drive profile. |
| 152 | OPE-BSY | Output while internal oscillation is being performed. |
| 154 | SEQ-BSY | Output when stored data operation is being performed. |
| 155 | DELAY-BSY | Output when the driver is set in a standby state (Drive-complete delay time, Dwell). |
| 159 | DDBUF-FULL | Output when data is being written to the buffer area of direct data operation or drive profile. |
| 160 | AREAO | Output when the motor is within the area. |
| 161 | AREA1 |  |
| 162 | AREA2 |  |
| 163 | AREA3 |  |
| 164 | AREA4 |  |
| 165 | AREA5 |  |
| 166 | AREA6 |  |
| 167 | AREA7 |  |
| 168 | WRAP-OVF | The output is inverted when the WRAP range is exceeded. (Toggle action) |
| 169 | FW-SLS | Output when the software limit in the forward direction is reached. |
| 170 | RV-SLS | Output when the software limit in the reverse direction is reached. |
| 171 | ZSG-N | Output every time the motor shaft rotates by $72^{\circ}$ from the home. |


| Assignment number | Signal name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 172 | WRAP-ZERO | Output if the motor is in the home of the WRAP range when the "WRAP setting" parameters is set to "Follows WRAP setting lower limit/WRAP setting upper limit." |
| 175 | MAREA | Output when the motor is within the area that was set to the operation data. |
| 176 | HOME-END | Output when homing operation is completed or position preset is executed. |
| 177 | ABSPEN | Output when coordinates are set. |
| 178 | ELPRST-MON | Output when the electrical home coordinate is enabled. |
| 184 | USR-LAT0 |  |
| 185 | USR-LAT1 | Output when the external latch signal is detected. |
| 186 | JUMPO-LAT | Output when the (Low) I/O event number trigger is detected. |
| 187 | JUMP1-LAT | Output when the (Middle) I/O event number trigger is detected. |
| 188 | JUMP2-LAT | Output when the (High) I/O event number trigger is detected. |
| 189 | NEXT-LAT | Output when the operation is transitioned by the NEXT input. |
| 190 | STOP-LAT | Output when the operation is stopped by the STOP input or the QSTOP input. |
| 192 | PLOOP-MON | Output when the position loop is enabled. |
| 193 | SLIP | Output when a slip occurred in the motor. |
| 194 | ATL-MON | Output when the ATL function is enabled. |
| 199 | M-CHG | The output is inverted when operation is started, the operation data number is switched, or the operation data is overwritten. (Toggle operation) * |
| 200 | M-ACTO | Output the status of the MO input corresponding to the operation data number during operation. |
| 201 | M-ACT1 | Output the status of the M1 input corresponding to the operation data number during operation. |
| 202 | M-ACT2 | Output the status of the M2 input corresponding to the operation data number during operation. |
| 203 | M-ACT3 | Output the status of the M3 input corresponding to the operation data number during operation. |
| 204 | M-ACT4 | Output the status of the M4 input corresponding to the operation data number during operation. |
| 205 | M-ACT5 | Output the status of the M5 input corresponding to the operation data number during operation. |
| 206 | M-ACT6 | Output the status of the M6 input corresponding to the operation data number during operation. |
| 207 | M-ACT7 | Output the status of the M7 input corresponding to the operation data number during operation. |
| 208 | D-END0 | Output when the operation of the specified operation data number is completed. |
| 209 | D-END1 |  |
| 210 | D-END2 |  |
| 211 | D-END3 |  |
| 212 | D-END4 |  |
| 213 | D-END5 |  |
| 214 | D-END6 |  |
| 215 | D-END7 |  |
| 216 | D-END8 |  |
| 217 | D-END9 |  |
| 218 | D-END10 |  |
| 219 | D-END11 |  |
| 220 | D-END12 |  |


| Assignment number | Signal name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 221 | D-END13 | Output when the operation of the specified operation data number is completed. |
| 222 | D-END14 |  |
| 223 | D-END15 |  |
| 224 | TRQ-LMTD | Output when the torque limiting by the TRQ-LMT input is enabled. |
| 225 | SPD-LMTD | Output when the speed limit by the SPD-LMT input is enabled. |
| 228 | OL-DTCT | Output when the output torque reaches the torque to detect the overload alarm. |
| 232 | USR-OUTO | Output a logical conjunction or a logical disjunction of two types of output signals and the comparison result with the internal monitor group. |
| 233 | USR-OUT1 |  |
| 234 | USR-OUT2 |  |
| 235 | USR-OUT3 |  |
| 236 | USR-OUT4 |  |
| 237 | USR-OUT5 |  |
| 238 | USR-OUT6 |  |
| 239 | USR-OUT7 |  |
| 240 | MAIN-PWR | Output when the main power supply is in an ON state. |
| 241 | COMM-PWR | Output when the power supply for communication is in an ON state. |
| 244 | MBC | Output when the electromagnetic brake is in a state of being released. |
| 252 | EDM-MON | Output when both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs are turned OFF. |
| 253 | HWTOIN-MON | Output when either the HWTO1 input or the HWTO2 input is turned OFF. |
| 256 | INFO-USRIO-G | Output when the corresponding information is generated. Refer to p. 451 for the information list. |
| 257 | INFO-START-G |  |
| 258 | INFO-485-G |  |
| 262 | INFO-MNT-G |  |
| 263 | INFO-SET-G |  |
| 264 | INFO-DRVTMP |  |
| 265 | INFO-MTRTMP |  |
| 266 | INFO-LOAD |  |
| 267 | INFO-TRQ |  |
| 268 | INFO-WATT |  |
| 272 | INFO-VOLT-H |  |
| 273 | INFO-VOLT-L |  |
| 283 | INFO-PRESET |  |
| 284 | INFO-DSLMTD |  |
| 285 | INFO-IOTEST |  |
| 286 | INFO-CONFIG |  |
| 287 | INFO-REBOOT |  |
| 288 | INFO-USRIOO |  |
| 289 | INFO-USRIO1 |  |
| 290 | INFO-USRIO2 |  |
| 291 | INFO-USRIO3 |  |
| 292 | INFO-USRIO4 |  |
| 293 | INFO-USRIO5 |  |
| 294 | INFO-USRIO6 |  |
| 295 | INFO-USRIO7 |  |
| 296 | INFO-POS-ERR |  |
| 300 | INFO-SPD-H |  |


| Assignment number | Signal name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 301 | INFO-SPD-L | Output when the corresponding information is generated. Refer to p. 451 for the information list. |
| 302 | INFO-SPD-ERR |  |
| 304 | INFO-TLC-TIME |  |
| 306 | INFO-CULD0 |  |
| 307 | INFO-CULD1 |  |
| 311 | INFO-STLTIME |  |
| 320 | INFO-WH-BOOT |  |
| 321 | INFO-WH-USR |  |
| 322 | INFO-WH-TOTAL |  |
| 326 | INFO-MP-FWCRNT |  |
| 327 | INFO-MP-RVCRNT |  |
| 328 | INFO-TRIPO |  |
| 329 | INFO-TRIP1 |  |
| 330 | INFO-ODO |  |
| 332 | INFO-CPU-LOAD |  |
| 333 | INFO-PTIME |  |
| 334 | INFO-PCOUNT |  |
| 336 | INFO-485-ERR |  |
| 337 | INFO-485-PRCST |  |
| 338 | INFO-485-INTVL |  |
| 344 | INFO-CAN-WNG |  |
| 353 | INFO-START-HOME |  |
| 354 | INFO-START-FWRV |  |
| 355 | INFO-START-SD |  |
| 356 | INFO-START-DD |  |
| 357 | INFO-START-DP |  |
| 359 | INFO-IODRV-DIS |  |
| 360 | INFO-FW-OT |  |
| 361 | INFO-RV-OT |  |
| 368 | INFO-UNIT-E |  |
| 369 | INFO-SOFTLMT-E |  |
| 376 | INFO-CPU-FAULT |  |
| 377 | INFO-OC-FAULT |  |
| 378 | INFO-ENC-FAULT |  |

* In the case of operations other than stored data operation and continuous operation of FW/RV operation, it is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.


## 3 Signal type

## 3-1 Direct I/O

Direct I/O is I/O to be accessed via the I/O signal connector.

## Assignment to input terminals

Assign the input signals to the input terminals DINO to DIN3 using the "DINO input function" to "DIN3 input function" parameters.
Refer to "2-1 Input signals list" on p. 151 for input signals that can be assigned.

| Connector terminal number | Terminal name | Initial value |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | DINO | ID-SELO | 1 | 7 | 14 |
| 17 | DIN1 | ID-SEL1 |  |  |  |
| 18 | DIN2 | STOP |  |  |  |
| 19 | DIN3 | FREE | 15 | 21 | 28 |

Note - When the same input signal is assigned to multiple input terminals, the function will be executed if any of the terminals becomes active.

- When the HMI input is not assigned to the input terminal, this input will always be set to ON. Also, when this input is assigned to both direct I/O and remote I/O, the function will be executed only when both of them are turned ON.


## Assignment to output terminals

Assign the output signals to the output terminals DOUT0 and DOUT1 using the "DOUTO (normal) Output function" and "DOUT1 (normal) Output function" parameters.
Refer to "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 for the output signals that can be assigned.

| Connector terminal number | Terminal name | Initial value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,2 | DOUT0 | COMM-PWR |
| 3,4 | DOUT1 | ALM-B |



## 3-2 Remote I/O

Remote I/O is I/O to be accessed via RS-485 communication.

## Assignment to input signals

Assign the input signals to R-INO to R-IN31 of remote I/O using the "R-INO input function" to "R-IN31 input function" parameters.
Refer to "2-1 Input signals list" on p. 151 for input signals that can be assigned.

| Remote I/O signal name | Initial value |
| :---: | :---: |
| R-IN0 | S-ON |
| R-IN1 | PLOOP-MODE |
| R-IN2 | TRQ-LMT |
| R-IN3 | CLR |
| R-IN4 | QSTOP |
| R-IN5 | STOP |
| R-IN6 | FREE |
| R-IN7 | ALM-RST |
| R-IN8 | D-SELO |
| R-IN9 | D-SEL1 |
| R-IN10 | D-SEL2 |
| R-IN11 | D-SEL3 |
| R-IN12 | D-SEL4 |
| R-IN13 | D-SEL5 |
| R-IN14 | D-SEL6 |
| R-IN15 | D-SEL7 |


| Remote I/O signal name | Initial value |
| :---: | :---: |
| R-IN16 | FW-JOG-P |
| R-IN17 | RV-JOG-P |
| R-IN18 | FW-SPD |
| R-IN19 | RV-SPD |
| R-IN20 | HOME |
| R-IN21 | Not used |
| R-IN22 | START |
| R-IN23 | SSTART |
| R-IN24 | M0 |
| R-IN25 | M1 |
| R-IN26 | M2 |
| R-IN27 | M3 |
| R-IN28 | M4 |
| R-IN29 | M5 |
| R-IN30 | M6 |
| R-IN31 | M7 |

- When the same input signal is assigned to multiple input terminals, the function will be executed if any of the terminals becomes active.
- When the HMI input is not assigned to the input terminal, this input will always be set to ON. Also, when this input is assigned to both direct I/O and remote I/O, the function will be executed only when both of them are turned ON.


## Assignment to output signals

Assign the output signals to R-OUT0 to R-OUT31 of remote I/O using the "R-OUT0 output function" to "R-OUT31 output function" parameters.
Refer to "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 for the output signals that can be assigned.

| Remote I/O signal name | Initial value | Remote I/O signal name | Initial value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R-OUT0 | SON-MON | R-OUT16 | INFO |
| R-OUT1 | PLOOP-MON | R-OUT17 | INFO-MNT-G |
| R-OUT2 | TRQ-LMTD | R-OUT18 | INFO-DRVTMP |
| R-OUT3 | RDY-DD-OPE | R-OUT19 | INFO-MTRTMP |
| R-OUT4 | ABSPEN | R-OUT20 | INFO-TRQ |
| R-OUT5 | STOP_R | R-OUT21 | INFO-WATT |
| R-OUT6 | FREE_R | R-OUT22 | INFO-VOLT-H |
| R-OUT7 | ALM-A | R-OUT23 | INFO-VOLT-L |
| R-OUT8 | SYS-BSY | R-OUT24 | INFO-START-G |
| R-OUT9 | IN-POS | R-OUT25 | INFO-USRIO-G |
| R-OUT10 | RDY-HOME-OPE | R-OUT26 | CONST-OFF |
| R-OUT11 | RDY-FWRV-OPE | R-OUT27 | CONST-OFF |
| R-OUT12 | RDY-SD-OPE | R-OUT28 | CONST-OFF |
| R-OUT13 | MOVE | R-OUT29 | CONST-OFF |
| R-OUT14 | VA | R-OUT30 | USR-OUT0 |
| R-OUT15 | TLC | R-OUT31 | USR-OUT1 |

## 4 Input signals

## 4-1 Excitation switching signals

These are signals to switch the motor excitation state between excitation and non-excitation.

## S-ON input

Turning the S-ON input ON causes the motor to put into an excitation state. Turning it OFF causes the motor to put into a non-excitation state.
In the case of an electromagnetic brake motor, the electromagnetic brake is released after the motor puts into an excitation state.

1. When the $\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{ON}$ input is turned ON , the motor puts into an excitation state and the operation ready output is turned ON.
The electromagnetic brake is released.
2. When the S-ON input is turned OFF, the operation ready output is turned OFF and the motor puts into a nonexcitation state.
The electromagnetic brake actuates to hold the motor shaft.


* The time period varies depending on a load or an operating condition while the motor rotates.

Note If the motor excitation is turned off to put into a non-excitation state while the motor is rotating, the motor, the driver, or the equipment may be damaged.

■ FREE input
Turning the FREE input ON causes the motor current to shut off and the motor to put into a non-excitation state. The motor output shaft can be rotated manually since the motor holding force is lost. When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake is also released.

Note When a load is installed vertically, do not turn the FREE input ON. The motor loses its holding force, and the load may fall.

- When the motor is in an excitation state

1. When the FREE input is turned ON, the operation ready output is turned OFF and the motor puts into a nonexcitation state.
2. When the FREE input is turned OFF, the motor puts into an excitation state and the operation ready output is turned ON.


## - When the motor is in a non-excitation state

1. When the FREE input is turned ON , the electromagnetic brake is released.
2. When the FREE input is turned OFF, the electromagnetic brake actuates to hold the motor shaft.


## 4-2 Operation stop signals

These are signals to stop the motor operation.
The IN-POS output is not turned ON even if an input of the operation stop signal is turned ON.

## CLR input

Turning the CLR input ON causes the position deviation counter to clear, and the position deviation between the demand position and the actual position is set to zero. The motor stops immediately if it is operating.

1. When the CLR input is turned ON during operation, the motor stops and the position deviation is also cleared.
2. When the CLR input is turned OFF, the operation ready output is turned ON.


* It varies depending on the driving condition.

Note When combined with a gear, do not stop by the CLR input in a state where the motor shaft speed exceeds $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$.

## STOP input

Turning the STOP input ON causes the motor to stop.
The operation is stopped according to the "STOP input action" parameter.
The torque limiting value when stopped is based on the "STOP input stopping Torque limit value" parameter.
The remaining travel amount is cleared if positioning operation is being executed.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| STOP input action | Sets how to stop the motor when the STOP input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> -3: Deceleration time stop (according to the Custom stopping time parameter) <br> -2: Deceleration rate stop (according to the Custom stopping rate parameter) <br> -1: Immediate stop <br> 1: Deceleration stop (according to the operation profile during operation except for the torque limiting value) <br> 2: Deceleration rate stop (according to the Quick stop rate parameter) | 1 | - |
| STOP input stopping Torque limiting value | Sets the torque limiting value when the STOP input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Use profile torque limit continuously <br> 1 to 10,000 ( $1=0.1 \%$ ) | 0 | 1=0.1\% |
| Quick stop rate | Sets the deceleration rate when "Deceleration rate stop (according to the Quick stop rate parameter)" is selected in the "STOP input action" and "QSTOP input action" parameters. [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit/s) | 1,000 | $(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}) / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Custom stopping rate | Sets the deceleration rate when "Deceleration rate stop (according to the Custom stopping rate parameter)" is selected in the "STOP input action" and "QSTOP input action" parameters. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit/s) | 1,000 | $(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}) / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Custom stopping time | Sets the deceleration time when "Deceleration time stop (according to the Custom stopping time parameter)" is selected in the "STOP input action" and "QSTOP input action" parameters. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms |
| Timeout of waiting for motor rotation stop at standstill * | Sets the timeout period from when the velocity demand becomes zero at standstill until the motor actually stops rotating. <br> When the timeout occurs, the MOVE output is turned OFF. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1: No timeout setting <br> 0 to $32,767 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms |

[^13]- When the stopping movement by the STOP input is other than "Immediate stop" (when the motor stops while the STOP input is ON)

1. When the STOP input is turned ON during operation, the operation ready output is turned OFF and the motor starts the stopping movement.
2. When the STOP input is turned OFF, the operation ready output is turned ON.


* It varies depending on the driving condition.
- When the stopping movement by the STOP input is other than "Immediate stop" (when the motor does not stop while the STOP input is ON)

1. When the STOP input is turned ON during operation, the operation ready output is turned OFF and the motor starts the stopping movement.
Even after the STOP input was turned OFF, the motor continues the deceleration operation until it stops.
2. When the STOP input is turned OFF, the operation ready output is turned ON.


- When the stopping movement by the STOP input is "Immediate stop"

1. When the STOP input is turned ON during operation, the operation ready output is turned OFF and the motor starts the stopping movement.
The motor stops at the demand position at the time when the ON status of the STOP input was detected.
2. When the STOP input is turned OFF, the operation ready output is turned ON.

[^14]
## QSTOP input

Turning the QSTOP input ON causes the motor to stop.
The operation is stopped according to the "QSTOP input action" parameter.
The torque limiting value when stopped is based on the "QSTOP input stopping Torque limit value" parameter.
The remaining travel amount is cleared if positioning operation is being executed.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| QSTOP input action | Sets how to stop the motor when the QSTOP input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> -3: Deceleration time stop <br> (according to the Custom stopping time parameter) <br> -2 : Deceleration rate stop <br> (according to the Custom stopping rate parameter) <br> -1 : Immediate stop <br> 0: Immediate stop (current is cut off after stopping) <br> 1: Deceleration stop (according to the operation profile during operation except for the torque limiting value) <br> (current is cut off after stopping) <br> 2: Deceleration rate stop (according to the Quick stop rate parameter) <br> (current is cut off after stopping) <br> 5: Deceleration stop (according to the operation profile during operation except for the torque limiting value) <br> 6: Deceleration rate stop (according to the Quick stop rate parameter) | 2 | - |
| QSTOP input stopping Torque limiting value | Sets the torque limiting value when the QSTOP input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Use profile torque limit continuously <br> 1 to 10,000 ( $1=0.1 \%$ ) | 0 | 1=0.1\% |
| Quick stop rate | Sets the deceleration rate when "Deceleration rate stop (according to the Quick stop rate parameter)" is selected in the "STOP input action" and "QSTOP input action" parameters. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit/s) | 1,000 | (r/min)/s |
| Custom stopping rate | Sets the deceleration rate when "Deceleration rate stop (according to the Custom stopping rate parameter)" is selected in the "STOP input action" and "QSTOP input action" parameters. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000$ (User-defined velocity unit/s) | 1,000 | $(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}) / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Custom stopping time | Sets the deceleration time when "Deceleration time stop (according to the Custom stopping time parameter)" is selected in the "STOP input action" and "QSTOP input action" parameters. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms |
| Timeout of waiting for motor rotation stop at standstill * | Sets the timeout period from when the velocity demand becomes zero at standstill until the motor actually stops rotating. <br> When the timeout occurs, the MOVE output is turned OFF. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1 : No timeout setting <br> 0 to $32,767 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms |

[^15]- When the stopping movement by the QSTOP input is other than "Immediate stop" (when the motor stops while the QSTOP input is ON)

1. When the QSTOP input is turned ON during operation, the operation ready output is turned OFF and the motor starts the stopping movement.
2. When the QSTOP input is turned OFF, the operation ready output is turned ON.


* It varies depending on the driving condition.
- When the stopping movement by the QSTOP input is other than "Immediate stop" (when the motor does not stop while the QSTOP input is ON)

1. When the QSTOP input is turned ON during operation, the operation ready output is turned OFF and the motor starts the stopping movement.
Even after the QSTOP input was turned OFF, the motor continues the deceleration operation until it stops.
2. When the QSTOP input is turned OFF, the operation ready output is turned ON.


* It varies depending on the driving condition.
- When the stopping movement by the QSTOP input is other than "Immediate stop" (when "current is cut off after sopping" is specified)

- When the stopping movement by the QSTOP input is "Immediate stop"

1. When the QSTOP input is turned ON during operation, the operation ready output is turned OFF and the motor starts the stopping movement.
The motor stops at the demand position at the time when the ON status of the QSTOP input was detected.
2. When the QSTOP input is turned OFF, the operation ready output is turned ON.


* It varies depending on the driving condition.
- When the stopping movement by the QSTOP input is "Immediate stop" (when "current is cut off after stopping" is specified)

* It varies depending on the driving condition.


## IFW-BLK input, RV-BLK input

Turning the FW-BLK input ON causes the operation in the forward direction to stop, and turning the RV-BLK input ON causes that in the reverse direction to stop. While an input that have stopped the operation is being ON, the motor will not operate even if an operation start signal to operate in the same direction as the stop signal is input. An operation start signal in the opposite direction can be used to operate.

## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| FW-BLK/RV-BLK input action | Sets how to stop the motor when the FW-BLK input or the RV-BLK input is turned ON. <br> [Setting Range] <br> 0: Immediate stop <br> 1: Deceleration stop (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 2: Follow QSTOP setting (current is not cut off) <br> 3: Follow STOP setting | 1 | - |
| Timeout of waiting for motor rotation stop at standstill * | Sets the timeout period from when the velocity demand becomes zero at standstill until the motor actually stops rotating. <br> When the timeout occurs, the MOVE output is turned OFF. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1: No timeout setting <br> 0 to $32,767 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms |

* It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.
memo The following information is generated when the FW-BLK input or the RV-BLK input is turned ON. - When the FW-BLK input is turned ON: "Forward operation prohibition" - When the RV-BLK input is turned ON: "Reverse operation prohibition"
- When the stopping method by the FW-BLK/RV-BLK input is "Deceleration stop" (when the motor stops while the FW-BLK input is ON)

1. When the FW-BLK input is turned ON during operation in the forward direction, the motor starts the stopping movement.
2. When the operation is stopped, the MOVE output is turned OFF.
3. If an operation start signal in the reverse direction is input when the FW-BLK input is being ON, the MOVE output is turned ON and operation is started.

Excitation

Motor excitation | Hon-excitation |
| :---: |
| Nold |

Electromagnetic brake $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Helease }\end{array}\right]$


* It varies depending on the driving condition.
- When the stopping method by the FW-BLK/RV-BLK input is "Deceleration stop" (when the motor does not stop while the FW-BLK input is ON)

1. When the FW-BLK input is turned ON during operation in the forward direction, the motor starts the stopping movement.
2. Even after the FW-BLK input is turned OFF, the motor continues the deceleration operation until it stops. When the operation is stopped, the MOVE output is turned OFF.


* It varies depending on the driving condition.
- When the stopping method by the FW-BLK/RV-BLK input is "Immediate stop"

1. When the FW-BLK input is turned ON during operation in the forward direction, the motor stops.
2. The motor stops at the demand position at the time when the ON status of the FW-BLK input was detected.

[^16]
## 4-3 Signals used for stored data operation

## BREAK-ATSQ input

The operation is switched from automatic sequential to manual sequential while the BREAK-ATSQ input is ON.

## START input

When the operation data number is selected to turn the START input ON, stored data operation is started. In the case of manual sequential operation, the operation data number to be the starting point is started.

## SSTART input

When the SSTART input is turned ON, stored data operation is started.
In manual sequential operation, operation of the next operation data number linked is started every time the SSTART input is turned ON.
In other than manual sequential operation, operation of the operation data number selected is started.

## ■ D-SELO to D-SEL15 inputs

When any of the D-SEL0 to D-SEL15 inputs is turned ON, stored data operation based on the operation data number set is executed.
Since stored data operation can be performed only by turning any of the D-SELO to D-SEL15 inputs ON, the steps of selecting the operation data number can be saved.

Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| D-SEL drive start function | Sets whether to start operation when the D-SEL input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Operation data number selection only <br> 1: Operation data number selection + START function | 1 | - |
| D-SEL0 operation number selection | Sets the operation data number corresponding to the D-SEL input. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 255: Operation data number | 0 | - |
| D-SEL1 operation number selection |  | 1 | - |
| D-SEL2 operation number selection |  | 2 | - |
| D-SEL3 operation number selection |  | 3 | - |
| D-SEL4 operation number selection |  | 4 | - |
| D-SEL5 operation number selection |  | 5 | - |
| D-SEL6 operation number selection |  | 6 | - |
| D-SEL7 operation number selection |  | 7 | - |
| D-SEL8 operation number selection |  | 8 | - |
| D-SEL9 operation number selection |  | 9 | - |
| D-SEL10 operation number selection |  | 10 | - |
| D-SEL11 operation number selection |  | 11 | - |
| D-SEL12 operation number selection |  | 12 | - |
| D-SEL13 operation number selection |  | 13 | - |
| D-SEL14 operation number selection |  | 14 | - |
| D-SEL15 operation number selection |  | 15 | - |

## - M0 to M7 inputs

Select a desired operation data number for stored data operation or FW/RV operation based on a combination of ON-OFF status of the M0 to M7 inputs.
If the "Torque limit setting at motor standstill" parameter is "Follow the selection number," the torque limiting when the motor stopped can also be selected.

| Operation data number | M7 | M6 | M5 | M4 | M3 | M2 | M1 | M0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| 1 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 2 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF |
| 3 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | ON |
| $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ |
| $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ |
| $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ |
| 252 | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |
| 253 | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF | ON |
| 254 | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | OFF |
| 255 | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON | ON |

Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| Torque limit setting at motor <br> standstill | Selects the operating torque limit when the motor stops. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Follow the selection number <br> 1: Maintain the previous operating torque limit <br> (reset by excitation OFF) | 1 | - |

Setting example 1: When the operation data No. 8 (binary number: 0000 1000) is specified

| Operation data number | M7 | M6 | M5 | M4 | M3 | M2 | M1 | M0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF |

Setting example 2: When the operation data No. 116 (binary number: 01110100 ) is specified

| Operation data number | M7 | M6 | M5 | M4 | M3 | M2 | M1 | M0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 116 | OFF | ON | ON | ON | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF |

## NEXT input

If the NEXT input is turned ON during operation, operation is forcibly transitioned to the operation data number linked. If the next data number is not set, the present operation is continued. This is a signal necessary when performing a different operation on the way of continuous operation or push-motion operation.

## 4-4 <br> Signals used for FW/RV operation

## FW-JOG input, RV-JOG input

Turning the FW-JOG input ON performs JOG operation in the forward direction and turning the RV-JOG input ON performs JOG operation in reverse direction.

## FW-JOG-H input, RV-JOG-H input

Turning the FW-JOG-H input ON performs high-speed JOG operation in the forward direction and turning the RV-JOG-H input ON performs high-speed JOG operation in the reverse direction.

## FW-JOG-P input, RV-JOG-P input

Turning the FW-JOG-P input ON performs inching operation in the forward direction and turning the RV-JOG-P input ON performs inching operation in reverse direction.

## FW-POS input, RV-POS input

When the operation data number is selected and the FW-POS input or the RV-POS input is turned ON, continuous operation (position control) is started at the operating velocity corresponding to the operation data number selected. Turning the FW-POS input ON rotates the motor in the forward direction and turning the RV-POS input ON rotates the motor in the reverse direction.
If the signal of the same rotation direction is turned ON while the motor decelerates to a stop, the motor accelerates again and continues operation.
If both the FW-POS and RV-POS inputs are turned ON, the motor decelerates to a stop.
When the operation data number is changed during continuous operation, the operating velocity is changed to that of the operation data number changed.

## FW-SPD, RV-SPD input

When the operation data number is selected and the FW-SPD input or the RV-SPD input is turned ON, continuous operation (speed control) is started at the operating velocity corresponding to the operation data number selected. Turning the FW-SPD input ON rotates the motor in the forward direction and turning the RV-SPD input ON rotates the motor in the reverse direction.
If the signal of the same rotation direction is turned ON while the motor decelerates to a stop, the motor accelerates again and continues operation.
If both the FW-SPD and RV-SPD inputs are turned ON, the motor decelerates to a stop.
When the operation data number is changed during continuous operation, the operating velocity is changed to that of the operation data number changed.

## FW-PSH, RV-PSH input

When the operation data number is selected and the FW-PSH input or the RV-PSH input is turned ON, continuous operation (push-motion) is started at the operating velocity corresponding to the operation data number selected. Turning the FW-PSH input ON rotates the motor in the forward direction and turning the RV-PSH input ON rotates the motor in the reverse direction.
If the signal of the same rotation direction is turned ON while the motor decelerates to a stop, the motor accelerates again and continues operation.
If both the FW-PSH and RV-PSH inputs are turned ON, the motor decelerates to a stop.
When the operation data number is changed during continuous operation, the operating velocity is changed to that of the operation data number changed.

4-5 Signal used for homing operation

## HOME input

Turning the HOME input ON starts homing operation. When homing operation is completed and the motor stops, the HOME-END output is turned ON.

## 4-6 External sensor input signals

## FW-LS input, RV-LS input

These are input signals from the limit sensors. The FW-LS input is a sensor in the forward direction and the RV-LS input is a sensor in the reverse direction.

- When returning to the home

When the FW-LS input or the RV-LS input is detected, homing operation is performed according to the setting of the "(HOME) Homing mode" parameter.

- Other than when returning to the home

The hardware overtravel is detected to stop the motor. When the "FW-LS/RV-LS input action" parameter is set to "Only for homing sensor," the motor does not stop.

Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description |  | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
|  | Sets how to stop the motor when the FW-LS input or the <br> RV-LS input is turned ON. <br> [Setting Range] <br> $-1:$ Only for homing sensor <br> 0: Immediate stop <br> 1: Deceleration stop <br> (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 2: Follow QSTOP setting (current is not cut off) <br> 3: Follow STOP setting <br> 4: Immediate stop with alarm <br> 5: Deceleration stop with alarm <br> (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 6: Follow QSTOP setting with alarm (current is not cut off) <br> 7: Follow STOP setting with alarm |  |  |  |

* It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.


## - HOMES input

This is an input signal from the mechanical home sensor when the "(HOME) Homing mode" parameter is set to the 3 -sensor mode or the one-way rotation mode.

## SLIT input

Connect when returning to the home using a sensor with slit.
When executing homing operation, using the SLIT input simultaneously can increase the accuracy of home detection.

## 4-7 Coordinate preset signals

This signal is used to preset the mechanical home or the electrical home.

## - P-PRESET input

When the P-PRESET input is turned ON, the demand position and the actual position are changed to a value subtracted the value of the "Home offset" parameter, and the home is fixed.

Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sets the amount of offset from the home when homing operation is <br> completed or P-PRESET is executed. <br> [Setting range] <br> -2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647 (User-defined position unit) | Unit |  |

memo Preset by the P-RESET input cannot be executed during operation.

## EL-PRST input

The coordinate system is switched to that with the electrical home as the home while the EL-PRST input is ON. The coordinate position when the EL-PRST input is turned from OFF to ON is the electrical home, and the motor operates in the electrical home coordinate system.
Turning the EL-PRST input OFF returns to the coordinate system with the mechanical home as the home. Setting a different home (electrical home) from the mechanical home can control the motor in a different coordinate temporarily.

memo If the EL-PRST input is turned ON during operation, the demand position and the actual position at that time is set to the electrical home coordinate. However, the target position of the operation being executed remains at the position in the mechanical home coordinate system. Execute the operation in the electrical home coordinate system after stopping the operation.

## 4-8 Status releasing signals

These signals are used to release the signal or status that is not released automatically.

## ALM-RST input

If an alarm is generated, the motor will stop. If the ALM-RST input is turned from OFF to ON at this time, the alarm will be reset (the alarm will be reset at the ON edge of the ALM-RST input). Be sure to remove the cause of the alarm and ensure safety before resetting the alarm.
Note that some alarms cannot be reset with the ALM-RST input.
Refer to "1-4 Alarms list" on p. 432 for alarms.

## ETO-CLR input

After both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs are turned ON and the power removal status is released, if the ETO-CLR input is turned ON, the motor puts into an excitation state (when the S-ON input is ON ).
Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| ETO reset action the judgment criterion of the signal when the ETO status is released <br> (ETO-CLR) | Sy the ETO-CLR input. <br> [Setting range] <br> $1:$ ON edge (Positive edge) <br> 2: ON level | 1 | - |

## LAT-CLR input

This signal is used to clear the latched status. The following information is cleared by the LAT-CLR input.

- Information latched by the USR-LAT0 output, the USR-LAT1 output, and the user latch input
- Information latched by the NEXT-LAT output and the NEXT input
- Information latched by the JUMPO-LAT output and the (Low) I/O event number
- Information latched by the JUMP1-LAT output and the (Middle) I/O event number
- Information latched by the JUMP2-LAT output and the (High) I/O event number
- Information latched by stop of operation
- Cumulative load value (When the "Cumulative load value auto clear" parameter is disabled)
memo Refer to "9 Latch function" on p. 479 for details about latch information.


## INFO-CLR input

This signal is enabled when the "Information auto clear" parameter is set to "Disable." When the INFO-CLR input is turned ON, the information status is cleared.

## 4-9 Driver function change signals

## HMI input

When the HMI input is turned ON, the function limitation of the support software is released. When the HMI input is turned OFF, the function limitation is imposed.
The following functions will be limited.

- Simple setting
- Remote operation
- I/O test
- Gain tuning
- Writing parameters, initializing
- Clearing various history items

Note - When the HMI input is not assigned to direct I/O or remote I/O, this input will always be set to ON. Also, when this input is assigned to both direct I/O and remote I/O, the function will be executed only when both of them are turned ON.

- When the HMI input is assigned to the DIN input function, do not set the "1 shot signal" parameter to "Enable."


## TRQ-LMT input

When the TRQ-LMT input is turned ON, the torque is limited by the value set in the "TRQ-LMT input Torque limit value" parameter.
Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| TRQ-LMT input Torque <br> limit value | Sets the torque to be limited by the TRQ-LMT input. <br> Set the percentage of the torque based on the rated torque <br> being $100 \%$. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $10,000(1=0.1 \%)$ | 500 | $1=0.1 \%$ |

## SPD-LMT input

If the SPD-LMT input is turned ON, the operating velocity is limited.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| SPD-LMT speed limit type selection | Selects the setting method of the speed limit value. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Ratio <br> 1:Value | 0 | - |
| SPD-LMT speed limit ratio | Sets the percentage of the speed limit based on the <br> "Operating velocity" of the operation profile being $100 \%$. This is enabled when the "SPD-LMT speed limit type selection" parameter is set to "Ratio." <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 100\% | 50 | \% |
| SPD-LMT speed limit value | Sets the value of the operating velocity. This is enabled when the "SPD-LMT speed limit type selection" parameter is set to "Value." <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 1,000 | r/min |

## - PLOOP-MODE input

This signal is used to switch the position loop when stopped.
Turning the PLOOP-MODE input OFF disables the position loop, and turning it ON enables the position loop.

memo - The position loop is enabled when the motor is in an excitation state.

- Refer to "3-5 Operation type and position loop" on p. 64 for relation between the operation type and the position loop.


## ATL-EN input

This signal is used to switch the ATL function.
If the "ATL function mode setting" parameter is set to "Follow ATL-EN input," turning the ATL-EN input OFF disables the ATL function, and turning it ON enables the ATL function.
Refer to p. 40 for details about the ATL function.

- When the "ATL function mode setting" parameter is set to "Follow ATL-EN input"

- When the "ATL function mode setting" parameter is set to "ATL function enabled"

The ATL-MON output is turned ON regardless of the status of the ATL-EN input.


## 4-10 Communication setting change signals

## ID-SELO to ID-SEL3 inputs

Select the following communication settings based on a combination of ON-OFF status of the ID-SELO to ID-SEL3 inputs.

- Address number setting of RS-485 communication
- Address number setting of CAN communication

| Address number setting | ID-SEL3 | ID-SEL2 | ID-SEL1 | ID-SELO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| 2 | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 3 | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF |
| 4 | OFF | OFF | ON | ON |
| 5 | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF |
| 6 | OFF | ON | OFF | ON |
| 7 | OFF | ON | ON | OFF |
| 8 | OFF | ON | ON | ON |
| 9 | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| 10 | ON | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 11 | ON | OFF | ON | OFF |
| 12 | ON | OFF | ON | ON |
| 13 | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |
| 14 | ON | ON | OFF | ON |
| 15 | ON | ON | ON | OFF |
| 16 | ON | ON | ON | ON |

## Timing chart


memo Even when the "Communication reset" of the maintenance command is executed to reset the communication, the address number setting can be changed.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | $\quad$ Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| Slave address (Modbus) | Sets the address number (slave address). <br> [Setting range] <br> -1: Follow ID-SEL input (ID = ID-SEL value + 1) <br> 1 to 31: Slave addresses 1 to 31 <br> ※ Do not use 0. | -1 | - |
| CANopen Node-ID | Sets the CANopen Node-ID. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1: Follow ID-SEL input (ID = ID-SEL + 1) <br> 0 to 127: Node-ID 0 to 127 | -1 | - |

## 4-11 Latch input signals

## USR-LAT-IN0, USR-LAT-IN1 inputs

These signals can be used as inputs for user latches (USR-LATO, USR-LAT1).

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| USR-LAT0 action | Selects the movement of the latch by USR-LATO. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: 1 shot <br> 1: Continuous | 0 | - |
| USR-LAT1 action | Selects the movement of the latch by USR-LAT1. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: 1 shot <br> 1: Continuous | 0 | - |
| USR-LAT0 source | Selects the input source of USR-LATO. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: IO for latch (USR-LAT-INO) <br> 1: Phase Z (ZSG-N) | 0 | - |
| USR-LAT1 source | Selects the input source of USR-LAT1. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : IO for latch (USR-LAT-IN1) <br> 1: Phase Z (ZSG-N) | 0 | - |

memo
Refer to p. 479 for details about the latch function.

## 4-12 User alarm input signal

## USR-ALM input

When the USR-ALM input is turned ON, the user alarm will be generated.
When the user alarm is generated, the motor excitation state after stop is based on the setting in the "User alarm action" parameter.
Refer to p .428 for the alarm function.
Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| User alarm action | Sets whether or not to excite the motor after stop when the user alarm is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Non-excitation after deceleration <br> 1: Excitation | 0 | - |

memo The USR-ALM input and the "User alarm action" parameter are effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.

## 5 Output signals

## 5-1 Driver status indication signals

## ALM-A output, ALM-B output

If an alarm is generated, the ALM-A output is turned ON and the ALM-B output is turned OFF. At the same time, the PWR/SYS LED on the driver will blink in red, and the motor will stop. When an alarm to turn the motor excitation OFF is generated, the motor puts into a non-excitation state after it stops.
The ALM-A output is normally open and the ALM-B output is normally closed.

## SYS-RDY output

When signal input is enabled after the main power supply is turned on, the SYS-RDY output is turned ON.

## INFO output

If information is generated, the INFO output is turned ON.
Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | When the condition to clear the information is satisfied, a bit <br> output of the corresponding information is automatically turned <br> OFF. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable |  |  |

## SYS-BSY output

This signal is turned ON while the driver executes the maintenance command via communication.
■ Output of information signal
If corresponding information is generated, each output signal is turned ON.
Refer to "2-4 Information list" on p. 451 for details about information.

## 5-2 Hardware status indication

## SON-MON output

The SON-MON output is turned ON while the motor is in an excitation state.

## MAIN-PWR output

The MAIN-PWR output is turned ON when the main power supply is turned on.

## ■ COMM-PWR output

The COMM-PWR output is turned ON when the power supply for communication is turned on.

## MBC output

Use this signal when controlling the electromagnetic brake by the host controller.
The MBC output is ON when the driver's command is in a state of releasing the electromagnetic brake, and it is OFF when the driver's command is in a state of actuating the electromagnetic brake to hold the motor shaft.
Detect the ON-OFF status of the MBC output using the host controller, and control the electromagnetic brake.

## 5-3 Operation status indication

## MOVE output

The MOVE output is turned ON while the motor is operating.
If positioning operation is performed, it is turned OFF when the command is completed. (After command filter) If operation is stopped by stop operation or an operation stop signal, it is turned OFF when the motor rotation is actually stopped.
The driver determines that the motor rotation is stopped when the actual velocity becomes zero or the ZV output is turned ON.

Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| MOVE minimum ON time | Sets the minimum time during which the MOVE output remains ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 255 ms | 0 | ms |
| Timeout of waiting for motor rotation stop at standstill * | Sets the timeout period from when the velocity demand becomes zero at standstill until the motor actually stops rotating. <br> When the timeout occurs, the MOVE output is turned OFF. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1 : No timeout setting <br> 0 to $32,767 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms |

* It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.


## - OPE-BSY output

The OPE-BSY output is turned ON while the driver is executing internal oscillation.
Internal oscillation is executed during the following operation.

- Direct data operation
- Stored data operation
- FW/RV operation
- Homing operation
- Operation via CAN communication (drive profile)


## - IN-POS output

After completion of positioning operation, when the difference (position deviation) between the demand position and the actual position was converged in a value of the "IN-POS positioning completion signal range" parameter, the IN-POS output is turned ON.


## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| IN-POS positioning <br> completion signal range | Sets the output range (one side) of the IN-POS output with the <br> target position as a center. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 (User-defined position unit) | 18 | Unit |

memo - When continuous operation is stopped, or when operation is interrupted by the STOP input or other operation stop signals, the IN-POS output is not turned ON.

- During speed control, there is a possibility that the IN-POS output will not be turned ON because the steady-state deviation of the position remains even after the completion of operation depending on a load and an operating condition.
- The IN-POS output may be turned ON and OFF repeatedly if the setting value is small or depending on a load or an operating condition.



## - TLC output

When the output torque reaches the maximum output torque of the motor, the TLC output is turned ON. If the torque limiting value is set to a value smaller than the maximum output torque, the TLC output is turned ON when the output torque reaches the torque limiting value.
memo Refer to p .39 for the torque limiting function.

## - VA output

This signal is turned ON when the operating velocity reaches the target velocity.
The judgment level can be set using the "VA mode selection" parameter.

- When the "VA mode selection" parameter is set to "Actual velocity attainment"

When the motor actual velocity is in the setting range of the "VA detection speed range" parameter with the demand velocity as a center, the VA output is turned ON.

VA output


- When the "VA mode selection" parameter is set to "Profile demand velocity attainment"

When the motor demand velocity matches the target velocity, the VA output is turned ON.


- When the "VA mode selection" parameter is set to "Velocity attainment (actual velocity \& profile demand velocity)"
When the motor actual velocity is in the setting range of the "VA detection speed range" parameter with the target velocity as a center, the VA output is turned ON.



## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Selects the judgment criterion of the VA output. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Actual velocity attainment <br> 1: Profile demand velocity attainment <br> 2: Velocity attainment (actual velocity \& profile demand velocity) | Unit |  |
| VA detection speed <br> range | Sets the output range (one side) of the VA output with the target <br> velocity as a center. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 (User-defined velocity unit) | 0 | - |

## ZV output

When the actual velocity is equal to or less than the "ZV detection speed range" parameter with the velocity 0 as a center, the ZV output is turned ON.


Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sets the output range (one side) of the ZV output with the <br> operating velocity 0 as a center. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 (User-defined velocity unit) | 15 | Unit |

## SLIP output

This signal is output when a slip occurs in the motor.
When the SLIP output turned ON while positioning operation is used, check if the target position has been reached.

## TRQ-LMTD output

This signal is output when the motor output torque reaches the torque limiting value by the TRQ-LMT input. The TRQ-LMTD output is turned ON when all of the following conditions are satisfied.

- The TRQ-LMT input is ON.
- The motor output torque reaches the value set in the "TRQ-LMT input Torque limit value" parameter.

Related parameter

| Parameter name | $\quad$ Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| TRQ-LMT input Torque <br> limit value | Sets the torque to be limited by the TRQ-LMT input. <br> Set the percentage of the torque based on the rated torque <br> being $100 \%$. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $10,000(1=0.1 \%)$ | 500 | $1=0.1 \%$ |

## SPD-LMTD output

This signal is enabled when the speed limit is performed. If the operating velocity increases equal to or higher than the value set in the "SPD-LMT speed limit ratio" parameter or the "SPD-LMT speed limit value" parameter, the operating velocity is limited to turn the SPD-LMTD output ON.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| SPD-LMT speed limit type selection | Selects the setting method of the speed limit value. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Ratio <br> 1:Value | 0 | - |
| SPD-LMT speed limit ratio | Sets the percentage of the speed limit based on the <br> "Operating velocity" of the operation profile being $100 \%$. This is enabled when the "SPD-LMT speed limit type selection" parameter is set to "Ratio." <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 100\% | 50 | \% |
| SPD-LMT speed limit value | Sets the value of the operating velocity. This is enabled when the "SPD-LMT speed limit type selection" parameter is set to "Value." <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | 1,000 | r/min |

## OL-DTCT output

When the output torque reaches the torque to detect the overload alarm, the OL-DTCT output is turned ON. Refer to p. 442 for detection of the overload alarm.

## - HOME-END output

The HOME-END output is turned ON at the following conditions.

- When homing operation is completed
- When the position preset is executed and coordinates are set


## - M-CHG output

The ON-OFF status of the M-CHG output is inverted at the following cases. (Toggle action) *

- When operation is started
- When the operation data number is switched during operation
- When the operation data is rewritten (override)
* In the case of operations other than stored data operation and continuous operation of FW/RV operation, it is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.


## - M-ACT0 to M-ACT7 outputs

These signals are enabled in operations that operation data is used such as stored data operation and continuous operation of FW/RV operation.
The operation data number presently being operated is output in binary.
The status of the signal output in the previous operation is maintained in operations that operation data is not used such as homing operation and JOG operation.

## ■ D-END0 to D-END15 outputs

These signals are enabled in operations that operation data is used such as stored data operation and continuous operation of FW/RV operation.
They are turned OFF when operation is started and ON when the operation of the specified operation data number is completed.
Use them to check each operation has been completed during link operation.
Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| D-END0 operation number selection | Sets the operation data number corresponding to the D-END output. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 255: Operation data number | 0 | - |
| D-END1 operation number selection |  | 1 | - |
| D-END2 operation number selection |  | 2 | - |
| D-END3 operation number selection |  | 3 | - |
| D-END4 operation number selection |  | 4 | - |
| D-END5 operation number selection |  | 5 | - |
| D-END6 operation number selection |  | 6 | - |
| D-END7 operation number selection |  | 7 | - |
| D-END8 operation number selection |  | 8 | - |
| D-END9 operation number selection |  | 9 | - |
| D-END10 operation number selection |  | 10 | - |
| D-END11 operation number selection |  | 11 | - |
| D-END12 operation number selection |  | 12 | - |
| D-END13 operation number selection |  | 13 | - |
| D-END14 operation number selection |  | 14 | - |
| D-END15 operation number selection |  | 15 | - |

## 5-4 Operation ready indication

## - RDY-DD-OPE output

When direct data operation is ready to start, the RDY-DD-OPE output is turned ON. Execute direct data operation after the RDY-DD-OPE output is turned ON.

## RDY-SD-OPE output

When stored data operation is ready to start, the RDY-SD-OPE output is turned ON. Execute stored data operation after the RDY-SD-OPE output is turned ON.

## RDY-FWRV-OPE output

When FW/RV operation is ready to start, the RDY-FWRV-OPE output is turned ON. Execute FW/RV operation after the RDY-FWRV-OPE output is turned ON.

## RDY-HOME-OPE output

When homing operation is ready to start, the RDY-HOME-OPE output is turned ON. Execute homing operation after the RDY-HOME-OPE output is turned ON.

## [ON condition of operation ready output]

The operation ready output is turned ON when all of applicable conditions shown in the table are satisfied.

| Condition | RDY-DD-OPE | RDY-SD-OPE | RDY-FWRV-OPE | RDY-HOME-OPE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The main power supply is turned on. | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable |
| The S-ON input is ON. | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable *1 | Applicable |
| The STOP input is OFF. | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable |
| The QSTOP input is OFF. | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable |
| The CLR input is OFF. | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable |
| The FREE input is OFF. | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable |
| An alarm is not present. | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable |
| The driver is not in the ETO status. | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable |
| Remote operation, data writing, or I/O <br> test is not executed with the support <br> software. | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable |
| "Configuration" command, "Batch data <br> initialization" command, "All data batch <br> data initialization" command, and <br> "Read batch NV memory" command <br> are not executed via communication. | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable |
| Direct data operation is not executed. | Not applicable | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable |
| Stored data operation is not executed. | Applicable | Applicable *2 | Applicable | Applicable |
| FW/RV operation is not executed. | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable |
| Homing operation is not executed. | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable |
| Drive profile (CAN communication) is <br> not executed. | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable |
| All inputs which start operation are <br> OFF. | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable | Applicable |

*1 If the "Automatic S-ON for the FW/RV operation" parameter is set to "Enable", it is not applicable.
*2 If the "Accept stored data override operation start by START input" parameter is set to "Enable", it is not applicable.

## RDY-DPROF-OPE output

When the drive profile (CAN communication) is ready to start, the RDY-DPROF-OPE output is turned ON.

## 5-5 Direct data operation status indication

## DDBUF-FULL output

The DDBUF-FULL output is turned ON when data is being written to the buffer area of direct data operation or drive profile.
memo Refer to p. 81 to p .82 for details about DDBUF-FULL output.

## 5-6 Stored data operation status indication

## SEQ-BSY output

The SEQ-BSY output is turned ON while stored data operation is being performed.

## DELAY-BSY output

The DELAY-BSY output is turned ON when the driver is in a state of the waiting time after operation (drive-complete delay time) or the standby state (Dwell).

MAREA output
The MAREA output is turned ON when the motor is inside the set area.

## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| MAREA output source | Sets the criterion to turn the MAREA output ON and the status of the MAREA output after operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Based on actual position (ON after operation) <br> 1: Based on demand position (ON after operation) <br> 2: Based on actual position (MAREA output OFF at completion) <br> 3: Based on demand position (MAREA output OFF at completion) | 0 | - |

## Related operation data

| Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sets the distance from the center position of the range in which the MAREA <br> output is turned ON to the target position of positioning operation. <br> Sets the distance to the operation start position in the case of continuous <br> operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648 ~ t o ~ 2,147,483,647 ~(U s e r-d e f i n e d ~ p o s i t i o n ~ u n i t) ~$ | Unit |  |
| Area width | Sets the range in which the MAREA output is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-1:$ Disable <br> 0 to 4,194,303 (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step |



Setting Example 1: When MAREA is turned ON in a range of $\pm 10$ steps with the position of 5,000 steps as a center in incremental positioning operation which travel distance is 10.000 steps.

- Area offset: $-5,000$ steps
- Area width: 10 steps

Setting Example 2: When MAREA is turned ON in a range of $\pm 100$ steps with the coordinate 1,000 as a center in absolute positioning operation from the present position 5,000 to the target position -8.000 steps.

- Area offset: 9,000 steps
- Area width: 100 steps


## 5-7 Function status indication

## CONST-OFF output

Output an OFF state all the time.
■ PLOOP-MON output
The PLOOP-MON output is turned ON when the position loop is enabled.

## - ATL-MON output

The ATL-MON output is turned ON when the ATL function is enabled.

## 5-8 Power removal function signals

## ETO-MON output

If the HWTO1 input or the HWTO2 input is turned OFF when the "Occur alarm at HWTO input OFF" parameter is set to "Disable," the ETO-MON output is turned ON. If the motor is excited after the HWTO1 input and the HWTO2 input are turned ON, the ETO-MON output is turned OFF.

Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| Occur alarm at HWTO <br> input OFF | Sets whether to generate an alarm of "HWTO input detection" <br> when both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs are turned OFF. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable | 0 |  |

EDM-MON output
If both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs are turned OFF, the EDM-MON output is turned ON.

| HWTO1 input | HWTO2 input | EDM-MON output | Motor excitation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ON | ON | OFF | Excitation |
| ON | OFF | OFF |  |
| OFF | ON | OFF |  |
| OFF | OFF | ON |  |

## HWTOIN-MON output

If either the HWTO1 input or the HWTO2 input is turned OFF, the HWTOIN-MON output is turned ON.

## 5-9 Motor position indication

## ZSG-N output

This signal is turned ON every time the actual position of the motor is increased by $72^{\circ}$ from the position having preset by the maintenance command "ZSG-PRESET."

## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| ZSG-N signal width | Sets the output width of the ZSG-N output. <br> $[$ Setting range $]$ <br> 1 to $7200\left(1=0.01^{\circ}\right)$ | 180 | $1=0.01^{\circ}$ |

memo Set the "ZSG-N signal width" parameter according to the operating velocity so that the ZSG-N output is output at least 1 ms .

## AREAO to AREA7 outputs

The AREA outputs are turned ON when the motor is inside the set area. They are turned ON when the motor is inside the area even if the motor stops.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| AREAO positive direction position/offset to <br> AREA7 positive direction position/offset | Sets the positive direction position or offset from the target position for the AREA0 to AREA7 outputs. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to 2,147,483,647 (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step |
| AREAO negative direction position/detection range to <br> AREA7 negative direction position/detection range | Sets the negative direction position or the distance (width) from the offset position for the AREA0 to AREA7 outputs. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to 2,147,483,647 (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step |
| AREAO range setting mode to <br> AREA7 range setting mode | Sets the range setting mode for the AREAO to AREA7 outputs. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Range setting with absolute value <br> 1: Offset/width setting from the target position | 0 | - |
| AREAO positioning standard to AREA7 positioning standard | Sets the judgment criterion of position for the AREAO to AREA7 outputs. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Based on actual position <br> 1: Based on demand position | 0 | - |

## When the "AREA range setting mode" parameter is "Range setting with absolute value"

- When a value in the "AREA positive direction position/offset" parameter is larger than that in the "AREA negative direction position/detection range" parameter
When the motor position is larger than a value in the "AREA negative direction position/detection range" parameter or smaller than that in the "AREA positive direction position/offset" parameter, the AREA output is turned ON.

- When a value in the "AREA positive direction position/offset" parameter is smaller than that in the "AREA negative direction position/detection range" parameter
When the motor position is smaller than a value in the "AREA positive direction position/offset" parameter or larger than that in the "AREA negative direction position/detection range" parameter, the AREA output is turned ON

AREA output


- When a value in the "AREA positive direction position/offset" parameter is equal to that in the "AREA negative direction position/detection range" parameter When the motor position is equal to values in the "AREA positive direction position/offset" parameter and the "AREA negative direction position/detection range" parameter, the AREA output is turned ON.


When the "AREA range setting mode" parameter is "Offset/width setting from the target position"


## FW-SLS output, RV-SLS output

When the demand position is exceeded the software limit range when the software overtravel is enabled, the FW-SLS output or the RV-SLS output is turned ON.
Also, if the target position in excess of the software limit range is set, the FW-SLS output or the RV-SLS output is turned ON. And the FW-SLS output or the RV-SLS output is turned OFF when operation is started or the motor excitation is turned OFF.
memo Refer to "3-3 Software overtravel" on p. 36 for details about the software overtravel.

## WRAP-ZERO output

If the position set with the "WRAP-ZERO signal base setting" parameter is in the home position of the WRAP range when the "WRAP setting" parameter is set to "Follows WRAP setting lower limit/WRAP setting upper limit," the WRAPZERO output is turned ON.
Using the "The number of the WRAP-ZERO output in wrap range" parameter can output the signal for each interval by equally dividing the WRAP range by a desired number of divisions.

Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The number of the <br> WRAP-ZERO output in <br> wrap range | Sets how often the WRAP-ZERO output is turned ON within the <br> WRAP range. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 536,870,911 divisions |  |  |
| WRAP-ZERO signal <br> width | Sets the output width of the WRAP-ZERO output. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 10,000 (User-defined position unit) | - |  |



- WRAP-OVF output

The ON/OFF of the WRAP-OVF output is inverted when the wrap range is exceeded.

## 5-10 Coordinate status indication

## ABSPEN output

The ABSPEN output is turned ON when the coordinates are set.

## ■ ELPRST-MON output

The ELPRST-MON output is turned ON when the electrical home coordinate is enabled.

## 5-11 Latch information indication

## USR-LAT0 output, USR-LAT1 output

Each output is turned ON when a trigger for the user latch input is detected.
When the LAT-CLR input is turned from OFF to ON, the output is turned OFF.
The relation between the trigger of the user latch input and the output is as follows.

- USR-LAT-INO input (or ZSG-N output): USR-LATO output
- USR-LAT-IN1 input (or ZSG-N output): USR-LAT1 output


## JUMP0-LAT output, JUMP1-LAT output, JUMP2-LAT output

If the event trigger is detected, each output is turned ON.
When the LAT-CLR input is turned from OFF to ON, the output is turned OFF.
The relation between the event trigger and the output is as follows.

- (Low) I/O event number: JUMPO-LAT output
- (Middle) I/O event number: JUMP1-LAT output
- (High) I/O event number: JUMP2-LAT output


## - NEXT-LAT output

When the NEXT input is turned from OFF to ON, the NEXT-LAT output is turned ON. When the LAT-CLR input is turned from OFF to ON, the NEXT-LAT output is turned OFF.

## STOP-LAT output

If the event to stop operation occurs, the STOP-LAT output is turned ON. When the LAT-CLR input is turned from OFF to ON, the STOP-LAT output is turned OFF.
Events to stop operation are as follows.

- When operation is stopped by the S-ON input, the FREE input, the CLR input, the QSTOP input, or the STOP input.
- When operation is stopped by the Quick stop event or the Halt event.
- When operation is stopped by software overtravel or hardware overtravel.
- When operation was stopped by alarm generation.
- When operation is stopped by the FW-BLK input while operation in the forward direction is executed.
- When operation is stopped by the RV-BLK input while operation in the reverse direction is executed.
- When operation is stopped by "Stop operation" of the maintenance command.
- When the power supply for communication is lost and operation is stopped.


## 5-12 User output signals

## USR-OUT0 to USR-OUT7

A logical conjunction or a logical disjunction of two types of output signals and the comparison result with the internal monitor group are output. Up to 8 user outputs can be set.
The output condition for user outputs can be selected from the following two items.

## - Internal IO judgment

Assign two types of signals ( A and B ) to a single user output. USR-OUT is output after the logical combination of $A$ and $B$ is established.

- Value judgment

Set the ON condition to a single user output. USR-OUT is output after the ON condition is established.
Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| User output operation mode | Selects the operation mode of the user output. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Internal IO judgment <br> 1: Value judgment (value $X$, value $Y$ ) $=($ value $A$, value $B$ ) <br> 2: Value judgment (value $X$, value $Y$ ) $=($ value of NET-ID=A, value $B$ ) <br> 3: Value judgment (value $X$, value Y ) $=($ value $A$, value of $N E T-I D=B)$ <br> 4: Value Judgment (value $X$, value $Y$ ) $=$ (value of NET-ID=A, value of NET-ID=B) | 0 | - |
| User output (IO) source A function | Selects the user output source A function (output signal) for USR-OUTO to USR-OUT7. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \end{aligned}$ | - |
| User output (IO) source A inverting mode | Changes ON/OFF of the user output source A. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | 0 | - |
| User output (IO) source B function | Selects the user output source B function (output signal) for USR-OUTO to USR-OUT7. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \end{aligned}$ | - |
| User output (IO) source B inverting mode | Changes ON/OFF of the user output source B. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Not invert <br> 1: Invert | 0 | - |
| User output (IO) logical operation | Sets the logical combination of user output source A and user output source B. [Setting range] $0: \text { AND }$ 1: OR | 1 | - |


| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| User output (value) ON condition | Select the ON condition of the user output when the value judgment is selected for the operation mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : (value of target NET-ID + value Y ) $=($ value X$)$ <br> 1: (value of target NET-ID + value $Y$ ) < (value $X$ ) <br> 2: (value of target NET-ID + value Y ) $\leq$ (value X ) <br> 3: (value X) < (value of target NET-ID + value Y) <br> 4: (value $X$ ) $\leq$ (value of target NET-ID + value $Y$ ) <br> 5: (value of target NET-ID) < (value X) or (value Y) < (value of target NET-ID) <br> 6: (value of target NET-ID) $\leq$ (value $X$ ) or (value Y ) $\leq$ (value of target NET-ID) <br> 7: (value X) < (value of target NET-ID) < (value Y) <br> 8: (value X ) $\leq$ (value of target NET-ID) $\leq$ (value Y ) <br> 9: (value Y$)=(($ value of target NET-ID) And (value X)) <br> 10: (value Y$)=(($ value of target NET-ID) Or (value X)) <br> 11: ((value of target NET-ID) And (value X)) is not 0 | 0 | - |
| User output (value) target NET-ID | Sets the target NET-ID of the user output. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 | 0 | - |
| User output (value) value A | Sets the value A of the user output. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to $2,147,483,647$ | 0 | - |
| User output (value) value B | Sets the value $B$ of the user output. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to $2,147,483,647$ | 0 | - |

[^17]
## 5-13 Response output

The response output is a signal to output the ON-OFF status of the corresponding input signal.
The table below shows the correspondences between input signals and output signals.

| Input signal | Output signal | Input signal | Output signal | Input signal | Output signal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FREE | FREE_R | FW-JOG-P | FW-JOG-P_R | D-SEL14 | D-SEL14_R |
| S-ON | S-ON_R | RV-JOG-P | RV-JOG-P_R | D-SEL15 | D-SEL15_R |
| CLR | CLR_R | FW-POS | FW-POS_R | Ro | Ro_R |
| QSTOP | QSTOP_R | RV-POS | RV-POS_R | R1 | R1_R |
| STOP | STOP_R | FW-SPD | FW-SPD_R | R2 | R2_R |
| BREAK-ATSQ | BREAK-ATSQ_R | RV-SPD | RV-SPD_R | R3 | R3_R |
| ALM-RST | ALM-RST_R | FW-PSH | FW-PSH_R | R4 | R4_R |
| P-PRESET | P-PRESET_R | RV-PSH | RV-PSH_R | R5 | R5_R |
| EL-PRST | EL-PRST_R | USR-LAT-INO | USR-LAT-INO_R | R6 | R6_R |
| USR-ALM | USR-ALM_R | USR-LAT-IN1 | USR-LAT-IN1_R | R7 | R7_R |
| ETO-CLR | ETO-CLR_R | FW-BLK | FW-BLK_R | R8 | R8_R |
| LAT-CLR | LAT-CLR_R | RV-BLK | RV-BLK_R | R9 | R9_R |
| INFO-CLR | INFO-CLR_R | FW-LS | FW-LS_R | R10 | R10_R |
| HMI | HMI_R | RV-LS | RV-LS_R | R11 | R11_R |
| TRQ-LMT | TRQ-LMT_R | HOMES | HOMES_R | R12 | R12_R |
| SPD-LMT | SPD-LMT_R | SLIT | SLIT_R | R13 | R13_R |
| PLOOP-MODE | PLOOP-MODE_R | ID-SELO | ID-SELO_R | R14 | R14_R |
| ATL-EN | ATL-EN_R | ID-SEL1 | ID-SEL1_R | R15 | R15_R |
| START | START_R | ID-SEL2 | ID-SEL2_R | R16 | R16_R |
| SSTART | SSTART_R | ID-SEL3 | ID-SEL3_R | R17 | R17_R |
| NEXT | NEXT_R | D-SELO | D-SELO_R | R18 | R18_R |
| HOME | HOME_R | D-SEL1 | D-SEL1_R | R19 | R19_R |
| M0 | M0_R | D-SEL2 | D-SEL2_R | R20 | R20_R |
| M1 | M1_R | D-SEL3 | D-SEL3_R | R21 | R21_R |
| M2 | M2_R | D-SEL4 | D-SEL4_R | R22 | R22_R |
| M3 | M3_R | D-SEL5 | D-SEL5_R | R23 | R23_R |
| M4 | M4_R | D-SEL6 | D-SEL6_R | R24 | R24_R |
| M5 | M5_R | D-SEL7 | D-SEL7_R | R25 | R25_R |
| M6 | M6_R | D-SEL8 | D-SEL8_R | R26 | R26_R |
| M7 | M7_R | D-SEL9 | D-SEL9_R | R27 | R27_R |
| FW-JOG | FW-JOG_R | D-SEL10 | D-SEL10_R | R28 | R28_R |
| RV-JOG | RV-JOG_R | D-SEL11 | D-SEL11_R | R29 | R29_R |
| FW-JOG-H | FW-JOG-H_R | D-SEL12 | D-SEL12_R | R30 | R30_R |
| RV-JOG-H | RV-JOG-H_R | D-SEL13 | D-SEL13_R | R31 | R31_R |

## 6 Using general signals

The R0 to R31 inputs are general signals. Using the R0 to R31 inputs, I/O signals of the external equipment can be controlled by the host controller via the driver. Direct I/O of the driver can be used as an I/O module.

## - Example of use for general signals

- When signals are output from the host controller to the external equipment

Assign the R0 input to R-IN0 and the R0_R output to DOUT0.
The DOUT0 output is turned ON when R-IN0 is set to 1 , and the DOUT0 output is turned OFF when R-IN0 is set to 0 .

- When outputs of the external equipment are input to the host controller

Assign the R1 input to DIN1 and the R1_R output to R-OUT1.
The R-OUT1 output is set to 1 when the DIN1 input is turned ON by the external equipment, and the R-OUT1 output is set to 0 when the DIN1 input is turned OFF. ON/OFF of the DIN1 input can be set using the "DIN1 inverting mode" parameter.


Related parameters

|  | Parameter name | Description | Initial value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Direct-IN | Input function | Selects the input signal to be assigned to direct I/O. [Setting range] Input signal list $\boldsymbol{\rightarrow}$ "2-1 Input signals list" on p. 151 | Varies depending on input |
|  | Inverting mode | [Setting Range] <br> 0 : ON/OFF of the input signal is not inverted <br> 1: ON/OFF of the input signal is inverted | 0 |
| Direct-OUT | Output function | Selects the output signal to be assigned to direct I/O. <br> [Setting range] <br> Output signal list $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | Varies depending on output |
|  | Inverting mode | [Setting Range] <br> 0 : ON/OFF of the output signal is not inverted <br> 1: ON/OFF of the output signal is inverted | 0 |
| Remote-I/O | Input function | Selects the input signal to be assigned to remote-I/O. <br> [Setting range] <br> Input signal list $\boldsymbol{>}$ " 2-1 Input signals list" on p. 151 | Varies depending on input |
|  | Output function | Selects the output signal to be assigned to remote-I/O. <br> [Setting range] <br> Output signal list $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | Varies depending on output |

## 7 Timing chart

## Power activation



## ■ Excitation



* The time period varies depending on a load or an operating condition while the motor rotates.


## - Electromagnetic brake



■ I/O signals
(when the output is switched according to the ON edge of the input signal)

$\square$ I/O signals (when the output is switched with the ON/OFF edge of the input signal)


## 4 <br> Power removal function

This part explains the power removal function.

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## 1 Overview of power removal function

This driver is equipped with the power removal function that shuts off the power supply to the motor by the hardware.
The drive signal of the inverter circuit to control the motor current is shut off by the duplexing circuit that the HWTO1 input and the HWTO2 input are connected separately. This brings a state in which the current to the motor is shut off (power removal status).

## 1-1 Block diagram



## 2 Safety precautions for the power removal function

- If the power removal function is activated, the motor holding force is lost and the motor output shaft may be rotated by external forces (gravity on a vertical axis, etc.). If the motor output shaft is required to hold in position, install an external brake mechanism or equivalent. Failure to do so may result in injury or damage to equipment.
- The power removal function is a function to shut off the power supply to the motor by stopping operation of the inverter circuit. It is not a function to physically shut off the driver and the motor. When touching the driver or the motor, turn off the driver power and check the PWR/SYS LED is turned off. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.
- Be sure to check the motor is in a standstill state before transitioning to the power removal status. Transitioning to the power removal status while the motor is rotating may cause damage to the motor, driver, or equipment.


## 3 Connecting I/O signals for power removal function

When connecting the signals for power removal function, be sure to remove the jumper wires (included) that connects $+V$ and HWTO1+, HWTO1- and HWTO2 +, and HWTO2- and 0 V. Do not connect anything to +V and 0 V .


## 3-1 Input signals

## HWTO1 input, HWTO2 input

These are signals to activate the power removal function.
Turning the HWTO1 input OFF causes the upper arm drive signal of the inverter circuit to shut off. Turning the HWTO2 input OFF causes the lower arm drive signal of the inverter circuit to shut off.

| Signal name | Specifications |
| :--- | :--- |
| HWTO1+ input <br> HWTO1- input |  |
|  | HWTO2 + input <br> HWTO2- input |



Note Provide the contacts individually for operating the HWTO1 input and the HWTO2 input.

## 3-2 Output signal

## EDM output

The EDM output is a signal to monitor a failure in the power removal function.

| Signal name | Specifications |
| :--- | :--- |
| EDM + output | 12 to $30 \mathrm{VDC}, 10 \mathrm{~mA}$ or less |
| EDM- output | Output saturated voltage 2.0 V maximum |



Note The EDM output is not an output signal to ensure the safety. Do not use the EDM output for any other purpose except for monitoring a failure.

## 4 How to use power removal function

## 4-1 Transition to power removal status

1. Turn both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs OFF.

Note Be sure to check the motor is in a standstill state before transitioning to the power removal status. Transitioning to the power removal status while the motor is rotating may cause damage to the motor, driver, or equipment.
2. The driver transitions to the power removal status to shut off the power supply to the motor, and the motor puts into a non-excitation state.

Note When the OFF time of the HWTO1 input and HWTO2 input is less than 15 ms , the driver may not transition to the power removal status.
3. If the "Occur alarm at HWTO input OFF" parameter is set to "Disable" (initial value: Disable), the ETO-MON output is turned ON and the PWR/SYS LED blinks in white when the HWTO1 input or the HWTO2 input is turned OFF. Also, the operation ready output is turned OFF.
When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake actuates to hold the motor shaft.
■ Timing chart


## 4-2 Return from power removal status

1. Turn both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs ON.

Note - Check the equipment is in a safe state before returning the driver from the power removal status.

- The power removal status cannot be released even if only one of the HWTO1 input and the HWTO2 input is turned ON.

2. The power removal status is released.

Note - When the power removal status is released, shutting off the power supply to the motor by the hardware is released.

- The motor remains in a non-excitation state.
- When the ON time of the HWTO1 input and HWTO2 input is less than 15 ms , the power removal status may not be released.

3. When the ETO-CLR input is turned ON (the initial value: enabled at the ON edge), the ETO status is released, the ETO-MON output is turned OFF, the PWR/SYS LED is lit in white, and the motor is excited. Also, the operation ready output is turned ON.
When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake is released.
memo Refer to " 6 Driver status and motor excitation" on p. 42 for the ETO Status.

## Timing chart



## 4-3 Failure detection of power removal function

A failure of the power removal function can be detected by monitoring the EDM output for the status of the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs.
To transition to the power removal status, turn both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs OFF.
To release the power removal status, turn both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs ON.
When the EDM output is in an OFF state, do not release the power removal status.
A combination of the HWTO1 input, HWTO2 input, and EDM output is any of the following.

| HWTO1 input | HWTO2 input | EDM output | Motor excitation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ON | ON | OFF | Excitation |
| OFF | OFF | ON | Non-excitation |
| ON | OFF | OFF | Non-excitation |
| OFF | ON | OFF | Non-excitation |

For combinations other than the above table, the power removal function of the driver is in a failure state.
However, if one of the duplexing wirings failed, the driver cannot determine whether a failure is caused by external equipment damage or wiring problem. At this time, both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs are turned ON or OFF, the EDM output is turned OFF, and the motor puts into a non-excitation state.

Note If a failure in the driver or external equipment or an error in wirings occurred, check the cause and take measures immediately.

## 5 Related functions

## 5-1 Input signal

## ETO-CLR input

After both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs are turned ON and the power removal status is released, if the ETO-CLR input is turned ON, the motor puts into an excitation state. (When the S-ON input is ON)

Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| ETO reset action (ETO-CLR) | Sets the judgment criterion of the signal when the ETO status <br> is released by the ETO-CLR input. <br> $[$ Setting range $]$ |  |  |
|  | $1:$ ON edge (Positive edge) <br> $2: ~ O N ~ l e v e l ~$ | 1 | - |

## 5-2 Output signals

## ETO-MON output

If the "Occur alarm at HWTO input OFF" parameter is set to "Disable," the ETO-MON output is turned ON when the HWTO1 input or the HWTO2 input is turned OFF. If the ETO-CLR input is turned ON after both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs are turned ON, the ETO-MON output is turned OFF.

## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Occur alarm at HWTO input OFF | Sets whether to generate an alarm of "HWTO input detection" when both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs are turned OFF. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable | 0 | - |

## EDM-MON output

A combination of the HWTO1 input, HWTO2 input, and EDM-MON output is any of the following.

| HWTO1 input | HWTO2 input | EDM-MON output |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ON | ON | OFF |
| OFF | OFF | ON |
| ON | OFF | OFF |
| OFF | ON | OFF |

Use the EDM output when monitoring a failure of the power removal function.

■ HWTOIN-MON output
If the HWTO1 input or the HWTO2 input is turned OFF, the HWTOIN-MON output is turned ON.

| HWTO1 input | HWTO2 input | HWTOIN-MON output |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ON | ON | OFF |
| OFF | OFF | ON |
| ON | OFF | ON |
| OFF | ON | ON |

## 5-3 Alarms

## Alarm of HWTO input detection

If the "Occur alarm at HWTO input OFF" parameter is set to "Enable," an alarm of HWTO input detection is generated when the HWTO1 input and the HWTO2 input are turned OFF.
At this time, the PWR/SYS LED blinks in red. The ETO-MON output remains OFF.

## Alarm of HWTO input circuit error

If a time from when either the HWTO1 input or the HWTO2 input is turned OFF until the other input is turned OFF exceeds the value set in the "HWTO delay time of checking dual system" parameter, an alarm of HWTO input circuit error is generated.
At this time, the PWR/SYS LED blinks in red.


## 5-4 Parameters

Parameters related to the power removal function are as follows.

| Parameter name |  | Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |

# Modbus RTU control (RS-485 communication) 

This part describes how to control from the host controller via RS-485 communication. The protocol used in RS-485 communication is the Modbus protocol.

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## 1 Modbus RTU specifications

The Modbus protocol is simple to use and its specification is open to the public, so this protocol is widely used in industrial applications.
Modbus communication is based on the single-master/multiple-slave method. Only the master can issue a query (command).
Each slave executes the process requested by query and returns a response message.
The driver supports the RTU mode only as the transmission mode. The ASC II mode is not supported.
Under this protocol, messages are sent in one of three methods.

- Unicast mode

The master sends a query to only one slave. The slave executes the process and returns a response.


- Broadcast mode

If the slave address 0 is specified on the master, the master can send a command to all slaves. Each slave executes the process, but does not return a response.


- ID share mode

The master can send a query to multiple slaves at once by sharing a slave address (share ID) with multiple slaves. The slave executes the process and returns a response sequentially. In the ID share mode, synchronization between slaves is better than in the unicast mode since a query can be sent to multiple slaves at the same time. The ID share mode is our unique transmission method.


## 1-1 Communications specifications

| Electrical <br> characteristics | In conformance with EIA-485 <br> Use twisted-pair wires and keep the total extension distance up to $10 \mathrm{~m}(32.8 \mathrm{ft})$ ). ${ }^{*}$ |
| :---: | :--- |
| Communication <br> mode | Half duplex <br> Asynchronous mode (data: 8 bits, stop bit: $1 \mathrm{bit} / 2$ bits, parity: none/even number/odd number) |
| Transmission rate | Selectable from 9,600 bps, 19,200 bps, $38,400 \mathrm{bps}, 57,600 \mathrm{bps}, 115,200 \mathrm{bps}$, and 230,400 bps. |
| Protocol | Modbus RTU mode |
| Type of <br> Connection | Up to 31 drivers can be connected to one host controller. |

* If the motor cable or power supply cable generates an undesirable amount of noise depending on the wiring or configuration, shield the cable or install a ferrite core.


## Connection example



## Termination resistor

Connect a termination resistor for a driver located the farthest away (positioned at the end) from the host controller. There are the following two methods for how to connect a termination resistor.

- When a termination resistor inside the driver is used

Using the support software, set the "RS-485 communication termination resistor" parameter to "Enable" or to the terminating slave address.

| Name | Setting |
| :---: | :---: |
| RS-485 communication termination resistor | Enable |

Note The termination resistor is turned ON only when the main power is supplied to the driver since it is turned ON or OFF inside the driver.
memo
The termination resistor inside the driver is enabled when the slave address 4 is set (initial value). When the slave address 4 is used, check the connection of a termination resistor.

- When a resistor (120 $\Omega$ ) is connected between the TR+ and TR- terminals of the CN4 connector


## Connecting method

1. Connect lead wires to a resistor.
2. Connect the lead wires between the TR+ and TR- terminals of CN4.


Note - Be sure to connect a resistor between the TR+ and TR- terminals. Incorrect connection may cause damage to the resistor.

- When connecting a resistor, set the "RS-485 communication termination resistor" parameter to "Disable."
memo
For a resistor, use a metal film resistor of $120 \Omega, 1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}$ or more.

Related parameter

| Register address |  | Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 990 \\ \text { (03DEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 991 \\ \text { (03DFh) } \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 <br> communication termination resistor | Selects the setting of the termination resistor for RS-485 communication built in the driver. <br> [Setting Range] <br> -1: Enable <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 1) <br> 2: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 2) <br> 3: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 3) <br> 4: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 4) <br> 5: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 5) <br> 6: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 6) <br> 7: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 7) <br> 8: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 8) <br> 9: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 9) <br> 10: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 10) <br> 11: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 11) <br> 12: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 12) <br> 13: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 13) <br> 14: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 14) <br> 15: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 15) <br> 16: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 16) <br> 17: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 17) <br> 18: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 18) <br> 19: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 19) <br> 20: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 20) <br> 21: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 21) <br> 22: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 22) <br> 23: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 23) <br> 24: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 24) <br> 25: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 25) <br> 26: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 26) <br> 27: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 27) <br> 28: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 28) <br> 29: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 29) <br> 30: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 30) <br> 31: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 31)) | 4 | - |

## Address number setting (communication ID)

Set the address number (communication ID) of RS-485 communication. There are the following two methods for how to set the address number.

- When setting using the support software.

Set the address number with "Starts the simple setting." of the support software.


- When setting using the ID-SELO to ID-SEL3 input signals.

Set the address number based on a combination of ON-OFF status of the ID-SELO to ID-SEL3 input signals. Refer to p .185 for ID-SEL input signals.

## 1-2 Communication timing

The communication time monitored by the driver and the communication timing of the master are as follows.


| Code | Name | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Tb1 | Communication <br> timeout (driver) | The driver monitors an interval between received queries. If the driver cannot <br> receive a query after the time set in the "Communication timeout (Modbus)" <br> parameter (Initial value: Disable) has elapsed, an alarm of "Communication <br> timeout" is generated. When normal messages including messages to other <br> slaves were received, an alarm of "Communication timeout" is not generated. |
| Tb2 | Transmission waiting <br> time (driver) | This is the amount of time from when the driver receives a query from the master <br> until when it starts sending a response. Set using the "Transmission waiting time <br> (Modbus)" parameter. |
| Tb3 | Broadcasting interval <br> (master) | This is the amount of time until the master sends the next query in broadcasting. <br> A time equivalent to or longer than the silent interval (C3.5) plus 5 ms is required. |
| Tb4 | Transmission waiting <br> time (master) | This is the amount of time from when the master receives the response until <br> when it sends the next query (setting in the master side). Set so that it is equal to <br> or longer than the time of the silent interval (C3.5). If the "Silent Interval <br> (Modbus)" parameter is set to "0: Automatic," set the master side according to the <br> "Estimate of transmission waiting time (master) (Tb4)" in the table below. |
| Tb5 | Query processing time <br> (driver) | This is the amount of time that the driver processes a received query. The query <br> processing time varies depending on the message structure of the received <br> query. |
| C3.5 | Silent interval | This is the amount of time to determine the end of a query or response message. <br> An interval equal to or longer than the time of the silent interval (C3.5) is required <br> when the message ends. When the "Silent interval (Modbus)" parameter of the <br> driver is set to "0: Automatic," the silent interval (C3.5) varies depending on the <br> transmission rate. For details, refer to the "Silent interval (C3.5)" shown on the <br> table below. |

memo To communicate with the driver periodically, set the "Communication timeout (Modbus)" parameter. Setting the parameter can make an alarm of "RS-485 communication timeout" generate if communication between the master and the driver is disconnected.

# When the "Silent interval (Modbus)" parameter is set to "Automatic" 

| Transmission rate (bps) | Silent interval (C3.5) | Estimate of transmission waiting time (Master) (Tb4) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9,600 | 4.0 ms or more | 5.0 ms or more |
| 19,200 or more | 2.5 ms or more | 3.0 ms or more |

Note - If the transmission waiting time (Tb4) of the master is shorter than the silent interval, the slave discards the message and a communication error occurs. When a communication error occurs, check the silent interval of the slave and set the transmission waiting time (Tb4) of the master again.

- The silent interval (C3.5) may vary depending on the product series connected. When connecting multiple product series, set the driver parameters as follows.
- "Silent interval (Modbus)" parameter: "0: Automatic"
- "Transmission waiting time (Modbus)" parameter: 1.0 ms or more
- In a system where only products having the "Silent interval (Modbus)" parameter are connected, the communication cycle can be improved if the setting of the "Silent interval (Modbus)" parameter is common to the products connected. Use in a state of setting to " 0 : Automatic" normally.


## 2 Message structure

The message format is shown below.


## 2-1 Query

The query message structure is shown below.

| Slave address | Function code | Data | Error check |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 bits | 8 bits | Nx8 bits | 16 bits |

## Slave address

Specify the slave address. (Unicast mode)
If the slave address is set to "0," the master can send a query to all slaves. (Broadcast mode)

## Function code

The function codes and message lengths supported by the driver are as follows.

| Function code | Function | Number of registers | Broadcast |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 03 h | Reading from holding registers | 1 to 125 | Not possible |
| 06 h | Writing to a holding register | 1 | Possible |
| 08 h | Diagnosis | - | Not possible |
| 10 h | Writing to multiple holding registers | 1 to 123 | Possible |
| 17 h | Read/write of multiple holding registers | Read: 1 to 125 <br> Write: 1 to 121 | Not possible |

## Data

Set data related to the function code. The data length varies depending on the function code.

## Error check

In the Modbus RTU mode, error checks are based on the CRC-16 method. The slave calculates a CRC-16 of each received message and compares the result against the error check value included in the message. If the calculated CRC-16 value matches the error check value, the slave determines that the message is normal.

## - CRC-16 calculation method

1. Calculate an exclusive-OR (XOR) value of the default value of FFFFh and slave address ( 8 bits).
2. Shift the result of step 1 to the right by 1 bit. Repeat this shift until the overflow bit becomes "1."
3. Upon obtaining " 1 " as the overflow bit, calculate an XOR of the result of step 2 and A001h.
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 until a shift is performed eight times.
5. Calculate an XOR of the result of step 4 and function code ( 8 bits).

Repeat steps 2 to 4 for all bytes.
The final result gives the result of CRC-16 calculation.

## - Calculation example of CRC-16

The table shows a calculation example when setting the slave address of the first byte to 02 h and the function code of the second byte to 07h.
The result of actual CRC-16 calculation is calculated including the data on and after the third byte.

| Description | Result | Bit shifted out |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CRC register initial value FFFFh | 1111111111111111 | - |
| Lead byte 02h | 0000000000000010 | - |
| Initial value FFFFh and XOR | 1111111111111101 | - |
| First time of right shift | 0111111111111110 | 1 |
| A001h and XOR | $\begin{aligned} & 1010000000000001 \\ & 1101111111111111 \end{aligned}$ | - |
| Second time of right shift | 0110111111111111 | 1 |
| A001h and XOR | $\begin{aligned} & 1010000000000001 \\ & 1100111111111110 \end{aligned}$ | - |
| Third time of right shift | 0110011111111111 | 0 |
| Fourth time of right shift | 0011001111111111 | 1 |
| A001h and XOR | $\begin{aligned} & 1010000000000001 \\ & 1001001111111110 \end{aligned}$ | - |
| Fifth time of right shift | 0100100111111111 | 0 |
| Sixth time of right shift | 0010010011111111 | 1 |
| A001h and XOR | $\begin{aligned} & 1010000000000001 \\ & 1000010011111110 \end{aligned}$ | - |
| Seventh time of right shift | 0100001001111111 | 0 |
| Eighth time of right shift | 0010000100111111 | 1 |
| A001h and XOR | $\begin{aligned} & 1010000000000001 \\ & 1000000100111110 \end{aligned}$ | - |
| Next byte 07h and XOR | $\begin{aligned} & 0000000000000111 \\ & 1000000100111001 \end{aligned}$ | - |
| First time of right shift | 0100000010011100 | 1 |
| A001h and XOR | $\begin{aligned} & 1010000000000001 \\ & 1110000010011101 \end{aligned}$ | - |
| Second time of right shift | 0111000001001110 | 1 |
| A001h and XOR | $\begin{aligned} & 1010000000000001 \\ & 1101000001001111 \end{aligned}$ | - |
| Third time of right shift | 0110100000100111 | 1 |
| A001h and XOR | $\begin{aligned} & 1010000000000001 \\ & 1100100000100110 \end{aligned}$ | - |
| Fourth time of right shift | 0110010000010011 | 0 |
| Fifth time of right shift | 0011001000001001 | 1 |
| A001h and XOR | $\begin{aligned} & 1010000000000001 \\ & 1001001000001000 \end{aligned}$ | - |
| Sixth time of right shift | 0100100100000100 | 0 |
| Seventh time of right shift | 0010010010000010 | 0 |
| Eighth time of right shift | 0001001001000001 | 0 |
| Result of CRC-16 | 0001001001000001 | - |

## 2-2 Response

Slave-returned responses are classified into three types: normal response, no response, and exception response. The response message structure is the same as the query message structure.

| Slave address | Function code | Data | Error check |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 bits | 8 bits | Nx8 bits | 16 bits |

- Normal response

Upon receiving a query from the master, the slave executes the requested process and returns a response corresponding to the function code.

## ■ No response

The slave may not return a response to a query sent by the master. This condition is referred to as "No response." The causes of no response are explained below.

- Transmission error

The slave discards the query if any of the transmission errors in the next table is detected. No response is returned.

| Cause of transmission <br> error | $\quad$ Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Framing error | Stop bit 0 was detected. |
| Parity error | A mismatch with the specified parity was detected. |
| Mismatched CRC | The calculated value of CRC-16 was found not matching the error check value. |
| Invalid message length | The message length exceeded 256 bytes. |

- Other than transmission error

A response may not be returned without any transmission error being detected.

| Cause | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Broadcast | If the query was broadcast, the slave executes the requested process but does not <br> return a response. |
| Mismatched slave address | When the slave address in the query is not matched the slave address of the driver. |

## Exception response

An exception response is returned if the slave cannot execute the process requested by the query. Appended to this response is an exception code indicating why the process cannot be executed. The message structure of exception response is as follows.

| Slave address | Function code | Exception code | Error check |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 bits | 8 bits | 8 bits | 16 bits |

- Function code

The function code in the exception response is a sum of the function code in the query and 80 h .

| Function code of query | Exception response |
| :---: | :---: |
| 03 h | 83 h |
| 06 h | 86 h |
| 08 h | 88 h |
| 10 h | 90 h |
| 17 h | 97 h |

- Example of exception response

| Slave address | 01h | Query | Slave address |  | 01h |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Function code | 10h |  | Funct | ode | 90h |
| Register address (upper) | 00h |  | Data | Exception code | 04h |
| Register address (lower) | 5Eh |  | Error | (lower) | 4Dh |
| Number of registers (upper) | 00h | Response | Error | (upper) | C3h |


| Data | Number of registers (lower) | 02 h |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Number of data bytes | 04 h |
|  | Value write to register address (upper) | 00 h |
|  | Value write to register address (lower) | 00 h |
|  | Value write to register address +1 (upper) | 01 h |
|  | Value write to register address +1 (lower) | F4h |
| Error check (lower) |  | 77 h |
| Error check (upper) |  | 08 h |

- Exception code

This code indicates why the process cannot be executed.

| Exception code | Communication error code | Cause | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01h | 88h | Invalid function | The process could not be executed because the function code was invalid. <br> - The function code is not supported. <br> - The sub-function code for diagnosis (08h) is other than 00h. |
| 02h | 88h | Invalid data address | The process could not be executed because the data address was invalid. <br> - The register address and the number of registers exceeded FFFFh in total. |
| 03h | 8Ch | Invalid data | The process could not be executed because the data was invalid. <br> - The number of registers is 0 . <br> - The number of bytes is other than "the number of register $\times 2$." <br> - Invalid data length |
| 04h | 89h <br> 8Ah <br> 8Ch <br> 8Dh | Slave error | The process could not be executed because an error occurred at the slave. <br> - Communication with user I/F is in progress (89h). Execute the following with the support software - Data writing (under writing to the driver) <br> - Initialization <br> - Configuration <br> - I/O test or remote operation <br> - NV memory processing in progress (8Ah) <br> - Internal processing is in progress (SYS-BSY is ON). <br> - An alarm of "EEPROM error" is present. <br> - Outside the parameter setting range $(8 \mathrm{Ch})$ The value write is outside the setting range. <br> - Command execute disable (8Dh) |

## - About slave error

When the "Slave error response mode (Modbus)" parameter is set to "0: Normal response," even if the slave error occurs, a normal response is returned. Set it when no exception response is required, as in the case of a touch screen.

## 3 Function code

This chapter explains the function codes supported by the driver.
Note that function codes other than those described here cannot be executed even if they are sent.

## 3-1 Reading from a holding register(s) (03h)

This function code is used to read a register ( 16 bits). Up to 125 successive registers ( $125 \times 16$ bits) can be read. Read the upper and lower data at the same time. If they are not read at the same time, the value may be invalid. When multiple holding registers are read, they are read in order of register addresses.

- Example of read

Read "Driver temperature" and "Motor temperature" of the slave address 1.

| Description | Register address | Value read | Corresponding decimal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Driver temperature (upper) | $248(00 \mathrm{~F} 8 \mathrm{~h})$ | 0000 h | 383 |
| Driver temperature (lower) | $249(00 \mathrm{~F} 9 \mathrm{~h})$ | 017 Fh |  |
| Motor temperature (upper) | $250(00 \mathrm{FAh})$ | 0000 h | 426 |
| Motor temperature (lower) | $251(00 \mathrm{FBh})$ | 01 AAh |  |

- Query

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | 01h | Slave address 1 |
| Function code |  | 03h | Reading from holding registers |
| Data | Register address (upper) | 00h | Register address to start reading from |
|  | Register address (lower) | F8h |  |
|  | Number of registers (upper) | 00h | Number of registers to be read from the starting register address ( 4 registers $=0004 \mathrm{~h}$ ) |
|  | Number of registers (lower) | 04h |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | C5h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | F8h |  |

- Response

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | 01h | Same as query |
| Function code |  | 03h | Same as query |
| Data | Number of data bytes | 08h | Twice the number of registers in the query |
|  | Value read from register address (upper) | 00h | Value read from register address 00F8h |
|  | Value read from register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value read from register address +1 (upper) | 01h | Value read from register address 00F9h |
|  | Value read from register address +1 (lower) | 7Fh |  |
|  | Value read from register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value read from register address 00FAh |
|  | Value read from register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value read from register address +3 (upper) | 01h | Value read from register address 00FBh |
|  | Value read from register address +3 (lower) | AAh |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | 00h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | 23h |  |

## 3-2 Writing to a holding register (06h)

This function code is used to write data to a specified register address. However, since the result combining the upper and lower may be outside the data range, write the upper and lower at the same time using the "Writing to multiple holding registers (10h)."

## Example of write

Write 80 (50h) to the command filter time constant of the slave address 2.

| Description | Register address | Value write | Corresponding decimal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Command filter time constant (lower) | $597(255 \mathrm{~h})$ | 0050 h | 80 |

- Query

| Field name | Data | Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Slave address | 02 h | Slave address 2 |  |
|  | Register address (upper) | 02 h | Register address to be written |
|  | Register address (lower) | 55 h |  |
|  | Value write (upper) | 00 h | Value written to the register address |
|  | Value write (lower) | 50 h |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | 98 h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | 6 Dh |  |

- Response

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address |  |  | 02 h |
| Same as query |  |  |  |
| Function code | Register address (upper) | 02 h | Same as query |
|  | Register address (lower) | 55 h |  |
|  | Value write (upper) | 00 h | Same as query |
|  | Value write (lower) | 50 h |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | 98 h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
|  | Error check (upper) |  |  |

## 3-3 Diagnosis (08h)

This function code is used to diagnose the communication between a master and a slave. Arbitrary data is sent and the result of returned data is used to determine whether the communication is normal. 00h (reply to query) is the only sub-function.

## Example of diagnosis

Send arbitrary data (1234h) to the slave for diagnosis.

- Query

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | 03h | Slave address 3 |
| Function code |  | 08h | Diagnosis |
| Data | Sub-function code (upper) | 00h | Return the query data |
|  | Sub-function code (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Data value (upper) | 12h | Arbitrary data (1234h) |
|  | Data value (lower) | 34h |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | ECh | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | 9Eh |  |

- Response

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | 03h | Same as query |
| Function code |  | 08h | Same as query |
| Data | Sub-function code (upper) | 00h | Same as query |
|  | Sub-function code (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Data value (upper) | 12h | Same as query |
|  | Data value (lower) | 34h |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | ECh | Same as query |
| Error check (upper) |  | 9Eh |  |

## 3-4 Writing to multiple holding registers (10h)

This function code is used to write data to multiple successive registers. Up to 123 registers can be written. Write the data to the upper and lower at the same time. If not, an invalid value may be written.
Registers are written in order of register addresses. Note that even when an exception response is returned because some data is invalid as being outside the specified range, etc., other data may have been written properly.

## Example of write

Set the following data to the "Operating velocity," "Acceleration rate," and "Deceleration rate" of direct data operation in the slave address 4.

| Description | Register address | Value write | Corresponding decimal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Direct data operation operating velocity (upper) | 94 (005Eh) | 0000h | 1,000 |
| Direct data operation operating velocity (lower) | 95 (005Fh) | 03E8h |  |
| Direct data operation acceleration rate (upper) | 96 (0060h) | 0000h | 1,000 |
| Direct data operation acceleration rate (lower) | 97 (0061h) | 03E8h |  |
| Direct data operation deceleration rate (upper) | 98 (0062h) | 0000h | 2,000 |
| Direct data operation deceleration rate (lower) | 99 (0063h) | 07D0h |  |

- Query

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | 04h | Slave address 4 |
| Function code |  | 10h | Writing to multiple holding registers |
| Data | Register address (upper) | 00h | Register address to start writing from |
|  | Register address (lower) | 5Eh |  |
|  | Number of registers (upper) | 00h | Number of registers to be written from the starting register address ( 6 registers $=0006 \mathrm{~h}$ ) |
|  | Number of registers (lower) | 06h |  |
|  | Number of data bytes | 0Ch | Twice the number of registers in the query |
|  | Value write to register address (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 005Eh |
|  | Value write to register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +1 (upper) | 03h | Value written to register address 005Fh |
|  | Value write to register address +1 (lower) | E8h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0060h |
|  | Value write to register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +3 (upper) | 03h | Value written to register address 0061h |
|  | Value write to register address +3 (lower) | E8h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +4 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0062h |
|  | Value write to register address +4 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +5 (upper) | 07h | Value written to register address 0063h |
|  | Value write to register address +5 (lower) | DOh |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | 43h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | COh |  |

- Response

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | 04h | Same as query |
| Function code |  | 10h | Same as query |
| Data | Register address (upper) | 00h | Same as query |
|  | Register address (lower) | 5Eh |  |
|  | Number of registers (upper) | 00h | Same as query |
|  | Number of registers (lower) | 06h |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | 21h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | 8Ch |  |

## 3-5 Read/write of multiple holding registers (17h)

With a single function code, reading data and writing data for multiple successive registers can be performed. Data is written first, and then data is read from the specified registers.

## Read

Data can be read from successive registers of up to 125 .
Read the upper and lower data at the same time. If they are not read at the same time, the value may be invalid. If multiple registers are read, they are read in order of register addresses.

## - Write

Data can be written to successive registers of up to 121 .
Write the data to the upper and lower at the same time. If not, an invalid value may be written. Registers are written in order of register addresses. Note that even when an exception response is returned because some data is invalid as being outside the specified range, etc., other data may have been written properly.

## Example of read/write

Prepare the read address and write address in a single query.
In this example, after writing the data to the "Operating velocity," "Acceleration rate," and "Deceleration rate" of direct data operation in the slave address 1 , read the present temperatures for the driver and the motor.

| Description | Register address | Value write | Corresponding decimal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Direct data operation operating velocity (upper) | $94(005 \mathrm{Eh})$ | 0000 h | 1,000 |
| Direct data operation operating velocity (lower) | $95(005 \mathrm{Fh})$ | 03 E 8 h |  |
| Direct data operation acceleration rate (upper) | $96(0060 \mathrm{~h})$ | 0000 h | 1,000 |
| Direct data operation acceleration rate (lower) | $97(0061 \mathrm{~h})$ | 03 E 8 h |  |
| Direct data operation deceleration rate (upper) | $98(0062 \mathrm{~h})$ | 0000 h | 2,000 |
| Direct data operation deceleration rate (lower) | $99(0063 \mathrm{~h})$ | 07 DOh |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Description | Register address | Value read | Corresponding decimal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Driver temperature (upper) | $248(00 \mathrm{~F} 8 \mathrm{~h})$ | 0000 h | 383 |
| Driver temperature (lower) | $249(00 \mathrm{F9h})$ | 017 Fh |  |
| Motor temperature (upper) | $250(00 \mathrm{FAh})$ | 0000 h | 426 |
| Motor temperature (lower) | $251(00 \mathrm{FBh})$ | 01 AAh |  |

- Query

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | 01h | Slave address 1 |
| Function code |  | 17h | Read/write of multiple holding registers |
| Data | (Read) Register address (upper) | 00h | Register address to start reading from |
|  | (Read) Register address (lower) | F8h |  |
|  | (Read) Number of registers (upper) | 00h | Number of registers to be read from the starting register address (4 registers=0004h) |
|  | (Read) Number of registers (lower) | 04h |  |
|  | (Write) Register address (upper) | 00h | Register address to start writing from |
|  | (Write) Register address (lower) | 5Eh |  |
|  | (Write) Number of registers (upper) | 00h | Number of registers to be written from the starting register address ( 6 registers $=0006 \mathrm{~h}$ ) |
|  | (Write) Number of registers (lower) | 06h |  |
|  | (Write) Number of data bytes | 0Ch | Twice the number of registers in the query |
|  | (Write) Value write to register address (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 005Eh |
|  | (Write) Value write to register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | (Write) Value write to register address +1 (upper) | 03h | Value written to register address 005Fh |
|  | (Write) Value write to register address +1 (lower) | E8h |  |
|  | (Write) Value write to register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0060h |
|  | (Write) Value write to register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | (Write) Value write to register address +3 (upper) | 03h | Value written to register address 0061h |
|  | (Write) Value write to register address +3 (lower) | E8h |  |
|  | (Write) Value write to register address +4 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0062h |
|  | (Write) Value write to register address +4 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | (Write) Value write to register address +5 (upper) | 07h | Value written to register address 0063h |
|  | (Write) Value write to register address +5 (lower) | DOh |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | C6h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | 00h |  |

- Response

| Field name | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address | 01h | Same as query |
| Function code | 17h | Same as query |
| (Read) Number of data bytes | 08h | Twice the number of (Read) registers in the query |
| (Read) Value read from register address (upper) | 00h | Value read from register address 00F8h |
| (Read) Value read from register address (lower) | 00h |  |
| (Read) Value read from register address +1 (upper) | 01h | Value read from register address 00F9h |
| Data ${ }^{\text {(Read) Value read from register address }+1 \text { (lower) }}$ | 7Fh |  |
| (Read) Value read from register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value read from register address 00FAh |
| (Read) Value read from register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
| (Read) Value read from register address +3 (upper) | 01h | Value read from register address 00FBh |
| (Read) Value read from register address +3 (lower) | AAh |  |
| Error check (lower) | 40h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) | 63h |  |

## 4 Flow of settings necessary for Modbus communication

Details of $\square$ are described in this part.

## Operating Manual

Installation and
Connection Edition

Set items necessary for communication such as the address number and the transmission rate, via RS-485 communication or using the support software.
$\Rightarrow$ 1-1 Communications specifications
Indirect reference: Store the data in addresses exclusive for sending

Selecting the setting method of a query

Direct reference: Specify the data to the register address and send. $\Rightarrow 7$ Data setting method

I/O assignments, input/output conditions, and functions useful for simplifying wirings are introduced.

Methods to change the setting units of the driver according to the system used as well as the WRAP function are introduced.

Direct data operation

Stored data operation and sequential operation

FW/RV operation

I/O homing operation

## 5 Setting of RS-485 communication

Set parameters necessary for RS-485 communication before performing communication.

## 5-1 Parameters updated when turning on the main power supply

These are parameters related to sending and receiving via RS-485 communication.

- They are out of the range of Configuration.
- They are not initialized even if "Batch data initialization" of the maintenance command is executed.
- They are initialized if "All data batch initialization" of th maintenance command is executed. If the main power supply is turned on again after "All data batch initialization" was executed, the communication setting may be changed, thereby causing communication to disable.
- They are initialized if "Reset" of the support software is executed.

| Register address |  | Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 994 \\ \text { (03E2h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 995 \\ (03 E 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Communication <br> I/F mode <br> selection | Sets the communication protocol. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1: Disable <br> 2: Modbus RTU (RS-485 communication) <br> 3: CANopen (CAN) <br> 4: CANopen (CAN) \& Modbus RTU (RS-485 communication) | 4 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 4992 \\ (1380 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4993 \\ (1381 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Slave address (Modbus) * | Sets the address number (slave address). <br> [Setting range] <br> -1 : Follow ID-SEL input (ID = ID-SEL value + 1) <br> 1 to 31: Slave addresses 1 to 31 <br> ※ Do not use 0 . | -1 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 4994 \\ (1382 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4995 \\ (1383 h) \end{gathered}$ | Baudrate (Modbus) * | Sets the transmission rate. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: 9,600 bps <br> 1: 19,200 bps <br> 2: 38,400 bps <br> 3: 57,600 bps <br> 4: 115,200 bps <br> 5: 230,400 bps | 5 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 4996 \\ (1384 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4997 \\ (1385 h) \end{gathered}$ | Byte \& word order (Modbus) * | Sets the byte order of 32-bit data. Set when the arrangement of communication data is different from the master. <br> (Setting example $\Rightarrow$ p.236) <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Even Address-High Word \& Big-Endian <br> 1: Even Address-Low Word \& Big-Endian <br> 2: Even Address-High Word \& Little-Endian <br> 3: Even Address-Low Word \& Little-Endian | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 4998 \\ (1386 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4999 \\ (1387 h) \end{gathered}$ | Communication parity (Modbus) * | Sets the communication parity. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : None <br> 1: Even parity <br> 2: Odd parity | 1 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 5000 \\ (1388 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5001 \\ (1389 h) \end{gathered}$ | Communication stop bit (Modbus) * | Sets the communication stop bit. [Setting range] <br> $0: 1$ bit <br> 1:2 bits | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 5006 \\ (138 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5007 \\ \text { (138Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Transmission waiting time (Modbus) * | Sets the transmission waiting time for RS-485 communication. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 10,000 ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) | 30 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~ms}$ |


| Register address |  | Name | Initial setting <br> Upper |  | Lower |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

* When writing is performed with the support software, the value written is immediately updated.


## Setting example of "Byte \& word order (Modbus)" parameter

When 32-bit data " 12345678 h " is stored in the register address 1000 h and 1001 h , the arrangement changes to the following according to the setting of the parameter.

| Parameter setting |  | 1000 h (even number address) |  | 1001 h (odd number address) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Lower | Upper | Lower |  |
| 0: Even Address-High Word \& Big-Endian | 12 h | 34 h | 56 h | 78 h |  |
| 1: Even Address-Low Word \& Big-Endian | 56 h | 78 h | 12 h | 34 h |  |
| 2: Even Address-High Word \& Little-Endian | 34 h | 12 h | 78 h | 56 h |  |
| 3: Even Address-Low Word \& Little-Endian | 78 h | 56 h | 34 h | 12 h |  |

memo This manual describes based on "0: Even Address-High Word \& Big-Endian."

## 5-2 Parameters updated immediately after overriding

Set the following parameters using the support software or via RS-485 communication.

| Register address |  | Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 5002 \\ (138 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5003 \\ (138 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Communication timeout (Modbus) | Sets the condition in which a communication timeout occurs in RS-485 communication. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not monitored <br> 1 to $10,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 0 | ms |
| $\begin{gathered} 5004 \\ (138 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5005 \\ (138 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Communication error detection (Modbus) | A communication error alarm is generated when the RS-485 communication error has occurred by the number of times set here. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to 10 times | 3 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 5010 \\ (1392 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5011 \\ (1393 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Slave error response mode (Modbus) | Sets the response when the slave error occurred. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Normal response <br> 1: Exception response | 1 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 5056 \\ (13 C 0 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5057 \\ (13 C 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication frame monitor target ID | Sets the monitor axis in the RS-485 communication frame monitor of the support software. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 127: Slave address 1 to 127 | 1 | - |

memo To communicate with the driver periodically, set the "Communication timeout (Modbus)" parameter. Setting the parameter can make an alarm of "RS-485 communication timeout" generate if communication between the master and the driver is disconnected.

## 6 Setting example of data in Modbus RTU mode

## 6-1 Remote I/O commands

These are commands related to remote $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$. The set value is stored in RAM.

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 114 \\ (0072 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 115 \\ (0073 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | NET selection data number | Selects the operation data number. Operation data can be sent at the same time as "Driver input command (2nd)." | R/W | -1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 57 \\ (0039 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 116 \\ (0074 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 117 \\ (0075 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Driver input command (2nd) | The same input command as "Driver input command" is automatically set. | R/W | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 58 \\ (003 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 118 \\ \text { (0076h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 119 \\ \text { (0077h) } \end{gathered}$ | NET selection data number | Selects the operation data number. Operation data can be sent at the same time as "Driver input command (automatic OFF)." | R/W | -1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 59 \\ (003 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 120 \\ (0078 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 121 \\ (0079 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Driver input command (automatic OFF) | The same input command as "Driver input command" is automatically set. If the input signal is turned ON with this command, it is automatically turned OFF after $250 \mu$. | R/W | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 60 \\ (003 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 122 \\ (007 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 123 \\ \text { (007Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | NET selection data number | Selects the operation data number. Operation data can be sent at the same time as "Driver input command." | R/W | -1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 61 \\ \text { (003Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 124 \\ (007 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 125 \\ (007 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Driver input command | Sets the input command to the driver. (Details of bits arrangement $\Rightarrow$ Next section) | R/W | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 62 \\ \text { (003Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 126 \\ \text { (007Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 127 \\ \text { (007Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Driver output status | Reads the output status of the driver. (Details of bits arrangement $\Rightarrow$ p.239) | R | - | - | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 63 \\ (003 F h) \end{array}$ |

## ■ Driver input command

These are the driver input signals that can be accessed via Modbus communication. They can also be accessed in units of one register ( 16 bits).
Values in brackets [ ] are initial values.
They can be changed using the parameter. (Parameters $\Rightarrow$ p.381, assignment of input signals $\Rightarrow$ p.151)

- Upper

| Register address | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 124 \\ (007 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | bit15 | bit14 | bit13 | bit12 | bit11 | bit10 | bit9 | bit8 |
|  | R-IN31 <br> [M7] | R-IN30 <br> [M6] | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN29 } \\ {[\text { M5] }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN28 } \\ {[M 4]} \end{gathered}$ | R-IN27 <br> [M3] | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN26 } \\ {[M 2]} \end{gathered}$ | R-IN25 <br> [M1] | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN24 } \\ {[\mathrm{MO} 0} \end{gathered}$ |
|  | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 |
|  | R-IN23 <br> [SSTART] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R-IN22 } \\ & \text { [START] } \end{aligned}$ | R-IN21 <br> [Not used] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R-IN2O } \\ & \text { [HOME] } \end{aligned}$ | R-IN19 [RV-SPD] | R-IN18 <br> [FW-SPD] | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN17 } \\ {[\text { RV-JOG-P] }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN16 } \\ \text { [FW-JOG-P] } \end{gathered}$ |

- Lower

| Register address | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 125 \\ (007 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | bit15 | bit14 | bit13 | bit12 | bit11 | bit10 | bit9 | bit8 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN15 } \\ {[\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{SEL} 7]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN14 } \\ {[\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{SEL6]}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN13 } \\ {[\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{SEL5]}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN12 } \\ {[\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{SEL} 4]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN11 } \\ {[\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{SEL} 3]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN10 } \\ {[\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{SEL2]}} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN9 } \\ {[\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{SEL} 1]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN8 } \\ {[\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{SELO} 0]} \end{gathered}$ |
|  | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 |
|  | R-IN7 <br> [ALM-RST] | R-IN6 [FREE] | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN5 } \\ {[\mathrm{STOP}]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN4 } \\ \text { [QSTOP] } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R-IN3 } \\ & \text { [CLR] } \end{aligned}$ | R-IN2 [TRQ-LMT] | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN1 } \\ {[\text { [PLOOP-MODE] }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R-INO } \\ & {[\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{ON}]} \end{aligned}$ |

memo Input " 0 " for the bit that "Not used" is set.

## Driver output status

These are the driver output signals that can be accessed via Modbus communication. They can also be accessed in units of one register (16 bits).
Values in brackets [ ] are initial values.
They can be changed using the parameter. (Parameters $\Rightarrow$ p.381, assignment of output signals $\Rightarrow$ p.154)

## - Upper

| Register address | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 126 \\ \text { (007Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | bit15 | bit14 | bit13 | bit12 | bit11 | bit10 | bit9 | bit8 |
|  | R-OUT31 [USR-OUT1] | R-OUT30 [USR-OUT0] | R-OUT29 [CONST-OFF] | R-OUT28 [CONST-OFF] | R-OUT27 [CONST-OFF] | R-OUT26 [CONST-OFF] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R-OUT25 } \\ & \text { [INFO- } \\ & \text { USRIO-G] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R-OUT24 } \\ & \text { [INFO- } \\ & \text { START-G] } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 |
|  | R-OUT23 [INFO-VOLT-L] | R-OUT22 [INFO-VOLT-H] | R-OUT21 [INFO-WATT] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R-OUT20 } \\ & \text { [INFO-TRQ] } \end{aligned}$ | R-OUT19 [INFOMTRTMP] | R-OUT18 [INFODRVTMP] | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-OUT17 } \\ \text { [INFO-MNT-G] } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT16 [INFO] |

- Lower

| Register address | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 127 \\ \text { (007Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | bit15 | bit14 | bit13 | bit12 | bit11 | bit10 | bit9 | bit8 |
|  | R-OUT15 <br> [TLC] | R-OUT14 <br> [VA] | R-OUT13 <br> [MOVE] | R-OUT12 [RDY-SD-OPE] | R-OUT11 [RDY-FWRV-OPE] | R-OUT10 [RDY-HOME-OPE] | R-OUT9 [IN-POS] | R-OUT8 [SYS-BSY] |
|  | bit7 | bit6 | bit5 | bit4 | bit3 | bit2 | bit1 | bit0 |
|  | R-OUT7 <br> [ALM-A] | R-OUT6 <br> [FREE_R] | R-OUT5 [STOP_R] | R-OUT4 <br> [ABSPEN] | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-OUT3 } \\ \text { [RDY-DD-OPE] } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-OUT2 } \\ \text { [TRQ-LMTD] } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-OUT1 } \\ \text { [PLOOP-MON] } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT0 [SON-MON] |

## 7 Data setting method

## 7-1 Overview of setting methods

There are two methods to set data via Modbus communication.
The communication specifications of Modbus allows reading/writing from/to successive addresses when multiple data pieces are handled.

| Input method | Features |
| :---: | :--- |
| Direct reference | •This is a method to read or write by specifying the register addresses of parameters or <br> commands directly. <br> $\bullet$ |
| Multiple times of queries are required to send when reading/writing from/to multiple |  |
| register addresses. (For successive register addresses, sending one query can read/write |  |
| from/to multiple register addresses.) |  |

Example) When writing to the "Direct data operation zero velocity command action," "Command filter time constant," and "MOVE minimum ON time" parameters.

## Direct reference

To write to the parameters, a query is required to send three times.

| Register address |  | Setting target | $\rightarrow$ Query 1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 544 \\ (0220 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 545 \\ (0221 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation zero velocity command action |  |
| - |  |  | $\rightarrow$ Query 2) |
| $\begin{gathered} 596 \\ (0254 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 597 \\ (0255 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Command filter time constant |  |
| - |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 3604 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 14 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3605 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 15 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | MOVE minimum ON time | $\rightarrow$ Query 3) |

## Indirect reference

1. Register the "Direct data operation zero velocity command action," "Command filter time constant," and "MOVE minimum ON time" parameters in indirect reference addresses.

| Register address |  |  | Parameter to be set |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  | Setting target <br> value * | Parameter name |
| 4864 <br> $(1300 \mathrm{~h})$ | 4865 <br> $(1301 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference address (0) | 272 <br> $(0110 \mathrm{~h})$ | Direct data operation zero velocity command <br> action |
| 4866 <br> $(1302 \mathrm{~h})$ | 4867 <br> $(1303 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference address (1) | 298 <br> $(012 \mathrm{Ah})$ | Command filter time constant |
| 4868 <br> $(1304 \mathrm{~h})$ | 4869 <br> $(1305 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference address (2) | 1802 <br> $(070 \mathrm{Ah})$ | MOVE minimum ON time |

* Set the value of NET-ID of each parameter.

2. Send a query to the indirect reference areas 0 to 2 .

| Register address |  | Setting target |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |
| 4928 | 4929 | Indirect reference area 0 |
| $(1340 \mathrm{~h})$ | $(1341 \mathrm{~h})$ | (Direct data operation zero velocity command action) |$\rightarrow$ Query *

* Sending one query can write because the register addresses are successive.
memo Refer to "Setting example" on p .253 for the setting example.

This is a method to read or write by specifying the register addresses of parameters or commands directly. Multiple times of queries are required to send when reading/writing from/to multiple register addresses. For successive register addresses, sending one query can read/write from/to multiple register addresses.

## 7-3 Indirect reference

Sending one query can read/write from/to multiple register addresses because the register addresses in the indirect reference area are successive.
However, this method requires to register the register addresses to be read or written in indirect reference addresses.
Addresses and areas of indirect reference
Indirect reference has 128 addresses and 128 areas (0 to 127).

| Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| Indirect reference address (0) | Sets parameters or commands to be read or written in indirect reference. Set the value of NET-ID of the parameters or commands to be read or written. |
| Indirect reference address (1) |  |
| - |  |
| Indirect reference address (126) |  |
| Indirect reference address (127) |  |
| Indirect reference area 0 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (0). |
| Indirect reference area 1 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (1). |
| - | - |
| - | - |
| Indirect reference area 126 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (126). |
| Indirect reference area 127 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (127). |

- Indirect reference address setting

| Register address |  | Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 1536 \\ (0600 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1537 \\ (0601 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (0) | Sets NET-ID of commands or parameters to be registered in the indirect reference addresses. <br> [Setting range] 0 to 65,535 ( 0 to FFFFh) | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1538 \\ (0602 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1539 \\ (0603 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (1) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1540 \\ \text { (0604h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1541 \\ (0605 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (2) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1542 \\ (0606 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1543 \\ (0607 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (3) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1544 \\ (0608 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1545 \\ \text { (0609h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (4) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1546 \\ (060 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1547 \\ \text { (060Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (5) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1548 \\ (060 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1549 \\ \text { (060Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (6) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1550 \\ \text { (060Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1551 \\ \text { (060Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (7) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1552 \\ (0610 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1553 \\ (0611 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (8) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1554 \\ (0612 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1555 \\ (0613 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (9) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1556 \\ (0614 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1557 \\ (0615 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (10) |  |  |  |


| Register address |  | Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 1558 \\ (0616 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1559 \\ (0617 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (11) | Sets NET-ID of commands or parameters to be registered in the indirect reference addresses. <br> [Setting range] 0 to 65,535 (0 to FFFFh) | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 1560 \\ (0618 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1561 \\ (0619 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (12) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1562 \\ (061 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1563 \\ (061 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (13) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1564 \\ (061 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1565 \\ \text { (061Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (14) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1566 \\ \text { (061Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1567 \\ \text { (061Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (15) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1568 \\ (0620 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1569 \\ (0621 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (16) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1570 \\ (0622 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1571 \\ (0623 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (17) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1572 \\ (0624 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1573 \\ (0625 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (18) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1574 \\ (0626 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1575 \\ (0627 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (19) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1576 \\ (0628 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1577 \\ (0629 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (20) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1578 \\ \text { (062Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1579 \\ (062 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (21) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1580 \\ \text { (062Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1581 \\ \text { (062Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (22) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1582 \\ \text { (062Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1583 \\ \text { (062Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (23) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1584 \\ (0630 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1585 \\ (0631 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (24) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1586 \\ (0632 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1587 \\ (0633 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (25) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1588 \\ (0634 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1589 \\ (0635 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (26) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1590 \\ (0636 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1591 \\ (0637 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (27) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1592 \\ (0638 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1593 \\ (0639 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (28) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1594 \\ (063 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1595 \\ (063 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (29) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1596 \\ (063 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1597 \\ \text { (063Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (30) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1598 \\ \text { (063Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1599 \\ \text { (063Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (31) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1600 \\ (0640 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1601 \\ (0641 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (32) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1602 \\ (0642 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1603 \\ (0643 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (33) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1604 \\ (0644 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1605 \\ (0645 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (34) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1606 \\ (0646 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1607 \\ (0647 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (35) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1608 \\ (0648 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1609 \\ (0649 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (36) |  |  |  |


| Register address |  | Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 1610 \\ \text { (064Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1611 \\ (064 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (37) | Sets NET-ID of commands or parameters to be registered in the indirect reference addresses. <br> [Setting range] 0 to 65,535 (0 to FFFFh) | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 1612 \\ (064 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1613 \\ \text { (064Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (38) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1614 \\ \text { (064Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1615 \\ (064 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (39) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1616 \\ (0650 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1617 \\ (0651 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (40) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1618 \\ (0652 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1619 \\ (0653 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (41) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1620 \\ (0654 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1621 \\ (0655 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (42) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1622 \\ (0656 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1623 \\ (0657 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (43) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1624 \\ (0658 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1625 \\ (0659 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (44) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1626 \\ (065 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1627 \\ \text { (065Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (45) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1628 \\ (065 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1629 \\ (065 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (46) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1630 \\ \text { (065Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1631 \\ (065 F h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (47) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1632 \\ \text { (0660h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1633 \\ (0661 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (48) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1634 \\ (0662 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1635 \\ (0663 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (49) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1636 \\ (0664 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1637 \\ (0665 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (50) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1638 \\ (0666 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1639 \\ (0667 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (51) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1640 \\ (0668 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1641 \\ (0669 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (52) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1642 \\ (066 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1643 \\ (066 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (53) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1644 \\ (066 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1645 \\ \text { (066Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (54) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1646 \\ \text { (066Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1647 \\ (066 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (55) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1648 \\ (0670 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1649 \\ (0671 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (56) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1650 \\ (0672 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1651 \\ (0673 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (57) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1652 \\ (0674 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1653 \\ (0675 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (58) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1654 \\ (0676 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1655 \\ (0677 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (59) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1656 \\ (0678 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1657 \\ (0679 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (60) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1658 \\ (067 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1659 \\ (067 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (61) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1660 \\ (067 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1661 \\ (067 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (62) |  |  |  |


| Register address |  | Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 1662 \\ \text { (067Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1663 \\ \text { (067Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (63) | Sets NET-ID of commands or parameters to be registered in the indirect reference addresses. <br> [Setting range] 0 to 65,535 (0 to FFFFh) | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1664 \\ (0680 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1665 \\ (0681 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (64) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1666 \\ (0682 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1667 \\ (0683 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (65) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1668 \\ (0684 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1669 \\ (0685 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (66) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1670 \\ (0686 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1671 \\ (0687 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (67) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1672 \\ (0688 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1673 \\ (0689 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (68) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1674 \\ (068 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1675 \\ \text { (068Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (69) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1676 \\ (068 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1677 \\ (068 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (70) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1678 \\ \text { (068Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1679 \\ \text { (068Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (71) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1680 \\ (0690 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1681 \\ (0691 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (72) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1682 \\ (0692 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1683 \\ (0693 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (73) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1684 \\ \text { (0694h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1685 \\ (0695 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (74) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1686 \\ (0696 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1687 \\ (0697 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (75) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1688 \\ (0698 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1689 \\ (0699 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (76) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1690 \\ \text { (069Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1691 \\ (069 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (77) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1692 \\ (069 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1693 \\ \text { (069Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (78) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1694 \\ \text { (069Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1695 \\ \text { (069Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (79) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1696 \\ \text { (06AOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1697 \\ (06 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (80) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1698 \\ (06 A 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1699 \\ (06 A 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (81) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1700 \\ & \text { (06A4h) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1701 \\ \text { (06A5h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (82) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1702 \\ \text { (06A6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1703 \\ (06 \mathrm{~A} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (83) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1704 \\ \text { (06A8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1705 \\ (06 \mathrm{~A} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (84) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1706 \\ \text { (06AAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1707 \\ & \text { (06ABh) } \end{aligned}$ | Indirect reference address setting (85) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1708 \\ \text { (06ACh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1709 \\ \text { (06ADh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (86) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1710 \\ \text { (06AEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1711 \\ \text { (06AFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (87) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1712 \\ (06 \mathrm{BOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1713 \\ (06 \mathrm{~B} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (88) |  |  |  |


| Register address |  | Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 1714 \\ (06 \mathrm{~B} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1715 \\ \text { (06B3h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (89) | Sets NET-ID of commands or parameters to be registered in the indirect reference addresses. <br> [Setting range] 0 to 65,535 ( 0 to FFFFh) | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 1716 \\ \text { (06B4h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1717 \\ (06 B 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (90) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1718 \\ \text { (06B6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1719 \\ (06 B 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (91) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1720 \\ \text { (06B8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1721 \\ \text { (06B9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (92) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1722 \\ \text { (06BAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1723 \\ \text { (06BBh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (93) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1724 \\ (06 \mathrm{BCh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1725 \\ \text { (06BDh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (94) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1726 \\ \text { (06BEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1727 \\ & \text { (06BFh) } \end{aligned}$ | Indirect reference address setting (95) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1728 \\ (06 \mathrm{COh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1729 \\ (06 \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (96) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1730 \\ (06 C 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1731 \\ (06 \mathrm{C} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (97) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1732 \\ \text { (06C4h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1733 \\ \text { (06C5h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (98) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1734 \\ (06 \mathrm{C} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1735 \\ (06 C 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (99) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1736 \\ (06 \mathrm{C} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1737 \\ \text { (06C9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (100) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1738 \\ \text { (06CAh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1739 \\ \text { (06CBh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (101) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1740 \\ \text { (06CCh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1741 \\ (06 C D h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (102) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1742 \\ \text { (06CEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1743 \\ \text { (06CFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (103) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1744 \\ \text { (06D0h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1745 \\ \text { (06D1h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (104) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1746 \\ (06 \mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1747 \\ (06 \mathrm{D} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (105) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1748 \\ \text { (06D4h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1749 \\ \text { (06D5h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (106) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1750 \\ \text { (06D6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1751 \\ \text { (06D7h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (107) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1752 \\ \text { (06D8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1753 \\ \text { (06D9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (108) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1754 \\ \text { (06DAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1755 \\ \text { (06DBh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (109) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1756 \\ & \text { (06DCh) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1757 \\ \text { (06DDh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (110) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1758 \\ \text { (O6DEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1759 \\ \text { (06DFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (111) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1760 \\ \text { (06EOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1761 \\ (06 \mathrm{E} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (112) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1762 \\ (06 \mathrm{E} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1763 \\ (06 E 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (113) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1764 \\ (06 E 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1765 \\ \text { (06E5h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (114) |  |  |  |


| Register address |  | Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 1766 \\ \text { (06E6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1767 \\ (06 \mathrm{E} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (115) | Sets NET-ID of commands or parameters to be registered in the indirect reference addresses. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 (0 to FFFFh) | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 1768 \\ (06 \mathrm{E} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1769 \\ (06 \mathrm{E} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (116) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1770 \\ (06 E A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1771 \\ (06 \mathrm{EBh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (117) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1772 \\ (06 \mathrm{ECh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1773 \\ \text { (06EDh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (118) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1774 \\ \text { (06EEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1775 \\ \text { (06EFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (119) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1776 \\ \text { (06F0h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1777 \\ (06 \mathrm{~F} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (120) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1778 \\ (06 \mathrm{~F} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1779 \\ (06 F 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (121) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1780 \\ (06 F 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1781 \\ (06 \mathrm{~F} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (122) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1782 \\ (06 F 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1783 \\ (06 F 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (123) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1784 \\ (06 \mathrm{~F} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1785 \\ (06 \mathrm{~F} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (124) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1786 \\ (06 F A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1787 \\ (06 F B h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (125) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1788 \\ (06 \mathrm{FCh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1789 \\ \text { (06FDh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (126) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1790 \\ \text { (06FEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1791 \\ \text { (06FFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (127) |  |  |  |

- Indirect reference area

| Register address |  | Name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |
| 1792 <br> $(0700 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1793 <br> $(0701 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference area 0 |
| 1794 <br> $(0702 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1795 <br> $(0703 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference area 1 |
| 1796 <br> $(0704 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1797 <br> $(0705 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference area 2 |
| 1798 <br> $(0706 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1799 <br> $(0707 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference area 3 |
| 1800 <br> $(0708 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1801 <br> $(0709 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference area 4 |
| 1802 <br> $(070 \mathrm{Ah})$ | 1803 <br> $(070 \mathrm{Bh})$ | Indirect reference area 5 |
| 1804 <br> $(070 \mathrm{Ch})$ | 1805 <br> $(070 \mathrm{Dh})$ | Indirect reference area 6 |
| 1806 <br> $(070 \mathrm{Eh})$ | 1807 <br> $(070 \mathrm{Fh})$ | Indirect reference area 7 |
| 1808 <br> $(0710 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1809 <br> $(0711 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference area 8 |
| 1810 <br> $(0712 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1811 <br> $(0713 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference area 9 |
| 1812 <br> $(0714 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1813 <br> $(0715 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference area 10 |


| Register address |  | Name |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |
| 1814 <br> $(0716 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1815 <br> $(0717 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference area 11 |  |
| 1816 <br> $(0718 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1817 <br> $(0719 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference area 12 |  |
| 1818 <br> $(071 \mathrm{Ah})$ | 1819 <br> $(071 \mathrm{Bh})$ | Indirect reference area 13 |  |
| 1820 <br> $(071 \mathrm{Ch})$ | 1821 <br> $(071 \mathrm{Dh})$ | Indirect reference area 14 |  |
| 1822 <br> $(071 \mathrm{Eh})$ | 1823 <br> $(071 \mathrm{Fh})$ | Indirect reference area 15 |  |
| 1824 <br> $(0720 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1825 <br> $(0721 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference area 16 |  |
| 1826 <br> $(0722 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1827 <br> $(0723 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference area 17 |  |
| 1828 <br> $(0724 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1829 <br> $(0725 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference area 18 |  |
| 1830 <br> $(0726 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1831 <br> $(0727 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference area 19 |  |
| 1832 <br> $(0728 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1833 <br> $(0729 \mathrm{~h})$ | Indirect reference area 20 |  |
| 1834 <br> $(072 \mathrm{Ah})$ | 1835 <br> $(072 \mathrm{Bh})$ | Indirect reference area 21 |  |


| Register address |  | Name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1836 \\ (072 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1837 \\ \text { (072Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 22 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1838 \\ \text { (072Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1839 \\ \text { (072Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 23 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1840 \\ (0730 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1841 \\ (0731 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 24 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1842 \\ (0732 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1843 \\ (0733 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 25 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1844 \\ (0734 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1845 \\ (0735 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 26 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1846 \\ (0736 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1847 \\ (0737 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 27 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1848 \\ (0738 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1849 \\ (0739 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 28 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1850 \\ (073 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1851 \\ (073 B h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 29 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1852 \\ \text { (073Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1853 \\ \text { (073Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 30 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1854 \\ \text { (073Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1855 \\ (073 F h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 31 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1856 \\ (0740 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1857 \\ (0741 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 32 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1858 \\ (0742 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1859 \\ (0743 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 33 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1860 \\ (0744 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1861 \\ (0745 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 34 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1862 \\ (0746 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1863 \\ (0747 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 35 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1864 \\ (0748 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1865 \\ (0749 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 36 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1866 \\ (074 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1867 \\ (074 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 37 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1868 \\ (074 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1869 \\ (074 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 38 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1870 \\ \text { (074Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1871 \\ (074 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 39 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1872 \\ (0750 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1873 \\ (0751 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 40 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1874 \\ (0752 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1875 \\ (0753 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 41 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1876 \\ (0754 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1877 \\ (0755 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 42 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1878 \\ (0756 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1879 \\ (0757 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 43 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1880 \\ (0758 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1881 \\ (0759 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 44 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1882 \\ (075 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1883 \\ (075 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 45 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1884 \\ (075 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1885 \\ \text { (075Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 46 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1886 \\ \text { (075Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1887 \\ \text { (075Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 47 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1888 \\ (0760 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1889 \\ (0761 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 48 |


| Register address |  | Name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1890 \\ (0762 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1891 \\ (0763 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 49 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1892 \\ (0764 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1893 \\ (0765 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 50 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1894 \\ (0766 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1895 \\ (0767 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 51 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1896 \\ (0768 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1897 \\ (0769 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 52 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1898 \\ (076 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1899 \\ (076 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 53 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1900 \\ (076 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1901 \\ (076 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 54 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1902 \\ \text { (076Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1903 \\ \text { (076Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 55 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1904 \\ (0770 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1905 \\ (0771 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 56 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1906 \\ (0772 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1907 \\ (0773 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 57 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1908 \\ (0774 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1909 \\ (0775 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 58 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1910 \\ (0776 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1911 \\ (0777 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 59 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1912 \\ (0778 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1913 \\ (0779 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 60 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1914 \\ (077 A h) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1915 \\ \text { (077Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 61 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1916 \\ \text { (077Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1917 \\ \text { (077Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 62 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1918 \\ \text { (077Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1919 \\ (077 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 63 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1920 \\ (0780 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1921 \\ (0781 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 64 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1922 \\ (0782 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1923 \\ (0783 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 65 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1924 \\ (0784 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1925 \\ (0785 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 66 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1926 \\ (0786 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1927 \\ (0787 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 67 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1928 \\ (0788 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1929 \\ (0789 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 68 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1930 \\ (078 \mathrm{Ah}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1931 \\ (078 B h) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 69 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1932 \\ \text { (078Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1933 \\ \text { (078Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 70 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1934 \\ \text { (078Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1935 \\ (078 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 71 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1936 \\ (0790 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1937 \\ (0791 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 72 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1938 \\ (0792 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1939 \\ (0793 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 73 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1940 \\ (0794 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1941 \\ (0795 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 74 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1942 \\ (0796 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1943 \\ (0797 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 75 |


| Register address |  | Name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1944 \\ (0798 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1945 \\ (0799 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 76 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1946 \\ (079 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1947 \\ \text { (079Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 77 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1948 \\ (079 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1949 \\ \text { (079Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 78 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { (079Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1951 \\ (079 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 79 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1952 \\ (07 \mathrm{AOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1953 \\ (07 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 80 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1954 \\ (07 A 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1955 \\ (07 A 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 81 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1956 \\ (07 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1957 \\ (07 A 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 82 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1958 \\ \text { (07A6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1959 \\ (07 A 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 83 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1960 \\ (07 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1961 \\ \text { (07A9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 84 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1962 \\ \text { (07AAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1963 \\ (07 \mathrm{ABh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 85 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1964 \\ \text { (07ACh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1965 \\ \text { (07ADh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 86 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1966 \\ \text { (O7AEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1967 \\ \text { (O7AFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 87 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1968 \\ (07 \mathrm{BOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1969 \\ \text { (07B1h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 88 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1970 \\ (07 B 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1971 \\ (07 B 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 89 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1972 \\ (07 \mathrm{~B} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1973 \\ (07 B 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 90 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1974 \\ \text { (07B6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1975 \\ (07 \mathrm{~B} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 91 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1976 \\ (07 \mathrm{~B} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1977 \\ \text { (07B9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 92 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1978 \\ \text { (07BAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1979 \\ (07 \mathrm{BBh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 93 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1980 \\ (07 \mathrm{BCh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1981 \\ \text { (07BDh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 94 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1982 \\ \text { (O7BEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1983 \\ \text { (07BFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 95 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1984 \\ (07 \mathrm{COh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1985 \\ (07 C 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 96 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1986 \\ (07 C 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1987 \\ (07 C 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 97 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1988 \\ (07 C 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1989 \\ (07 C 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 98 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1990 \\ (07 C 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1991 \\ (07 C 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 99 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1992 \\ (07 C 8 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1993 \\ (07 C 9 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 100 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1994 \\ \text { (07CAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1995 \\ (07 \mathrm{CBh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 101 |


| Register address |  | Name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1996 \\ \text { (07CCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1997 \\ (07 \mathrm{CDh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 102 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1998 \\ \text { (O7CEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1999 \\ \text { (07CFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 103 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2000 \\ (07 \mathrm{DOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2001 \\ (07 \mathrm{D} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 104 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2002 \\ (07 \mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2003 \\ (07 \mathrm{D} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 105 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2004 \\ (07 \mathrm{D} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2005 \\ (07 D 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 106 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2006 \\ (07 D 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2007 \\ \text { (07D7h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 107 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2008 \\ \text { (07D8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2009 \\ \text { (07D9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 108 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2010 \\ \text { (07DAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2011 \\ \text { (07DBh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 109 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2012 \\ \text { (07DCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2013 \\ \text { (07DDh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 110 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2014 \\ \text { (O7DEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2015 \\ \text { (07DFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 111 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2016 \\ (07 \mathrm{EOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ (07 \mathrm{E} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 112 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2018 \\ (07 \mathrm{E} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2019 \\ (07 \mathrm{E} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 113 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2020 \\ (07 \mathrm{E} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2021 \\ (07 \mathrm{E} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 114 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2022 \\ (07 E 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2023 \\ (07 \mathrm{E} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 115 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2024 \\ (07 E 8 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2025 \\ (07 \mathrm{E} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 116 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2026 \\ (07 E A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2027 \\ (07 \mathrm{EBh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 117 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2028 \\ (07 \mathrm{ECh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2029 \\ (07 E D h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 118 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2030 \\ \text { (07EEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2031 \\ (07 \mathrm{EFh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 119 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2032 \\ \text { (07F0h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2033 \\ (07 \mathrm{~F} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 120 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2034 \\ (07 \mathrm{~F} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2035 \\ (07 F 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 121 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2036 \\ (07 \mathrm{~F} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2037 \\ \text { (07F5h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 122 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2038 \\ (07 \mathrm{~F} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2039 \\ \text { (07F7h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 123 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2040 \\ (07 \mathrm{~F} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2041 \\ (07 \mathrm{~F} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 124 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2042 \\ (07 \mathrm{FAh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2043 \\ (07 \mathrm{FBh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 125 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2044 \\ (07 \mathrm{FCh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2045 \\ (07 F D h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 126 |
| $\begin{gathered} 2046 \\ \text { (07FEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2047 \\ \text { (07FFh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 127 |

## Addresses and areas of indirect reference (compatible)

The function is the same as the indirect reference address and the indirect reference area. Use when replacing from our existing product.

- Indirect reference address setting (compatible)

| Register address |  | Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 4864 \\ (1300 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4865 \\ (1301 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (0) (compatible) | Sets NET-ID of commands or parameters to be registered in the indirect reference addresses. <br> [Setting range] 0 to 65,535 (0 to FFFFh) | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4866 \\ (1302 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4867 \\ (1303 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (1) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4868 \\ (1304 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4869 \\ (1305 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (2) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4870 \\ (1306 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4871 \\ (1307 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (3) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4872 \\ (1308 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4873 \\ (1309 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (4) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4874 \\ (130 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4875 \\ (130 B h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (5) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4876 \\ (130 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4877 \\ \text { (130Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (6) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4878 \\ \text { (130Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4879 \\ \text { (130Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (7) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4880 \\ (1310 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4881 \\ (1311 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (8) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4882 \\ (1312 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4883 \\ (1313 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (9) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4884 \\ (1314 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4885 \\ (1315 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (10) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4886 \\ (1316 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4887 \\ (1317 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (11) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4888 \\ (1318 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4889 \\ (1319 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (12) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4890 \\ (131 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4891 \\ (131 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (13) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4892 \\ \text { (131Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4893 \\ \text { (131Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (14) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4894 \\ \text { (131Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4895 \\ \text { (131Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (15) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4896 \\ (1320 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4897 \\ (1321 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (16) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4898 \\ (1322 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4899 \\ (1323 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (17) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4900 \\ (1324 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4901 \\ (1325 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (18) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4902 \\ (1326 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4903 \\ (1327 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (19) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4904 \\ (1328 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4905 \\ (1329 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (20) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4906 \\ (132 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4907 \\ (132 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (21) (compatible) |  |  |  |


| Register address |  | Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 4908 \\ (132 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4909 \\ (132 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (22) (compatible) | Sets NET-ID of commands or parameters to be registered in the indirect reference addresses. <br> [Setting range] 0 to 65,535 (0 to FFFFh) | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 4910 \\ \text { (132Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4911 \\ \text { (132Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (23) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4912 \\ (1330 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4913 \\ \text { (1331h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (24) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4914 \\ (1332 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4915 \\ (1333 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (25) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4916 \\ (1334 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4917 \\ (1335 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (26) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4918 \\ \text { (1336h) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4919 \\ (1337 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (27) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4920 \\ (1338 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4921 \\ (1339 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (28) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4922 \\ (133 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4923 \\ (133 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (29) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4924 \\ (133 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4925 \\ \text { (133Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (30) (compatible) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4926 \\ \text { (133Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4927 \\ \text { (133Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (31) (compatible) |  |  |  |

- Indirect reference area (compatible)

| Register address |  | Name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4928 \\ (1340 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4929 \\ (1341 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 0 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4930 \\ (1342 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4931 \\ (1343 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 1 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4932 \\ (1344 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4933 \\ (1345 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 2 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4934 \\ (1346 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4935 \\ (1347 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 3 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4936 \\ (1348 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4937 \\ (1349 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 4 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4938 \\ (134 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4939 \\ (134 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 5 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4940 \\ \text { (134Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4941 \\ (134 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 6 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4942 \\ \text { (134Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4943 \\ (134 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 7 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4944 \\ (1350 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4945 \\ (1351 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 8 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4946 \\ (1352 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4947 \\ (1353 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 9 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4948 \\ (1354 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4949 \\ (1355 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 10 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4950 \\ (1356 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4951 \\ (1357 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 11 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4952 \\ (1358 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4953 \\ (1359 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 12 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4954 \\ (135 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4955 \\ \text { (135Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 13 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4956 \\ \text { (135Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4957 \\ \text { (135Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 14 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4958 \\ (135 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4959 \\ (135 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 15 (compatible) |


| Register address |  | Name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4960 \\ (1360 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4961 \\ (1361 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 16 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4962 \\ (1362 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4963 \\ (1363 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 17 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4964 \\ (1364 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4965 \\ (1365 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 18 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4966 \\ (1366 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4967 \\ \text { (1367h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 19 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4968 \\ (1368 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4969 \\ (1369 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 20 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4970 \\ (136 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4971 \\ (136 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 21 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4972 \\ (136 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4973 \\ (136 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 22 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4974 \\ \text { (136Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4975 \\ (136 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 23 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4976 \\ (1370 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4977 \\ (1371 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 24 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4978 \\ (1372 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4979 \\ (1373 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 25 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4980 \\ (1374 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4981 \\ (1375 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 26 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4982 \\ (1376 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4983 \\ (1377 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 27 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4984 \\ (1378 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4985 \\ (1379 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 28 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4986 \\ (137 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4987 \\ (137 B h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 29 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4988 \\ (137 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4989 \\ \text { (137Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 30 (compatible) |
| $\begin{gathered} 4990 \\ \text { (137Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4991 \\ (137 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 31 (compatible) |

## - Setting example

This section explains an example when sending/receiving data to/from the slave address 1 using indirect reference.

## - STEP 1: Registration in indirect reference addresses

## Setting data

| Indirect reference address | Register address |  |  | Data to be sent | Setting value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Upper | Lower |  |  |  |
| Indirect reference address setting (0) | $\begin{gathered} 1536 \\ (0600 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1537 \\ (0601 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\leftarrow$ | Direct data operation zero velocity command action | $272 \text { (0110h) }$ <br> (Value in NET-ID of Direct data operation zero velocity command action) |
| Indirect reference address setting (1) | $\begin{gathered} 1538 \\ (0602 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1539 \\ (0603 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\leftarrow$ | Command filter time constant | $298 \text { (012Ah) }$ <br> (Value in NET-ID of Command filter time constant) |
| Indirect reference address setting (2) | $\begin{gathered} 1540 \\ (0604 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1541 \\ (0605 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\leftarrow$ | MOVE minimum ON time | $1802 \text { (070Ah) }$ <br> (Value in NET-ID MOVE minimum ON time) |

Send the following query to register the addresses of the sending data in indirect reference addresses.
Query

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | 01h | Slave address 1 |
| Function code |  | 10h | Writing to multiple holding registers |
| Data | Register address (upper) | 06h | Register address to start writing from $=$ Indirect reference address setting (0) (0600h) |
|  | Register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Number of registers (upper) | 00h | Number of registers to be written from the starting register address $=6$ registers ( 0006 h ) |
|  | Number of registers (lower) | 06h |  |
|  | Number of data bytes | 0Ch | Twice the number of registers in the query $=12$ |
|  | Value write to register address (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0600h <br> = Direct data operation zero velocity command action <br> (NET-ID: 0110h) |
|  | Value write to register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +1 (upper) | 01h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +1 (lower) | 10h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0602h <br> = Command filter time constant (NET-ID: 012Ah) |
|  | Value write to register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +3 (upper) | 01h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +3 (lower) | 2Ah |  |
|  | Value write to register address +4 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0604h = MOVE minimum ON time (NET-ID: 070Ah) |
|  | Value write to register address +4 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +5 (upper) | 07h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +5 (lower) | OAh |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | EFh | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | 53h |  |

## - STEP 2: Writing to indirect reference areas

## Setting data

| Indirect reference area | Register address |  | Data to be sent | Setting value |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Upper | Lower |  |  |
| Indirect reference area 0 | 1792 <br> $(0700 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1793 <br> $(0701 \mathrm{~h})$ | $\leftarrow$Direct data operation <br> zero velocity command action | 0 (0000h) |
| Indirect reference area 1 | 1794 <br> $(0702 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1795 <br> $(0703 \mathrm{~h})$ |  |  |
| Indirect reference area 2 | $\leftarrow$1796 <br> $(0704 \mathrm{~h})$ | 1797 <br> $(0705 \mathrm{~h})$ | Command filter time constant | 10 (000Ah) |
| MOVE minimum ON time | 1 (0001h) |  |  |  |

Send the following query to write the setting values of the sending data in indirect reference areas.
Query

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | 01h | Slave address 1 |
| Function code |  | 10h | Writing to multiple holding registers |
| Data | Register address (upper) | 07h | Register address to start writing from $=$ Indirect reference area 0 (0700h) |
|  | Register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Number of registers (upper) | 00h | Number of registers to be written from the starting register address $=6$ registers (0006h) |
|  | Number of registers (lower) | 06h |  |
|  | Number of data bytes | OCh | Twice the number of registers in the query $=12$ |
|  | Value write to register address (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0700 h <br> = Direct data operation zero velocity command action <br> $=0$ (0000h) |
|  | Value write to register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +1 (upper) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +1 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0702h <br> = Command filter time constant <br> $=10$ (000Ah) |
|  | Value write to register address+2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +3 (upper) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +3 (lower) | OAh |  |
|  | Value write to register address +4 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0704h <br> = MOVE minimum ON time <br> $=1(0001 \mathrm{~h})$ |
|  | Value write to register address +4 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +5 (upper) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +5 (lower) | 01h |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | E1h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | 27h |  |

## - STEP 3: Reading from indirect reference areas

Send the following query to read the data written to indirect reference areas.
Query

| Field name |  | Data |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Slave address | 01 h | Slave address 1 |  |
|  | Register address (upper) | 07 h | Register address to start reading from |
|  | Register address (lower) | 00 h |  |

## Response

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | 01h | Same as query |
| Function code |  | 03h | Same as query |
| Data | Number of data bytes | 0Ch | Twice the number of registers in the query $=12$ |
|  | Value read from register address (upper) | 00h | Value read from register address 0700h $=0$ (0000h) |
|  | Value read from register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value read from register address + 1 (upper) | 00h |  |
|  | Value read from register address +1 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value read from register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value read from register address 0702h $=10$ (000Ah) |
|  | Value read from register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value read from register address +3 (upper) | 00h |  |
|  | Value read from register address +3 (lower) | 0Ah |  |
|  | Value read from register address +4 (upper) | 00h | Value read from register address 0704 h $=1(0001 \mathrm{~h})$ |
|  | Value read from register address +4 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value read from register address +5 (upper) | 00h |  |
|  | Value read from register address +5 (lower) | 01h |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | CAh | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | B1h |  |

It was found that the data had been written normally using indirect reference.

## 8 Group send

Multiple slaves are made into a group and a query is sent to all slaves in the group at once.

## Group composition

A group consists of one parent slave and child slaves and only the parent slave returns a response.

## - Group address

To perform the group send, set a group address to the child slaves to be included in the group. The child slaves to which the group address has been set can receive a query sent to the parent slave.
The parent slave is not always required. A group can be composed by only child slaves. In this case, set an unused address as an address of the group.
When a query is sent from the master to the address of the group, the child slaves execute the process.


However, no response is returned. In broadcasting, all the slaves execute the process, however, the slaves that execute the process can be limited in this method.

## - Parent slave

No special setting is required on the parent slave to perform the group send. The address of the parent slave becomes the group address. When a query is sent from the master to the parent slave, the parent slave executes the requested process and returns a response. (Same as the unicast mode)

## - Child slave

Slaves to which the address of the parent slave is set become the child slaves.
When a query sent to the address of the group is received, the child slaves execute the process. However, no response is returned.
The function code that can be executed in the group send is "Writing to multiple holding registers (10h)" only.

## - Setting of Group

Set the address of the parent slave to the "Group ID" of the child slaves. Change the group in the unicast mode. For reading and writing when setting the "Group ID," execute the upper and lower parameters at the same time.

- Related command

| Register address |  | Name | Description |  | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  | Initial value | Unit |  |  |
| 48 | 49 |  |  |  |  |
| $(0030 h)$ | $(0031 \mathrm{~h})$ | Group ID | Sets an address of the group. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-1:$ No group specification (group send is not performed) <br> 1 to 31:The address (address of the parent slave) of the group | -1 | - |  |

Note

- Do not set " 0 " to the group ID.
- Change the group address in the unicast mode.
- The group setting is stored in RAM, so the initial value is returned when the main power supply of the driver is turned off.
The initial value can be changed using the "Initial group ID (Modbus)" parameter.
- Related parameter



## 9 RS-485 communication monitor

This section indicates items that can be monitored via RS-485 communication. They can also be checked using the "RS-485 communication status monitor" of the support software.

| Register address |  | Name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 172 \\ \text { (OOACh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 173 \\ \text { (00ADh) } \end{gathered}$ | Present communication error | Indicates the communication error code received last time. | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 340 \\ (0154 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 341 \\ (0155 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication reception byte counter | Indicates the number of bytes received. | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 342 \\ (0156 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 343 \\ (0157 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication transmission byte counter | Indicates the number of bytes transmitted. | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 344 \\ (0158 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 345 \\ (0159 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication normal reception frame counter (All) | Indicates the number of normal frames received. | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 346 \\ (015 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 347 \\ \text { (015Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication normal reception frame counter (Only own address) | Indicates the number of normal frames received to own address. | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 348 \\ (015 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 349 \\ \text { (015Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication abnormal reception frame counter (All) | Indicates the number of abnormal frames received. | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 350 \\ \text { (015Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 351 \\ \text { (015Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication transmission frame counter | Indicates the number of frames transmitted. | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 352 \\ (0160 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 353 \\ (0161 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication register write error counter | Indicates the number of times the register write error occurred. | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 354 \\ (0162 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 355 \\ (0163 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication valid frame/second | Indicates the number of valid frames per second. | - | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 356 \\ (0164 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 357 \\ (0165 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication processing time | Indicates the communication processing time for RS-485 communication. | - | ms |
| $\begin{gathered} 358 \\ (0166 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 359 \\ (0167 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication maximum processing time | Indicates the maximum communication processing time after turning on the power. | - | ms |
| $\begin{gathered} 360 \\ (0168 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 361 \\ (0169 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication interval | Indicates the communication interval for RS-485 communication. | - | ms |
| $\begin{gathered} 362 \\ (016 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 363 \\ (016 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication maximum interval | Indicates the maximum communication interval for RS-485 communication. | - | ms |

## 10 Timing chart

## 10-1 Communication start



* C3.5 (silent interval) + Longer one from among Tb5 (query processing time (driver)) and Tb2 (transmission waiting time (driver side))


## 10-2 Operation start


*1 A message including a query to start operation via RS-485 communication
*2 C3.5 (silent interval) + Longer one from among Tb5 (query processing time (driver)) and Tb2 (transmission waiting time (driver side))
*3 C3.5 (silent interval) + Tb5 (query processing time (driver)) +2 ms or less
10-3 Operation stop, velocity change

*1 A message including a query to stop operation and another to change the velocity via RS-485 communication
*2 C3.5 (silent interval) + Longer one from among Tb5 (query processing time (driver)) and Tb2 (transmission waiting time (driver side))
*3 C3.5 (silent interval) + Tb5 (query processing time (driver)) +2 ms or less

## 10-4 General signal


*1 A message including a query for remote output via RS-485 communication
*2 C3.5 (silent interval) + Longer one from among Tb5 (query processing time (driver)) and Tb2 (transmission waiting time (driver side))
*3 C3.5 (silent interval) + Tb5 (query processing time (driver)) +2 ms or less

## 10-5 Configuration



## 11 Detection of communication errors

This is a function to detect abnormalities that may occur in RS-485 communication, including two types: communication errors and alarms.

## 11-1 Communication errors

If the communication error with error code 84h occurs, the COMM LED on the driver is lit in red. For communication errors other than 84h, the LED will not be lit or blink.
The communication error can be checked using the "Communication error history" command via RS-485 communication or using the support software.

## Note

The communication error history is cleared when the main power supply of the driver is turned off because it is stored in RAM.

Communication error list

| Type of communication error | Error code | Cause |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| RS-485 communication error | 84 h | A transmission error was detected. <br> (Reference $\Rightarrow$ p.226) |
| Command not yet defined | 88 h | An exception response (exception code 01h, 02h) was detected. <br> (Reference $\Rightarrow$ p.226) |
| Execution disable due to user <br> I/F communication in progress | 89 h | 8 Ah |
| An exception response (exception code 04h) was detected. <br> (Reference $\Rightarrow$ p.226) |  |  |
| Execution disable due to <br> non-volatile memory | 8 Ch | An exception response (exception code 03h, 04h) was detected. <br> (Reference $\Rightarrow$ p.226) |
| Outside setting range | 8Dh | An exception response (exception code 04h) was detected. <br> (Reference $\Rightarrow$ p.226) |
| Command execute disable |  |  |

11-2 Alarms related to RS-485 communication

If an alarm related to RS-485 communication is generated, the ALM-A output is turned ON and the ALM-B output is turned OFF to stop the motor.
The PWR/SYS LED on the driver will blink in red.

## Alarm list related to RS-485 communication

| Alarm code | Alarm type | Cause |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 81 h | Network bus error | When the "Communication power supply lost action" parameter <br> is set to "Immediate stop with alarm," "Deceleration stop with <br> alarm," "Follow QSTOP setting with alarm", or "Follow STOP setting <br> with alarm," OFF (OFF edge) of the power supply for <br> communication was detected. |
| 84 h | RS-485 communication error | The RS-485 communication error occurred consecutively by the <br> number of times set in the "Communication error detection <br> (Modbus)" parameter. |
| 85 h | RS-485 communication timeout | The time set in the "Communication timeout (Modbus)" <br> parameter has elapsed, and yet the communication could not be <br> established with the host controller. |

## 11-3 Information related to RS-485 communication

If information related to RS-485 communication is generated, the motor will continue operating and the PWR/SYS LED on the driver will blink in blue.

## RS-485 communication error information

If the RS-485 communication error occurs consecutively more than the number of times set in the "RS-485 communication error information (INFO-485-ERR)" parameter, information will be generated.
When the communication is performed properly, the number of times that has counted is reset.

## ■ RS-485 communication processing time information

If the RS-485 communication processing time exceeds the time set in the "RS-485 communication processing time information (INFO-485-PRCST)" parameter, information will be generated.

■ RS-485 communication interval information
If the RS-485 communication interval exceeds the time set in the "RS-485 communication interval information (INFO-$485-$ INTVL)" parameter, information will be generated..


## 12 Modbus RTU ID share mode

## 12-1 Overview of Modbus RTU ID share mode

Sharing the communication ID (Share Control Global ID) with multiple slaves, the master can send a query to multiple slaves at once. The slave executes the process and returns a response sequentially.
Synchronization between slaves is better than the unicast mode since a query can be sent to multiple slaves at the same time. The ID share mode is our unique transmission method.


## Example of operation

This section describes operation that a query is sent to two slaves using the ID share mode. To use the ID share mode, setting a share group is required first.
A share group is a group of slaves that operates in the ID share mode.
A share group is set by setting Share Control Global ID, Share Control Number, and Share Control Local ID.
The settings of two slaves are as follows.

| Command | Slave address 5 | Slave address 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Share Control Global ID | $15(0 \mathrm{Fh})$ | $15(0 \mathrm{Fh})$ |
| Share Control Number | $2(02 \mathrm{~h})$ | $2(02 \mathrm{~h})$ |
| Share Control Local ID | $1(01 \mathrm{~h})$ | $2(02 \mathrm{~h})$ |

The address when a query is sent to the share group is the value of Share Control Global ID. In this case, Share Control Number is set to 2 in order to set two slaves to the share group.
The master can send a query to the slave address 5 (Share Control Local ID=1) and the slave address 7 (Share Control Local ID=2) at once by sending a query to the share group address (Share Control Global ID=15).
The master can also send a query to the slave address 5 and the slave address 7 separately.


The motor operation when the master sent a command of continuous operation is as follows.

The master sends a query to the share group address (slave address 15), and the slave addresses 5 and 7 start continuous operation. Responses are sent in order, starting with Share Control Local ID=1.
A query can be sent for each slave address. Therefore, the operation profile can be changed for each slave address.

memo Even if a share group is set, communication can be performed in the unicast mode or the broadcast mode.

## 12-2 Function code

| Function code | Function |  | Number of registers |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Each axis | Total for all axes |  |
| 03h | Reading from holding registers | 1 to 24 | 1 to $125^{*}$ | Possible |
| 06 h | Writing to a holding register | - | - | Not possible |
| 08h | Diagnosis | - | - | Not possible |
| 10 h | Writing to multiple holding registers | 1 to 24 | 1 to 123 | Possible |
| 17 h | Read/write of multiple holding <br> registers | Read: 1 to 24 <br> Write: 1 to 24 | Read: 1 to $125^{*}$ <br> Write: 1 to 121 | Possible |

[^18]
## 12-3 Guidance

If you are new to this product, read this section to understand the flow to read the data in the ID share mode.
This example shows how to execute read of the present alarm, driver temperature, and motor temperature for two drivers using the host controller.

| STEP 1 | Check of installation and connection |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\downarrow$  <br> STEP 2 Check of power-on state and <br> communication parameters |  |$>=$| $\downarrow$ |
| :--- |


| STEP 3 | Setting of termination resistor |
| :--- | :--- |

 Set to drivers 1) and 2) in the unicast mode.



- Driver status
- Number of drivers connected: 2 units
- Address number:1, 2
- Transmission rate: 230,400 bps
- Termination resistor: Set the communication ID=2 only

Before operating the motor, check the condition of the surrounding area to ensure safety.

The status of driver 1 ) and driver 2 ) is as follows.

| Description | Driver 1) |  | Driver 2) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value read | Corresponding decimal | Value read | Corresponding decimal |
| Present alarm (upper) | 0000h | 0 | 0000h | 48 |
| Present alarm (lower) | 0000h |  | 0030h |  |
| Driver temperature (upper) | 0000h | 383 | 0000h | 450 |
| Driver temperature (lower) | 017Fh |  | 01C2h |  |
| Motor temperature (upper) | 0000h | 426 | 0000h | 538 |
| Motor temperature (lower) | 01AAh |  | 021Ah |  |

memo
STEP 4 and STEP 5 can also be set using the support software.

## STEP 1 Check of installation and connection

Connection example


## STEP 2 Check of power-on state and communication parameters

After turning on the main power supply of the driver, check the communication parameters listed below are the same values as the host controller using the support software.
If the values are different, change the communication parameters of the driver.

| Name | Setting |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Driver 1) | Driver 2) |
| Slave address (Modbus) | 230,400 bps | ID=2 |
| Baudrate (Modbus) | Even number | 230,400 bps |
| Byte \& word order (Modbus) | 1 bit | Even number |
| Communication parity <br> (Modbus) | 30 (3.0ms) | 1 bit |
| Communication stop bit <br> (Modbus) | 0 (Automatic) | 30 (3.0ms) |
| Transmission waiting time <br> (Modbus) |  | 0 (Automatic) |
| Silent interval (Modbus) |  |  |

## STEP 3 Setting of termination resistor

Set the "RS-485 communication termination resistor" parameter to "Enable" with the support software.


## STEP 4 Initial setting of ID share mode

Send the following query to perform the initial setting of the ID share mode for drivers 1) and 2). (Unicast mode)

1. Set Share Control Global ID, Share Control Number, and Share Control Local ID to driver 1) with the following query.

| Communication data (HEX) | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\underline{01} \underline{10} \underline{0980} \underline{00060 C} 0000000 \mathrm{O} 00000002 \underline{0000000144 \mathrm{D} 5}$ | Share Control Global ID=15 (0Fh) <br> Share Control Number=2 (02h) <br> Share Control Local ID=1 (01h) |

2. Set Share Control Global ID, Share Control Number, and Share Control Local ID to driver 2) with the following query.

| Communication data (HEX) | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\underline{02} \underline{10} \underline{0980} \underline{00} 06 \underline{0 C} \underline{0000000 F} \underline{00000002} \underline{00000002} \underline{4090}$ | Share Control Global ID=15 (0Fh) <br> Share Control Number $=2(02 \mathrm{~h})$ <br> Share Control Local ID=2 (02h) |

memo The initial setting of ID share mode can also be set using the support software.

## STEP 5 Setting to read present alarm, driver temperature, and motor temperature

Send the following query to set NET-ID of the data to be read in the ID share mode to drivers 1 ) and 2 ). (Unicast mode)

1. Set NET-ID of the present alarm, driver temperature, and motor temperature to the Share Read data 0 to 2 of driver 1) with the following query.

| Communication data (HEX) | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{01} \underline{10} \underline{0990} \underline{00060 C} \underline{00000040} \underline{0000007 C O 00000 ~ 7 D ~} 10$ C1 | Share Read data $0=64$ <br> (40h): Present alarm |
|  | Share Read data $1=124$ (7Ch): Driver temperature |
|  | Share Read data 2=125 <br> (7Dh): Motor temperature |

2. Set NET-ID of the present alarm, driver temperature, and motor temperature to the Share Read data 0 to 2 of driver 2) with the following query.

| Communication data (HEX) | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{02} \underline{10} \underline{0990} \underline{0006} \underline{0 C} \underline{00} 000040 \underline{0000007 C} \underline{00} 0000$ 7D 5485 | Share Read data $0=64$ (40h): Present alarm |
|  | Share Read data $1=124$ (7Ch): Driver temperature |
|  | Share Read data 2=125 (7Dh): Motor temperature |

memo In this guidance, the same data is set to the Share Read data 0 to 2 of drivers 1 ) and 2), but different data can be set to each driver.
Data can also be set using the support software.

## STEP 7 Check of read result

Check the read result.


| Number | Communication data <br> (HEX) | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $(1)$ | $0 F$ | Address number=15 |
| $(2)$ | 03 | Read function code=03h |
| $(3)$ | $1 C$ | Twice the number of registers in the query |
| (4) | 00000000 | Value read from driver 1) Share Read data 0 (Present alarm) |
| (5) | 0000017 F | Value read from driver 1) Share Read data 1 (Driver temperature) |
| (6) | 000001 AA | Value read from driver 1) Share Read data 2 (Motor temperature) |
| (7) | B6 10 | Error check for between slaves (indefinite value) |
| (8) | 00000030 | Value read from driver 2) Share Read data 0 (Present alarm) |
| (9) | 000001 C 2 | Value read from driver 2) Share Read data 1 (Driver temperature) |
| (10) | 0000021 A | Value read from driver 2) Share Read data 2 (Motor temperature) |
| (11) | AC AA | Error check for between slaves (indefinite value) |
| (12) | 00 | Error check (lower) |
| (13) | 00 | Error check (upper) |

## STEP 8 Did the system communicate properly?

If the communication could not performed properly, check the following points.

- Are the main power supply, the power supply for communication, and the RS-485 communication cable connected securely?
- Are the slave addresses, the transmission rate, and the termination resistor set correctly?
- Is the COMM LED lit in red? (A communication error occurs)


## 12-4 Flow of setting of ID share mode

This section describes the setting flow when the ID share mode is used.
To use the ID share mode, setting a share group is required first.
This is an operation example when a share group is set as follows.


| Command/parameter | Slave address 1 | Slave address 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slave address (Modbus) | ID=1 | ID=2 |
| Share Control Global ID | $15(0$ Fh) | $15(0 \mathrm{Fh})$ |
| Share Control Number | $2(02 \mathrm{~h})$ | $2(02 \mathrm{~h})$ |
| Share Control Local ID | $1(01 \mathrm{~h})$ | $2(02 \mathrm{~h})$ |
| Share Read data 0 | Present alarm | Present alarm |
| Share Read data 1 | Driver temperature | Driver temperature |
| Share Read data 2 | Motor temperature | Motor temperature |
| Share Write data 0 | Direct data operation operating velocity | Direct data operation operating velocity |
| Share Write data 1 | Direct data operation acceleration rate | Direct data operation acceleration rate |
| Share Write data 2 | Direct data operation deceleration rate | Direct data operation deceleration rate |

## STEP 1: Initial setting of ID share mode

First, perform the initial setting of the ID share mode.
In the initial setting of the ID share mode, set a share group.
Set Share Control Global ID, Share Control Number, and Share Control Local ID for each slave address.

## STEP 2: Setting of data to be read and written

Next, set the data to be read or that to be written.
For the data to be read, set NET-ID to the Modbus register address of Share Read data.
For the data to be written, set NET-ID to the Modbus register address of Share Write data.

## STEP 3: Read/write in ID share mode

Use the ID share mode to read/write from/to each slave.

## 12-5 Initial setting of ID share mode

Before using the ID share mode, create a group of slaves that operates in the ID share mode.
A group that operates in the ID share mode is called a share group.
To set a share group, set Share Control Global ID, Share Control Number, and Share Control Local ID for each slave address.

## - Setting example of share group

Set the following data to "Share Control Global ID," "Share Control Number," and "Share Control Local ID" of the slave address 1.
To set a share group, use the function code of writing to multiple holding registers (10h).
Also, to set a share group, send a query in the unicast mode.
This example explains using the slave address 1 only. Set to the slave address 2 in the same way.

| Description | Register address | Slave address 1 |  | Slave address 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Value write | Corresponding decimal | Value write | Corresponding decimal |
| Share Control Global ID (upper) | 2432 (0980h) | 0000h | 15 | 0000h | 15 |
| Share Control Global ID (lower) | 2433 (0981h) | 000Fh |  | 000Fh |  |
| Share Control Number (upper) | 2434 (0982h) | 0000h | 2 | 0000h | 2 |
| Share Control Number (lower) | 2435 (0983h) | 0002h |  | 0002h |  |
| Share Control Local ID (upper) | 2436 (0984h) | 0000h | 1 | 0000h | 2 |
| Share Control Local ID (lower) | 2437 (0985h) | 0001h |  | 0002h |  |

## Query (unicast mode)

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | 01h | Slave address 1 |
| Function code |  | 10h | Writing to multiple holding registers |
| Data | Register address (upper) | 09h | Register address to start writing from |
|  | Register address (lower) | 80h |  |
|  | Number of registers (upper) | 00h | Number of registers to be written from the starting register address ( 6 registers=0006h) |
|  | Number of registers (lower) | 06h |  |
|  | Number of data bytes | OCh | Twice the number of registers in the query |
|  | Value write to register address (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0980h |
|  | Value write to register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +1 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0981h |
|  | Value write to register address +1 (lower) | OFh |  |
|  | Value write to register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0982h |
|  | Value write to register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +3 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0983h |
|  | Value write to register address +3 (lower) | 02h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +4 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0984h |
|  | Value write to register address +4 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +5 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0985h |
|  | Value write to register address +5 (lower) | 01h |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | 44h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | D5h |  |

## Response (unicast mode)

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | 01h | Same as query |
| Function code |  | 10h | Same as query |
| Data | Register address (upper) | 09h | Same as query |
|  | Register address (lower) | 80h |  |
|  | Number of registers (upper) | 00h | Same as query |
|  | Number of registers (lower) | 06h |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | 42h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | 7Fh |  |

Send a query to set a share group for the slave address 2 in the same way.

## 12-6 Setting of data to be read or written

Next, set the data to be read or that to be written.
For the data to be read, set NET-ID to the Modbus register address of Share Read data.
For the data to be written, set NET-ID to the Modbus register address of Share Write data.

## Setting example of data to be read

For the slave address 1, set "Present alarm" in the "Share Read data 0," "Driver temperature" in the "Share Read data 1," and "Motor temperature" in the "Share Read data 2."
To set Share Read data, use the function code of writing to multiple holding registers (10h).
Send a query in the unicast mode for these settings.
A value written to the register address of Share Read data is NET-ID.
Refer to p. 285 for NET-ID that can be set to Share Read data.
In this example, the same NET-ID is set to the Share Read data 0 to 2 of the slave addresses 1 and 2, but different NET-ID can also be set to the slave address 1 and the slave address 2 , respectively.
This example explains using slave address 1 only. Set to the slave address 2 in the same way.

| Description | Register address | Setting item to be read | Slave address 1 |  | Slave address 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | NET-ID <br> Value write | Corresponding decimal | NET-ID <br> Value write | Corresponding decimal |
| Share Read data 0 (upper) | $\begin{gathered} 2448 \\ (0990 h) \end{gathered}$ | Present alarm | 0000h | 64 | 0000h | 64 |
| Share Read data 0 (lower) | $\begin{gathered} 2449 \\ (0991 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |  | 0040h |  | 0040h |  |
| Share Read data 1 (upper) | $\begin{gathered} 2450 \\ (0992 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Driver temperature | 0000h | 124 | 0000h | 124 |
| Share Read data 1 (lower) | $\begin{gathered} 2451 \\ (0993 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |  | 007Ch |  | 007Ch |  |
| Share Read data 2 (upper) | $\begin{gathered} 2452 \\ (0994 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Motor temperature | 0000h | 125 | 0000h | 125 |
| Share Read data 2 (lower) | $\begin{gathered} 2453 \\ (0995 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |  | 007Dh |  | 007Dh |  |

## Query (unicast mode)

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | 01h | Slave address 1 |
| Function code |  | 10h | Writing to multiple holding registers |
| Data | Register address (upper) | 09h | Register address to start writing from |
|  | Register address (lower) | 90h |  |
|  | Number of registers (upper) | 00h | Number of registers to be written from the starting register address ( 6 registers=0006h) |
|  | Number of registers (lower) | 06h |  |
|  | Number of data bytes | OCh | Twice the number of registers in the query |
|  | Value write to register address (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0990h |
|  | Value write to register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +1 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0991h |
|  | Value write to register address +1 (lower) | 40h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0992h |
|  | Value write to register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +3 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0993h |
|  | Value write to register address +3 (lower) | 7Ch |  |
|  | Value write to register address +4 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0994h |
|  | Value write to register address +4 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +5 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 0995h |
|  | Value write to register address +5 (lower) | 7Dh |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | 10h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | C1h |  |

Response (unicast mode)

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | 01h | Same as query |
| Function code |  | 10h | Same as query |
| Data | Register address (upper) | 09h | Same as query |
|  | Register address (lower) | 90h |  |
|  | Number of registers (upper) | 00h | Same as query |
|  | Number of registers (lower) | 06h |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | 43h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | BAh |  |

[^19]
## - Setting example of data to be written

For the slave address 1 , set "Direct data operation operating velocity" in the "Share Write data 0," "Direct data operation acceleration rate" in the "Share Write data 1," and "Direct data operation deceleration rate" in the "Share Write data 2."
To set Share Write data, use the function code of writing to multiple holding registers (10h).
Send a query in the unicast mode for these settings.
A value written to the register address of Share Write data is NET-ID.
Refer to p. 285 for NET-ID that can be set to Share Write data.
In this example, the same NET-ID is set to the Share Write data 0 to 2 of the slave addresses 1 and 2, but different NET-ID can also be set to the slave address 1 and the slave address 2 , respectively.
This example explains using slave address 1 only. Set to the slave address 2 in the same way.

| Description | Register address | Setting item to be written | Slave address 1 |  | Slave address 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | NET-ID <br> Value write | Corresponding decimal | NET-ID <br> Value write | Corresponding decimal |
| Share Write data 0 (upper) | $\begin{gathered} 2472 \\ (09 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation operating velocity | 0000h | 47 | 0000h | 47 |
| Share Write data 0 (lower) | $\begin{gathered} 2473 \\ \text { (09A9h) } \end{gathered}$ |  | 002Fh |  | 002Fh |  |
| Share Write data 1 (upper) | $\begin{gathered} 2474 \\ \text { (09AAh) } \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation acceleration rate | 0000h | 48 | 0000h | 48 |
| Share Write data 1 (lower) | $\begin{gathered} 2475 \\ (09 \mathrm{ABh}) \end{gathered}$ |  | 0030h |  | 0030h |  |
| Share Write data 2 (upper) | $\begin{gathered} 2476 \\ (09 \mathrm{ACh}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation deceleration rate | 0000h | 49 | 0000h | 49 |
| Share Write data 2 (lower) | $\begin{gathered} 2477 \\ \text { (09ADh) } \end{gathered}$ |  | 0031h |  | 0031h |  |

Query (unicast mode)

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | 01h | Slave address 1 |
| Function code |  | 10h | Writing to multiple holding registers |
| Data | Register address (upper) | 09h | Register address to start writing from |
|  | Register address (lower) | A8h |  |
|  | Number of registers (upper) | 00h | Number of registers to be written from the starting register address ( 6 registers $=0006 \mathrm{~h}$ ) |
|  | Number of registers (lower) | 06h |  |
|  | Number of data bytes | OCh | Twice the number of registers in the query |
|  | Value write to register address (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 09A8h |
|  | Value write to register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +1 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 09A9h |
|  | Value write to register address +1 (lower) | 2Fh |  |
|  | Value write to register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 09AAh |
|  | Value write to register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +3 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 09ABh |
|  | Value write to register address +3 (lower) | 30h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +4 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 09ACh |
|  | Value write to register address +4 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Value write to register address +5 (upper) | 00h | Value written to register address 09ADh |
|  | Value write to register address +5 (lower) | 31h |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | FAh | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | DAh |  |

## Response (unicast mode)

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | 01h | Same as query |
| Function code |  | 10h | Same as query |
| Data | Register address (upper) | 09h | Same as query |
|  | Register address (lower) | A8h |  |
|  | Number of registers (upper) | 00h | Same as query |
|  | Number of registers (lower) | 06h |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | C2h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | 77h |  |

Send a query to set the write data for the slave address 2 in the same way.

## 12-7 Read/write in ID share mode

Use the ID share mode to read/write from/to each slave.

## Read using ID share mode

To read in the ID share mode, use the function code of reading from a holding register(s) ( 03 h ) to read a value ( 16 bits ) of Share Read data. Up to 24 successive registers ( $24 \times 16$ bits) can be read.
The relation between the ID share register address and Share Read data is shown in the table below.

| ID share register address | Corresponding Share Read data | ID share register address | Corresponding Share Read data |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 (0000h) | Share Read data 0 (upper) | 12 (000Ch) | Share Read data 6 (upper) |
| 1 (0001h) | Share Read data 0 (lower) | 13 (000Dh) | Share Read data 6 (lower) |
| 2 (0002h) | Share Read data 1 (upper) | 14 (000Eh) | Share Read data 7 (upper) |
| 3 (0003h) | Share Read data 1 (lower) | 15 (000Fh) | Share Read data 7 (lower) |
| 4 (0004h) | Share Read data 2 (upper) | 16 (0010h) | Share Read data 8 (upper) |
| 5 (0005h) | Share Read data 2 (lower) | 17 (0011h) | Share Read data 8 (lower) |
| 6 (0006h) | Share Read data 3 (upper) | 18 (0012h) | Share Read data 9 (upper) |
| 7 (0007h) | Share Read data 3 (lower) | 19 (0013h) | Share Read data 9 (lower) |
| 8 (0008h) | Share Read data 4 (upper) | 20 (0014h) | Share Read data 10 (upper) |
| 9 (0009h) | Share Read data 4 (lower) | 21 (0015h) | Share Read data 10 (lower) |
| 10 (000Ah) | Share Read data 5 (upper) | 22 (0016h) | Share Read data 11 (upper) |
| 11 (000Bh) | Share Read data 5 (lower) | 23 (0017h) | Share Read data 11 (lower) |

Read the upper and lower data at the same time. If they are not read at the same time, the value may be invalid.
When multiple holding registers are read, they are read in order of ID share register addresses.

## - Example of read

Read "Present alarm," "Driver temperature" and "Motor temperature" of the slave address 1.
Read "Present alarm," "Driver temperature" and "Motor temperature" of the slave address 2.

| Description | ID share register address | Slave address 1 |  | Slave address 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Value read | Corresponding decimal | Value read | Corresponding decimal |
| Present alarm (upper) | 0 (0000h): <br> Share Read data 0 (upper) | 0000h | 0 | 0000h | 48 |
| Present alarm (lower) | 1 (0001h): <br> Share Read data 0 (lower) | 0000h |  | 0030h |  |
| Driver temperature (upper) | 2 (0002h): <br> Share Read data 1 (upper) | 0000h | 383 | 0000h | 450 |
| Driver temperature (lower) | 3 (0003h): <br> Share Read data 1 (lower) | 017Fh |  | 01C2h |  |
| Motor temperature (upper) | 4 (0004h): <br> Share Read data 2 (upper) | 0000h | 426 | 0000h | 538 |
| Motor temperature (lower) | 5 (0005h): <br> Share Read data 2 (lower) | 01AAh |  | 021Ah |  |

Query (ID share mode)

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | OFh | Slave address 15 |
| Function code |  | 03h | Reading from holding registers |
| Data | ID share register address (upper) | 00h | ID share register address to start reading from (Share Read data 0 (upper)) |
|  | ID share register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Number of registers (upper) | 00h | Number of registers to be read from the starting ID share register address ( 14 registers $=000 \mathrm{Eh}$ ) * |
|  | Number of registers (lower) | OEh |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | C5h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | 20h |  |

* Number of registers $=($ number of ID share register addresses to be read +1$) \times$ Share Control Number

Set so that the number of registers to be read should be $26 \times$ Share Control Number or less.

## Response (ID share mode)

| Field name |  |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  |  | OFh | Same as query |
| Function code |  |  | 03h | Same as query |
| Number of data bytes |  |  | 1Ch | Twice the number of registers in the query |
| Data | Share <br> Control <br> Local <br> ID 1 | Value read from ID share register address (upper) | 00h | Value read from Share Read data 0 (upper) |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +1 (upper) | 00h | Value read from Share Read data 0 (lower) |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +1 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value read from Share Read data 1 (upper) |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +3 (upper) | 01h | Value read from Share Read data 1 (lower) |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +3 (lower) | 7Fh |  |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +4 (upper) | 00h | Value read from Share Read data 2 (upper) |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +4 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +5 (upper) | 01h | Value read from Share Read data 2 |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +5 (lower) | AAh | (lower) |
|  |  | Error check for between slaves (lower) | B6h | The error check value for between |
|  |  | Error check for between slaves (upper) | 10h | slaves is indefinite. |
|  | Share <br> Control <br> Local <br> ID 2 | Value read from ID share register address (upper) | 00h | Value read from Share Read data 0 (upper) |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +1 (upper) | 00h | Value read from Share Read data 0 (lower) |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +1 (lower) | 30h |  |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value read from Share Read data 1 (upper) |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +3 (upper) | 01h | Value read from Share Read data 1 (lower) |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +3 (lower) | C2h |  |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +4 (upper) | 00h | Value read from Share Read data 2 (upper) |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +4 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +5 (upper) | 02h | Value read from Share Read data 2 (lower) |
|  |  | Value read from ID share register address +5 (lower) | 1Ah |  |
|  |  | Error check for between slaves (lower) | ACh | The error check value for between slaves is indefinite. |
|  |  | Error check for between slaves (upper) | AAh |  |
| Error check (lower) |  |  | 00h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  |  | 00h |  |

## Write using ID share mode

To write in the ID share mode, use the function code of writing to multiple holding registers (10h) to write a value (16 bits) of Share Write data. Up to 24 registers can be written.
The relation between the ID share register address and Share Write data is shown in the table below.

| ID share register address | Corresponding Share Write data | ID share register address | Corresponding Share Write data |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 (0000h) | Share Write data 0 (upper) | 12 (000Ch) | Share Write data 6 (upper) |
| 1 (0001h) | Share Write data 0 (lower) | 13 (000Dh) | Share Write data 6 (lower) |
| 2 (0002h) | Share Write data 1 (upper) | 14 (000Eh) | Share Write data 7 (upper) |
| 3 (0003h) | Share Write data 1 (lower) | 15 (000Fh) | Share Write data 7 (lower) |
| 4 (0004h) | Share Write data 2 (upper) | 16 (0010h) | Share Write data 8 (upper) |
| 5 (0005h) | Share Write data 2 (lower) | 17 (0011h) | Share Write data 8 (lower) |
| 6 (0006h) | Share Write data 3 (upper) | 18 (0012h) | Share Write data 9 (upper) |
| 7 (0007h) | Share Write data 3 (lower) | 19 (0013h) | Share Write data 9 (lower) |
| 8 (0008h) | Share Write data 4 (upper) | 20 (0014h) | Share Write data 10 (upper) |
| 9 (0009h) | Share Write data 4 (lower) | 21 (0015h) | Share Write data 10 (lower) |
| 10 (000Ah) | Share Write data 5 (upper) | 22 (0016h) | Share Write data 11 (upper) |
| 11 (000Bh) | Share Write data 5 (lower) | 23 (0017h) | Share Write data 11 (lower) |

Write the data to the upper and lower at the same time. If not, an invalid value may be written. Data is written in order of ID share register addresses. Note that even when an exception response is returned because some data is invalid as being outside the specified range, etc., other data may have been written properly.

- Example of write

Write the following data to "Direct data operation operating velocity," "Direct data operation acceleration rate," and "Direct data operation deceleration rate" of the slave addresses 1 and 2.

| Description | ID share register address | Slave address 1 |  | Slave address 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Value write | Corresponding decimal | Value write | Corresponding decimal |
| Direct data operation operating velocity (upper) | 0 (0000h): <br> Share Write data 0 (upper) | 0000h | 1,000 | 0000h | 2,000 |
| Direct data operation operating velocity (lower) | $1 \text { (0001h): }$ <br> Share Write data 0 (lower) | 03E8h |  | 07D0h |  |
| Direct data operation acceleration rate (upper) | 2 (0002h): <br> Share Write data 1 (upper) | 0000h | 1,000 | 0000h | 2,000 |
| Direct data operation acceleration rate (lower) | $3 \text { (0003h): }$ <br> Share Write data 1 (lower) | 03E8h |  | 07D0h |  |
| Direct data operation deceleration rate (upper) | 4 (0004h): <br> Share Write data 2 (upper) | 0000h | 2,000 | 0000h | 5,000 |
| Direct data operation deceleration rate (lower) | 5 (0005h): <br> Share Write data 2 (lower) | 07D0h |  | 1388h |  |

## Query (ID share mode)

| Field name |  |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  |  | OFh | Slave address 15 |
| Function code |  |  | 10h | Writing to multiple holding registers |
| ID share register address (upper) |  |  | 00h | ID share register address to start |
| ID share register address (lower) |  |  | 00h | (upper)) |
| Number of registers (upper) |  |  | 00h | Number of registers to be written |
| Number of registers (lower) |  |  | 0Ch | address ( 12 registers $=000 \mathrm{Ch}$ ) * |
| Number of data bytes |  |  | 18h | Twice the number of registers in the query |
| Data $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Sh } \\ & \text { Co } \\ & \text { LD }\end{aligned}\right.$ |  | Value write to ID share register address (upper) | 00h | Value written to ID share register address 0000h |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +1 (upper) | 03h | Value written to ID share register address 0001h |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +1 (lower) | E8h |  |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value written to ID share register address 0002h |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +3 (upper) | 03h | Value written to ID share register address 0003h |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +3 (lower) | E8h |  |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +4 (upper) | 00h | Value written to ID share register address 0004h |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +4 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +5 (upper) | 07h | Value written to ID share register address 0005h |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +5 (lower) | D0h |  |
|  | Share <br> Control <br> Local <br> ID 2 | Value write to ID share register address (upper) | 00h | Value written to ID share register address 0000h |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +1 (upper) | 07h | Value written to ID share register address 0001h |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +1 (lower) | D0h |  |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value written to ID share register address 0002h |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +3 (upper) | 07h | Value written to ID share register address 0003h |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +3 (lower) | D0h |  |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +4 (upper) | 00h | Value written to ID share register address 0004h |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +4 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +5 (upper) | 13h | Value written to ID share register address 0005h |
|  |  | Value write to ID share register address +5 (lower) | 88h |  |
| Error check (lower) |  |  | 99h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  |  | 21h |  |

* Number of registers $=($ Share Control Number $) \times$ Number of ID share register addresses to be written


## Response (ID share mode)

| Field name |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  | OFh | Same as query |
| Function code |  | 10h | Same as query |
| Data | ID share register address (upper) | 00h | Same as query |
|  | ID share register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  | Number of registers (upper) | 00h | Same as query |
|  | Number of registers (lower) | 0Ch |  |
| Error check (lower) |  | C1h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  | 22h |  |

## ■ Read/write using ID share mode

To read and write in the ID share mode, use the function code of read/write of multiple holding registers (17h). With this function code, reading data of Share Read data and writing data of Share Write data can be performed. Data is written first, and then data is read.

## - Read

Read the value ( 16 bits) of Share Read data. Up to 24 successive registers ( $24 \times 16$ bits) can be read. The relation between the ID share register address and Share Read data is the same as "Reading from a holding register(s) (03h)." Read the upper and lower data at the same time. If they are not read at the same time, the value may be invalid. When multiple holding registers are read, they are read in order of ID share register addresses.

## - Write

Write the data to the value ( 16 bits) of Share Write data. Up to 24 registers can be written.
The relation between the ID share register address and Share Write data is the same as "Writing to multiple holding registers (10h)."
Write the data to the upper and lower at the same time. If not, an invalid value may be written. Data is written in order of ID share register addresses. Note that even when an exception response is returned because some data is invalid as being outside the specified range, etc., other data may have been written properly.

## - Example of read/write

Read "Present alarm," "Driver temperature" and "Motor temperature" of the slave address 1.
Read "Present alarm," "Driver temperature" and "Motor temperature" of the slave address 2.

| Description | ID share register address | Slave address 1 |  | Slave address 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Value read | Corresponding decimal | Value read | Corresponding decimal |
| Present alarm (upper) | 0 (0000h): <br> Share Read data 0 (upper) | 0000h | 0 | 0000h | 48 |
| Present alarm (lower) | $1 \text { (0001h): }$ <br> Share Read data 0 (lower) | 0000h |  | 0030h |  |
| Driver temperature (upper) | $2 \text { (0002h): }$ <br> Share Read data 1 (upper) | 0000h | 383 | 0000h | 450 |
| Driver temperature (lower) | $3 \text { (0003h): }$ <br> Share Read data 1 (lower) | 017Fh |  | 01C2h |  |
| Motor temperature (upper) | $4 \text { (0004h): }$ <br> Share Read data 2 (upper) | 0000h | 426 | 0000h | 538 |
| Motor temperature (lower) | $5 \text { (0005h): }$ <br> Share Read data 2 (lower) | 01AAh |  | 021Ah |  |

Write to the "Direct data operation operating velocity," "Direct data operation acceleration rate," and "Direct data operation deceleration rate" of the slave addresses 1 and 2.

| Description | ID share register address | Slave address 1 |  | Slave address 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Value write | Corresponding decimal | Value write | Corresponding decimal |
| Direct data operation operating velocity (upper) | 0 (0000h): <br> Share Write data 0 (upper) | 0000h | 1,000 | 0000h | 2,000 |
| Direct data operation operating velocity (lower) | $1 \text { (0001h): }$ <br> Share Write data 0 (lower) | 03E8h |  | 07D0h |  |
| Direct data operation acceleration rate (upper) | $2 \text { (0002h): }$ <br> Share Write data 1 (upper) | 0000h | 1,000 | 0000h | 2,000 |
| Direct data operation acceleration rate (lower) | $3 \text { (0003h): }$ <br> Share Write data 1 (lower) | 03E8h |  | 07D0h |  |
| Direct data operation deceleration rate (upper) | $4 \text { (0004h): }$ <br> Share Write data 2 (upper) | 0000h | 2,000 | 0000h | 5,000 |
| Direct data operation deceleration rate (lower) | $5 \text { (0005h): }$ <br> Share Write data 2 (lower) | 07D0h |  | 1388h |  |

## Query (ID share mode)

| Field name |  |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  |  | OFh | Slave address 15 |
| Function code |  |  | 17h | Read/write of multiple holding registers |
| (Read) ID share register address (upper) |  |  | 00h |  |
| (Read) ID share register address (lower) |  |  | 00h | Read data 0 (upper)) |
| (Read) Number of registers (upper) |  |  | 00h | Number of registers to be read from the starting ID |
| (Read) Number of registers (lower) |  |  | OEh | share register address <br> (14 registers=000Eh) *1 |
| (Write) ID share register address (upper) |  |  | 00h | ID share register address |
| (Write) ID share register address (lower) |  |  | 00h | data 0 (upper)) |
| (Write) Number of registers (upper) |  |  | 00h | Number of registers to be written from the starting ID |
| (Write) Number of registers (lower) |  |  | OCh | share register address <br> (12 registers=000Ch) *2 |
|  <br> (Write) <br> Data <br>  <br> Share |  |  | 18h | Twice the number of registers in the query |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address (upper) | 00h | Value written to ID share register address 0000h |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +1 (upper) | 03h | Value written to ID share register address 0001h |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +1 (lower) | E8h |  |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value written to ID share register address 0002h |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +3 (upper) | 03h | Value written to ID share register address 0003h |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +3 (lower) | E8h |  |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +4 (upper) | 00h | Value written to ID share register address 0004h |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +4 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +5 (upper) | 07h | Value written to ID share register address 0005h |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +5 (lower) | DOh |  |
|  | Share <br> Control <br> Local <br> ID 2 | (Write) Value write to ID share register address (upper) | 00h | Value written to ID share register address 0000h |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +1 (upper) | 07h | Value written to ID share register address 0001h |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +1 (lower) | DOh |  |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value written to ID share register address 0002h |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +3 (upper) | 07h | Value written to ID share register address 0003h |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +3 (lower) | DOh |  |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +4 (upper) | 00h | Value written to ID share register address 0004h |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +4 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +5 (upper) | 13h | Value written to ID share register address 0005h |
|  |  | (Write) Value write to ID share register address +5 (lower) | 88h |  |
| Error check (lower) |  |  | A2h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error check (upper) |  |  | 94h |  |

*1 Number of registers $=($ number of ID share register addresses to be read +1 ) $\times$ Share Control Number
*2 Number of registers $=($ Share Control Number $) \times$ Number of ID share register addresses to be written
Set so that the number of registers to be read should be $26 \times$ Share Control Number or less.

## Response (ID share mode)

| Field name |  |  | Data | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slave address |  |  | OFh | Same as query |
| Function code |  |  | 17h | Same as query |
| (Read) Number of data bytes |  |  | 1Ch | Twice the number of registers in the query |
| Data | Share <br> Control <br> Local <br> ID 1 | (Read) Value read from ID share register address (upper) | 00h | Value read from Share Read data 0 (upper) |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +1 (upper) | 00h | Value read from Share Read data 0 (lower) |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +1 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value read from Share Read data 1 (upper) |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +3 (upper) | 01h | Value read from Share Read data 1 (lower) |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +3 (lower) | 7Fh |  |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +4 (upper) | 00h | Value read from Share Read data 2 (upper) |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +4 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +5 (upper) | 01h | Value read from Share Read |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +5 (lower) | AAh | da |
|  |  | Error check for between slaves (lower) | A2h | The error check value for |
|  |  | Error check for between slaves (upper) | 04h | between slaves is indefinite. |
|  | Share <br> Control <br> Local <br> ID 2 | (Read) Value read from ID share register address (upper) | 00h | Value read from Share Read data 0 (upper) |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +1 (upper) | 00h | Value read from Share Read data 0 (lower) |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +1 (lower) | 30h |  |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +2 (upper) | 00h | Value read from Share Read data 1 (upper) |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +2 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +3 (upper) | 01h | Value read from Share Read data 1 (lower) |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +3 (lower) | C2h |  |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +4 (upper) | 00h | Value read from Share Read data 2 (upper) |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +4 (lower) | 00h |  |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +5 (upper) | 02h | Value read from Share Read data 2 (lower) |
|  |  | (Read) Value read from ID share register address +5 (lower) | 1Ah |  |
|  |  | Error check for between slaves (lower) | ACh | The error check value for between slaves is indefinite |
|  |  | Error check for between slaves (upper) | AAh |  |
| Error check (lower) |  |  | 00h | Calculation result of CRC-16 |
| Error | eck (upp |  | 00h |  |

## 12-8 Parameter list for Modbus RTU ID share mode

Set parameters necessary for the ID share mode to each slave in the unicast mode before communication.
Refer to p. 270 to p. 274 for the setting method.

## Related parameters

| Register address |  | Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 2432 \\ (0980 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2433 \\ (0981 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share control global ID (Modbus) | Sets the communication ID used in the ID share mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1 : ID share mode is not used <br> 1 to 127: Communication ID to share | -1 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2434 \\ (0982 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2435 \\ (0983 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share control number (Modbus) | Sets the number of slave axes used in the ID share mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 31 | 1 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2436 \\ (0984 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2437 \\ (0985 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share control local ID (Modbus) | Sets the ID for identifying the slave used in the ID share mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : ID share mode is not used <br> 1 to 31: ID for slave identification | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2448 \\ (0990 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2449 \\ (0991 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 0 (Modbus) | Sets the NET-ID of data to be read in the ID share mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> Refer to p. 285. | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2450 \\ (0992 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2451 \\ (0993 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 1 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2452 \\ (0994 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2453 \\ (0995 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 2 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2454 \\ (0996 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2455 \\ (0997 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 3 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2456 \\ (0998 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2457 \\ (0999 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 4 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2458 \\ (099 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2459 \\ (099 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 5 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2460 \\ (099 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2461 \\ \text { (099Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 6 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2462 \\ \text { (099Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2463 \\ \text { (099Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 7 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2464 \\ \text { (09AOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2465 \\ (09 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 8 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2466 \\ (09 A 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2467 \\ \text { (09A3h) } \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 9 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2468 \\ (09 A 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2469 \\ (09 \mathrm{~A} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 10 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2470 \\ \text { (09A6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2471 \\ (09 \mathrm{~A} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 11 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2472 \\ \text { (09A8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2473 \\ \text { (09A9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 0 (Modbus) | Sets the NET-ID of data to be written in the ID share mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> Refer to p. 285 . | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2474 \\ \text { (09AAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2475 \\ & \text { (09ABh) } \end{aligned}$ | Share Write data 1 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2476 \\ \text { (09ACh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2477 \\ \text { (09ADh) } \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 2 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2478 \\ \text { (09AEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2479 \\ \text { (09AFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 3 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |


| Register address |  | Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| $\begin{gathered} 2480 \\ (09 B 0 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2481 \\ (09 B 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 4 (Modbus) | Sets the NET-ID of data to be written in the ID share mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> Refer to p. 285 . | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2482 \\ (09 \mathrm{~B} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2483 \\ \text { (09B3h) } \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 5 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2484 \\ (09 B 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2485 \\ \text { (09B5h) } \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 6 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2486 \\ (09 B 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2487 \\ (09 B 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 7 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2488 \\ (09 B 8 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2489 \\ \text { (09B9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 8 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2490 \\ (09 B A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2491 \\ (09 B B h) \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 9 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 2492 \\ \text { (09BCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2493 \\ \text { (09BDh) } \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 10 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2494 \\ \text { (09BEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2495 \\ \text { (09BFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 11 (Modbus) |  | 0 | - |

## Share Control Global ID

The slave address shared with slaves that use the ID share mode is set. The address of the share group is the value of Share Control Global ID.

Note - Do not set "0" in the Share Control Global ID.

- Do not set the slave address used by the slave.

■ Share Control Number
The number of slave axes used in the ID share mode is set.

## Share Control Local ID

The ID for identifying the slave used in the ID share mode is set.
Note Set one by one in order from "1" in the Share Control Local ID.

## Commands and parameters that can be set to Share Read data, Share Write data

NET-ID of data to be read/written in the ID share mode is set.
For Share Read data and Share Write data, set "NET-ID" shown in the table below.

| NET-ID | Name | Description | Initial setting |  | R/W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 44 \\ (002 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation operation data number | The operation data of the specified operation data number is transferred to the direct data operation command. <br> Writing a value of the operation data number executes the data transfer. <br> Commands to be transferred are as follows. <br> - Direct data operation operation type <br> - Direct data operation position <br> - Direct data operation operating velocity <br> - Direct data operation acceleration rate <br> - Direct data operation deceleration rate <br> - Direct data operation torque limiting value <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 255: Operation data No. 0 to No. 255 | 0 *1 | - | R/W |
| $\begin{gathered} 45 \\ (002 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation operation type | Sets the operation type for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> Refer to "3-4 Selecting the operation type" on p.63. | 0 *2 | - | R/W |
| $\begin{gathered} 46 \\ \text { (002Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation position | Sets the target position for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | 0 *2 | step | R/W |
| $\begin{gathered} 47 \\ (002 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation operating velocity | Sets the operating velocity for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] $-4,000,000 \text { to } 4,000,000$ <br> (User-defined velocity unit) | 0 *2 | r/min | R/W |
| $\begin{gathered} 48 \\ (0030 h) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation acceleration rate | Sets the acceleration rate (acceleration time) for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 <br> (User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit) | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ { }^{2} 2 \end{gathered}$ | ms | R/W |
| $\begin{gathered} 49 \\ (0031 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation deceleration rate | Sets the deceleration rate (deceleration time) for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 <br> (User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit) | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ * 2 \end{gathered}$ | ms | R/W |
| $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ (0032 h) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation torque limiting value | Sets the torque limiting value for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $10,000(1=0.1 \%) * 3$ | $\begin{gathered} 10,000 \\ { }^{*} 2 \end{gathered}$ | $1=0.1 \%$ | R/W |


| NET-ID | Name | Description | Initial setting |  | R/W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 51 \\ (0033 h) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation trigger | Sets the trigger and the lifetime for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> <Upper 16 bits> Lifetime setting *4 <br> $-1,0$ : Direct data operation lifetime disable <br> 1 to 32767: Direct data operation lifetime setting value [ms] <br> <Lower 16 bits> Trigger setting <br> -7: Operation data number <br> -6: Operation type <br> -5: Position <br> -4 : Operating velocity <br> -3: Acceleration rate <br> -2 : Deceleration rate <br> -1 :Torque limiting value <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to 3: Normal start <br> 4, 5: Unit specified start <br> (acceleration/deceleration: rate) <br> 6, 7: Unit specified start (acceleration/deceleration: time) <br> 8,9: Unit specified start (velocity: step/s) <br> 10, 11: Unit specified start (velocity: step/s, acceleration/deceleration: rate) <br> 12, 13: Unit specified start (velocity: step/s, acceleration/deceleration: time) <br> 14, 15: Unit specified start (velocity: $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ ) <br> 16, 17: Unit specified start (velocity: r/min, acceleration/deceleration: rate) <br> 18, 19: Unit specified start (velocity: r/min, acceleration/deceleration: time) | 0 | - | R/W |
| $\begin{gathered} 52 \\ (0034 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation forwarding destination | Selects the stored area when the next direct data is transferred during direct data operation. <br> (Data destination $\Rightarrow$ p.81) <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Execution memory <br> 1: Buffer memory | 0 | - | R/W |
| $\begin{gathered} 58 \\ (003 A h) \end{gathered}$ | Driver input command (2nd) | The same input command as "Driver input command" is automatically set. | 0 | - | W |
| $\begin{gathered} 60 \\ (003 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | Driver input command (automatic OFF) | The same input command as "Driver input command" is automatically set. If the input signal is turned ON with this command, it is automatically turned OFF after $250 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. | 0 | - | W |
| $\begin{gathered} 61 \\ \text { (003Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | NET selection number | Selects the operation data number. Operation data can be sent at the same time as "Driver input command." | -1 | - | R/W |
| $\begin{gathered} 62 \\ (003 \mathrm{Eh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Driver input command | Sets the input command to the driver. (Details of bits arrangement $\Rightarrow$ p.298) | 0 | - | W |
| $\begin{gathered} 63 \\ (003 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Driver output status | Reads the output status of the driver. (Details of bits arrangement $\Rightarrow$ p.298) | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 64 \\ (0040 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Present alarm | Indicates the alarm code presently being generated. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 75 \\ (004 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Target position (User-defined position unit) | Indicates the present target position. (User-defined position unit) | - | step | R |


| NET-ID | Name | Description | Initial setting |  | R/W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 76 \\ (004 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | Demand position (User-defined position unit) | Indicates the present demand position. (User-defined position unit) | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 77 \\ \text { (004Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Actual position (User-defined position unit) | Indicates the present actual position. (User-defined position unit) | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 78 \\ \text { (004Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | Target velocity (User-defined velocity unit) | Indicates the present target velocity. (User-defined velocity unit) | - | r/min | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 79 \\ \text { (004Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Demand velocity (User-defined velocity unit) | Indicates the present demand velocity. (User-defined velocity unit) | - | r/min | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 80 \\ (0050 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Actual velocity (User-defined velocity unit) | Indicates the present actual velocity. (User-defined velocity unit) | - | r/min | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 86 \\ (0056 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Present communication error | Indicates the communication error code received last time. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 97 \\ (0061 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Present selected data number | Indicates the operation data number presently selected. The order of the priority is: NET selection number, direct selection (D-SEL), M0 to M7 inputs. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 98 \\ (0062 h) \end{gathered}$ | Present operation data number | Indicates the operation data number presently being operated in stored data operation or continuous operation. In operation not using operation data, -1 is displayed. -1 is displayed also during stop. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 99 \\ (0063 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Demand position (step) | Indicates the present demand position. (step) | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (0064 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Demand velocity (r/min) | Indicates the present demand velocity. (r/min) | - | r/min | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 101 \\ (0065 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Demand velocity (step/s) | Indicates the present demand velocity. (step/s) | - | step/s | R |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 102 \\ (0066 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Actual position (step) | Indicates the present actual position. (step) | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 103 \\ (0067 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Actual velocity (r/min) | Indicates the present actual velocity. (r/min) | - | r/min | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 104 \\ (0068 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Actual velocity (step/s) | Indicates the present actual velocity. (step/s) | - | step/s | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 105 \\ (0069 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Remaining dwell time | Indicates the remaining time in the drive-complete delay time or dwell. (ms) | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 106 \\ (006 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct I/O | Indicates the status of direct I/O. (Arrangement of bits $\Rightarrow$ p.335) | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 107 \\ (006 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Torque monitor | Indicates the output torque presently generated as a percentage of the rated torque. | - | 1=0.1\% | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 108 \\ (006 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | Load factor monitor | Indicates the output torque presently generated as a percentage of the maximum torque in the continuous duty region. | - | 1=0.1\% | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 109 \\ (006 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Cumulative load monitor | Indicates the integrated value of the load during operation. (Internal unit) <br> The load is accumulated regardless of the rotation direction of the motor. <br> (Details of cumulative load monitor $\Rightarrow$ p.475) | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 110 \\ \text { (006Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | Torque limiting value | Indicates the present torque limiting value. ( $1=0.1 \%$ ) | - | 1=0.1\% | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 112 \\ (0070 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Next data number | Indicates the operation data number specified in "Next data number" of the operation data in operation. The value is latched even after the operation is completed. When "Link" is "No Link" or "Next data number" is "Stop," -1 is displayed. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 113 \\ (0071 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Loop origin data number | Indicates the operation data number that is the starting point of the loop in loop operation. When loop is not executed or stopped, -1 is displayed. | - | - | R |


| NET-ID | Name | Description | Initial setting |  | R/W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 114 \\ (0072 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Loop count | Indicates the present number of loop times in loop operation. When operation other than loop is executed or loop is stopped, 0 is displayed. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 115 \\ (0073 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Position deviation | Indicates the deviation between the demand position and the actual position. (User-defined position unit) | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 117 \\ (0075 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Speed deviation | Indicates the deviation between the demand velocity and the actual velocity. <br> (User-defined velocity unit) | - | r/min | R |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 119 \\ (0077 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Settling time | Indicates the time from when the command is completed until the IN-POS output is turned ON. (ms) | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 122 \\ (007 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | Tripmeter 1 | Indicates the travel distance of the motor in revolutions. ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ ) This can be cleared on the customer side. | - | $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ | R |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 124 \\ (007 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | Driver temperature | Indicates the present driver temperature. $\left(1=0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | - | $1=0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 125 \\ \text { (007Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Motor temperature | Indicates the present motor temperature. $\left(1=0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | - | $1=0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 126 \\ \text { (007Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | Odometer | Indicates the cumulative travel distance of the motor in revolutions. ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ ) <br> This cannot be cleared on the customer side. | - | $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 127 \\ \text { (007Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Tripmeter 0 | Indicates the travel distance of the motor in revolutions. ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ ) <br> This can be cleared on the customer side. | - | $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 144 \\ (0090 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Actual position 32-bit counter (User-defined position unit) | This is the actual position 32-bit counter. Counts independently of the WRAP function. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 145 \\ (0091 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Demand position 32-bit counter <br> (User-defined position unit) | This is the demand position 32-bit counter. Counts independently of the WRAP function. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 147 \\ \text { (0093h) } \end{gathered}$ | Loop count buffer | Indicates the present number of loop times in loop operation. The value is kept until the operation start signal is turned ON. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 150 \\ (0096 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Corrected max software limit | Indicates the maximum value of the software limit. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 151 \\ (0097 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Corrected min software limit | Indicates the minimum value of the software limit. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 155 \\ \text { (009Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Main power supply current | Indicates the present current value of the main power supply. (1=0.001 A) | - | $1=0.001 \mathrm{~A}$ | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 156 \\ (009 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | Power consumption | Indicates the present power consumption. $(1=0.1 \mathrm{~W})$ | - | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~W}$ | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 157 \\ \text { (009Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Energy consumption | Indicates the present energy consumption. $(1=0.001 \mathrm{~Wh})$ | - | $1=0.001 \mathrm{~Wh}$ | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 158 \\ \text { (009Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | User energy consumption | Indicates the total energy consumption. (Wh) This can be cleared on the customer side. | - | Wh | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 159 \\ \text { (009Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Total energy consumption | Indicates the total energy consumption. (Wh) This cannot be cleared on the customer side. | - | Wh | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 161 \\ (00 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Total uptime | Indicates the total time that has elapsed since the main power supply was turned on. ( min ) | - | min | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 162 \\ \text { (00A2h) } \end{gathered}$ | Number of boots | Indicates the total number of times that the driver was started. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 163 \\ \text { (00A3h) } \end{gathered}$ | Inverter voltage | Indicates the inverter voltage of the driver. $(1=0.1 \mathrm{~V})$ | - | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 164 \\ \text { (00A4h) } \end{gathered}$ | Main power supply voltage | Indicates the main power supply voltage. ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | - | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | R |


| NET-ID | Name | Description | Initial setting |  | R/W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 169 \\ (00 \mathrm{~A} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Continuous uptime | Indicates the time at which the main power supply is supplied continuously. (ms) | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 170 \\ \text { (OOAAh) } \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication reception byte counter | Indicates the number of bytes received. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 171 \\ (00 \mathrm{ABh}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication transmission byte counter | Indicates the number of bytes transmitted. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 172 \\ \text { (00ACh) } \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication normal reception frame counter (All) | Indicates the number of normal frames received. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 173 \\ \text { (00ADh) } \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication normal reception frame counter (Only own address) | Indicates the number of normal frames received to own address. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 174 \\ \text { (00AEh) } \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication abnormal reception frame counter (All) | Indicates the number of abnormal frames received. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 175 \\ \text { (00AFh) } \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication transmission frame counter | Indicates the number of frames transmitted. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 176 \\ \text { (OOBOh) } \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication register write error counter | Indicates the number of times the register write error occurred. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 177 \\ (00 \mathrm{~B} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication valid frame/second | Indicates the number of valid frames per second. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 178 \\ (00 B 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication processing time | Indicates the communication processing time for RS-485 communication. | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 179 \\ (00 \mathrm{~B} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication maximum processing time | Indicates the maximum communication processing time after turning on the power. | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 180 \\ \text { (00B4h) } \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication interval | Indicates the communication interval for RS-485 communication. | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 181 \\ (00 B 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication maximum interval | Indicates the maximum communication interval for RS-485 communication. | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 184 \\ \text { (00B8h) } \end{gathered}$ | I/O status 1 | Indicates the ON-OFF status of the internal I/O. (Arrangement of bits $\Rightarrow$ p.336) | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 185 \\ \text { (00B9h) } \end{gathered}$ | I/O status 2 |  | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 186 \\ \text { (00BAh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | I/O status 3 |  | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 187 \\ \text { (00BBh) } \end{gathered}$ | I/O status 4 |  | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 188 \\ \text { (OOBCh) } \end{gathered}$ | I/O status 5 |  | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 189 \\ \text { (00BDh) } \end{gathered}$ | I/O status 6 |  | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 190 \\ \text { (OOBEh) } \end{gathered}$ | I/O status 7 |  | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 191 \\ \text { (00BFh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | I/O status 8 |  | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1392 \\ (0570 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Information status | Indicates the information status presently being generated. <br> (Arrangement of bits $\Rightarrow$ p.334) | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1393 \\ (0571 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1394 \\ (0572 h) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1395 \\ (0573 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | R |


| NET-ID | Name | Description | Initial setting |  | R/W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1396 \\ (0574 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Information count | Indicates the number of times that information was generated. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1408 \\ (0580 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (USR-LATO:POS-EDGE) | Indicates the status of the latch by the USR-LATO input (positive edge). | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1409 \\ (0581 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position (USR-LATO: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the demand position latched by the USRLAT0 input (positive edge). | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1410 \\ (0582 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position (USR-LATO: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the actual position latched by the USR-LATO input (positive edge). | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1411 \\ (0583 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position (USR-LATO: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the target position latched by the USR-LATO input (positive edge). | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1412 \\ (0584 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number (USR-LATO: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the operation number latched by the USR-LATO input (positive edge). | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1413 \\ (0585 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop (USR-LATO: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the USR-LATO input (positive edge). | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1414 \\ (0586 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch (USR-LATO: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the number of times latched by the USRLATO input (positive edge). | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1415 \\ (0587 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (USR-LATO: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the USR-LATO input (positive edge). | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1416 \\ (0588 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (USR-LATO: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the status of the latch by the USR-LATO input (negative edge). | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1417 \\ (0589 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position (USR-LATO: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the demand position latched by the USRLATO input (negative edge). | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1418 \\ (058 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position (USR-LATO: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the actual position latched by the USR-LATO input (negative edge). | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1419 \\ (058 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position (USR-LATO: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the target position latched by the USR-LATO input (negative edge). | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1420 \\ (058 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number (USR-LATO: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the operation number latched by the USR-LATO input (negative edge). | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1421 \\ \text { (058Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop (USR-LATO: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the USR-LATO input (negative edge). | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1422 \\ (058 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch (USR-LATO: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the number of times latched by the USRLATO input (negative edge). | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1423 \\ \text { (058Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (USR-LATO: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the USR-LATO input (negative edge). | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1424 \\ (0590 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (USR-LAT1: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the status of the latch by the USR-LAT1 input (positive edge). | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1425 \\ (0591 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position (USR-LAT1: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the demand position latched by the USRLAT1 input (positive edge). | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1426 \\ (0592 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position (USR-LAT1: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the actual position latched by the USR-LAT1 input (positive edge). | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1427 \\ \text { (0593h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position (USR-LAT1: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the target position latched by the USR-LAT1 input (positive edge). | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1428 \\ \text { (0594h) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number (USR-LAT1: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the operation number latched by the USR-LAT1 input (positive edge). | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1429 \\ (0595 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop (USR-LAT1: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the USR-LAT1 input (positive edge). | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1430 \\ (0596 h) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch (USR-LAT1: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the number of times latched by the USRLAT1 input (positive edge). | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1431 \\ (0597 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (USR-LAT1: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the USR-LAT1 input (positive edge). | - | ms | R |


| NET-ID | Name | Description | Initial setting |  | R/W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1432 \\ (0598 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (USR-LAT1: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the status of the latch by the USR-LAT1 input (negative edge). | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1433 \\ (0599 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position (USR-LAT1: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the demand position latched by the USRLAT1 input (negative edge). | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1434 \\ (059 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position (USR-LAT1: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the actual position latched by the USR-LAT1 input (negative edge). | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1435 \\ \text { (059Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position (USR-LAT1: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the target position latched by the USR-LAT1 input (negative edge). | - | step | R |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1436 \\ & (059 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{aligned}$ | Latch monitor operation number (USR-LAT1: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the operation number latched by the USR-LAT1 input (negative edge). | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1437 \\ \text { (059Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop (USR-LAT1: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the USR-LAT1 input (negative edge). | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1438 \\ \text { (059Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch (USR-LAT1: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the number of times latched by the USRLAT1 input (negative edge). | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1439 \\ (059 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (USR-LAT1: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the USR-LAT1 input (negative edge). | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1440 \\ & \text { (05AOh) } \end{aligned}$ | Latch monitor status (IO event - low event) | Indicates the status of the latch by the low event. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1441 \\ (05 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position (IO event - low event) | Indicates the demand position latched by the low event. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1442 \\ (05 \mathrm{~A} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position (IO event - low event) | Indicates the actual position latched by the low event. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1443 \\ (05 \mathrm{~A} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position (IO event - low event) | Indicates the target position latched by the low event. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1444 \\ \text { (05A4h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number (IO event - low event) | Indicates the operation number latched by the low event. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1445 \\ (05 \mathrm{~A} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop (IO event - low event) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the low event. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1446 \\ \text { (05A6h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch (IO event - low event) | Indicates the number of times latched by the low event. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1447 \\ (05 \mathrm{~A} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (IO event - low event) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the low event. | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1448 \\ \text { (05A8h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (IO event - middle event) | Indicates the status of the latch by the middle event. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1449 \\ (05 \mathrm{~A} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position (IO event - middle event) | Indicates the demand position latched by the middle event. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1450 \\ \text { (05AAh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position (IO event - middle event) | Indicates the actual position latched by the middle event. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1451 \\ (05 A B h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position (IO event - middle event) | Indicates the target position latched by the middle event. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1452 \\ (05 A C h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number <br> (IO event - middle event) | Indicates the operation number latched by the middle event. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1453 \\ \text { (05ADh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop (IO event - middle event) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the middle event. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1454 \\ \text { (05AEh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch (IO event - middle event) | Indicates the number of times latched by the middle event. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1455 \\ \text { (05AFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (IO event - middle event) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the middle event. | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1456 \\ (05 \mathrm{BOh}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (IO event - high event) | Indicates the status of the latch by the high event. | - | - | R |


| NET-ID | Name | Description | Initial setting |  | R/W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1457 \\ (05 B 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position (IO event - high event) | Indicates the demand position latched by the high event. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1458 \\ (05 B 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position (IO event - high event) | Indicates the actual position latched by the high event. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1459 \\ (05 B 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position (IO event - high event) | Indicates the target position latched by the high event. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1460 \\ \text { (05B4h) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number (IO event - high event) | Indicates the operation number latched by the high event. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1461 \\ \text { (05B5h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop (IO event - high event) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the high event. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1462 \\ \text { (05B6h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch (IO event - high event) | Indicates the number of times latched by the high event. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1463 \\ (05 B 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (IO event - high event) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the high event. | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1464 \\ \text { (05B8h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (STOP) | Indicates the status of the latch by the stop input. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1465 \\ \text { (05B9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position (STOP) | Indicates the demand position latched by the stop input. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1466 \\ \text { (05BAh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position (STOP) | Indicates the actual position latched by the stop input. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1467 \\ \text { (05BBh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position (STOP) | Indicates the target position latched by the stop input. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1468 \\ \text { (05BCh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number (STOP) | Indicates the operation number latched by the stop input. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1469 \\ \text { (05BDh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop (STOP) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the stop input. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1470 \\ \text { (05BEh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch (STOP) | Indicates the number of times latched by the stop input. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1471 \\ \text { (05BFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (STOP) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the stop input. | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1472 \\ \text { (05COh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (NEXT) | Indicates the status of the latch by the NEXT input. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1473 \\ (05 C 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position (NEXT) | Indicates the demand position latched by the NEXT input. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1474 \\ (05 \mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position (NEXT) | Indicates the actual position latched by the NEXT input. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1475 \\ (05 \mathrm{C} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position (NEXT) | Indicates the target position latched by the NEXT input. | - | step | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1476 \\ (05 \mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number (NEXT) | Indicates the operation number latched by the NEXT input. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1477 \\ (05 C 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop (NEXT) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the NEXT input. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1478 \\ (05 C 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch (NEXT) | Indicates the number of times latched by the NEXT input. | - | - | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1479 \\ (05 C 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (NEXT) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the NEXT input. | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1619 \\ (0653 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Continuous operating time *4 | Indicates the elapsed time from starting operation. 0 is shown during stop. | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{gathered} 1620 \\ (0654 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Continuous operating time buffer *4 | Indicates the elapsed time from starting operation. <br> The value is kept until operation is started. | - | ms | R |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 192 \\ (00 \mathrm{COh}) \end{gathered}$ | Alarm reset | Resets the alarm being generated presently. Some alarms cannot be reset. | - | - | W |


| NET-ID | Name | Initial setting |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Initial <br> value | Unit | R/W |  |
| 211 <br> $(00 \mathrm{D} 3 \mathrm{~h})$ | Clear information | Clears the information. | - | - | W |
| 223 <br> $(00 \mathrm{DFh})$ | Stop operation | Stops the operation. | - | - | W |

*1 The value set in the "Direct data operation operation parameter initial value reference data number" parameter will be the initial value.
*2 The operation data of the operation data number set in the "Direct data operation operation parameter initial value reference data number" parameter will be the initial value.
*3 The maximum torque limiting value varies depending on the motor. Refer to $p .39$ for the maximum value of each motor.
*4 It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.

## 6 Address codes list

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## 1 Timing for parameter to update

All data used with the driver is 32 bits wide. Therefore, when accessed with NET-ID, one register represents one data. With the Modbus protocol, since the register is 16 bits wide, two registers represent one data.

Parameters are stored in RAM or non-volatile memory. The parameters stored in RAM are erased once the main power supply is shut off, however, the parameters stored in the non-volatile memory are retained even if the main power supply is shut off.
When the main power supply of the driver is turned on, the parameters stored in the non-volatile memory are sent to RAM, and the recalculation and setup for the parameters are executed in RAM.
When parameters are set via communication, they are stored in RAM. To save the parameters stored in RAM to the non-volatile memory, execute the "Write batch NV memory" of the maintenance command.
The parameters set with the support software will be stored in the non-volatile memory if "Data writing" is performed.
When a parameter is changed, the timing to update the new value varies depending on the parameter. See the following four types.

- Update immediately

Recalculation and setup are immediately executed when the parameter is written.

- Update after operation stop.

Recalculation and setup are executed when the operation is stopped.

- Update after executing Configuration. Recalculation and setup are executed after Configuration is executed or the main power supply is turned on again.
- Update after turning on the main power supply again Recalculation and setup are executed after the main power supply is turned on again.
- Parameters set via communication are stored in RAM. When changing a parameter that requires to turn on the main power supply again to update data, be sure to store it in the non-volatile memory before turning off the main power supply.
- The non-volatile memory can be rewritten approximately 100,000 times.


## Notation rules

In this part, each update timing is represented in an alphabet.<br>A: Update immediately<br>B: Update after operation stop<br>C: Update after executing Configuration or turning on the main power supply again D: Update after turning on the main power supply again

## READ/WRITE may be represented as "R/W" in this part.

## 2 I/O commands

These are commands related to I/O. The set value is stored in RAM.

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 114 \\ (0072 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 115 \\ (0073 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | NET selection data number | Selects the operation data number. Operation data can be sent at the same time as "Driver input command (2nd)." | R/W | -1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 57 \\ (0039 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 116 \\ (0074 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 117 \\ \text { (0075h) } \end{gathered}$ | Driver input command (2nd) | The same input command as "Driver input command" is automatically set. | R/W | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 58 \\ (003 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 118 \\ (0076 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 119 \\ (0077 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | NET selection data number | Selects the operation data number. Operation data can be sent at the same time as "Driver input command (automatic OFF)." | R/W | -1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 59 \\ (003 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 120 \\ (0078 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 121 \\ \text { (0079h) } \end{gathered}$ | Driver input command (automatic OFF) | The same input command as "Driver input command" is automatically set. If the input signal is turned ON with this command, it is automatically turned OFF after $250 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. | R/W | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 60 \\ (003 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 122 \\ (007 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 123 \\ \text { (007Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | NET selection data number | Selects the operation data number. Operation data can be sent at the same time as "Driver input command." | R/W | -1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 61 \\ \text { (003Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 124 \\ (007 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 125 \\ \text { (007Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Driver input command | Sets the input command to the driver. (Details of bits arrangement $\Rightarrow$ Next section) | R/W | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 62 \\ \text { (003Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 126 \\ \text { (007Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 127 \\ \text { (007Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Driver output status | Reads the output status of the driver. (Details of bits arrangement $\Rightarrow$ p.298) | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 63 \\ (003 F h) \end{gathered}$ |

Driver input command
These are the driver input signals that can be accessed via Modbus communication. They can also be accessed in units of one register (16 bits).
Values in brackets [ ] are initial values. They can be changed using the parameter.
(Parameters $\Rightarrow$ p.381, assignment of input signals $\Rightarrow$ p.151)

## - Upper

| Register address | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 124 \\ (007 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | R-IN31 [M7] | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN30 } \\ {[M 6]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN29 } \\ {[\text { M5] }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN28 } \\ {[M 4]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN27 } \\ {[\mathrm{M} 3]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN26 } \\ {[M 2]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN25 } \\ {[\mathrm{M} 1]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN24 } \\ {[\mathrm{MO} 0} \end{gathered}$ |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | R-IN23 [SSTART] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R-IN22 } \\ & \text { [START] } \end{aligned}$ | R-IN21 <br> [Not used] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R-IN20 } \\ & \text { [HOME] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN19 } \\ \text { [RV-SPD] } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN18 } \\ \text { [FW-SPD] } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN17 } \\ {[\text { RV-JOG-P] }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN16 } \\ {[\text { FW-JOG-P] }} \end{gathered}$ |

- Lower

| Register address | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 125 \\ (007 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { R-IN15 } \\ {[\mathrm{D}-\text { SEL7] }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN14 } \\ \text { [D-SEL6] } \end{gathered}$ | R-IN13 <br> [D-SEL5] | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN12 } \\ \text { [D-SEL4] } \end{gathered}$ | R-IN11 <br> [D-SEL3] | R-IN10 <br> [D-SEL2] | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN9 } \\ \text { [D-SEL1] } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN8 } \\ {[\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{SEL} 0]} \end{gathered}$ |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | R-IN7 <br> [ALM-RST] | R-IN6 [FREE] | R-IN5 [STOP] | R-IN4 [QSTOP] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R-IN3 } \\ & \text { [CLR] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN2 } \\ {[\text { TRQ-LMT] }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-IN1 } \\ {[\text { [PLOOP-MODE] }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R-INO } \\ & {[\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{ON}]} \end{aligned}$ |

memo Input " 0 " for the bit that "Not used" is set.

## - Driver output status

These are the driver output signals that can be accessed via Modbus communication. They can also be accessed in units of one register ( 16 bits).
Values in brackets [] are initial values. They can be changed using the parameter.
(Parameters $\Rightarrow$ p.381, assignment of output signals $\Rightarrow$ p.154)

## - Upper

| Register address | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 126 \\ \text { (007Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R-OUT31 } \\ & \text { [USR-OUT1] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R-OUT30 } \\ & \text { [USR-OUTO] } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-OUT29 } \\ \text { [CONST-OFF] } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-OUT28 } \\ \text { [CONST-OFF] } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-OUT27 } \\ \text { [CONST-OFF] } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-OUT26 } \\ \text { [CONST-OFF] } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT25 [INFO-USRIO-G] | R-OUT24 [INFO-START-G] |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | R-OUT23 [INFO-VOLT-L] | R-OUT22 [INFO-VOLT-H | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-OUT21 } \\ \text { [INFO-WATT] } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT20 [INFO-TRQ] | R-OUT19 [INFO_ MTRTMP] | R-OUT18 [INFODRVTMP] | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-OUT17 } \\ \text { [INFO-MNT-G] } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT16 [INFO] |

- Lower

| Register address | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 127 \\ \text { (007Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | R-OUT15 [TLC] | R-OUT14 <br> [VA] | R-OUT13 <br> [MOVE] | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-OUT12 } \\ \text { [RDY-SD-OPE] } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT11 [RDY-FWRV-OPE] | R-OUT10 [RDY-HOME-OPE] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R-OUT9 } \\ & \text { [IN-POS] } \end{aligned}$ | R-OUT8 <br> [SYS-BSY] |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | R-OUT7 [ALM-A] | R-OUT6 [FREE_R] | R-OUT5 [STOP_R] | R-OUT4 [ABSPEN] | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-OUT3 } \\ {[\text { RDY-DD-OPE] }} \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT2 <br> [TRQ-LMTD] | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-OUT1 } \\ \text { [PLOOP-MON] } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { R-OUTO } \\ \text { [SON-MON] } \end{gathered}$ |

## 3 Group command

This is a command related to group send. The set value is stored in RAM.

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 48 \\ \text { (0030h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 49 \\ (0031 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Group ID | Sets an address of the group. *1 <br> [Setting range] <br> -1 : No group specification (group send is not performed) <br> 1 to 31 : The address (address of the parent slave) of the group | R/W | $-1 * 2$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 24 \\ (0018 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |

* 1 Do not set " 0 " to the group ID.
*2 The initial value can be changed using the "Initial group ID (Modbus)" parameter.


## 4 Protect release commands

The key code to release the function limitation by the HMI input is set.

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 68 \\ (0044 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 69 \\ (0045 h) \end{gathered}$ | HMI release key | Inputs the key code to release the limitation by the HMI input. <br> (Key code $\Rightarrow$ Next table) | R/W | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 34 \\ (0022 h) \end{gathered}$ |

Key code table

| Process that requires protect release | Command name | Key code |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Release of limitation by HMI input | HMI release key | 864617234 (33890312h) |

## 5 Direct data operation commands

These are commands used when direct data operation is performed. The set value is stored in RAM.
All commands can be read and written (READ/WRITE).

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 88 \\ (0058 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 89 \\ (0059 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation operation data number | The operation data of the specified operation data number is transferred to the direct data operation command. Writing a value of the operation data number executes the data transfer. Commands to be transferred are as follows. <br> - Direct data operation operation type <br> - Direct data operation position <br> - Direct data operation operating velocity <br> - Direct data operation acceleration rate <br> - Direct data operation deceleration rate <br> - Direct data operation torque limiting value <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 255: Operation data No. 0 to No. 255 | R/W | 0 *1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 44 \\ (002 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 90 \\ (005 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 91 \\ (005 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation operation type | Sets the operation type for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> Refer to "3-4 Selecting the operation type" on p.63. | R/W | 0 *2 | - | $\begin{gathered} 45 \\ (002 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 92 \\ (005 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 93 \\ \text { (005Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation position | Sets the target position for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | R/W | 0*2 | step | $\begin{gathered} 46 \\ \text { (002Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 94 \\ \text { (005Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 95 \\ (005 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation operating velocity | Sets the operating velocity for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-4,000,000$ to 4,000,000 <br> (User-defined velocity unit) | R/W | 0*2 | r/min | $\begin{gathered} 47 \\ \text { (002Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 96 \\ (0060 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 97 \\ (0061 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation acceleration rate | Sets the acceleration rate (acceleration time) for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000$ <br> (User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit) | R/W | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ { }^{* 2} \end{gathered}$ | ms | $\begin{gathered} 48 \\ (0030 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 98 \\ (0062 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 99 \\ (0063 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation deceleration rate | Sets the deceleration rate (deceleration time) for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 <br> (User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit) | R/W | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ { }^{* 2} \end{gathered}$ | ms | $\begin{gathered} 49 \\ (0031 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (0064 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 101 \\ (0065 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation torque limiting value | Sets the torque limiting value for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] 0 to $10,000(1=0.1 \%) * 3$ | R/W | $\begin{gathered} 10,000 \\ { }^{* 2} \end{gathered}$ | 1=0.1\% | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ (0032 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 102 \\ (0066 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 103 \\ (0067 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation trigger | Sets the trigger and the lifetime for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> <Upper 16 bits> Lifetime setting *4 <br> -1, 0 : Direct data operation lifetime disable <br> 1 to 32767: Direct data operation lifetime setting value [ms] <br> <Lower 16 bits> Trigger setting <br> -7: Operation data number <br> -6: Operation type <br> -5: Position <br> -4 : Operating velocity <br> -3: Acceleration rate <br> -2: Deceleration rate <br> -: Torque limiting value <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to 3: Normal start <br> 4, 5: Unit specified start (acceleration/deceleration: rate) <br> 6, 7: Unit specified start (acceleration/deceleration: time) <br> 8, 9: Unit specified start (velocity: step/s) <br> 10, 11: Unit specified start (velocity: step/s, acceleration/deceleration: rate) <br> 12, 13: Unit specified start (velocity: step/s, acceleration/deceleration: time) <br> 14, 15: Unit specified start (velocity: r/min) <br> 16, 17: Unit specified start (velocity: r/min, acceleration/deceleration: rate) <br> 18, 19: Unit specified start (velocity: r/min, acceleration/deceleration: time) | R/W | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 51 \\ (0033 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 104 \\ (0068 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 105 \\ (0069 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation forwarding destination | Selects the stored area when the next direct data is transferred during direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Execution memory <br> 1: Buffer memory | R/W | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 52 \\ (0034 h) \end{gathered}$ |

[^20]
## 6 Modbus indirect reference commands

These are commands used when indirect reference is performed via Modbus RTU communication. The set value is stored in RAM.
All commands can be read and written (READ/WRITE).

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1792 \\ (0700 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1793 \\ (0701 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 0 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (0). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 896 \\ (0380 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1794 \\ (0702 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1795 \\ \text { (0703h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 1 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (1). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 897 \\ (0381 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1796 \\ (0704 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1797 \\ (0705 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 2 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (2). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 898 \\ (0382 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1798 \\ (0706 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1799 \\ (0707 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 3 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (3). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 899 \\ (0383 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1800 \\ (0708 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1801 \\ (0709 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 4 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (4). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 900 \\ (0384 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1802 \\ (070 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1803 \\ \text { (070Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 5 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (5). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 901 \\ (0385 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1804 \\ (070 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1805 \\ \text { (070Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 6 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (6). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 902 \\ (0386 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1806 \\ \text { (070Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1807 \\ \text { (070Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 7 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (7). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 903 \\ (0387 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1808 \\ (0710 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1809 \\ (0711 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 8 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (8). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 904 \\ (0388 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1810 \\ (0712 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1811 \\ (0713 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 9 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (9). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 905 \\ (0389 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1812 \\ (0714 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1813 \\ (0715 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 10 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (10). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 906 \\ (038 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1814 \\ (0716 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1815 \\ (0717 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 11 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (11). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 907 \\ (038 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1816 \\ (0718 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1817 \\ (0719 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 12 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (12). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 908 \\ (038 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1818 \\ \text { (071Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1819 \\ \text { (071Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 13 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (13). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 909 \\ \text { (038Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1820 \\ (071 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1821 \\ \text { (071Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 14 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (14). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 910 \\ \text { (038Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus <br> communication <br> register address |  |  |  | Initial <br> setting | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1858 \\ (0742 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1859 \\ (0743 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 33 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (33). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 929 \\ (03 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1860 \\ (0744 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1861 \\ (0745 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 34 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (34). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 930 \\ \text { (03A2h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1862 \\ (0746 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1863 \\ (0747 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 35 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (35). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 931 \\ (03 \mathrm{~A} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1864 \\ (0748 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1865 \\ (0749 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 36 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (36). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 932 \\ \text { (03A4h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1866 \\ (074 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1867 \\ (074 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 37 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (37). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 933 \\ (03 \mathrm{~A} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1868 \\ \text { (074Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1869 \\ (074 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 38 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (38). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 934 \\ (03 A 6 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1870 \\ (074 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1871 \\ (074 F h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 39 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (39). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 935 \\ (03 A 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1872 \\ (0750 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1873 \\ (0751 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 40 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (40). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 936 \\ \text { (03A8h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1874 \\ (0752 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1875 \\ (0753 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 41 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (41). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 937 \\ \text { (03A9h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1876 \\ \text { (0754h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1877 \\ (0755 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 42 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (42). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 938 \\ \text { (O3AAh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1878 \\ (0756 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1879 \\ (0757 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 43 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (43). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 939 \\ (03 A B h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1880 \\ (0758 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1881 \\ (0759 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 44 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (44). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 940 \\ (03 A C h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1882 \\ (075 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1883 \\ \text { (075Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 45 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (45). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 941 \\ \text { (03ADh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1884 \\ (075 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1885 \\ \text { (075Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 46 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (46). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 942 \\ \text { (03AEh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1886 \\ \text { (075Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1887 \\ \text { (075Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 47 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (47). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 943 \\ \text { (03AFh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1888 \\ (0760 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1889 \\ (0761 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 48 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (48). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 944 \\ \text { (03B0h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1890 \\ (0762 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1891 \\ (0763 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 49 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (49). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 945 \\ \text { (03B1h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1892 \\ (0764 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1893 \\ (0765 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 50 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (50). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 946 \\ \text { (03B2h) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus <br> communication <br> register address |  |  |  | Initial <br> setting | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Modbuscommunicationregister address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1930 \\ (078 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1931 \\ (078 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 69 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (69). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 965 \\ \text { (03C5h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1932 \\ (078 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1933 \\ \text { (078Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 70 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (70). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 966 \\ (03 C 6 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1934 \\ \text { (078Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1935 \\ (078 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 71 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (71). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 967 \\ (03 C 7 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1936 \\ (0790 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1937 \\ (0791 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 72 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (72). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 968 \\ (03 \mathrm{C} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1938 \\ (0792 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1939 \\ (0793 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 73 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (73). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 969 \\ (03 \mathrm{C} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1940 \\ (0794 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1941 \\ (0795 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 74 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (74). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 970 \\ \text { (03CAh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1942 \\ (0796 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1943 \\ (0797 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 75 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (75). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 971 \\ \text { (03CBh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1944 \\ \text { (0798h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1945 \\ (0799 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 76 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (76). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 972 \\ \text { (03CCh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1946 \\ \text { (079Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1947 \\ \text { (079Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 77 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (77). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 973 \\ \text { (03CDh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1948 \\ (079 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1949 \\ \text { (079Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 78 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (78). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 974 \\ \text { (03CEh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { (079Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1951 \\ \text { (079Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 79 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (79). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 975 \\ \text { (03CFh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1952 \\ (07 \mathrm{AOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1953 \\ (07 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 80 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (80). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 976 \\ \text { (03DOh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1954 \\ (07 \mathrm{~A} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1955 \\ (07 \mathrm{~A} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 81 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (81). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 977 \\ \text { (03D1h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1956 \\ (07 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1957 \\ \text { (07A5h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 82 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (82). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 978 \\ \text { (03D2h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1958 \\ (07 \mathrm{~A} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1959 \\ (07 \mathrm{~A} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 83 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (83). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 979 \\ \text { (03D3h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1960 \\ \text { (07A8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1961 \\ \text { (07A9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 84 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (84). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 980 \\ \text { (03D4h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1962 \\ (07 \mathrm{AAh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1963 \\ (07 \mathrm{ABh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 85 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (85). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 981 \\ \text { (03D5h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1964 \\ (07 \mathrm{ACh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1965 \\ \text { (07ADh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 86 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (86). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 982 \\ \text { (03D6h) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1966 \\ \text { (07AEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1967 \\ \text { (07AFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 87 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (87). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 983 \\ \text { (03D7h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1968 \\ (07 B 0 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1969 \\ (07 \mathrm{~B} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 88 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (88). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 984 \\ \text { (03D8h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1970 \\ (07 B 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1971 \\ (07 B 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 89 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (89). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 985 \\ \text { (03D9h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1972 \\ \text { (07B4h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1973 \\ \text { (07B5h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 90 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (90). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 986 \\ \text { (03DAh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1974 \\ (07 B 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1975 \\ (07 B 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 91 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (91). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 987 \\ \text { (03DBh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1976 \\ \text { (07B8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1977 \\ \text { (07B9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 92 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (92). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 988 \\ \text { (03DCh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1978 \\ (07 B A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1979 \\ \text { (07BBh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 93 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (93). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 989 \\ \text { (03DDh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1980 \\ (07 \mathrm{BCh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1981 \\ (07 \mathrm{BDh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 94 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (94). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 990 \\ \text { (03DEh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1982 \\ \text { (O7BEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1983 \\ \text { (07BFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 95 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (95). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 991 \\ \text { (03DFh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1984 \\ (07 \mathrm{COh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1985 \\ \text { (07C1h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 96 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (96). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 992 \\ \text { (03EOh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1986 \\ (07 C 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1987 \\ (07 C 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 97 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (97). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 993 \\ (03 E 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1988 \\ (07 C 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1989 \\ (07 C 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 98 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (98). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 994 \\ (03 E 2 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1990 \\ (07 C 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1991 \\ (07 C 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 99 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (99). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 995 \\ \text { (03E3h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1992 \\ (07 C 8 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1993 \\ \text { (07C9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 100 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (100). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 996 \\ (03 E 4 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1994 \\ (07 C A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1995 \\ \text { (07CBh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 101 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (101). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 997 \\ \text { (03E5h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1996 \\ & (07 \mathrm{CCh}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1997 \\ (07 C D h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 102 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (102). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 998 \\ (03 E 6 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1998 \\ & \text { (O7CEh) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1999 \\ \text { (07CFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 103 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (103). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 999 \\ (03 E 7 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2000 \\ \text { (07DOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2001 \\ (07 \mathrm{D} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 104 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (104). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1000 \\ \text { (03E8h) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2002 \\ (07 \mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2003 \\ (07 \mathrm{D} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 105 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (105). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1001 \\ (03 E 9 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2004 \\ (07 \mathrm{D} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2005 \\ \text { (07D5h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 106 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (106). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1002 \\ \text { (03EAh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2006 \\ \text { (07D6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2007 \\ (07 \mathrm{D} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 107 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (107). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1003 \\ \text { (03EBh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2008 \\ (07 \mathrm{D} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2009 \\ \text { (07D9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 108 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (108). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1004 \\ \text { (03ECh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2010 \\ & \text { (07DAh) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2011 \\ (07 \mathrm{DBh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 109 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (109). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1005 \\ \text { (03EDh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2012 \\ (07 \mathrm{DCh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2013 \\ \text { (07DDh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 110 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (110). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1006 \\ \text { (03EEh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2014 \\ \text { (07DEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2015 \\ \text { (07DFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 111 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (111). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1007 \\ \text { (03EFh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2016 \\ (07 E O h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ (07 \mathrm{E} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 112 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (112). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1008 \\ \text { (03FOh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2018 \\ (07 E 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2019 \\ (07 \mathrm{E} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 113 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (113). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1009 \\ (03 F 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2020 \\ (07 \mathrm{E} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2021 \\ (07 E 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 114 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (114). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1010 \\ (03 F 2 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2022 \\ (07 \mathrm{E} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2023 \\ (07 \mathrm{E} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 115 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (115). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1011 \\ (03 F 3 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2024 \\ (07 E 8 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2025 \\ (07 E 9 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 116 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (116). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1012 \\ (03 F 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2026 \\ (07 E A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2027 \\ (07 \mathrm{EBh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 117 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (117). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1013 \\ (03 F 5 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2028 \\ (07 E C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2029 \\ (07 E D h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 118 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (118). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1014 \\ (03 F 6 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2030 \\ \text { (07EEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2031 \\ (07 E F h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 119 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (119). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1015 \\ \text { (03F7h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2032 \\ \text { (07FOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2033 \\ (07 \mathrm{~F} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 120 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (120). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1016 \\ (03 F 8 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2034 \\ (07 F 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2035 \\ (07 F 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 121 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (121). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1017 \\ \text { (03F9h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2036 \\ (07 F 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2037 \\ (07 F 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 122 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (122). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1018 \\ \text { (03FAh) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2038 \\ (07 F 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2039 \\ (07 F 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 123 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (123). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1019 \\ (03 F B h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2040 \\ (07 \mathrm{~F} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2041 \\ \text { (07F9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 124 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (124). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1020 \\ \text { (03FCh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2042 \\ \text { (07FAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2043 \\ (07 F B h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 125 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (125). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1021 \\ (03 F D h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2044 \\ (07 \mathrm{FCh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2045 \\ \text { (07FDh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 126 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (126). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1022 \\ \text { (03FEh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2046 \\ \text { (07FEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2047 \\ (07 \mathrm{FFh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 127 | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (127). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1023 \\ \text { (03FFh) } \end{gathered}$ |

## 7 Modbus indirect reference commands (compatible)

These are commands used when indirect reference is performed via Modbus RTU communication. (For compatibility) This is a convenient input method when replacing from our existing product. The set value is stored in RAM. All commands can be read and written (READ/WRITE).

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4928 \\ (1340 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4929 \\ (1341 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 0 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (0). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2464 \\ \text { (09AOh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4930 \\ (1342 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4931 \\ (1343 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 1 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (1). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & 2465 \\ & (09 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4932 \\ (1344 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4933 \\ (1345 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 2 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (2). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2466 \\ \text { (09A2h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4934 \\ \text { (1346h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4935 \\ (1347 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 3 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (3). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & 2467 \\ & (09 \mathrm{~A} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4936 \\ (1348 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4937 \\ \text { (1349h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 4 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (4). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2468 \\ \text { (09A4h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4938 \\ (134 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4939 \\ (134 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 5 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (5). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2469 \\ (09 A 5 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4940 \\ & \text { (134Ch) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4941 \\ (134 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 6 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (6). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2470 \\ (09 \mathrm{~A} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4942 \\ \text { (134Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4943 \\ \text { (134Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 7 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (7). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2471 \\ (09 \mathrm{~A} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4944 \\ (1350 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4945 \\ (1351 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 8 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (8). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2472 \\ (09 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4946 \\ (1352 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4947 \\ (1353 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 9 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (9). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2473 \\ (09 \mathrm{~A} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4948 \\ (1354 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4949 \\ (1355 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 10 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (10). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2474 \\ \text { (09AAh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4950 \\ (1356 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4951 \\ (1357 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 11 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (11). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & 2475 \\ & \text { (09ABh) } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4952 \\ (1358 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4953 \\ (1359 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 12 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (12). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2476 \\ (09 \mathrm{ACh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4954 \\ (135 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4955 \\ (135 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 13 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (13). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & 2477 \\ & \text { (09ADh) } \end{aligned}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4956 \\ (135 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4957 \\ \text { (135Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 14 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (14). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2478 \\ \text { (09AEh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4958 \\ (135 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4959 \\ (135 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 15 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (15). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2479 \\ \text { (09AFh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4960 \\ (1360 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4961 \\ (1361 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 16 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (16). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2480 \\ (09 \mathrm{BOh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4962 \\ (1362 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4963 \\ (1363 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 17 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (17). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2481 \\ (09 \mathrm{~B} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4964 \\ (1364 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4965 \\ (1365 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 18 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (18). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2482 \\ (09 \mathrm{~B} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4966 \\ (1366 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4967 \\ (1367 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 19 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (19). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2483 \\ (09 \mathrm{~B} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4968 \\ (1368 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4969 \\ (1369 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 20 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (20). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2484 \\ (09 B 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4970 \\ (136 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4971 \\ (136 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 21 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (21). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2485 \\ (09 B 5 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4972 \\ (136 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4973 \\ \text { (136Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 22 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (22). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2486 \\ (09 B 6 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4974 \\ (136 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4975 \\ \text { (136Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 23 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (23). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2487 \\ (09 B 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4976 \\ (1370 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4977 \\ (1371 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 24 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (24). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2488 \\ (09 \mathrm{~B} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4978 \\ (1372 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4979 \\ (1373 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 25 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (25). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2489 \\ (09 \mathrm{~B} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4980 \\ (1374 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4981 \\ (1375 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 26 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (26). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2490 \\ (09 B A h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4982 \\ (1376 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4983 \\ (1377 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 27 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (27). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2491 \\ (09 \mathrm{BBh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4984 \\ (1378 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4985 \\ (1379 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 28 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (28). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2492 \\ \text { (09BCh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4986 \\ (137 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4987 \\ (137 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 29 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (29). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2493 \\ (09 B D h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4988 \\ (137 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4989 \\ (137 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 30 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (30). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2494 \\ \text { (09BEh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4990 \\ (137 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4991 \\ \text { (137Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference area 31 (compatible) | This is an area to read/write from/to the parameter or command registered in the indirect reference address (31). | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 2495 \\ \text { (09BFh) } \end{gathered}$ |

## 8 General purpose registers

These are commands to access the general registers. The set value is stored in RAM.
All commands can be read and written (READ/WRITE).

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2112 \\ (0840 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2113 \\ (0841 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 0 | This is the general purpose register 0 . | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1056 \\ (0420 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2114 \\ (0842 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2115 \\ (0843 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 1 | This is the general purpose register 1. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1057 \\ (0421 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2116 \\ (0844 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2117 \\ (0845 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 2 | This is the general purpose register 2. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1058 \\ (0422 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2118 \\ (0846 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2119 \\ (0847 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 3 | This is the general purpose register 3. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1059 \\ (0423 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2120 \\ (0848 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2121 \\ (0849 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 4 | This is the general purpose register 4. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1060 \\ (0424 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2122 \\ (084 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2123 \\ (084 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 5 | This is the general purpose register 5. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1061 \\ (0425 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2124 \\ (084 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2125 \\ (084 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 6 | This is the general purpose register 6. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1062 \\ (0426 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2126 \\ \text { (084Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2127 \\ \text { (084Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | General register 7 | This is the general purpose register 7. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1063 \\ (0427 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2128 \\ (0850 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2129 \\ (0851 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 8 | This is the general purpose register 8. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1064 \\ (0428 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2130 \\ (0852 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2131 \\ (0853 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 9 | This is the general purpose register 9. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1065 \\ (0429 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2132 \\ (0854 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2133 \\ (0855 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 10 | This is the general purpose register 10. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1066 \\ (042 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2134 \\ (0856 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2135 \\ (0857 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 11 | This is the general purpose register 11. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1067 \\ (042 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2136 \\ (0858 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2137 \\ (0859 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | General register 12 | This is the general purpose register 12. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1068 \\ (042 \mathrm{Ch}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2138 \\ (085 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2139 \\ (085 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 13 | This is the general purpose register 13. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1069 \\ (042 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2140 \\ \text { (085Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2141 \\ \text { (085Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | General register 14 | This is the general purpose register 14. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1070 \\ \text { (042Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2142 \\ \text { (085Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2143 \\ \text { (085Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | General register 15 | This is the general purpose register 15. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1071 \\ \text { (042Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2144 \\ (0860 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2145 \\ (0861 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 16 | This is the general purpose register 16. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1072 \\ \text { (0430h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2146 \\ (0862 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2147 \\ (0863 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 17 | This is the general purpose register 17. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1073 \\ (0431 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2148 \\ (0864 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2149 \\ (0865 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 18 | This is the general purpose register 18. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1074 \\ (0432 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2150 \\ (0866 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2151 \\ (0867 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | General register 19 | This is the general purpose register 19. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1075 \\ (0433 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2152 \\ (0868 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2153 \\ (0869 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 20 | This is the general purpose register 20. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1076 \\ (0434 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2154 \\ (086 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2155 \\ (086 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 21 | This is the general purpose register 21. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1077 \\ (0435 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2156 \\ (086 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2157 \\ (086 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 22 | This is the general purpose register 22. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1078 \\ (0436 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2158 \\ \text { (086Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2159 \\ \text { (086Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | General register 23 | This is the general purpose register 23. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1079 \\ (0437 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2160 \\ (0870 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2161 \\ (0871 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 24 | This is the general purpose register 24. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1080 \\ (0438 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2162 \\ (0872 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2163 \\ (0873 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 25 | This is the general purpose register 25. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1081 \\ (0439 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2164 \\ (0874 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2165 \\ (0875 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 26 | This is the general purpose register 26. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1082 \\ (043 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2166 \\ (0876 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2167 \\ (0877 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 27 | This is the general purpose register 27. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1083 \\ (043 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2168 \\ (0878 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2169 \\ (0879 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | General register 28 | This is the general purpose register 28. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1084 \\ (043 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2170 \\ (087 \mathrm{Ah}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2171 \\ (087 \mathrm{Bh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | General register 29 | This is the general purpose register 29. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1085 \\ \text { (043Dh) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2172 \\ \text { (087Ch) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2173 \\ (087 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 30 | This is the general purpose register 30. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1086 \\ \text { (043Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2174 \\ \text { (087Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2175 \\ \text { (087Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | General register 31 | This is the general purpose register 31. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1087 \\ \text { (043Fh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |

## 9 Maintenance commands

Maintenance commands are used to execute resetting alarms, batch processing of the non-volatile memory or the like. All commands can be read and written (READ/WRITE).

Note The maintenance commands include processing in which the memory is operated, such as batch processing of the non-volatile memory. Be careful not to execute them unnecessarily in succession.

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 384 \\ (0180 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 385 \\ (0181 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Alarm reset | Resets the alarm being generated presently. Some alarms cannot be reset. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 192 \\ \text { (00COh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 388 \\ (0184 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 389 \\ (0185 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Clear alarm history | Clears the alarm history. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 194 \\ (00 \mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 392 \\ (0188 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 393 \\ (0189 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Clear communication error history | Clears the communication error history. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 196 \\ (00 C 4 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 394 \\ (018 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 395 \\ (018 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | P-PRESET execution | Presets the demand position. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 197 \\ \text { (00C5h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 396 \\ (018 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 397 \\ \text { (018Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Configuration | Executes recalculation and setup of the parameter. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 198 \\ (00 C 6 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 398 \\ (018 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 399 \\ (018 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Batch data initialization (excluding communication parameters) | Resets the parameters stored in the nonvolatile memory to their initial values. (Excluding parameters related to communication setting) | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 199 \\ (00 \mathrm{C} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 400 \\ (0190 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 401 \\ (0191 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Read batch NV memory | Reads the parameters stored in the nonvolatile memory to RAM. All operation data and parameters stored in RAM are overwritten. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ (00 \mathrm{C} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 402 \\ (0192 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 403 \\ \text { (0193h) } \end{gathered}$ | Write batch NV memory | Writes the parameters stored in RAM to the non-volatile memory. The non-volatile memory can be rewritten approximately 100,000 times. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 201 \\ (00 \mathrm{C} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 404 \\ (0194 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 405 \\ (0195 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | All data batch initialization (including communication parameters) | Resets all the parameters stored in the non-volatile memory to their initial values. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 202 \\ (00 C A h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 410 \\ \text { (019Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 411 \\ (019 B h) \end{gathered}$ | Clear latch information | Clear the latch information. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 205 \\ (00 \mathrm{CDh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 412 \\ (019 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 413 \\ \text { (019Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Clear sequence history | Clears the sequence history. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 206 \\ \text { (OOCEh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 414 \\ \text { (019Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 415 \\ (019 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Clear tripmeter 0/1 | Clears the tripmeter 0 and the tripmeter 1. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 207 \\ \text { (00CFh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 416 \\ (01 \mathrm{AOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 417 \\ \text { (01A1h) } \end{gathered}$ | Clear ETO | Releases the ETO status. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 208 \\ \text { (00DOh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 418 \\ (01 \mathrm{~A} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 419 \\ \text { (01A3h) } \end{gathered}$ | ZSG-PRESET | Sets the position of the ZSG-N output again. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 209 \\ (00 \mathrm{D} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 420 \\ (01 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 421 \\ \text { (01A5h) } \end{gathered}$ | Clear ZSG-PRESET | Clears the position data of the ZSG-N output that was set again with the "ZSG-PRESET command." | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 210 \\ \text { (00D2h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 422 \\ (01 \mathrm{~A} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 423 \\ (01 \mathrm{~A} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Clear information | Clears the information. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 211 \\ (00 \mathrm{D} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 424 \\ \text { (01A8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 425 \\ \text { (01A9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Clear information history | Clears the information history. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 212 \\ \text { (00D4h) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 428 \\ \text { (01ACh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 429 \\ \text { (01ADh) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Clear user energy consumption | Clears the user energy consumption. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 214 \\ \text { (00D6h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 430 \\ \text { (01AEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 431 \\ (01 \mathrm{AFh}) \end{gathered}$ | Clear tripmeter 0 | Clears the tripmeter 0. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 215 \\ \text { (00D7h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 432 \\ (01 \mathrm{BOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 433 \\ (01 \mathrm{~B} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Clear tripmeter 1 | Clears the tripmeter 1. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 216 \\ \text { (00D8h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 444 \\ \text { (01BCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 445 \\ \text { (01BDh) } \end{gathered}$ | Reset communication | Resets the communication. | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 222 \\ \text { (OODEh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 446 \\ \text { (01BEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 447 \\ \text { (01BFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Stop operation | Stops the operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1: Immediate stop <br> 2: Deceleration rate stop (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 3: Follow QSTOP setting (current is not cut off) <br> 4: Follow STOP setting | R/W | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 223 \\ \text { (OODFh) } \end{gathered}$ |

## 9-1 How to execute the maintenance commands

■ To execute via Modbus communication
Reading or writing data can be executed. There are two types of execution methods. Use them selectively in accordance with the intended use.

- Write "1" to data (Recommended)

Write " 1 " to data, and when the data changes from " 0 " to " 1 ," the command is executed.
When executing the same command again, once return to " 0 ," and write " 1 ." It can be used with safety because the command is not executed consecutively even if " 1 " is continued to write from the master.

- Write "2" to data

If " 2 " is written to data, the command is executed. It will automatically return to " 1 " after the execution. The data can be written consecutively because of no need to be returned to "1."
If commands which take time to write to the non-volatile memory such as "Write batch NV memory" command are executed consecutively, increase the length of the intervals between commands.
memo In the case of the stop operation, writing a value according to the stopping method executes the command. The value will automatically return to "0" after executed.

## 9-2 Reset communication

If the maintenance command "Reset communication" is executed, the re-setup of the parameters related to communication is performed after reading the signal status of the ID-SELO to ID-SEL3 inputs.

## Parameters for which re-setup is performed

- RS-485 communication termination resistor
- Slave address (Modbus)
- Baudrate (Modbus)
- Byte \& word order (Modbus)
- Communication parity (Modbus)
- Communication stop bit (Modbus)
- Transmission waiting time (Modbus)
- Silent interval (Modbus)
- CANopen Node-ID
- CANopen Bitrate


## 10 Monitor commands

These commands are used to monitor the demand position, demand velocity, alarm and information history, etc. All commands are used for read (READ).

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 128 \\ \text { (0080h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 129 \\ (0081 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Present alarm | Indicates the alarm code presently being generated. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 64 \\ (0040 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 130 \\ (0082 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 131 \\ (0083 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Alarm history 1 | Indicates the latest alarm history. When an alarm is present, the code is also indicated in the alarm history 1. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 65 \\ (0041 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 132 \\ (0084 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 133 \\ (0085 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Alarm history 2 | Indicates the alarm history. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 66 \\ (0042 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 134 \\ (0086 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 135 \\ (0087 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Alarm history 3 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 67 \\ (0043 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 136 \\ (0088 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 137 \\ (0089 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Alarm history 4 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 68 \\ (0044 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 138 \\ (008 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 139 \\ \text { (008Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Alarm history 5 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 69 \\ (0045 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 140 \\ (008 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 141 \\ (008 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Alarm history 6 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 70 \\ (0046 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 142 \\ \text { (008Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 143 \\ (008 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Alarm history 7 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 71 \\ (0047 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 144 \\ \text { (0090h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 145 \\ (0091 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Alarm history 8 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 72 \\ (0048 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 146 \\ (0092 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 147 \\ (0093 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Alarm history 9 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 73 \\ (0049 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 148 \\ \text { (0094h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 149 \\ (0095 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Alarm history 10 | Indicates the oldest alarm history. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 74 \\ (004 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 150 \\ \text { (0096h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 151 \\ (0097 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Target position (User-defined position unit) | Indicates the present target position. (User-defined position unit) | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 75 \\ \text { (004Bh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 152 \\ \text { (0098h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 153 \\ (0099 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Demand position (User-defined position unit) | Indicates the present demand position. (User-defined position unit) | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 76 \\ (004 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 154 \\ (009 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 155 \\ \text { (009Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Actual position (User-defined position unit) | Indicates the present actual position. (User-defined position unit) | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 77 \\ (004 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 156 \\ \text { (009Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 157 \\ \text { (009Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Target velocity (User-defined velocity unit) | Indicates the present target velocity. (User-defined velocity unit) | R | - | r/min | $\begin{gathered} 78 \\ \text { (004Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 158 \\ \text { (009Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 159 \\ \text { (009Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Demand velocity (User-defined velocity unit) | Indicates the present demand velocity. (User-defined velocity unit) | R | - | r/min | $\begin{gathered} 79 \\ \text { (004Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 160 \\ \text { (00AOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 161 \\ \text { (00A1h) } \end{gathered}$ | Actual velocity (User-defined velocity unit) | Indicates the present actual velocity. (User-defined velocity unit) | R | - | r/min | $\begin{gathered} 80 \\ (0050 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 172 \\ \text { (OOACh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 173 \\ \text { (00ADh) } \end{gathered}$ | Present communication error | Indicates the communication error code received last time. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 86 \\ (0056 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $174$ <br> (00AEh) | $\begin{gathered} 175 \\ \text { (00AFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Communication error history 1 | Indicates the latest communication error code history. When a communication error is present, the code is also indicated in the communication error history 1 at the same time. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 87 \\ (0057 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 176 \\ \text { (00BOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 177 \\ (00 B 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | Communication error history 2 | Indicates the communication error code history. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 88 \\ (0058 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 178 \\ (00 B 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 179 \\ \text { (00B3h) } \end{gathered}$ | Communication error history 3 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 89 \\ (0059 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 180 \\ (00 \mathrm{~B} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 181 \\ \text { (00B5h) } \end{gathered}$ | Communication error history 4 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 90 \\ (005 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 182 \\ \text { (00B6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 183 \\ \text { (00B7h) } \end{gathered}$ | Communication error history 5 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 91 \\ (005 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 184 \\ \text { (00B8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 185 \\ \text { (00B9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Communication error history 6 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 92 \\ (005 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 186 \\ \text { (00BAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 187 \\ (00 B B h) \end{gathered}$ | Communication error history 7 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 93 \\ (005 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 188 \\ (00 \mathrm{BCh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 189 \\ \text { (00BDh) } \end{gathered}$ | Communication error history 8 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 94 \\ \text { (005Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 190 \\ \text { (OOBEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 191 \\ \text { (OOBFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Communication error history 9 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 95 \\ (005 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 192 \\ (00 \mathrm{COh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 193 \\ (00 C 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | Communication error history 10 | Indicates the oldest communication error code history. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 96 \\ (0060 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 194 \\ (00 C 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 195 \\ (00 C 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Present selected data number | Indicates the operation data number presently selected. The priority is in order of the NET selection number, the direct selection (D-SEL), and the M0 to M7 inputs. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 97 \\ (0061 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 196 \\ (00 C 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 197 \\ (00 C 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Present operation data number | Indicates the operation data number presently being operated in stored data operation or continuous operation. In operation without using operation data, -1 is displayed. -1 is displayed also during stop. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 98 \\ (0062 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 198 \\ (00 \mathrm{C} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 199 \\ (00 C 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Demand position (step) | Indicates the present demand position. (step) | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 99 \\ (0063 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ (00 \mathrm{C} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 201 \\ (00 C 9 h) \end{gathered}$ | Demand velocity (r/min) | Indicates the present demand velocity. ( $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ ) | R | - | $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (0064 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 202 \\ (00 \mathrm{CAh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 203 \\ (00 \mathrm{CBh}) \end{gathered}$ | Demand velocity (step/s) | Indicates the present demand velocity. (step/s) | R | - | step/s | $\begin{gathered} 101 \\ (0065 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 204 \\ (00 \mathrm{CCh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 205 \\ (00 \mathrm{CDh}) \end{gathered}$ | Actual position (step) | Indicates the present actual position. (step) | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 102 \\ (0066 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 206 \\ \text { (00CEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 207 \\ (00 \mathrm{CFh}) \end{gathered}$ | Actual velocity (r/min) | Indicates the present actual velocity. (r/min) | R | - | $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ | $\begin{gathered} 103 \\ (0067 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 208 \\ \text { (00DOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 209 \\ (00 \mathrm{D} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Actual velocity (step/s) | Indicates the present actual velocity. (step/s) | R | - | step/s | $\begin{gathered} 104 \\ (0068 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 210 \\ (00 \mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 211 \\ \text { (00D3h) } \end{gathered}$ | Remaining dwell time | Indicates the remaining time in the drive-complete delay time or dwell. (ms) | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 105 \\ (0069 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 212 \\ \text { (00D4h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 213 \\ (00 \mathrm{D} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct I/O | Indicates the status of direct I/O. <br> (Arrangement of bits $\Rightarrow$ p.335) | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 106 \\ (006 A h) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 214 \\ (00 \mathrm{D} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 215 \\ \text { (00D7h) } \end{gathered}$ | Torque monitor | Indicates the output torque presently generated as a percentage of the rated torque. | R | - | 1=0.1\% | $\begin{gathered} 107 \\ (006 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 216 \\ \text { (00D8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 217 \\ \text { (00D9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Load factor monitor | Indicates the output torque presently generated as a percentage of the maximum torque in the continuous duty region. | R | - | 1=0.1\% | $\begin{gathered} 108 \\ (006 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 218 \\ \text { (OODAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 219 \\ \text { (00DBh) } \end{gathered}$ | Cumulative load monitor | Indicates the integrated value of the load during operation. (Internal unit) The load is accumulated regardless of the rotation direction of the motor. (Details of cumulative load monitor $\Rightarrow$ p.475) | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 109 \\ \text { (006Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 220 \\ (00 \mathrm{DCh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 221 \\ (00 D D h) \end{gathered}$ | Torque limiting value | Indicates the present torque limiting value. ( $1=0.1 \%$ ) | R | - | 1=0.1\% | $\begin{gathered} 110 \\ \text { (006Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 224 \\ \text { (OOEOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 225 \\ (00 \mathrm{E} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Next data number | Indicates the operation data number specified in "Next data number" of the operation data in operation. The value is latched even after the operation is completed. When "Link" is set to "No Link" or "Next data number" is set to "Stop," -1 is displayed. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 112 \\ (0070 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 226 \\ (00 \mathrm{E} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 227 \\ (00 \mathrm{E} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Loop origin data number | Indicates the operation data number that is the starting point of the loop in loop operation. When loop is not executed or stopped, -1 is displayed. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 113 \\ (0071 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 228 \\ (00 E 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 229 \\ (00 E 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Loop count | Indicates the present number of loop times in loop operation. When operation other than loop is executed or loop is stopped, 0 is displayed. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 114 \\ (0072 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 230 \\ \text { (OOE6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 231 \\ (00 \mathrm{E} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Position deviation | Indicates the deviation between the demand position and the actual position. (User-defined position unit) | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 115 \\ (0073 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 232 \\ \text { (OOE8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 233 \\ \text { (00E9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Position deviation in controller | Indicates the deviation between the demand position having input to the position controller and the actual position. (User-defined position unit) | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 116 \\ (0074 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 234 \\ \text { (OOEAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 235 \\ (00 E B h) \end{gathered}$ | Speed deviation | Indicates the deviation between the demand velocity and the actual velocity. (User-defined velocity unit) | R | - | r/min | $\begin{gathered} 117 \\ (0075 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 236 \\ \text { (OOECh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 237 \\ \text { (OOEDh) } \end{gathered}$ | Speed deviation in controller | Indicates the deviation between the demand velocity having input to the speed controller and the actual velocity. (User-defined velocity unit) | R | - | $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ | $\begin{gathered} 118 \\ (0076 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 238 \\ \text { (OOEEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 239 \\ \text { (OOEFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Settling time | Indicates the time from when the command is completed until the IN-POS output is turned ON. (ms) | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 119 \\ (0077 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 244 \\ (00 \mathrm{~F} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 245 \\ (00 F 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Tripmeter 1 ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{kRev}$ ) | Indicates the travel distance of the motor in revolutions. ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ ) This can be cleared on the customer side. | R | - | $1=0.1$ krev | $\begin{gathered} 122 \\ \text { (007Ah) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 246 \\ \text { (00F6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 247 \\ (00 F 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Information status 1 | Indicates the information status presently being generated. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 123 \\ (007 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 248 \\ \text { (00F8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 249 \\ \text { (00F9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Driver temperature | Indicates the present driver temperature. ( $1=0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | R | - | $1=0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\begin{gathered} 124 \\ \text { (007Ch) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbuscommunicationregister address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 250 \\ \text { (00FAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 251 \\ (00 \mathrm{FBh}) \end{gathered}$ | Motor temperature | Indicates the present motor temperature. ( $1=0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | R | - | $1=0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\begin{gathered} 125 \\ (007 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 252 \\ \text { (OOFCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 253 \\ \text { (OOFDh) } \end{gathered}$ | Odometer | Indicates the cumulative travel distance of the motor in revolutions. ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ ) This cannot be cleared on the customer side. | R | - | $1=0.1$ krev | $\begin{gathered} 126 \\ \text { (007Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 254 \\ \text { (OOFEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 255 \\ \text { (00FFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Tripmeter 0 | Indicates the travel distance of the motor in revolutions. ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ ) This can be cleared on the customer side. | R | - | 1=0.1 krev | $\begin{gathered} 127 \\ \text { (007Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 256 \\ (0100 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 257 \\ (0101 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Sequence history 1 | Indicates the history of operation data numbers executed until now. <br> -1 is always displayed when stopped. During operation, the value same as the "Present operation data number" is also displayed in the sequence history 1. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 128 \\ (0080 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 258 \\ (0102 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 259 \\ (0103 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Sequence history 2 | Indicates the history of operation data numbers executed until now. <br> -1 is always displayed when stopped. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 129 \\ (0081 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 260 \\ (0104 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 261 \\ (0105 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Sequence history 3 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 130 \\ (0082 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 262 \\ (0106 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 263 \\ (0107 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Sequence history 4 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 131 \\ (0083 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 264 \\ (0108 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 265 \\ (0109 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Sequence history 5 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 132 \\ (0084 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 266 \\ (010 \mathrm{Ah}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 267 \\ \text { (010Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Sequence history 6 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 133 \\ (0085 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 268 \\ (010 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 269 \\ (010 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Sequence history 7 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 134 \\ (0086 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 270 \\ \text { (010Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 271 \\ \text { (010Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Sequence history 8 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 135 \\ (0087 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 272 \\ (0110 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 273 \\ (0111 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Sequence history 9 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 136 \\ (0088 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 274 \\ (0112 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 275 \\ (0113 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Sequence history 10 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 137 \\ \text { (0089h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 276 \\ (0114 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 277 \\ (0115 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Sequence history 11 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 138 \\ \text { (008Ah) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 278 \\ (0116 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 279 \\ (0117 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Sequence history 12 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 139 \\ \text { (008Bh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 280 \\ (0118 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 281 \\ (0119 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Sequence history 13 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 140 \\ \text { (008Ch) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 282 \\ (011 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 283 \\ (011 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Sequence history 14 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 141 \\ (008 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 284 \\ (011 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 285 \\ \text { (011Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Sequence history 15 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 142 \\ \text { (008Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 286 \\ \text { (011Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 287 \\ \text { (011Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Sequence history 16 | Indicates the oldest operation data number among the data executed until now. -1 is always displayed when stopped. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 143 \\ \text { (008Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 288 \\ (0120 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 289 \\ (0121 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Actual position 32-bit counter (User-defined position unit) | This is the actual position 32-bit counter. Counts independently of the WRAP function. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 144 \\ (0090 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 290 \\ (0122 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 291 \\ (0123 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Demand position 32-bit counter (User-defined position unit) | This is the demand position 32-bit counter. Counts independently of the WRAP function. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 145 \\ (0091 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 294 \\ (0126 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 295 \\ (0127 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Loop count buffer | Indicates the present number of loop times in loop operation. The value is kept until the operation start signal is turned ON. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 147 \\ (0093 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 300 \\ (012 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 301 \\ (012 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Corrected max software limit | Indicates the maximum value of the software limit. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 150 \\ (0096 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 302 \\ \text { (012Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 303 \\ \text { (012Fh) } \end{array}$ | Corrected min software limit | Indicates the minimum value of the software limit. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 151 \\ (0097 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 310 \\ (0136 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 311 \\ (0137 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Main power supply current | Indicates the present current value of the main power supply. ( $1=0.001 \mathrm{~A}$ ) | R | - | $1=0.001 \mathrm{~A}$ | $\begin{gathered} 155 \\ \text { (009Bh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 312 \\ (0138 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 313 \\ (0139 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Power consumption | Indicates the present power consumption. (1=0.1 W) | R | - | 1=0.1W | $\begin{gathered} 156 \\ \text { (009Ch) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 314 \\ (013 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 315 \\ (013 B h) \end{array}$ | Energy consumption | Indicates the present energy consumption. (1=0.001 Wh) | R | - | $1=0.001 \mathrm{~Wh}$ | $\begin{gathered} 157 \\ \text { (009Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 316 \\ (013 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 317 \\ \text { (013Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | User energy consumption | Indicates the total energy consumption. (Wh) This can be cleared on the customer side. | R | - | Wh | $\begin{gathered} 158 \\ \text { (009Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 318 \\ \text { (013Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 319 \\ \text { (013Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Total energy consumption | Indicates the total energy consumption. (Wh) This cannot be cleared on the customer side. | R | - | Wh | $\begin{gathered} 159 \\ \text { (009Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 322 \\ (0142 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 323 \\ (0143 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Total uptime | Indicates the total time that has elapsed since the main power supply was turned on. (min) | R | - | min | $\begin{gathered} 161 \\ (00 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 324 \\ (0144 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 325 \\ (0145 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Number of boots | Indicates the total number of times that the driver was started. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 162 \\ \text { (00A2h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 326 \\ (0146 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 327 \\ (0147 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Inverter voltage | Indicates the inverter voltage of the driver. ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | R | - | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\begin{gathered} 163 \\ \text { (00A3h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 328 \\ (0148 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 329 \\ (0149 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Main power supply voltage | Indicates the main power supply voltage. ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | R | - | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\begin{gathered} 164 \\ \text { (00A4h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 338 \\ (0152 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 339 \\ (0153 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Continuous uptime | Indicates the time at which the main power supply is supplied continuously. (ms) | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 169 \\ \text { (00A9h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 340 \\ (0154 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 341 \\ (0155 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication reception byte counter | Indicates the number of bytes received. | R | - | - | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline 170 \\ \text { (OOAAh) } \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 342 \\ (0156 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 343 \\ (0157 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication transmission byte counter | Indicates the number of bytes transmitted. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 171 \\ (00 \mathrm{ABh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 344 \\ (0158 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 345 \\ (0159 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication normal reception frame counter (All) | Indicates the number of normal frames received. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 172 \\ \text { (00ACh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 346 \\ (015 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 347 \\ (015 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication normal reception frame counter <br> (Only own address) | Indicates the number of normal frames received to own address. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 173 \\ \text { (00ADh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 348 \\ (015 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 349 \\ \text { (015Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication Abnormal reception frame counter (All) | Indicates the number of abnormal frames received. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 174 \\ \text { (00AEh) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 350 \\ \text { (015Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 351 \\ (015 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication transmission frame counter | Indicates the number of frames transmitted. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 175 \\ \text { (00AFh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 352 \\ (0160 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 353 \\ (0161 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication register write error counter | Indicates the number of times the register write error occurred. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 176 \\ \text { (00B0h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 354 \\ (0162 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 355 \\ (0163 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication valid frame/second | Indicates the number of valid frames per second. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 177 \\ \text { (00B1h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 356 \\ (0164 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 357 \\ (0165 h) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication processing time | Indicates the communication processing time for RS-485 communication. | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 178 \\ (00 \mathrm{~B} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 358 \\ (0166 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 359 \\ (0167 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication maximum processing time | Indicates the maximum communication processing time after turning on the power. | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 179 \\ \text { (00B3h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 360 \\ (0168 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 361 \\ (0169 h) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication interval | Indicates the communication interval for RS-485 communication. | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 180 \\ \text { (00B4h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 362 \\ (016 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 363 \\ (016 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication maximum interval | Indicates the maximum communication interval for RS-485 communication. | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 181 \\ (00 B 5 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 368 \\ (0170 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 369 \\ (0171 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | I/O status 1 | Indicates the ON-OFF status of the internal I/O. <br> (Arrangement of bits $\Rightarrow$ p.336) | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 184 \\ \text { (00B8h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 370 \\ (0172 h) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 371 \\ (0173 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | I/O status 2 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 185 \\ \text { (00B9h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 372 \\ (0174 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 373 \\ (0175 h) \end{gathered}$ | I/O status 3 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 186 \\ \text { (00BAh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 374 \\ (0176 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 375 \\ (0177 h) \end{gathered}$ | I/O status 4 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 187 \\ \text { (00BBh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 376 \\ (0178 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 377 \\ (0179 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | I/O status 5 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 188 \\ \text { (00BCh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 378 \\ (017 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 379 \\ (017 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | I/O status 6 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 189 \\ \text { (00BDh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 380 \\ (017 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 381 \\ (017 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | I/O status 7 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 190 \\ \text { (OOBEh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 382 \\ (017 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 383 \\ (017 \mathrm{Fh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | I/O status 8 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 191 \\ \text { (00BFh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2624 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 40 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2625 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 41 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Information time history 1 | Indicates the history of the time when the latest information was generated. When information is present, the time when the present information was generated is indicated. (ms) | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1312 \\ (0520 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2626 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 42 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2627 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 43 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Information time history 2 | Indicates the history of the time when information was generated. (ms) | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1313 \\ (0521 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2628 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 44 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2629 \\ (0 A 45 h) \end{gathered}$ | Information time history 3 |  | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1314 \\ (0522 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2630 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 46 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2631 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 47 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Information time history 4 |  | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1315 \\ (0523 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2632 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 48 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2633 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 49 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Information time history 5 |  | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1316 \\ (0524 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2634 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2635 \\ \text { (0A4Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Information time history 6 |  | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1317 \\ (0525 h) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2636 \\ \text { (OA4Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2637 \\ \text { (OA4Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Information time history 7 | Indicates the history of the time when information was generated. (ms) | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1318 \\ (0526 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2638 \\ \text { (OA4Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2639 \\ \text { (OA4Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Information time history 8 |  | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1319 \\ (0527 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2640 \\ \text { (OA50h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2641 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 51 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Information time history 9 |  | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1320 \\ (0528 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2642 \\ \text { (OA52h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2643 \\ \text { (OA53h) } \end{gathered}$ | Information time history 10 |  | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1321 \\ (0529 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2644 \\ (0 A 54 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2645 \\ \text { (OA55h) } \end{gathered}$ | Information time history 11 |  | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1322 \\ \text { (052Ah) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2646 \\ (0 A 56 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2647 \\ \text { (0A57h) } \end{gathered}$ | Information time history 12 |  | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1323 \\ (052 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2648 \\ \text { (OA58h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2649 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 59 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Information time history 13 |  | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1324 \\ (052 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2650 \\ \text { (OA5Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 2651 \\ \text { (OA5Bh) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Information time history 14 |  | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1325 \\ \text { (052Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2652 \\ \text { (OA5Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2653 \\ \text { (0A5Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Information time history 15 |  | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1326 \\ \text { (052Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2654 \\ \text { (OA5Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2655 \\ \text { (OA5Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Information time history 16 | Indicates the history of the time when the oldest information was generated. (ms) | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1327 \\ \text { (052Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2656 \\ \text { (OA60h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline 2657 \\ \text { (OA61h) } \end{array}$ | Information history 1 | Indicates the latest information history. If information is present, the information status is also indicated on the information history 1. (Arrangement of bits $\Rightarrow$ p.333) | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1328 \\ (0530 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2658 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 62 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2659 \\ \text { (OA63h) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1329 \\ (0531 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2660 \\ \text { (OA64h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 2661 \\ \text { (OA65h) } \end{array}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1330 \\ (0532 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2662 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 66 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2663 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 67 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1331 \\ (0533 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| 2664 (OA68h) | $\begin{gathered} 2665 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 69 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Information history 2 | Indicates the information history. (Arrangement of bits $\Rightarrow$ p.333) | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1332 \\ (0534 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2666 \\ (0 A 6 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 2667 \\ \text { (OA6Bh) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1333 \\ (0535 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2668 \\ \text { (OA6Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2669 \\ \text { (OA6Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1334 \\ (0536 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2670 \\ \text { (0A6Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2671 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 6 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1335 \\ (0537 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2672 \\ \text { (OA7Oh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 2673 \\ \text { (OA71h) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Information history 3 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1336 \\ (0538 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2674 \\ \text { (OA72h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 2675 \\ \text { (OA73h) } \end{array}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1337 \\ \text { (0539h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2676 \\ \text { (OA74h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2677 \\ \text { (OA75h) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1338 \\ (053 A h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2678 \\ \text { (OA76h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 2679 \\ \text { (OA77h) } \end{array}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1339 \\ \text { (053Bh) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2680 \\ (0 A 78 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2681 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 79 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Information history 4 | Indicates the information history. (Arrangement of bits $\Rightarrow$ p.333) | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1340 \\ (053 C h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2682 \\ (0 A 7 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2683 \\ \text { (0A7Bh) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1341 \\ \text { (053Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2684 \\ (0 A 7 C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2685 \\ \text { (0A7Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1342 \\ \text { (053Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2686 \\ \text { (OA7Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2687 \\ \text { (0A7Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1343 \\ (053 F h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2688 \\ (0 A 80 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2689 \\ (0 A 81 h) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1344 \\ (0540 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2690 \\ (0 A 82 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2691 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 83 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | tion history 5 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1345 \\ (0541 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2692 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 84 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2693 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 85 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Information history 5 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1346 \\ (0542 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2694 \\ (0 A 86 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2695 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 87 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1347 \\ (0543 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2696 \\ (0 A 88 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2697 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 89 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1348 \\ (0544 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2698 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{Ah}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2699 \\ \text { (0A8Bh) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1349 \\ (0545 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2700 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2701 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R | - |  | $\begin{gathered} 1350 \\ (0546 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2702 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2703 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1351 \\ (0547 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2704 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 90 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2705 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 91 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Information history 7 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1352 \\ (0548 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2706 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 92 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2707 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 93 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1353 \\ (0549 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2708 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 94 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2709 \\ (0 A 95 h) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1354 \\ (054 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2710 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 96 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2711 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 97 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1355 \\ (054 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2712 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 98 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2713 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 99 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Information history 8 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1356 \\ \text { (054Ch) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2714 \\ \text { (OA9Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2715 \\ (0 \mathrm{~A} 9 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1357 \\ \text { (054Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2716 \\ \text { (0A9Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2717 \\ \text { (0A9Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1358 \\ \text { (054Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2718 \\ \text { (OA9Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2719 \\ \text { (0A9Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1359 \\ (054 F h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2720 \\ \text { (OAAOh) } \end{gathered}$ | 2721 <br> (0AA1h) | Information history 9 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1360 \\ (0550 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2722 \\ \text { (0AA2h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2723 \\ (0 A A 3 h) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1361 \\ (0551 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2724 \\ \text { (OAA4h) } \end{gathered}$ | 2725 <br> (0AA5h) |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1362 \\ (0552 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2726 \\ (0 \mathrm{AA} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | 2727 <br> (0AA7h) |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1363 \\ (0553 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2728 \\ \text { (0AA8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2729 \\ \text { (0AA9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Information history 10 | Indicates the information history. (Arrangement of bits $\Rightarrow$ p.333) | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1364 \\ (0554 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2730 \\ \text { (OAAAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2731 \\ (0 A A B h) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1365 \\ (0555 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2732 \\ \text { (OAACh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2733 \\ \text { (OAADh) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1366 \\ (0556 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2734 \\ \text { (OAAEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2735 \\ \text { (OAAFh) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1367 \\ (0557 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2736 \\ (\text { OABOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2737 \\ \text { (0AB1h) } \end{gathered}$ | Information history 11 |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1368 \\ (0558 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2738 \\ (0 \mathrm{AB} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2739 \\ (0 \mathrm{AB} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1369 \\ (0559 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2740 \\ \text { (OAB4h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2741 \\ (0 \mathrm{AB5h}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1370 \\ \text { (055Ah) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2742 \\ (0 \mathrm{AB6h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2743 \\ (0 A B 7 h) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1371 \\ \text { (055Bh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2744 \\ \text { (OAB8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2745 \\ (0 \mathrm{AB} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Information history 12 |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1372 \\ \text { (055Ch) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2746 \\ \text { (OABAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2747 \\ \text { (OABBh) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1373 \\ \text { (055Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2748 \\ \text { (OABCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2749 \\ (0 \mathrm{ABDh}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1374 \\ \text { (055Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2750 \\ \text { (OABEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2751 \\ \text { (OABFh) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1375 \\ \text { (055Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2752 \\ \text { (OACOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2753 \\ (0 A C 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | Information history 13 |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1376 \\ (0560 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2754 \\ \text { (OAC2h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2755 \\ (0 \mathrm{AC} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1377 \\ (0561 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2756 \\ (0 \mathrm{AC} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2757 \\ (0 A C 5 h) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1378 \\ (0562 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2758 \\ (0 A C 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2759 \\ (0 A C 7 h) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1379 \\ (0563 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2760 \\ (0 \mathrm{AC} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2761 \\ (0 \mathrm{AC} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Information history 14 |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1380 \\ (0564 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2762 \\ (0 A C A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2763 \\ (0 \mathrm{ACBh}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1381 \\ (0565 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2764 \\ \text { (OACCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2765 \\ \text { (OACDh) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1382 \\ (0566 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2766 \\ \text { (OACEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2767 \\ \text { (OACFh) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1383 \\ (0567 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2768 \\ \text { (OADOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2769 \\ (0 A D 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | Information history 15 |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1384 \\ (0568 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2770 \\ \text { (OAD2h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2771 \\ \text { (OAD3h) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1385 \\ (0569 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2772 \\ \text { (OAD4h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2773 \\ \text { (OAD5h) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1386 \\ \text { (056Ah) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2774 \\ \text { (OAD6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2775 \\ \text { (OAD7h) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1387 \\ (056 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2776 \\ \text { (OAD8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2777 \\ \text { (OAD9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Information history 16 | Indicates the oldest information history. <br> (Arrangement of bits $\Rightarrow$ p.333) | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1388 \\ (056 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2778 \\ \text { (OADAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2779 \\ \text { (OADBh) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1389 \\ (056 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2780 \\ & \text { (OADCh) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2781 \\ \text { (0ADDh) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1390 \\ \text { (056Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2782 \\ \text { (OADEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2783 \\ \text { (OADFh) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1391 \\ \text { (056Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2784 \\ (0 \mathrm{AEOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2785 \\ \text { (OAE1h) } \end{gathered}$ | Information status | Indicates the information status presently being generated. (Arrangement of bits $\Rightarrow$ p.334) | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1392 \\ (0570 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2786 \\ (\text { OAE2h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2787 \\ \text { (OAE3h) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1393 \\ (0571 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2788 \\ \text { (OAE4h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2789 \\ \text { (OAE5h) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1394 \\ (0572 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2790 \\ \text { (OAE6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2791 \\ \text { (OAE7h) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | R |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1395 \\ (0573 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2792 \\ (0 \mathrm{AE} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2793 \\ \text { (OAE9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Information count | Indicates the number of times that information was generated. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1396 \\ (0574 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2816 \\ \text { (OBOOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2817 \\ (0 B 01 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (USR-LATO: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the status of the latch by the USR-LATO input (positive edge). | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1408 \\ (0580 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2818 \\ \text { (OBO2h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2819 \\ \text { (OBO3h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position <br> (USR-LATO: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the demand position latched by the USR-LATO input (positive edge). | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1409 \\ (0581 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2820 \\ \text { (OB04h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2821 \\ (0 B 05 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position (USR-LATO: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the actual position latched by the USR-LATO input (positive edge). | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1410 \\ (0582 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2822 \\ (0 B 06 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2823 \\ (\text { OBO7h }) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position <br> (USR-LATO: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the target position latched by the USR-LATO input (positive edge). | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1411 \\ (0583 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2824 \\ \text { (OB08h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2825 \\ (0 B 09 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number <br> (USR-LATO: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the operation number latched by the USR-LATO input (positive edge). | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1412 \\ (0584 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2826 \\ \text { (OBOAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2827 \\ \text { (OBOBh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop (USR-LATO: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the USR-LATO input (positive edge). | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1413 \\ (0585 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2828 \\ \text { (OBOCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2829 \\ (0 B O D h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch <br> (USR-LATO: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the number of times latched by the USR-LATO input (positive edge). | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1414 \\ (0586 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2830 \\ \text { (OBOEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2831 \\ \text { (OBOFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (USR-LATO: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the USR-LATO input (positive edge). | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1415 \\ (0587 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2832 \\ \text { (OB10h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2833 \\ \text { (OB11h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (USR-LATO: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the status of the latch by the USR-LATO input (negative edge). | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1416 \\ (0588 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2834 \\ \text { (OB12h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2835 \\ \text { (OB13h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position <br> (USR-LATO: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the demand position latched by the USR-LATO input (negative edge). | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1417 \\ (0589 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2836 \\ \text { (OB14h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2837 \\ \text { (OB15h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position <br> (USR-LATO: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the actual position latched by the USR-LATO input (negative edge). | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1418 \\ (058 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2838 \\ (0 \mathrm{OB} 16 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2839 \\ (0 B 17 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position <br> (USR-LATO: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the target position latched by the USR-LATO input (negative edge). | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1419 \\ (058 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |


|  | Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2840 \\ \text { (OB18h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2841 \\ \text { (OB19h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number <br> (USR-LATO: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the operation number latched by the USR-LATO input (negative edge). | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1420 \\ (058 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2842 \\ (0 \mathrm{OB} 1 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2843 \\ \text { (OB1Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop <br> (USR-LATO: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the USR-LATO input (negative edge). | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1421 \\ (058 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2844 \\ (0 \mathrm{OB} 1 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2845 \\ \text { (0B1Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch <br> (USR-LATO: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the number of times latched by the USR-LATO input (negative edge). | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1422 \\ \text { (058Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2846 \\ \text { (OB1Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2847 \\ \text { (OB1Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (USR-LATO: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the USR-LATO input (negative edge). | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1423 \\ \text { (058Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2848 \\ (0 B 20 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2849 \\ (0 B 21 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (USR-LAT1: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the status of the latch by the USR-LAT1 input (positive edge). | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1424 \\ \text { (0590h) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2850 \\ \text { (OB22h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2851 \\ \text { (OB23h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position <br> (USR-LAT1: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the demand position latched by the USR-LAT1 input (positive edge). | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1425 \\ \text { (0591h) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2852 \\ (\text { OB24h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2853 \\ \text { (OB25h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position <br> (USR-LAT1: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the actual position latched by the USR-LAT1 input (positive edge). | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1426 \\ (0592 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| a | $\begin{gathered} 2854 \\ \text { (OB26h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2855 \\ (0 B 27 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position <br> (USR-LAT1: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the target position latched by the USR-LAT1 input (positive edge). | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1427 \\ (0593 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{D} \\ & \stackrel{n}{D} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\omega} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2856 \\ \text { (OB28h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2857 \\ \text { (OB29h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number (USR-LAT1: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the operation number latched by the USR-LAT1 input (positive edge). | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1428 \\ (0594 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hat{O} \\ & \frac{0}{D} \\ & \hat{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2858 \\ (0 B 2 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2859 \\ \text { (OB2Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop <br> (USR-LAT1: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the USR-LAT1 input (positive edge). | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1429 \\ (0595 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\begin{gathered} 2860 \\ \text { (OB2Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2861 \\ (0 B 2 D h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch <br> (USR-LAT1: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the number of times latched by the USR-LAT1 input (positive edge). | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1430 \\ (0596 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2862 \\ \text { (OB2Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2863 \\ \text { (OB2Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (USR-LAT1: POS-EDGE) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the USR-LAT1 input (positive edge). | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1431 \\ (0597 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2864 \\ (O B 30 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2865 \\ (0 B 31 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (USR-LAT1: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the status of the latch by the USR-LAT1 input (negative edge). | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1432 \\ (0598 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2866 \\ (\text { OB32h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2867 \\ \text { (OB33h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position <br> (USR-LAT1:NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the demand position latched by the USR-LAT1 input (negative edge). | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1433 \\ (0599 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2868 \\ (\text { OB34h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2869 \\ \text { (OB35h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position (USR-LAT1: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the actual position latched by the USR-LAT1 input (negative edge). | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1434 \\ (059 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2870 \\ (0 B 36 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2871 \\ \text { (OB37h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position <br> (USR-LAT1: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the target position latched by the USR-LAT1 input (negative edge). | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1435 \\ \text { (059Bh) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2872 \\ (\text { OB38h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2873 \\ \text { (OB39h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number <br> (USR-LAT1: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the operation number latched by the USR-LAT1 input (negative edge). | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1436 \\ (059 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2874 \\ (0 B 3 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2875 \\ \text { (OB3Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop (USR-LAT1: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the USR-LAT1 input (negative edge). | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1437 \\ \text { (059Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2876 \\ (0 \mathrm{~B} 3 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2877 \\ \text { (0B3Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch (USR-LAT1: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the number of times latched by the USR-LAT1 input (negative edge). | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1438 \\ \text { (059Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2878 \\ \text { (OB3Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2879 \\ \text { (OB3Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (USR-LAT1: NEG-EDGE) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the USR-LAT1 input (negative edge). | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1439 \\ \text { (059Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2880 \\ \text { (OB40h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2881 \\ (0 B 41 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (IO event - low event) | Indicates the status of the latch by the low event. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1440 \\ (05 \mathrm{~A} 0 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2882 \\ (0 \mathrm{~B} 42 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2883 \\ (0 B 43 h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position (IO event - low event) | Indicates the demand position latched by the low event. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1441 \\ (05 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2884 \\ (0 B 44 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2885 \\ (0 B 45 h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position (IO event - low event) | Indicates the actual position latched by the low event. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1442 \\ (05 \mathrm{~A} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2886 \\ (0 \mathrm{~B} 46 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2887 \\ \text { (0B47h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position (IO event - low event) | Indicates the target position latched by the low event. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1443 \\ (05 A 3 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2888 \\ (0 \mathrm{OB} 48 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2889 \\ (0 B 49 h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number (IO event - low event) | Indicates the operation number latched by the low event. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1444 \\ (05 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2890 \\ (\text { OB4Ah }) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2891 \\ \text { (OB4Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop (IO event - low event) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the low event. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1445 \\ (05 \mathrm{~A} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2892 \\ \text { (0B4Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2893 \\ \text { (0B4Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch (IO event - low event) | Indicates the number of times latched by the low event. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1446 \\ (05 A 6 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2894 \\ \text { (0B4Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2895 \\ \text { (OB4Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (IO event - low event) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the low event. | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1447 \\ (05 \mathrm{~A} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2896 \\ (0 B 50 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2897 \\ (0 B 51 h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (IO event - middle event) | Indicates the status of the latch by the middle event. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1448 \\ (05 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2898 \\ (0 \mathrm{~B} 52 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2899 \\ (0 B 53 h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position (IO event - middle event) | Indicates the demand position latched by the middle event. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1449 \\ (05 \mathrm{~A} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2900 \\ (0 \mathrm{~B} 54 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2901 \\ (0 \mathrm{~B} 55 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position (IO event - middle event) | Indicates the actual position latched by the middle event. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1450 \\ \text { (05AAh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2902 \\ (0 \mathrm{~B} 56 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2903 \\ (0 \mathrm{~B} 57 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position (IO event - middle event) | Indicates the target position latched by the middle event. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1451 \\ (05 \mathrm{ABh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2904 \\ (0 \mathrm{~B} 58 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2905 \\ (0 \mathrm{~B} 59 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number (IO event - middle event) | Indicates the operation number latched by the middle event. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1452 \\ (05 \mathrm{ACh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2906 \\ (0 \mathrm{~B} 5 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2907 \\ \text { (0B5Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop (IO event - middle event) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the middle event. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1453 \\ (05 A D h) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2908 \\ (\text { OB5Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2909 \\ \text { (OB5Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch (IO event - middle event) | Indicates the number of times latched by the middle event. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1454 \\ \text { (05AEh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2910 \\ \text { (OB5Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2911 \\ \text { (OB5Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (IO event - middle event) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the middle event. | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1455 \\ \text { (05AFh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2912 \\ (0 B 60 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2913 \\ (0 B 61 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (IO event - high event) | Indicates the status of the latch by the high event. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1456 \\ \text { (05BOh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2914 \\ (0 B 62 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2915 \\ \text { (OB63h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position <br> (IO event - high event) | Indicates the demand position latched by the high event. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1457 \\ (05 B 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2916 \\ \text { (OB64h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2917 \\ \text { (OB65h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position (IO event - high event) | Indicates the actual position latched by the high event. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1458 \\ (05 \mathrm{~B} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2918 \\ \text { (OB66h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2919 \\ (0 B 67 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position (IO event - high event) | Indicates the target position latched by the high event. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1459 \\ (05 B 3 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2920 \\ \text { (OB68h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2921 \\ (0 B 69 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number <br> (IO event - high event) | Indicates the operation number latched by the high event. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1460 \\ \text { (05B4h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2922 \\ (0 B 6 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2923 \\ \text { (OB6Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop <br> (IO event - high event) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the high event. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1461 \\ \text { (05B5h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2924 \\ (\text { OB6Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2925 \\ (0 B 6 D h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch <br> (IO event - high event) | Indicates the number of times latched by the high event. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1462 \\ \text { (05B6h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2926 \\ \text { (OB6Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2927 \\ \text { (OB6Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (IO event - high event) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the high event. | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1463 \\ (05 B 7 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2928 \\ \text { (OB70h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2929 \\ (0 B 71 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (STOP) | Indicates the status of the latch by the stop input. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1464 \\ \text { (05B8h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2930 \\ (0 B 72 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2931 \\ (O B 73 h) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position (STOP) | Indicates the demand position latched by the stop input. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1465 \\ \text { (05B9h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2932 \\ (0 B 74 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2933 \\ (0 B 75 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position (STOP) | Indicates the actual position latched by the stop input. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1466 \\ \text { (05BAh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2934 \\ (0 B 76 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2935 \\ \text { (OB77h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position (STOP) | Indicates the target position latched by the stop input. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1467 \\ \text { (05BBh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2936 \\ (0 B 78 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2937 \\ \text { (OB79h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number (STOP) | Indicates the operation number latched by the stop input. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1468 \\ \text { (05BCh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2938 \\ (0 B 7 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2939 \\ (\text { OB7Bh }) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop (STOP) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the stop input. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1469 \\ \text { (05BDh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2940 \\ (0 B 7 C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2941 \\ \text { (OB7Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch (STOP) | Indicates the number of times latched by the stop input. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1470 \\ \text { (05BEh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2942 \\ \text { (OB7Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2943 \\ \text { (OB7Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (STOP) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the stop input. | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1471 \\ \text { (05BFh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2944 \\ \text { (OB80h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2945 \\ (0 B 81 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor status (NEXT) | Indicates the status of the latch by the NEXT input. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1472 \\ \text { (05COh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2946 \\ (0 B 82 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2947 \\ \text { (OB83h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor demand position (NEXT) | Indicates the demand position latched by the NEXT input. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1473 \\ (05 \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2948 \\ (0 \mathrm{~B} 84 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2949 \\ (0 \mathrm{~B} 85 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor actual position (NEXT) | Indicates the actual position latched by the NEXT input. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1474 \\ (05 C 2 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2950 \\ (\text { OB86h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2951 \\ \text { (OB87h) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor target position (NEXT) | Indicates the target position latched by the NEXT input. | R | - | step | $\begin{gathered} 1475 \\ (05 C 3 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2952 \\ (0 \mathrm{~B} 88 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2953 \\ (0 \mathrm{~B} 89 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor operation number (NEXT) | Indicates the operation number latched by the NEXT input. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1476 \\ (05 C 4 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2954 \\ \text { (OB8Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2955 \\ \text { (OB8Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of loop (NEXT) | Indicates the number of loop times latched by the NEXT input. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1477 \\ (05 C 5 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2956 \\ (0 \mathrm{~B} 8 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2957 \\ \text { (0B8Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of latch (NEXT) | Indicates the number of times latched by the NEXT input. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1478 \\ (05 C 6 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2958 \\ \text { (0B8Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2959 \\ \text { (0B8Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Latch monitor number of continuous uptime (NEXT) | Indicates the number of continuous uptime latched by the NEXT input. | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1479 \\ (05 C 7 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3168 \\ (0 \mathrm{C} 60 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3169 \\ (0 C 61 h) \end{gathered}$ | FFT Value (1st peak) *1 | Indicates the target FFT analysis result level (1st peak) set in the "FFT target" parameter. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1584 \\ (0630 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3170 \\ (0 C 62 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3171 \\ (0 C 63 h) \end{gathered}$ | FFT Frequency (1st peak) *1 | Indicates the target FFT analysis result frequency (1st peak) set in the "FFT target" parameter. | R | - | Hz | $\begin{gathered} 1585 \\ (0631 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3172 \\ (0 C 64 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3173 \\ (0 C 65 h) \end{gathered}$ | FFT Value (2nd peak) *1 | Indicates the target FFT analysis result level (2nd peak) set in the "FFT target" parameter. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1586 \\ (0632 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3174 \\ (0 C 66 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3175 \\ (0 C 67 h) \end{gathered}$ | FFT Frequency (2nd peak) *1 | Indicates the target FFT analysis result frequency (2nd peak) set in the "FFT target" parameter. | R | - | Hz | $\begin{gathered} 1587 \\ (0633 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3176 \\ (0 C 68 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3177 \\ (0 C 69 h) \end{gathered}$ | FFT Value(3rd peak) *1 | Indicates the target FFT analysis result level (3rd peak) set in the "FFT target" parameter. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1588 \\ (0634 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3178 \\ (0 \mathrm{C} 6 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3179 \\ (0 \mathrm{C} 6 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | FFT Frequency (3rd peak) *1 | Indicates the target FFT analysis result frequency (3rd peak) set in the "FFT target" parameter. | R | - | Hz | $\begin{gathered} 1589 \\ (0635 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3180 \\ (0 \mathrm{C} 6 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3181 \\ \text { (0C6Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | FFT Value (4th peak) *1 | Indicates the target FFT analysis result level (4th peak) set in the "FFT target" parameter. | R | - | - | $\begin{gathered} 1590 \\ (0636 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3182 \\ \text { (0C6Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3183 \\ \text { (0C6Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | FFT Frequency <br> (4th peak) *1 | Indicates the target FFT analysis result frequency (4th peak) set in the "FFT target" parameter. | R | - | Hz | $\begin{gathered} 1591 \\ (0637 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3238 \\ (0 C A 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3239 \\ & \text { (OCA7h) } \end{aligned}$ | Continuous operating time *2 | Indicates the elapsed time from starting operation. 0 is shown during stop. | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1619 \\ (0653 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3240 \\ \text { (0CA8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3241 \\ \text { (0CA9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Continuous operating time buffer *2 | Indicates the elapsed time from starting operation. The value is kept until operation is started. | R | - | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1620 \\ (0654 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |

*1 It supports the software version 2.02 or later of the driver.
*2 It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.

■ Information status 1

| Modbus communication register address | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 246 \\ (00 \mathrm{~F} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | INFOREBOOT | INFOCONFIG | INFO-IOTEST | INFODSLMTD | INFO-PRESET | - | - | - |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | INFO-VOLT-L | INFO-VOLT-H |
| $\begin{gathered} 247 \\ \text { (00F7h) } \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | - | - | - | INFO-WATT | INFO-TRQ | INFO-LOAD | INFOMTRTMP | INFODRVTMP |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | INFO-SET-G | INFO-MNT-G | - | - | - | INFO-485-G | INFO-START-G | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFO- } \\ & \text { USRIO-G } \end{aligned}$ |

## ■ Information history

| Modbus communication register address | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2656(0 \mathrm{~A} 60 \mathrm{~h})+ \\ & \text { (Revision number }-1) \times \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | INFOREBOOT | INFOCONFIG | INFO-IOTEST | INFODSLMTD | INFOPRESET | - | - | - |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | INFO-VOLT-L | INFO-VOLT-H |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2657(0 \mathrm{~A} 61 \mathrm{~h})+ \\ & (\text { Revision number }-1) \times \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | - | - | - | INFO-WATT | INFO-TRQ | INFO-LOAD | INFOMTRTMP | INFODRVTMP |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | INFO-SET-G | INFO-MNT-G | - | - | - | INFO-485-G | INFO- <br> START-G | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFO- } \\ & \text { USRIO-G } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2658(0 \mathrm{~A} 62 \mathrm{~h})+ \\ & \text { (Revision number }-1) \times \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | INFO- <br> STLTIME | - | - | - | INFO-CULD1 | INFO-CULDO | - | INFO-TLCTIME |
| $\begin{gathered} 2659(0 \mathrm{~A} 63 \mathrm{~h})+ \\ \text { (Revision number }-1) \times \\ 8 \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | - | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFO-SPD- } \\ & \text { ERR } \end{aligned}$ | INFO-SPD-L | INFO-SPD-H | - | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFO-POS- } \\ & \text { ERR } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | INFOUSRIO7 | INFOUSRIO6 | INFO- <br> USRIO5 | INFOUSRIO4 | INFOUSRIO3 | INFOUSRIO2 | INFOUSRIO1 | INFOUSRIOO |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2660(0 \mathrm{~A} 64 \mathrm{~h})+ \\ & \text { (Revision number }-1) \times \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\begin{gathered} \text { INFO-CAN- } \\ \text { WNG } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFO-485- } \\ & \text { INTVL } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFO-485- } \\ & \text { PRCST } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { INFO-485- } \\ \text { ERR } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2661(0 \mathrm{~A} 65 \mathrm{~h})+ \\ \text { (Revision number }-1) \times \\ 8 \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | - | INFO- <br> PCOUNT | INFO-PTIME | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFO-CPU- } \\ & \text { LOAD } \end{aligned}$ | - | INFO-ODO | INFO-TRIP1 | INFO-TRIPO |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | INFO-MPRVCRNT | INFO-MPFWCRNT | - | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFO-WH- } \\ & \text { TOTAL } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { INFO-WH- } \\ \text { USR } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFO-WH- } \\ & \text { BOOT } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2662(0 \mathrm{~A} 66 \mathrm{~h})+ \\ & (\text { Revision number }-1) \times \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | INFO-ENCFAULT | INFO-OC- FAULT | INFO-CPUFAULT |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | INFO-SOFTLMT-E | INFO-UNIT-E |
| $\begin{gathered} 2663(0 \mathrm{~A} 67 \mathrm{~h})+ \\ (\text { Revision number }-1) \times \\ 8 \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | INFO-RV-OT | INFO-FW-OT |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | INFO-IODRV-DIS | - | INFO-STARTDP | INFO-STARTDD | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { INFO-START- } \\ \text { SD } \end{array}$ | INFO-STARTFWRV | INFO-STARTHOME | - |

memo
A bit that " - " is indicated will be indefinite (0 or 1 ) if read.

■ Information status

|  | Modbus communication register address | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2784 \\ \text { (OAEOh) } \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  |  | INFOREBOOT | INFOCONFIG | INFO-IOTEST | INFODSLMTD | INFO-PRESET | - | - | - |
|  |  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | INFO-VOLT-L | INFO-VOLT-H |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2785 \\ (0 \mathrm{AE} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  |  | - | - | - | INFO-WATT | INFO-TRQ | INFO-LOAD | INFOMTRTMP | INFODRVTMP |
|  |  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  |  | INFO-SET-G | INFO-MNT-G | - | - | - | INFO-485-G | INFO- <br> START-G | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFO- } \\ & \text { USRIO-G } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2786 \\ (0 A E 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  |  | INFO- <br> STLTIME | - | - | - | INFO-CULD1 | INFO-CULD0 | - | INFO-TLCTIME |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2787 \\ (0 \mathrm{AE} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  |  | - | $\begin{gathered} \text { INFO-SPD- } \\ \text { ERR } \end{gathered}$ | INFO-SPD-L | INFO-SPD-H | - | - | - | INFO-POS- ERR |
|  |  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
| の |  | INFO-USRIO7 | INFO-USRIO6 | INFO-USRIO5 | INFO-USRIO4 | INFO-USRIO3 | INFO-USRIO2 | INFO-USRIO1 | INFO-USRIOO |
| $\xrightarrow{\square}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2788 \\ (0 A E 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
| $\stackrel{\stackrel{N}{\bar{D}}}{\stackrel{\sim}{n}}$ |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | INFO-CANWNG |
| $\bigcirc$ |  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{D} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{n} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | - | - | - | - | - | INFO-485- INTVL | INFO-485- PRCST | INFO-485- ERR |
| $\bar{\sim}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2789 \\ (0 \mathrm{AE} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  |  | - | INFOPCOUNT | INFO-PTIME | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFO-CPU- } \\ & \text { LOAD } \end{aligned}$ | - | INFO-ODO | INFO-TRIP1 | INFO-TRIPO |
|  |  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  |  | INFO-MPRVCRNT | INFO-MPFWCRNT | - | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFO-WH- } \\ & \text { TOTAL } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { INFO-WH- } \\ \text { USR } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFO-WH- } \\ & \text { BOOT } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2790 \\ \text { (0AE6h) } \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  |  | - | - | - | - | - | INFO-ENCFAULT | INFO-OC- <br> FAULT | INFO-CPUFAULT |
|  |  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | INFO-SOFTLMT-E | INFO-UNIT-E |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2791 \\ \text { (OAE7h) } \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | INFO-RV-OT | INFO-FW-OT |
|  |  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { INFO-IODRV- } \\ \text { DIS } \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} \text { INFO-START- } \\ \text { DP } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { INFO-START- } \\ & \text { DD } \end{aligned}$ | INFO-STARTSD | INFO-STARTFWRV | INFO-STARTHOME | - |

memo A bit that "-" is indicated will be indefinite (0 or 1 ) if read.

Direct I/O
The arrangement of bits for direct $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$ is indicated.

| Modbus communication register address | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 212 \\ (00 \mathrm{D} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | DOUT1 | DOUT0 |
| $\begin{gathered} 213 \\ (00 \mathrm{D} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | - | - | - | - | DIN3 | DIN2 | DIN1 | DIN0 |

■ I/O status
The arrangement of bits for internal I/O is indicated.

## - Input signals

|  | Modbus communication register address | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 368 \\ (0170 h) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | ATL-EN | PLOOPMODE |
|  |  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  |  | - | - | - | - | SPD-LMT | TRQ-LMT | - | HMI |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 369 \\ (0171 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  |  | - | INFO-CLR | LAT-CLR | ETO-CLR | - | EL-PRST | P-PRESET | ALM-RST |
|  |  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  |  | BREAK-ATSQ | - | STOP | QSTOP | CLR | s-ON | FREE | Not used |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 370 \\ (0172 h) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  |  | - | - | RV-PSH | FW-PSH | RV-SPD | FW-SPD | RV-POS | FW-POS |
|  |  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  |  | - | - | RV-JOG-P | FW-JOG-P | RV-JOG-H | FW-JOG-H | RV-JOG | FW-JOG |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 371 \\ (0173 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  |  | M7 | M6 | M5 | M4 | M3 | M2 | M1 | M0 |
|  |  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  |  | - | - | - | HOME | NEXT | - | SSTART | START |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 372 \\ (0174 h) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  |  | D-SEL15 | D-SEL14 | D-SEL13 | D-SEL12 | D-SEL11 | D-SEL10 | D-SEL9 | D-SEL8 |
|  |  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  |  | D-SEL7 | D-SEL6 | D-SEL5 | D-SEL4 | D-SEL3 | D-SEL2 | D-SEL1 | D-SELO |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 373 \\ (0175 h) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  |  | - | - | - | - | ID-SEL3 | ID-SEL2 | ID-SEL1 | ID-SELO |
|  |  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  |  | SLIT | HOMES | RV-LS | FW-LS | RV-BLK | FW-BLK | USR-LAT-IN1 | USR-LAT-IN0 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 374 \\ (0176 h) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  |  | R31 | R30 | R29 | R28 | R27 | R26 | R25 | R24 |
|  |  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  |  | R23 | R22 | R21 | R20 | R19 | R18 | R17 | R16 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 375 \\ (0177 h) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  |  | R15 | R14 | R13 | R12 | R11 | R10 | R9 | R8 |
|  |  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  |  | R7 | R6 | R5 | R4 | R3 | R2 | R1 | R0 |

## - Output signals

| Modbus communication register address | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 376 \\ (0178 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | DDBUF-FULL | - | - | - | DELAY-BSY | SEQ-BSY | - | OPE-BSY |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | - | - | $\begin{gathered} \text { RDY-DPROF- } \\ \text { OPE } \end{gathered}$ | RDY-DD-OPE | RDY-SD-OPE | RDY-FWRVOPE | RDY-HOME- OPE | - |
| $\begin{gathered} 377 \\ (0179 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | - | ZV | VA | TLC | - | IN-POS | ETO-MON | SYS-BSY |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | INFO | MOVE | SON-MON | - | SYS-RDY | ALM-B | ALM-A | CONST-OFF |
| $\begin{gathered} 378 \\ (017 A h) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | - | STOP-LAT | NEXT-LAT | JUMP2-LAT | JUMP1-LAT | JUMPO-LAT | USR-LAT1 | USR-LAT0 |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | ELPRST-MON | ABSPEN | HOME-END |
| $\begin{gathered} 379 \\ (017 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | MAREA | - | - | WRAP-ZERO | ZSG-N | RV-SLS | FW-SLS | WRAP-OVF |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | AREA7 | AREA6 | AREA5 | AREA4 | AREA3 | AREA2 | AREA1 | AREAO |
| $\begin{gathered} 380 \\ (017 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | D-END15 | D-END14 | D-END13 | D-END12 | D-END11 | D-END10 | D-END9 | D-END8 |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | D-END7 | D-END6 | D-END5 | D-END4 | D-END3 | D-END2 | D-END1 | D-END0 |
| $\begin{gathered} 381 \\ (017 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | M-ACT7 | M-ACT6 | M-ACT5 | M-ACT4 | M-ACT3 | M-ACT2 | M-ACT1 | M-ACTO |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | M-CHG | - | - | - | - | ATL-MON | SLIP | PLOOP-MON |
| $\begin{gathered} 382 \\ \text { (017Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | - | - | HWTOINMON | EDM-MON | - | - | - | - |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | - | - | - | MBC | - | - | COMM-PWR | MAIN-PWR |
| $\begin{gathered} 383 \\ \text { (017Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 |
|  | USR-OUT7 | USR-OUT6 | USR-OUT5 | USR-OUT4 | USR-OUT3 | USR-OUT2 | USR-OUT1 | USR-OUTO |
|  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|  | - | - | - | OL-DTCT | - | - | SPD-LMTD | TRQ-LMTD |

memo A bit that "-" is indicated will be indefinite (0 or 1 ) if read.

## 11 Operation data R/W commands

The operation data is set with the operation data R/W commands. To set the operation data, there are two methods, "direct reference" and "offset reference." Although addresses are different, the stored area is the same. Use them selectively in accordance with the intended use.

## 11-1 Direct reference

Direct reference is a method that the register address (base address) of the operation data number to be a reference point is specified to input. Use the direct reference via Modbus communication.


## ■ Base address of each operation data number

| Modbus communication Base address |  | Operation data No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec | Hex |  |
| 6144 | 1800 | No. 0 |
| 6208 | 1840 | No. 1 |
| 6272 | 1880 | No. 2 |
| 6336 | 18C0 | No. 3 |
| 6400 | 1900 | No. 4 |
| 6464 | 1940 | No. 5 |
| 6528 | 1980 | No. 6 |
| 6592 | 19C0 | No. 7 |
| 6656 | 1 A00 | No. 8 |
| 6720 | 1A40 | No. 9 |
| 6784 | 1A80 | No. 10 |
| 6848 | 1AC0 | No. 11 |
| 6912 | 1B00 | No. 12 |
| 6976 | 1B40 | No. 13 |
| 7040 | 1B80 | No. 14 |
| 7104 | 1BC0 | No. 15 |
| 7168 | 1C00 | No. 16 |
| 7232 | 1C40 | No. 17 |
| 7296 | 1C80 | No. 18 |
| 7360 | 1CC0 | No. 19 |
| 7424 | 1D00 | No. 20 |
| 7488 | 1D40 | No. 21 |
| 7552 | 1D80 | No. 22 |
| 7616 | 1DC0 | No. 23 |
| 7680 | 1E00 | No. 24 |
| 7744 | 1 E 40 | No. 25 |
| 7808 | 1 E 80 | No. 26 |
| 7872 | 1EC0 | No. 27 |
| 7936 | 1F00 | No. 28 |
| 8000 | 1F40 | No. 29 |


| Mo comm Base | us <br> ication <br> dress | Operation data No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec | Hex |  |
| 8064 | 1F80 | No. 30 |
| 8128 | 1FC0 | No. 31 |
| 8192 | 2000 | No. 32 |
| 8256 | 2040 | No. 33 |
| 8320 | 2080 | No. 34 |
| 8384 | 20C0 | No. 35 |
| 8448 | 2100 | No. 36 |
| 8512 | 2140 | No. 37 |
| 8576 | 2180 | No. 38 |
| 8640 | 21C0 | No. 39 |
| 8704 | 2200 | No. 40 |
| 8768 | 2240 | No. 41 |
| 8832 | 2280 | No. 42 |
| 8896 | 22C0 | No. 43 |
| 8960 | 2300 | No. 44 |
| 9024 | 2340 | No. 45 |
| 9088 | 2380 | No. 46 |
| 9152 | 23C0 | No. 47 |
| 9216 | 2400 | No. 48 |
| 9280 | 2440 | No. 49 |
| 9344 | 2480 | No. 50 |
| 9408 | 24C0 | No. 51 |
| 9472 | 2500 | No. 52 |
| 9536 | 2540 | No. 53 |
| 9600 | 2580 | No. 54 |
| 9664 | 25C0 | No. 55 |
| 9728 | 2600 | No. 56 |
| 9792 | 2640 | No. 57 |
| 9856 | 2680 | No. 58 |
| 9920 | 26C0 | No. 59 |


| Modbus communication Base address |  | Operation data No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec | Hex |  |
| 9984 | 2700 | No. 60 |
| 10048 | 2740 | No. 61 |
| 10112 | 2780 | No. 62 |
| 10176 | 27C0 | No. 63 |
| 10240 | 2800 | No. 64 |
| 10304 | 2840 | No. 65 |
| 10368 | 2880 | No. 66 |
| 10432 | 28C0 | No. 67 |
| 10496 | 2900 | No. 68 |
| 10560 | 2940 | No. 69 |
| 10624 | 2980 | No. 70 |
| 10688 | 29C0 | No. 71 |
| 10752 | 2A00 | No. 72 |
| 10816 | 2A40 | No. 73 |
| 10880 | 2A80 | No. 74 |
| 10944 | 2AC0 | No. 75 |
| 11008 | 2B00 | No. 76 |
| 11072 | 2B40 | No. 77 |
| 11136 | 2B80 | No. 78 |
| 11200 | 2BC0 | No. 79 |
| 11264 | 2C00 | No. 80 |
| 11328 | 2C40 | No. 81 |
| 11392 | 2C80 | No. 82 |
| 11456 | 2CC0 | No. 83 |
| 11520 | 2D00 | No. 84 |
| 11584 | 2D40 | No. 85 |
| 11648 | 2D80 | No. 86 |
| 11712 | 2DC0 | No. 87 |
| 11776 | 2E00 | No. 88 |
| 11840 | 2E40 | No. 89 |


| Modbus communication Base address |  | Operation data No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec | Hex |  |
| 11904 | 2E80 | No. 90 |
| 11968 | 2EC0 | No. 91 |
| 12032 | 2F00 | No. 92 |
| 12096 | 2F40 | No. 93 |
| 12160 | 2F80 | No. 94 |
| 12224 | 2FC0 | No. 95 |
| 12288 | 3000 | No. 96 |
| 12352 | 3040 | No. 97 |
| 12416 | 3080 | No. 98 |
| 12480 | 30C0 | No. 99 |
| 12544 | 3100 | No. 100 |
| 12608 | 3140 | No. 101 |
| 12672 | 3180 | No. 102 |
| 12736 | 31C0 | No. 103 |
| 12800 | 3200 | No. 104 |
| 12864 | 3240 | No. 105 |
| 12928 | 3280 | No. 106 |
| 12992 | 32C0 | No. 107 |
| 13056 | 3300 | No. 108 |
| 13120 | 3340 | No. 109 |
| 13184 | 3380 | No. 110 |
| 13248 | 33C0 | No. 111 |
| 13312 | 3400 | No. 112 |
| 13376 | 3440 | No. 113 |
| 13440 | 3480 | No. 114 |
| 13504 | 34C0 | No. 115 |
| 13568 | 3500 | No. 116 |
| 13632 | 3540 | No. 117 |
| 13696 | 3580 | No. 118 |
| 13760 | 35C0 | No. 119 |


| Modbus communication Base address |  | Operation data No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec | Hex |  |
| 13824 | 3600 | No. 120 |
| 13888 | 3640 | No. 121 |
| 13952 | 3680 | No. 122 |
| 14016 | 36C0 | No. 123 |
| 14080 | 3700 | No. 124 |
| 14144 | 3740 | No. 125 |
| 14208 | 3780 | No. 126 |
| 14272 | 37C0 | No. 127 |
| 14336 | 3800 | No. 128 |
| 14400 | 3840 | No. 129 |
| 14464 | 3880 | No. 130 |
| 14528 | 38C0 | No. 131 |
| 14592 | 3900 | No. 132 |
| 14656 | 3940 | No. 133 |
| 14720 | 3980 | No. 134 |
| 14784 | 39C0 | No. 135 |
| 14848 | 3A00 | No. 136 |
| 14912 | 3A40 | No. 137 |
| 14976 | 3A80 | No. 138 |
| 15040 | 3AC0 | No. 139 |
| 15104 | $3 \mathrm{B00}$ | No. 140 |
| 15168 | 3B40 | No. 141 |
| 15232 | 3B80 | No. 142 |
| 15296 | 3BC0 | No. 143 |
| 15360 | 3C00 | No. 144 |
| 15424 | 3C40 | No. 145 |
| 15488 | 3C80 | No. 146 |
| 15552 | 3CC0 | No. 147 |
| 15616 | $3 \mathrm{D00}$ | No. 148 |
| 15680 | 3D40 | No. 149 |
| 15744 | 3D80 | No. 150 |
| 15808 | 3DC0 | No. 151 |
| 15872 | 3E00 | No. 152 |
| 15936 | 3E40 | No. 153 |


| Modbus communication Base address |  | Operation data No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec | Hex |  |
| 16000 | 3E80 | No. 154 |
| 16064 | 3EC0 | No. 155 |
| 16128 | 3F00 | No. 156 |
| 16192 | 3F40 | No. 157 |
| 16256 | 3F80 | No. 158 |
| 16320 | 3FC0 | No. 159 |
| 16384 | 4000 | No. 160 |
| 16448 | 4040 | No. 161 |
| 16512 | 4080 | No. 162 |
| 16576 | 40C0 | No. 163 |
| 16640 | 4100 | No. 164 |
| 16704 | 4140 | No. 165 |
| 16768 | 4180 | No. 166 |
| 16832 | 41C0 | No. 167 |
| 16896 | 4200 | No. 168 |
| 16960 | 4240 | No. 169 |
| 17024 | 4280 | No. 170 |
| 17088 | 42C0 | No. 171 |
| 17152 | 4300 | No. 172 |
| 17216 | 4340 | No. 173 |
| 17280 | 4380 | No. 174 |
| 17344 | 43C0 | No. 175 |
| 17408 | 4400 | No. 176 |
| 17472 | 4440 | No. 177 |
| 17536 | 4480 | No. 178 |
| 17600 | 44C0 | No. 179 |
| 17664 | 4500 | No. 180 |
| 17728 | 4540 | No. 181 |
| 17792 | 4580 | No. 182 |
| 17856 | 45C0 | No. 183 |
| 17920 | 4600 | No. 184 |
| 17984 | 4640 | No. 185 |
| 18048 | 4680 | No. 186 |
| 18112 | 46C0 | No. 187 |


| Modbus communication Base address |  | Operation data No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec | Hex |  |
| 18176 | 4700 | No. 188 |
| 18240 | 4740 | No. 189 |
| 18304 | 4780 | No. 190 |
| 18368 | 47C0 | No. 191 |
| 18432 | 4800 | No. 192 |
| 18496 | 4840 | No. 193 |
| 18560 | 4880 | No. 194 |
| 18624 | 48C0 | No. 195 |
| 18688 | 4900 | No. 196 |
| 18752 | 4940 | No. 197 |
| 18816 | 4980 | No. 198 |
| 18880 | 49C0 | No. 199 |
| 18944 | 4A00 | No. 200 |
| 19008 | 4A40 | No. 201 |
| 19072 | 4A80 | No. 202 |
| 19136 | 4AC0 | No. 203 |
| 19200 | 4B00 | No. 204 |
| 19264 | 4B40 | No. 205 |
| 19328 | 4B80 | No. 206 |
| 19392 | 4BC0 | No. 207 |
| 19456 | 4C00 | No. 208 |
| 19520 | 4C40 | No. 209 |
| 19584 | 4C80 | No. 210 |
| 19648 | 4CC0 | No. 211 |
| 19712 | 4D00 | No. 212 |
| 19776 | 4D40 | No. 213 |
| 19840 | 4D80 | No. 214 |
| 19904 | 4DC0 | No. 215 |
| 19968 | 4E00 | No. 216 |
| 20032 | 4E40 | No. 217 |
| 20096 | 4E80 | No. 218 |
| 20160 | 4EC0 | No. 219 |
| 20224 | 4F00 | No. 220 |
| 20288 | 4F40 | No. 221 |


| Modbus communication Base address |  | Operation data No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec | Hex |  |
| 20352 | 4F80 | No. 222 |
| 20416 | 4FC0 | No. 223 |
| 20480 | 5000 | No. 224 |
| 20544 | 5040 | No. 225 |
| 20608 | 5080 | No. 226 |
| 20672 | 50C0 | No. 227 |
| 20736 | 5100 | No. 228 |
| 20800 | 5140 | No. 229 |
| 20864 | 5180 | No. 230 |
| 20928 | 51C0 | No. 231 |
| 20992 | 5200 | No. 232 |
| 21056 | 5240 | No. 233 |
| 21120 | 5280 | No. 234 |
| 21184 | 52C0 | No. 235 |
| 21248 | 5300 | No. 236 |
| 21312 | 5340 | No. 237 |
| 21376 | 5380 | No. 238 |
| 21440 | 53C0 | No. 239 |
| 21504 | 5400 | No. 240 |
| 21568 | 5440 | No. 241 |
| 21632 | 5480 | No. 242 |
| 21696 | 54C0 | No. 243 |
| 21760 | 5500 | No. 244 |
| 21824 | 5540 | No. 245 |
| 21888 | 5580 | No. 246 |
| 21952 | 55C0 | No. 247 |
| 22016 | 5600 | No. 248 |
| 22080 | 5640 | No. 249 |
| 22144 | 5680 | No. 250 |
| 22208 | 56C0 | No. 251 |
| 22272 | 5700 | No. 252 |
| 22336 | 5740 | No. 253 |
| 22400 | 5780 | No. 254 |
| 22464 | 57C0 | No. 255 |

[^21]
## Register address

The setting item of operation data is set with the operation data R/W command. The register address for the setting item is arranged based on the base address of the operation data number.
(Base address $\Rightarrow$ p.338)
For example, in the case of the setting item "Position," adding 2 and 3 to the base address will be the upper address and the lower address, respectively.

| Modbus communication register address | Name | Description | Initial setting |  | Update |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| Base address +0 (upper) | Operation type | Selects the operation type. <br> [Setting range] <br> Refer to "3-4 Selecting the operation type" on p. 63. | 0 | - | B |
| Base address +1 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +2 (upper) | Position | Sets the target position (travel amount). It is not used for continuous operation. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step | B |
| Base address +3 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +4 (upper) | Operating velocity | Sets the operating velocity. <br> [Setting range] $-4,000,000 \text { to 4,000,000 }$ <br> (User-defined velocity unit) | 0 | r/min | B *2 |
| Base address +5 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +6 (upper) | Acceleration rate | Sets the acceleration rate. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit/s) | 1,000 | $(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}) / \mathrm{s}$ | B |
| Base address +7 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +8 (upper) | Deceleration rate | Sets the deceleration rate. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit/s) | 1,000 | $(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}) / \mathrm{s}$ | B |
| Base address +9 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +10 (upper) | Torque limiting value | Sets the torque limiting value. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 10,000 ( $1=0.1 \%$ ) *1 | 10,000 | 1=0.1\% | B *2 |
| Base address +11 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +12 (upper) | Acceleration time | Sets the acceleration time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms | B |
| Base address +13 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +14 (upper) | Deceleration time | Sets the deceleration time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1,000 | ms | B |
| Base address +15 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +16 (upper) | Drive-complete delay time | Sets the waiting time generated after operation is completed. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $65,535 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 0 | ms | B |
| Base address +17 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +18 (upper) | Link | Sets the mode for link operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: No link <br> 1: Manual sequential <br> 2: Automatic sequential <br> 3: Continuous sequential operation | 0 | - | B |
| Base address +19 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |


| Modbus communication register address | Name | Description | Initial setting |  | Update |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| Base address +20 (upper) | Next data number | Sets the next data. <br> [Setting range] $\begin{aligned} & -256: \text { Stop } \\ & -2: \downarrow(+2) \\ & -1: \downarrow(+1) \end{aligned}$ <br> 0 to 255: Operation data number | -1 | - | B |
| Base address +21 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +22 (upper) | Area offset | Sets the distance from the center position of the range in which the MAREA output is turned ON to the target position of positioning operation. <br> Sets the distance to the operation start position in the case of continuous operation. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step | B |
| Base address +23 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +24 (upper) | Area width | Sets the range in which the MAREA output is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1: Disable <br> 0 to 4,194,303 (User-defined position unit) | -1 | step | B |
| Base address +25 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +26 (upper) | Loop count | Sets the number of times of loop. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 100,000,000 | 0 | - | B |
| Base address +27 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +28 (upper) | Loop offset | Offsets the position (travel amount) every time loop is executed. <br> [Setting range] <br> -4,194,304 to 4,194,303 (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step | B |
| Base address +29 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +30 (upper) | Loop end point | Sets to the operation data number in which loop is completed. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : -(not the loop end point) <br> 1: \}L-End (loop end point) | 0 | - | B |
| Base address +31 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +32 (upper) | (Low) I/O event number | Sets the number of the operation I/O event to generate a low event. The condition to generate the event is set in the operation I/O event. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1: -(Disable) <br> 0 to 31: Operation I/O event number | -1 | - | B |
| Base address +33 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +34 (upper) | (Middle) I/O event number | Sets the number of the operation I/O event to generate a middle event. The condition to generate the event is set in the operation I/O event. <br> [Setting range] $-1:-(\text { Disable) }$ <br> 0 to 31: Operation I/O event number | -1 | - | B |
| Base address +35 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +36 (upper) | (High) I/O event number | Sets the number of the operation I/O event to generate a high event. The condition to generate the event is set in the operation I/O event. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1:-(Disable) <br> 0 to 31: Operation I/O event number | -1 | - | B |
| Base address +37 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |

*1 The maximum torque limiting value varies depending on the motor. Refer to p .39 for the maximum value of each motor.
*2 "A: Update immediately" is applied in the case of continuous operation of FW/RV operation, (This is effective for drivers of version 3.00 or later.)

## - Setting example

As an example, this section explains how to set the following operation data to the operation data No. 0 to No.2.

| Setting item | Operation data No.0 | Operation data No.1 | Operation data No.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operation type | Absolute positioning | Incremental positioning <br> (based on demand position) | Incremental positioning <br> (based on actual position) |
| Position [step] | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Operating velocity [r/min] | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |

## - Setting of operation data No. 0

From the table on p.338, we can find that the base address of the operation data No. 0 is " 6144 (1800h)."
Based on this base address, the register address for the setting item is calculated from the table on p. 340.

| Base address | Setting item | Modbus communication register address |  |  | Setting value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6144 (1800h) |  | Calculation method | Dec | Hex |  |
|  | Operation type | Upper: Base address +0 | $6144+0=6144$ | 1800h | 1 |
|  |  | Lower: Base address +1 | $6144+1=6145$ | 1801h |  |
|  | Position | Upper: Base address +2 | $6144+2=6146$ | 1802h | 1,000 |
|  |  | Lower: Base address +3 | $6144+3=6147$ | 1803h |  |
|  | Operating velocity | Upper: Base address +4 | $6144+4=6148$ | 1804h | 1,000 |
|  |  | Lower: Base address +5 | $6144+5=6149$ | 1805h |  |

## - Setting of operation data No. 1

From the table on p.338, we can find that the base address of the operation data No. 1 is "6208 (1840h)."
Based on this base address, the register address for the setting item is calculated from the table on p. 340 .

| Base address | Setting item | Modbus communication register address |  |  | Setting value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6208 (1840h) |  | Calculation method | Dec | Hex |  |
|  | Operation type | Upper: Base address +0 | $6208+0=6208$ | 1840h | 2 |
|  |  | Lower: Base address +1 | $6208+1=6209$ | 1841h |  |
|  | Position | Upper: Base address +2 | $6208+2=6210$ | 1842h | 1,000 |
|  |  | Lower: Base address +3 | $6208+3=6211$ | 1843h |  |
|  | Operating velocity | Upper: Base address +4 | $6208+4=6212$ | 1844h | 1,000 |
|  |  | Lower: Base address +5 | $6208+5=6213$ | 1845h |  |

## - Setting of operation data No. 2

From the table on p.338, we can find that the base address of the operation data No. 2 is "6272 (1880h)." Based on this base address, the register address for the setting item is calculated from the table on p. 340.

| Base address | Setting item | Modbus communication register address |  |  | Setting value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6272 (1880h) |  | Calculation method | Dec | Hex |  |
|  | Operation type | Upper: Base address +0 | $6272+0=6272$ | 1880h | 3 |
|  |  | Lower: Base address +1 | $6272+1=6273$ | 1881h |  |
|  | Position | Upper: Base address +2 | $6272+2=6274$ | 1882h | 1,000 |
|  |  | Lower: Base address +3 | $6272+3=6275$ | 1883h |  |
|  | Operating velocity | Upper: Base address +4 | $6272+4=6276$ | 1884h | 1,000 |
|  |  | Lower: Base address +5 | $6272+5=6277$ | 1885h |  |

## 11-2 Offset reference

Offset reference is a method that an operating data number to be the starting point (starting data number) is set and an offset from the starting data number is specified to input. Set the the starting data number with the "DATA offset reference origin" parameter.
(Base address $\Rightarrow$ p.338)

| Starting data number |
| :---: |
| No. 5 | | Offset amount |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | | Base address |
| :---: |
| Data No.7 |

The offset reference can be used for Modbus communication conveniently because the address of the setting item is not necessary to change if only the data number of the starting point is changed. Use it to edit a large volume of operation data, on the touch screen, for example.

## Related parameter

| Modbus communication register address |  | Parameter name | Description | R/W | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 6142 \\ \text { (17FEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6143 \\ \text { (17FFh) } \end{gathered}$ | DATA offset reference origin | Sets the operation data number that is the starting point of offset reference. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 255: Operation data number | R/W | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 3071 \\ \text { (OBFFh) } \end{gathered}$ |

memo The setting value of the "DATA offset reference origin" parameter is stored in RAM.

## 12 Operation I/O event R/W commands

If a specified event (ON/OFF of I/O) is generated during operation of the motor, another operation can be started. This is called operation I/O event. This chapter explains the address to execute the operation I/O event.

## 12-1 Setting method

As with the setting of operation data, there are "direct reference" and "offset reference" in the operation I/O event.
Direct reference is a method that an address of the event number to be a reference point (base address) is specified to access.
(Reference $\Rightarrow$ Next section)
Offset reference is a method that an event number to be the starting point (starting event number) is set and an offset from the starting event number is specified to access. Set the starting event number with the "Event offset reference origin" parameter.
(Reference $\Rightarrow$ p.346)
memo The setting value of the "Event offset reference origin" parameter is stored in RAM.

## 12-2 Direct reference

Direct reference is a method that an address of the operation I/O event number to be a reference point (base address) is specified to access.

Base address of operation I/O event

| Modbus communication base address | Operation I/O event number |
| :---: | :---: |
| 5120 (1400h) | 0 |
| 5136 (1410h) | 1 |
| 5152 (1420h) | 2 |
| 5168 (1430h) | 3 |
| 5184 (1440h) | 4 |
| 5200 (1450h) | 5 |
| 5216 (1460h) | 6 |
| 5232 (1470h) | 7 |
| 5248 (1480h) | 8 |
| 5264 (1490h) | 9 |
| 5280 (14AOh) | 10 |
| 5296 (14BOh) | 11 |
| 5312 (14COh) | 12 |
| 5328 (14D0h) | 13 |
| 5344 (14EOh) | 14 |
| 5360 (14FOh) | 15 |


| Modbus communication <br> base address | Operation I/O event <br> number |
| :---: | :---: |
| 5376 (1500h) | 16 |
| 5392 (1510h) | 17 |
| 5408 (1520h) | 18 |
| 5424 (1530h) | 19 |
| 5440 (1540h) | 20 |
| 5456 (1550h) | 21 |
| 5472 (1560h) | 22 |
| 5488 (1570h) | 23 |
| 5504 (1580h) | 24 |
| 5520 (1590h) | 25 |
| 5536 (15A0h) | 26 |
| 5552 (15B0h) | 27 |
| 5568 (15C0h) | 28 |
| 5584 (15D0h) | 29 |
| 5600 (15EOh) | 30 |
| 5616 (15F0h) | 31 |

[^22]NET-ID of the base address is half the value of the Modbus communication base address.

## Addresses of operation I/O event R/W commands

The setting items of operation I/O event are set with the operation I/O event R/W commands.
The addresses of the setting items are arranged based on the base address of the operation I/O event (base command code).
(Base address of operation I/O event $\Rightarrow$ p.344)
For example, in the case of Modbus communication, if 4 and 5 are added to the base address, the setting item of
"Dwell" will be the upper address and the lower address, respectively.

| Modbus |  |  | Initial se | ting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| communication register address | Name | Description | Initial value | Unit | Update |
| Base address +0 (upper) | Event link | Sets the linked method after event trigger detection. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: No link <br> 1: Manual sequential <br> 2: Automatic sequential <br> 3: Continuous sequential operation | 0 | - | B |
| Base address +1 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +2 (upper) | Event jump destination | Sets the next data. <br> [Setting range] $\begin{aligned} & -256: \text { Stop } \\ & -2: \downarrow \downarrow(+2) \\ & -1: \downarrow(+1) \end{aligned}$ <br> 0 to 255: Operation data number | -256 | - | B |
| Base address +3 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +4 (upper) | Event waiting time | Sets the waiting time generated after event trigger detection. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $1,000,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 0 | ms | B |
| Base address +5 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +6 (upper) | Event trigger I/O | Sets I/O to be used as an event trigger. <br> [Setting range] <br> "2 Signals list" on p. 151 | 0: <br> Not used | - | B |
| Base address +7 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Event trigger type | Sets the timing to detect the event trigger. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not event execution <br> 1: ON (calculated cumulative: ms) <br> 2: ON (continuous: ms) <br> 3: OFF (calculated cumulative: ms ) <br> 4: OFF (continuous: ms) <br> 5: ON (form: positive edge $\uparrow$ ) <br> 6: OFF(form: negative edge $\downarrow$ ) <br> 7 ON (cumulative: ms) <br> 8: OFF (cumulative: ms) | 0 | - | B |
| Base address +8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| (upper) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base address +10 (upper) | Event trigger counter | Sets the judgment time to detect the event trigger or the number of times of detection. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $1,000,000(1=1 \mathrm{~ms}$ or $1=$ once $)$ | 0 | - | B |
| Base address +11 (lower) |  |  |  |  |  |

## 12-3 Offset reference

Offset reference is a method that an event number to be the starting point (starting event number) is set and an offset from the starting event number is specified to access. Set the starting event number with the "Event offset reference origin" parameter.

## Related parameter

| Modbus <br> communication <br> register address |  | Parameter name |  | Initial <br> setting | Nescription | R/W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

memo The setting value of the "Event offset reference origin" parameter is stored in RAM.

## Adress of setting item

| Modbus communication register address |  | Setting item |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Upper | Lower |  |
| $5120(1400 \mathrm{~h})$ | $5121(1401 \mathrm{~h})$ | Event link |
| $5122(1402 \mathrm{~h})$ | $5123(1403 \mathrm{~h})$ | Event jump destination |
| $5124(1404 \mathrm{~h})$ | $5125(1405 \mathrm{~h})$ | Event waiting time |
| $5126(1406 \mathrm{~h})$ | $5127(1407 \mathrm{~h})$ | Event trigger I/O |
| $5128(1408 \mathrm{~h})$ | $5129(1409 \mathrm{~h})$ | Event trigger type |
| $5130(140 \mathrm{Ah})$ | $5131(140 \mathrm{Bh})$ | Event trigger counter |

■ Setting example
As an example, the setting address when the event No.0, No.1, and No. 10 are set as the starting event is explained.
The offset reference is not required to change the address of the setting item if only the event number of the starting point is changed.
This is a convenient access method to edit a large volume of operation data, on the touch screen, for example.

- Starting event No. 0 (initial value)

| Modbus communication base address | Operation I/O event number |
| :---: | :---: |
| $5120(1400 \mathrm{~h})$ | Starting event No. $+0=0$ |
| $5136(1410 \mathrm{~h})$ | Starting event No. $+1=1$ |
| $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |
| $5376(1500 \mathrm{~h})$ | Starting event No. $+16=16$ |
| $5392(1510 \mathrm{~h})$ | Starting event No. $+17=17$ |

- Starting event No. 1

| Modbus communication base address | Operation I/O event number |
| :---: | :---: |
| $5120(1400 \mathrm{~h})$ | Starting event No. $+0=1$ |
| $5136(1410 \mathrm{~h})$ | Starting event No. $+1=2$ |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| $5376(1500 \mathrm{~h})$ | Starting event No. $+16=17$ |
| $5392(1510 \mathrm{~h})$ | Starting event No. $+17=18$ |

- Starting event No. 10

| Modbus communication base address | Operation I/O event number |
| :---: | :---: |
| $5120(1400 \mathrm{~h})$ | Starting event No. $0=10$ |
| $5136(1410 \mathrm{~h})$ | Starting event No. $+1=11$ |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| $5376(1500 \mathrm{~h})$ | Starting event No. $+16=26$ |
| $5392(1510 \mathrm{~h})$ | Starting event No. $+17=27$ |

## 13 Parameter R/W commands

These commands are used to write or read parameters. All commands can be read and written (READ/WRITE).

## 13-1 Basic setting and operation setting

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 544 \\ (0220 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 545 \\ (0221 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation zero velocity command action | When " 0 " is written to the operating velocity, selects whether to decelerate the motor to a stop or to change only the velocity to "0" in an operating status. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Deceleration stop command <br> 1:Velocity zero command *1 | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 272 \\ (0110 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 546 \\ (0222 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 547 \\ (0223 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation trigger initial value | Sets the initial value of the trigger (lower 16 bits). <br> [Setting range] <br> -7: Operation data number update <br> -6: Operation type update <br> -5 : Position update <br> -4: Operating velocity update <br> -3: Acceleration rate update <br> -2: Deceleration rate update <br> -1 : Torque limiting value update <br> 0 : The trigger is used | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 273 \\ (0111 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 548 \\ (0224 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 549 \\ (0225 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation data destination initial value | Sets the initial value of the data destination. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Execution memory <br> 1: Buffer memory | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 274 \\ (0112 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 550 \\ (0226 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 551 \\ (0227 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation operation parameter initial value reference data number | Sets the operation data number to be used as the initial value for direct data operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 255: Operation data number | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 275 \\ (0113 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 552 \\ (0228 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 553 \\ (0229 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation trigger automatic clear | Sets the movement when setting "Direct data operation trigger" which is set the trigger factor to transfer or update the data in the direct data operation memory area as execution data. When this parameter is set to enable, if direct data operation is started by writing to "Direct data operation trigger," the trigger (lower 16 bits) of "Direct data operation trigger" is automatically cleared to "0" regardless of whether it is successful or not. Therefore, if the same data is written, direct data operation can be started as many times as written. When this parameter is set to disable, "Direct data operation trigger" is not cleared to 0 even if it is written. Therefore, direct data operation is not started even if the same data is written in succession. To restart, one of the following is required. <br> - Write "0" to "Direct data operation trigger" and then write the value for starting. <br> - Write a different value to "Direct data operation trigger." <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 276 \\ (0114 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 572 \\ (023 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 573 \\ (023 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Direct data operation lifetime initial value *2 | Sets the initial value for direct data operation lifetime. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to $32,767 \mathrm{~ms}$ | A | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 286 \\ \text { (011Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 644 \\ (0284 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 645 \\ (0285 h) \end{gathered}$ | Starting velocity | Sets the starting velocity for operation. *3 <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | A | 0 | $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ | $\begin{gathered} 322 \\ (0142 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 656 \\ (0290 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 657 \\ (0291 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Permission of absolute positioning without setting absolute coordinates | Permits absolute positioning operation in a state where coordinates are not set. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1: Enable | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 328 \\ (0148 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 658 \\ (0292 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 659 \\ (0293 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Acceleration/ deceleration setting method *4 | Selects the setting method for the acceleration rate and the deceleration rate. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Acceleration/deceleration <br> 1: Changing velocity/stop (AZ compatible) | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 329 \\ (0149 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 660 \\ (0294 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 661 \\ (0295 h) \end{gathered}$ | Torque limit setting at motor standstill | Selects the operating torque limit when the motor stops. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Follow the selection number <br> 1: Maintain the previous operating torque limit (reset by excitation OFF) | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 330 \\ (014 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 662 \\ (0296 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 663 \\ (0297 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | ATL function mode setting | Selects the setting method of the ATL function. <br> [Setting Range] <br> 0: Follow ATL-EN input <br> 1: ATL function enabled | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 331 \\ (014 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |


|  | Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 902 \\ (0386 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 903 \\ (0387 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Software overtravel action | Sets the operation when the demand position reaches the software limit. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1: Disable <br> 0: Immediate stop <br> 1: Deceleration stop (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 2: Follow QSTOP setting (current is not cut off) <br> 3: Follow STOP setting <br> 4: Immediate stop with alarm <br> 5: Deceleration stop with alarm (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 6: Follow QSTOP setting with alarm (current is not cut off) <br> 7: Follow STOP setting with alarm | A | 6 | - | $\begin{gathered} 451 \\ (01 \mathrm{C} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 904 \\ (0388 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 905 \\ (0389 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Max software limit | Sets the maximum value of the software limit. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to $2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 452 \\ (01 \mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { a } \\ & > \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 906 \\ \text { (038Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 907 \\ (038 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Min software limit | Sets the minimum value of the software limit. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to $2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 453 \\ (01 \mathrm{C} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 908 \\ (038 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 909 \\ \text { (038Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Home offset | Sets the amount of offset from the home when homing operation is completed or P-PRESET is executed. <br> [Setting range] -2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647 <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 454 \\ (01 \mathrm{C} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 910 \\ \text { (038Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 911 \\ \text { (038Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Valid position range | Sets the criterion of the software limit. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : [Software limit] - [Home offset] (CiA402 compatible) <br> 1: Software limit (AZ compatible) | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 455 \\ (01 \mathrm{C} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 1022 \\ \text { (03FEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1023 \\ \text { (03FFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Driver operation mode | Operation can be simulated using a virtual motor without connecting a motor. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Use real motor <br> 1:Virtual motor | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 511 \\ \text { (01FFh) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 5072 \\ \text { (13DOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5073 \\ \text { (13D1h) } \end{gathered}$ | Timeout of waiting for motor rotation stop at standstill *2 | Sets the timeout period from when the velocity demand becomes zero at standstill until the motor actually stops rotating. <br> When the timeout occurs, the MOVE output is turned OFF. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1 : No timeout setting <br> 0 to $32,767 \mathrm{~ms}$ | A | 1,000 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 2536 \\ \text { (09E8h) } \end{gathered}$ |

*1 Although the motor does not rotate because the velocity is "0," the output signals are in an operating status.
*2 It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.
*3 When combined with a gear, set the "Starting velocity" parameter so that the motor shaft speed is $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or lower.
*4 When the operation type is "Continuous operation (cyclic speed control)," the "Acceleration/deceleration setting method" parameter is not applied.

## 13-2 Unit setting, coordinate setting, mechanism setting, jog setting, homing setting

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 672 \\ (02 \mathrm{AOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 673 \\ (02 A 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | (JOG) Travel amount | Sets the travel amount for inching operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 8,388,607 (User-defined position unit) | A | 1 | step | $\begin{gathered} 336 \\ (0150 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 674 \\ (02 \mathrm{~A} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 675 \\ \text { (02A3h) } \end{gathered}$ | (JOG) Operating velocity | Sets the operating velocity for JOG operation and inching operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | A | 100 | r/min | $\begin{gathered} 337 \\ (0151 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 676 \\ \text { (02A4h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 677 \\ \text { (02A5h) } \end{gathered}$ | (JOG) Acceleration/ deceleration | Sets the acceleration/deceleration rate or the acceleration/deceleration time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 <br> (User-defined acceleration unit) | A | 1,000 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 338 \\ (0152 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 678 \\ (02 A 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 679 \\ (02 A 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | (JOG) Starting velocity | Sets the starting velocity. *1 <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | A | 0 | r/min | $\begin{gathered} 339 \\ (0153 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 680 \\ (02 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 681 \\ \text { (02A9h) } \end{gathered}$ | (JOG) Operating velocity (high) | Sets the operating velocity for high-speed JOG operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | A | 500 | r/min | $\begin{gathered} 340 \\ (0154 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 700 \\ (02 \mathrm{BCh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 701 \\ \text { (02BDh) } \end{gathered}$ | JOG/HOME command filter time constant | Sets the time constant for the command filter. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 200 ms | A | 1 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 350 \\ \text { (015Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 702 \\ \text { (02BEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 703 \\ \text { (02BFh) } \end{gathered}$ | JOG/HOME Torque limit value | Sets the torque limiting value. <br> [Setting range] 0 to 10,000 (1=0.1\%) *2 | A | 10,000 | 1=0.1\% | $\begin{gathered} 351 \\ (015 F h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 704 \\ (02 \mathrm{COh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 705 \\ (02 \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | (HOME) Homing mode | Sets the homing method. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: 2 sensors <br> 1:3 sensors <br> 2: One-way rotation <br> 3: Push | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 352 \\ (0160 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 706 \\ (02 C 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 707 \\ (02 C 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | (HOME) Starting direction | Sets the starting direction for home detection. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Negative side <br> 1: Positive side | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 353 \\ (0161 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 708 \\ (02 \mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 709 \\ (02 C 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | (HOME) <br> Acceleration/ deceleration | Sets the acceleration/deceleration rate or the acceleration/deceleration time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000$ <br> (User-defined acceleration unit) | A | 1,000 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 354 \\ (0162 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 710 \\ \text { (02C6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 711 \\ (02 \mathrm{C} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | (HOME) Starting velocity | Sets the starting velocity. *1 <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | A | 30 | r/min | $\begin{gathered} 355 \\ (0163 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


|  | Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 712 \\ \text { (02C8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 713 \\ \text { (02C9h) } \end{gathered}$ | (HOME) Operating velocity | Sets the operating velocity. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | A | 60 | r/min | $\begin{gathered} 356 \\ (0164 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 714 \\ \text { (02CAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 715 \\ \text { (02CBh) } \end{gathered}$ | (HOME) Last velocity | Sets the operating velocity when finally positioning with the home. *1 <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | A | 30 | r/min | $\begin{gathered} 357 \\ (0165 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 716 \\ \text { (02CCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 717 \\ \text { (02CDh) } \end{gathered}$ | (HOME) SLIT detection | Sets whether to use the SLIT input together when returning to the home. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1: Enable | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 358 \\ (0166 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 718 \\ \text { (O2CEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 719 \\ \text { (02CFh) } \end{gathered}$ | (HOME) ZSG signal detection | Sets whether to use the ZSG-N signal together when returning to the home. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 2: ZSG | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 359 \\ (0167 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 720 \\ \text { (02DOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 721 \\ \text { (02D1h) } \end{gathered}$ | (HOME) Travel amount of additional operation after homing | Sets the travel amount for homing additional operation. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,647 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 360 \\ (0168 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{D}{\circ} \\ & \stackrel{0}{O} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{D} \\ & \sim \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 722 \\ (02 \mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 723 \\ \text { (02D3h) } \end{gathered}$ | (HOME) Backward steps in 2 sensor homing | Sets the amount of backward steps after homing operation in 2-sensor mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 8,388,607 (User-defined position unit) | A | 18,000 | step | $\begin{gathered} 361 \\ (0169 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hat{0} \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \hat{\sim} \\ & \bar{W} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 724 \\ \text { (02D4h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 725 \\ \text { (02D5h) } \end{gathered}$ | (HOME) Operating amount in unidirectional homing | Sets the operating amount after homing operation in one-way rotation mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $8,388,607$ (User-defined position unit) | A | 18,000 | step | $\begin{gathered} 362 \\ \text { (016Ah) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 726 \\ \text { (02D6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 727 \\ \text { (02D7h) } \end{gathered}$ | (HOME) Torque limit value for pushhoming | Sets the torque limiting value for pushmotion homing. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $1,000(1=0.1 \%)$ *2 | A | 1,000 | 1=0.1\% | $\begin{gathered} 363 \\ (016 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 728 \\ \text { (02D8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 729 \\ \text { (02D9h) } \end{gathered}$ | (HOME) Backward steps after first entry in push-homing | Sets the amount of backward steps after first detecting the mechanical end in push-motion homing operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $8,388,607$ (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 364 \\ (016 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 730 \\ \text { (02DAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 731 \\ \text { (02DBh) } \end{gathered}$ | (HOME) Pushing time in pushhoming | Sets the generation time of the TLC output that judges the completion of push motion. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $65,535 \mathrm{~ms}$ | A | 200 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 365 \\ \text { (016Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 732 \\ \text { (02DCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 733 \\ \text { (02DDh) } \end{gathered}$ | (HOME) Backward steps in pushhoming | Sets the amount of backward steps after fixing the mechanical end position in pushmotion homing operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 8,388,607 (User-defined position unit) | A | 18,000 | step | $\begin{gathered} 366 \\ \text { (016Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 832 \\ (0340 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 833 \\ (0341 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User-defined position unit setting | Sets the position unit. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Encoder setting is prioritized (Use [Control resolution] if not a mechanical product) <br> 1: Control resolution (step) <br> 10: Use mechanism unit ( $\times 1$ ) <br> 11: Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.1$ ) <br> 12: Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.01$ ) <br> 13: Use mechanism unit ( $\times 0.001$ ) <br> 23: 0.001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 24: 0.0001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 25: 0.00001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 26: 0.000001 rev (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 31: 0.1 deg (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 32: 0.01 deg (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 33: 0.001 deg (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 34: 0.0001 deg (driving shaft of gearbox) | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 416 \\ \text { (01A0h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 834 \\ (0342 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 835 \\ (0343 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User-defined velocity unit setting | Sets the velocity unit. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Position unit is "Control resolution": r/min (motor shaft), others: position unit/s <br> 1: Position unit/s <br> 2: r/min (motor shaft) <br> 11: $0.1 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (motor shaft) <br> 12: $0.01 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (motor shaft) <br> 20: $1 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 21: $0.1 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 22: $0.01 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 23: $0.001 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 24: $0.0001 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) <br> 25: $0.00001 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (driving shaft of gearbox) | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 417 \\ (01 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 836 \\ (0344 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 837 \\ (0345 h) \end{gathered}$ | User-defined acceleration/ deceleration unit setting (DD, FWRV, SD, HOME operation) | Sets the acceleration/deceleration unit. *3 <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : (User-defined velocity unit)/s <br> 1: ms | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 418 \\ (01 \mathrm{~A} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 840 \\ (0348 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 841 \\ (0349 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Motor rotation direction | Sets the rotation direction of the motor shaft. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 420 \\ (01 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 842 \\ (034 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 843 \\ (034 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Position/velocity coordinate direction | Sets directions for the position coordinate and the velocity coordinate. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Follow unit setting <br> 1: Match the direction of velocity coordinate with position coordinate <br> 2: Match the direction of position coordinate with velocity coordinate | C | 2 | - | $\begin{gathered} 421 \\ (01 A 5 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 844 \\ (034 C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 845 \\ (034 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Torque coordinate direction | Selects the coordinate to be used as a reference with the torque monitor. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Based on position coordinate <br> 1: Based on velocity coordinate | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 422 \\ (01 \mathrm{~A} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 848 \\ (0350 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 849 \\ (0351 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Control resolution (numerator) | Sets the numerator of the control resolution. <br> [Setting range] <br> 500 to 67,108,863 | C | 36,000 | - | $\begin{gathered} 424 \\ (01 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 850 \\ (0352 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 851 \\ (0353 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Control resolution (denominator) | Sets the denominator of the control resolution. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 65,535 | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 425 \\ (01 \mathrm{~A} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 856 \\ (0358 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 857 \\ (0359 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Gear information (numerator) | Sets the numerator of the gear ratio. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000 | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 428 \\ (01 \mathrm{ACh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 858 \\ \text { (035Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 859 \\ (035 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Gear information (denominator) | Sets the denominator of the gear ratio. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000 | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 429 \\ (01 \mathrm{ADh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 860 \\ (035 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 861 \\ \text { (035Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Gear rotation direction | Sets the rotation direction of the driving shaft of the gearbox. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 430 \\ \text { (01AEh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 864 \\ (0360 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 865 \\ (0361 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Mechanism information specifications | Sets the mechanism information specifications. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Encoder setting is prioritized (if not a mechanical product, no unit) <br> 1: Encoder setting is prioritized (if not a mechanical product, linear motion [mm], setting: travel amount [ $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{rev}$ ]) <br> 2: Encoder setting is prioritized (if not a mechanical product, wheel [mm], setting: diameter [mm]) <br> 5: Encoder setting is prioritized (if not a mechanical product, rotation [rev], setting: mechanism reduction ratio) <br> 6: Encoder setting is prioritized (if not a mechanical product, rotation [deg], setting: mechanism reduction ratio) <br> 8: No unit <br> 9: Linear motion [mm], setting: travel amount [mm/rev] <br> 10: Wheel [mm], setting: diameter [mm] <br> 13: Rotation [rev], setting: mechanism reduction ratio <br> 14: Rotation [deg], setting: mechanism reduction ratio | C | 2 | - | $\begin{gathered} 432 \\ (01 \mathrm{BOh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 866 \\ (0362 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 867 \\ (0363 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Mechanism information (numerator) | Sets the numerator of mechanism information. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 65,535 | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 433 \\ (01 \mathrm{~B} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 868 \\ (0364 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 866 \\ (0365 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Mechanism information (denominator) | Sets the denominator of mechanism information. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 65,535 | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 434 \\ (01 \mathrm{~B} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 870 \\ (0366 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 871 \\ (0367 h) \end{gathered}$ | Mechanism traveling direction | Sets the travel direction of the mechanism. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 435 \\ (01 \mathrm{~B} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 916 \\ (0394 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 917 \\ (0395 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | WRAP setting | Sets the WRAP setting. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1: 32-bit range (WRAP-type operation disabled/WRAPZERO output disabled) <br> 2: Follows WRAP setting lower limit/WRAP setting upper limit | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 458 \\ \text { (01CAh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 918 \\ (0396 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 919 \\ (0397 h) \end{gathered}$ | WRAP setting lower limit | Sets the lower limit value of the WRAP setting. <br> [Setting range] $-536,870,912 \text { to } 0$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | C | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 459 \\ (01 \mathrm{CBh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 920 \\ (0398 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 921 \\ (0399 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | WRAP setting upper limit | Sets the upper limit value of the WRAP setting. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 536,870,911 <br> (User-defined position unit) | C | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 460 \\ \text { (01CCh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 922 \\ (039 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 923 \\ \text { (039Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | The number of the WRAP-ZERO output in wrap range | Sets how often the WRAP-ZERO output is turned ON within the WRAP range. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $536,870,911$ divisions | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 461 \\ (01 \mathrm{CDh}) \end{gathered}$ |

*1 When combined with a gear, set the "JOG starting speed" parameter and the "(HOME) Starting velocity" parameter and the "(HOME) Last velocity" parameterso that the motor shaft speed is $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or lower.
*2 The maximum torque limiting value varies depending on the motor. Refer to p .39 for the maximum value of each motor.
*3 The "User-defined acceleration/deceleration unit setting (DD,FWRV, SD, HOME operation)" parameter is not applied when the product is operated with the drive profile (CAN communication).

## 13-3 Communication setting (Modbus/CANopen)

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 958 \\ \text { (03BEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 959 \\ \text { (03BFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Communication power supply lost action | Selects the movement when the communication power supply is lost. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1: Disable <br> 0: Immediate stop <br> 1: Deceleration rate stop (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 2: Follow QSTOP setting (current is not cut off) <br> 3: Follow STOP setting <br> 4: Immediate stop with alarm <br> 5: Deceleration stop with alarm (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 6: Follow QSTOP setting with alarm (current is not cut off) <br> 7: Follow STOP setting with alarm | A | -1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 479 \\ \text { (01DFh) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 990 \\ \text { (03DEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 991 \\ \text { (03DFh) } \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 <br> communication termination resistor | Selects the setting of the termination resistor for RS-485 communication built in the driver. <br> [Setting Range] <br> -1: Enable <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 1) <br> 2: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 2) <br> 3: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 3) <br> 4: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 4) <br> 5: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 5) <br> 6: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 6) <br> 7: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 7) <br> 8: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 8) <br> 9: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 9) <br> 10: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 10) <br> 11: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 11) <br> 12: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 12) <br> 13: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 13) <br> 14: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 14) <br> 15: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 15) <br> 16: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 16) <br> 17: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 17) <br> 18: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 18) <br> 19: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 19) <br> 20: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 20) <br> 21: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 21) <br> 22: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 22) <br> 23: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 23) <br> 24: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 24) <br> 25: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 25) <br> 26: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 26) <br> 27: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 27) <br> 28: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 28) <br> 29: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 29) <br> 30: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 30) <br> 31: Follow communication ID (Enable when the active communication ID is 31) | D *1 | 4 | - | $\begin{gathered} 495 \\ (01 \mathrm{EFh}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 994 \\ \text { (03E2h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 995 \\ \text { (03E3h) } \end{gathered}$ | Communication I/F mode selection | Sets the communication protocol. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1: Disable <br> 2: Modbus RTU (RS-485 communication) <br> 3: CANopen (CAN) <br> 4: CANopen (CAN) \& Modbus RTU (RS-485 communication) | D | 4 | - | $\begin{gathered} 497 \\ (01 F 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1536 \\ (0600 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1537 \\ (0601 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (0) | Sets NET-ID of commands or parameters to be registered in the indirect reference addresses. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 (0 to FFFFh) | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 768 \\ (0300 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1538 \\ (0602 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1539 \\ \text { (0603h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (1) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 769 \\ (0301 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1540 \\ (0604 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1541 \\ (0605 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (2) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 770 \\ (0302 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1542 \\ (0606 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1543 \\ (0607 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (3) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 771 \\ \text { (0303h) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1544 \\ \text { (0608h) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1545 \\ (0609 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (4) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 772 \\ (0304 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1546 \\ (060 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1547 \\ & \text { (060Bh) } \end{aligned}$ | Indirect reference address setting (5) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 773 \\ (0305 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1548 \\ & (060 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1549 \\ (060 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (6) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 774 \\ (0306 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1550 \\ \text { (060Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1551 \\ \text { (060Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (7) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 775 \\ (0307 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1552 \\ (0610 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1553 \\ (0611 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (8) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 776 \\ (0308 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1554 \\ (0612 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1555 \\ (0613 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (9) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 777 \\ \text { (0309h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1556 \\ (0614 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1557 \\ (0615 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (10) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 778 \\ \text { (030Ah) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1558 \\ (0616 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1559 \\ (0617 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (11) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 779 \\ \text { (030Bh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1560 \\ (0618 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1561 \\ (0619 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (12) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 780 \\ (030 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1562 \\ \text { (061Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1563 \\ (061 \mathrm{Bh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (13) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 781 \\ \text { (030Dh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1564 \\ (061 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1565 \\ \text { (061Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (14) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 782 \\ \text { (030Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1566 \\ \text { (061Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1567 \\ \text { (061Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (15) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 783 \\ \text { (030Fh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1568 \\ (0620 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1569 \\ (0621 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (16) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 784 \\ (0310 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1570 \\ (0622 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1571 \\ (0623 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (17) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 785 \\ (0311 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1572 \\ \text { (0624h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1573 \\ (0625 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (18) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 786 \\ (0312 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1574 \\ \text { (0626h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1575 \\ (0627 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (19) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 787 \\ (0313 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1576 \\ (0628 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1577 \\ (0629 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (20) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 788 \\ (0314 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1578 \\ (062 \mathrm{Ah}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1579 \\ (062 \mathrm{Bh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (21) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 789 \\ (0315 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1580 \\ (062 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1581 \\ \text { (062Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (22) | Sets NET-ID of commands or parameters to be registered in the indirect reference addresses. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 (0 to FFFFh) | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 790 \\ (0316 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1582 \\ \text { (062Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1583 \\ (062 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (23) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 791 \\ (0317 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1584 \\ (0630 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1585 \\ (0631 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (24) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 792 \\ (0318 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1586 \\ (0632 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1587 \\ (0633 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (25) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 793 \\ (0319 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1588 \\ (0634 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1589 \\ (0635 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (26) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 794 \\ (031 A h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1590 \\ (0636 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1591 \\ (0637 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (27) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 795 \\ (031 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1592 \\ (0638 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1593 \\ (0639 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (28) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 796 \\ (031 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1594 \\ (063 \mathrm{Ah}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1595 \\ (063 \mathrm{Bh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (29) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 797 \\ \text { (031Dh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1596 \\ (063 C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1597 \\ \text { (063Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (30) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 798 \\ \text { (031Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1598 \\ \text { (063Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1599 \\ \text { (063Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (31) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 799 \\ \text { (031Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1600 \\ (0640 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1601 \\ (0641 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (32) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 800 \\ (0320 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1602 \\ (0642 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1603 \\ (0643 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (33) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 801 \\ (0321 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1604 \\ (0644 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1605 \\ (0645 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (34) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 802 \\ (0322 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1606 \\ (0646 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1607 \\ (0647 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (35) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 803 \\ (0323 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1608 \\ (0648 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1609 \\ (0649 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (36) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 804 \\ (0324 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1610 \\ (064 \mathrm{Ah}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1611 \\ (064 \mathrm{Bh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (37) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 805 \\ (0325 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1612 \\ (064 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1613 \\ (064 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (38) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 806 \\ (0326 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1614 \\ \text { (064Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1615 \\ \text { (064Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (39) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 807 \\ (0327 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1616 \\ (0650 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1617 \\ (0651 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (40) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 808 \\ (0328 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1618 \\ (0652 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1619 \\ (0653 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (41) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 809 \\ (0329 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1620 \\ (0654 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1621 \\ (0655 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (42) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 810 \\ (032 \mathrm{Ah}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1622 \\ (0656 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1623 \\ (0657 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (43) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 811 \\ \text { (032Bh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1624 \\ (0658 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1625 \\ (0659 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (44) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 812 \\ (032 \mathrm{Ch}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1626 \\ (065 A h) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1627 \\ (065 \mathrm{Bh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (45) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 813 \\ (032 \mathrm{Dh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1628 \\ (065 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1629 \\ (065 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (46) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 814 \\ \text { (032Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbuscommunicationregister address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1630 \\ \text { (065Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1631 \\ (065 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (47) | Sets NET-ID of commands or parameters to be registered in the indirect reference addresses. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 ( 0 to FFFFh) | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 815 \\ (032 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1632 \\ (0660 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1633 \\ (0661 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (48) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 816 \\ (0330 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1634 \\ (0662 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1635 \\ (0663 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (49) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 817 \\ (0331 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1636 \\ (0664 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1637 \\ (0665 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (50) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 818 \\ (0332 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1638 \\ (0666 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1639 \\ (0667 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (51) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 819 \\ (0333 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1640 \\ (0668 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1641 \\ (0669 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (52) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 820 \\ (0334 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1642 \\ (066 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1643 \\ (066 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (53) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 821 \\ (0335 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1644 \\ (066 C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1645 \\ (066 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (54) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 822 \\ (0336 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1646 \\ \text { (066Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1647 \\ \text { (066Fh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (55) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 823 \\ (0337 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1648 \\ (0670 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1649 \\ (0671 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (56) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 824 \\ (0338 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1650 \\ (0672 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1651 \\ (0673 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (57) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 825 \\ (0339 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1652 \\ (0674 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1653 \\ (0675 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (58) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 826 \\ \text { (033Ah) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1654 \\ (0676 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1655 \\ (0677 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (59) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 827 \\ \text { (033Bh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1656 \\ (0678 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1657 \\ (0679 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (60) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 828 \\ (033 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1658 \\ (067 \mathrm{Ah}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1659 \\ (067 \mathrm{Bh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (61) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 829 \\ (033 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1660 \\ \text { (067Ch) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1661 \\ (067 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (62) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 830 \\ \text { (033Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1662 \\ \text { (067Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1663 \\ \text { (067Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (63) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 831 \\ \text { (033Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1664 \\ (0680 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1665 \\ (0681 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (64) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 832 \\ (0340 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1666 \\ (0682 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1667 \\ (0683 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (65) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 833 \\ (0341 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1668 \\ (0684 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1669 \\ (0685 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (66) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 834 \\ (0342 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1670 \\ (0686 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1671 \\ (0687 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (67) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 835 \\ (0343 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1672 \\ (0688 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1673 \\ (0689 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (68) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 836 \\ (0344 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1674 \\ (068 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1675 \\ (068 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (69) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 837 \\ (0345 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1676 \\ (068 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1677 \\ (068 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (70) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 838 \\ (0346 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1678 \\ \text { (068Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1679 \\ \text { (068Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (71) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 839 \\ (0347 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1680 \\ (0690 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1681 \\ (0691 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (72) | Sets NET-ID of commands or parameters to be registered in the indirect reference addresses. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 (0 to FFFFh) | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 840 \\ (0348 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1682 \\ (0692 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1683 \\ (0693 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (73) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 841 \\ (0349 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1684 \\ (0694 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1685 \\ (0695 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (74) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 842 \\ (034 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1686 \\ (0696 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1687 \\ (0697 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (75) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 843 \\ (034 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1688 \\ (0698 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1689 \\ (0699 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (76) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 844 \\ (034 \mathrm{Ch}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1690 \\ \text { (069Ah) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1691 \\ \text { (069Bh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (77) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 845 \\ (034 \mathrm{Dh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1692 \\ (069 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1693 \\ \text { (069Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (78) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 846 \\ \text { (034Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1694 \\ (069 \mathrm{Eh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1695 \\ (069 \mathrm{Fh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (79) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 847 \\ \text { (034Fh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1696 \\ \text { (06A0h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1697 \\ (06 A 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (80) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 848 \\ (0350 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1698 \\ (06 A 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1699 \\ (06 A 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (81) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 849 \\ (0351 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1700 \\ (06 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1701 \\ (06 A 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (82) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 850 \\ (0352 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1702 \\ (06 A 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1703 \\ (06 A 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (83) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 851 \\ (0353 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1704 \\ (06 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1705 \\ (06 A 9 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (84) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 852 \\ (0354 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1706 \\ (06 A A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1707 \\ (06 A B h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (85) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 853 \\ (0355 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1708 \\ (06 A C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1709 \\ \text { (06ADh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (86) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 854 \\ (0356 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1710 \\ \text { (06AEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1711 \\ \text { (06AFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (87) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 855 \\ (0357 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1712 \\ (06 \mathrm{BOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1713 \\ (06 B 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (88) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 856 \\ (0358 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1714 \\ (06 B 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1715 \\ (06 B 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (89) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 857 \\ (0359 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1716 \\ \text { (06B4h) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1717 \\ \text { (06B5h) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (90) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 858 \\ (035 \mathrm{Ah}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1718 \\ \text { (06B6h) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1719 \\ \text { (06B7h) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (91) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 859 \\ (035 \mathrm{Bh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1720 \\ \text { (06B8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1721 \\ (06 \mathrm{~B} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (92) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 860 \\ (035 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1722 \\ (06 B A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1723 \\ (06 \mathrm{BBh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (93) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 861 \\ (035 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1724 \\ (06 \mathrm{BCh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1725 \\ \text { (06BDh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (94) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 862 \\ \text { (035Eh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1726 \\ \text { (06BEh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1727 \\ \text { (06BFh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (95) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 863 \\ \text { (035Fh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1728 \\ \text { (06C0h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1729 \\ (06 \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (96) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 864 \\ (0360 h) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1730 \\ (06 \mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1731 \\ (06 C 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (97) | Sets NET-ID of commands or parameters to be registered in the indirect reference addresses. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 (0 to FFFFh) | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 865 \\ (0361 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1732 \\ (06 C 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1733 \\ (06 C 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (98) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 866 \\ (0362 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1734 \\ (06 C 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1735 \\ (06 C 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (99) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 867 \\ (0363 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1736 \\ (06 \mathrm{C} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1737 \\ \text { (06C9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (100) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 868 \\ (0364 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1738 \\ \text { (06CAh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1739 \\ \text { (06CBh) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Indirect reference address setting (101) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 869 \\ (0365 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1740 \\ \text { (06CCh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline 1741 \\ (06 C D h) \end{array}$ | Indirect reference address setting (102) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 870 \\ (0366 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1742 \\ \text { (06CEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1743 \\ \text { (06CFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (103) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 871 \\ (0367 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1744 \\ \text { (06DOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1745 \\ \text { (06D1h) } \end{array}$ | Indirect reference address setting (104) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 872 \\ (0368 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1746 \\ \text { (06D2h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1747 \\ \text { (06D3h) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Indirect reference address setting (105) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 873 \\ (0369 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1748 \\ (06 D 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1749 \\ \text { (06D5h) } \end{array}$ | Indirect reference address setting (106) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 874 \\ \text { (036Ah) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1750 \\ \text { (06D6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1751 \\ \text { (06D7h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (107) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 875 \\ (036 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1752 \\ \text { (06D8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1753 \\ \text { (06D9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (108) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 876 \\ (036 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1754 \\ \text { (06DAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline 1755 \\ \text { (06DBh) } \end{array}$ | Indirect reference address setting (109) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 877 \\ (036 \mathrm{Dh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1756 \\ \text { (06DCh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline 1757 \\ \text { (06DDh) } \end{array}$ | Indirect reference address setting (110) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 878 \\ \text { (036Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1758 \\ \text { (06DEh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 1759 \\ \text { (06DFh) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Indirect reference address setting (111) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 879 \\ \text { (036Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1760 \\ \text { (06EOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1761 \\ (06 \mathrm{E} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (112) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 880 \\ (0370 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1762 \\ (06 \mathrm{E} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1763 \\ (06 E 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (113) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 881 \\ (0371 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1764 \\ \text { (06E4h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1765 \\ \text { (06E5h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (114) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 882 \\ (0372 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1766 \\ (06 \mathrm{E} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1767 \\ (06 E 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (115) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 883 \\ (0373 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1768 \\ (06 E 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1769 \\ \text { (06E9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (116) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 884 \\ (0374 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 1770 \\ \text { (06EAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1771 \\ (06 E B h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (117) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 885 \\ (0375 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1772 \\ \text { (06ECh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1773 \\ \text { (06EDh) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Indirect reference address setting (118) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 886 \\ (0376 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1774 \\ \text { (06EEh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1775 \\ \text { (06EFh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (119) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 887 \\ (0377 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1776 \\ \text { (06FOh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 1777 \\ \text { (06F1h) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Indirect reference address setting (120) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 888 \\ (0378 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1778 \\ \text { (06F2h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1779 \\ (06 \mathrm{~F} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (121) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 889 \\ (0379 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1780 \\ (06 \mathrm{~F} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1781 \\ (06 F 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (122) | Sets NET-ID of commands or parameters to be registered in the indirect reference addresses. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 (0 to FFFFh) | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 890 \\ (037 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1782 \\ (06 F 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1783 \\ (06 F 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (123) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 891 \\ (037 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1784 \\ (06 \mathrm{~F} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1785 \\ \text { (06F9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (124) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 892 \\ (037 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1786 \\ (06 F A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1787 \\ (06 \mathrm{FBh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (125) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 893 \\ (037 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1788 \\ (06 F C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1789 \\ (06 F D h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (126) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 894 \\ \text { (037Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1790 \\ \text { (06FEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1791 \\ (06 F F h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (127) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 895 \\ \text { (037Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4992 \\ (1380 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4993 \\ (1381 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Slave address (Modbus) | Sets the address number (slave address). <br> [Setting range] <br> -1: Follow ID-SEL input (ID = ID-SEL value + 1) <br> 1 to 31: Slave addresses 1 to 31 <br> Do not use 0 . | D *1 | -1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2496 \\ (09 C 0 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4994 \\ (1382 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4995 \\ (1383 h) \end{gathered}$ | Baudrate (Modbus) | Sets the transmission rate. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: 9,600 bps <br> 1: 19,200 bps <br> 2: 38,400 bps <br> 3: 57,600 bps <br> 4: 115,200 bps <br> 5: 230,400 bps | D *1 | 5 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2497 \\ (09 \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4996 \\ (1384 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4997 \\ (1385 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Byte \& word order (Modbus) | Sets the byte order of 32-bit data. Set when the arrangement of communication data is different from the master. <br> (Setting example $\Rightarrow$ p.215) <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Even Address-High Word \& Big-Endian <br> 1: Even Address-Low Word \& Big-Endian <br> 2: Even Address-High Word \& Little-Endian <br> 3: Even Address-Low Word \& Little-Endian | D *1 | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2498 \\ (09 C 2 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4998 \\ (1386 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4999 \\ (1387 h) \end{gathered}$ | Communication parity (Modbus) | Sets the communication parity. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : None <br> 1: Even parity <br> 2: Odd parity | D *1 | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2499 \\ (09 C 3 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 5000 \\ (1388 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5001 \\ (1389 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Communication stop bit (Modbus) | Sets the communication stop bit. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: 1 bit <br> 1:2 bits | D *1 | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2500 \\ (09 C 4 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 5002 \\ (138 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5003 \\ (138 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Communication timeout (Modbus) | Sets the condition in which a communication timeout occurs in RS-485 communication. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not monitored <br> 1 to $10,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2501 \\ (09 \mathrm{C} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


|  | Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 5004 \\ (138 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5005 \\ (138 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Communication error detection (Modbus) | A communication error alarm is generated when the RS-485 communication error has occurred by the number of times set here. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to 10 times | A | 3 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2502 \\ (09 C 6 h) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 5006 \\ (138 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5007 \\ \text { (138Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Transmission waiting time (Modbus) | This is a parameter to set the transmission waiting time. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 10,000 ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) | D *1 | 30 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2503 \\ (09 C 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 5008 \\ (1390 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5009 \\ (1391 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Silent interval (Modbus) | Sets the silent interval. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Set automatically <br> 1 to 100 ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) | D *1 | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2504 \\ (09 \mathrm{C} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 5010 \\ (1392 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5011 \\ (1393 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Slave error response mode (Modbus) | Sets the response when the slave error occurred. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Normal response <br> 1: Exception response | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2505 \\ \text { (09C9h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { の } \\ & \text { D } \\ & \stackrel{2}{2} \\ & \frac{1}{\Pi} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5012 \\ (1394 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5013 \\ (1395 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Initial group ID (Modbus) | Sets the address of a group (address number of parent slave). <br> [Setting range] <br> -1: Disable (no group transmission) 1 to 31: Group ID <br> Do not use 0 . | C | -1 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 2506 \\ & \text { (09CAh) } \end{aligned}$ |
| $n$ $\sim$ 0 0 0 $\overline{0}$ $\bar{\sim}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5056 \\ (13 C O h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5057 \\ (13 \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 <br> communication frame monitor target ID | Sets the monitor axis in the RS-485 communication frame monitor of the support software. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 127: Slave address 1 to 127 | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2528 \\ \text { (09EOh) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 5080 \\ (13 \mathrm{D} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5081 \\ (13 D 9 h) \end{gathered}$ | CANopen EDS *2 | Selects the EDS file matched. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: EDS Version 1.00 <br> 1: EDS Version 2.00 | D | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2540 \\ \text { (09ECh) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 34304 \\ (8600 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34305 \\ (8601 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | CANopen Node-ID | Sets the CANopen Node-ID. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1 : Follow ID-SEL input (ID = ID-SEL + 1) <br> 1 to 127: Node-ID 1 to 127 | D *1 | -1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17152 \\ (4300 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 34306 \\ (8602 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34307 \\ (8603 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | CANopen Bitrate | Sets the CANopen Bitrate. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: 10kbps <br> 1:20kbps <br> 2: 50kbps <br> 3: 125 kbps <br> 4: 250kbps <br> 5: 500kbps <br> 6: 800kbps <br> 7: 1000kbps | D *1 | 5 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17153 \\ (4301 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |

[^23]
## 13-4 Communication setting (Modbus/CANopen) (compatible)

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4864 \\ (1300 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4865 \\ (1301 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (0) (compatible) | Sets NET-ID of commands or parameters to be registered in the indirect reference addresses. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 (0 to FFFFh) | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2432 \\ (0980 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4866 \\ (1302 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4867 \\ (1303 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (1) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2433 \\ (0981 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4868 \\ (1304 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4869 \\ (1305 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (2) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2434 \\ (0982 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4870 \\ (1306 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4871 \\ (1307 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (3) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2435 \\ (0983 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4872 \\ (1308 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4873 \\ (1309 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (4) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2436 \\ (0984 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4874 \\ (130 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4875 \\ (130 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (5) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2437 \\ (0985 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4876 \\ (130 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4877 \\ \text { (130Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (6) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2438 \\ (0986 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4878 \\ \text { (130Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4879 \\ (130 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (7) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2439 \\ (0987 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4880 \\ (1310 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4881 \\ (1311 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (8) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2440 \\ (0988 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4882 \\ (1312 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4883 \\ (1313 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (9) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2441 \\ (0989 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4884 \\ (1314 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4885 \\ (1315 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (10) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2442 \\ (098 A h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4886 \\ (1316 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4887 \\ (1317 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (11) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2443 \\ (098 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4888 \\ (1318 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4889 \\ (1319 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (12) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2444 \\ (098 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4890 \\ (131 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4891 \\ (131 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (13) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2445 \\ \text { (098Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4892 \\ (131 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4893 \\ \text { (131Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (14) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2446 \\ \text { (098Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4894 \\ \text { (131Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4895 \\ \text { (131Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (15) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2447 \\ \text { (098Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4896 \\ (1320 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4897 \\ (1321 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (16) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2448 \\ (0990 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4898 \\ (1322 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4899 \\ (1323 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (17) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2449 \\ (0991 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4900 \\ (1324 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4901 \\ (1325 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (18) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2450 \\ (0992 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4902 \\ (1326 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4903 \\ (1327 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (19) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2451 \\ (0993 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4904 \\ (1328 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4905 \\ (1329 h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (20) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2452 \\ (0994 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4906 \\ (132 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4907 \\ (132 B h) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (21) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2453 \\ (0995 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4908 \\ (132 \mathrm{Ch}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4909 \\ \text { (132Dh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (22) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2454 \\ (0996 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4910 \\ \text { (132Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4911 \\ (132 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (23) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2455 \\ (0997 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4912 \\ (1330 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4913 \\ (1331 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (24) (compatible) | Sets NET-ID of commands or parameters to be registered in the indirect reference addresses. <br> [Setting range] 0 to 65,535 (0 to FFFFh) | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2456 \\ (0998 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4914 \\ (1332 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4915 \\ (1333 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (25) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2457 \\ \text { (0999h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4916 \\ (1334 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4917 \\ (1335 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (26) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2458 \\ (099 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4918 \\ (1336 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4919 \\ (1337 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (27) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2459 \\ (099 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4920 \\ (1338 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4921 \\ (1339 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (28) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 2460 \\ & (099 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4922 \\ (133 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4923 \\ (133 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (29) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2461 \\ \text { (099Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4924 \\ (133 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4925 \\ \text { (133Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (30) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2462 \\ \text { (099Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4926 \\ \text { (133Eh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4927 \\ \text { (133Fh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Indirect reference address setting (31) (compatible) |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2463 \\ \text { (099Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2432 \\ (0980 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2433 \\ (0981 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share control global ID | Sets the communication ID used in the ID share mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1 : ID share mode is not used <br> 1 to 127: Communication ID to share | A | -1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1216 \\ (04 C 0 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2434 \\ (0982 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2435 \\ (0983 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share control number | Sets the number of slave axes used in the ID share mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 31 | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1217 \\ (04 \mathrm{Clh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2436 \\ (0984 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2437 \\ (0985 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Control Local ID | Sets the ID for identifying the slave used in the ID share mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : ID share mode is not used <br> 1 to 31: ID for slave identification | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1218 \\ (04 C 2 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2448 \\ (0990 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2449 \\ (0991 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 0 | Sets the NET-ID of data to be read in the ID share mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> Refer to p. 285 . | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1224 \\ (04 \mathrm{C} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2450 \\ (0992 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2451 \\ (0993 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 1 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1225 \\ \text { (04C9h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2452 \\ (0994 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2453 \\ (0995 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 2 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1226 \\ \text { (04CAh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2454 \\ (0996 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2455 \\ (0997 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 3 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1227 \\ \text { (04CBh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2456 \\ (0998 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2457 \\ (0999 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 4 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1228 \\ \text { (04CCh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2458 \\ (099 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2459 \\ (099 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 5 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1229 \\ \text { (04CDh) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2460 \\ (099 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2461 \\ (099 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 6 | Sets the NET-ID of data to be read in the ID share mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> Refer to p. 285. | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1230 \\ \text { (04CEh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2462 \\ \text { (099Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2463 \\ (099 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 7 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1231 \\ \text { (04CFh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2464 \\ (09 \mathrm{~A} 0 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2465 \\ (09 A 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 8 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1232 \\ \text { (04D0h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2466 \\ (09 A 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2467 \\ (09 A 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 9 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1233 \\ \text { (04D1h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2468 \\ (09 A 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2469 \\ (09 A 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 10 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1234 \\ (04 \mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2470 \\ (09 A 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2471 \\ (09 \mathrm{~A} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Read data 11 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1235 \\ (04 D 3 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2472 \\ (09 A 8 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2473 \\ (09 A 9 h) \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 0 | Sets the NET-ID of data to be written in the ID share mode. <br> [Setting range] <br> Refer to p. 285 . | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1236 \\ \text { (04D4h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2474 \\ \text { (09AAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2475 \\ (09 \mathrm{ABh}) \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 1 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1237 \\ (04 D 5 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2476 \\ \text { (09ACh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2477 \\ \text { (09ADh) } \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 2 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1238 \\ \text { (04D6h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2478 \\ \text { (09AEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2479 \\ \text { (09AFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 3 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1239 \\ (04 \mathrm{D} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2480 \\ (09 B 0 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2481 \\ (09 B 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 4 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1240 \\ \text { (04D8h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2482 \\ (09 B 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2483 \\ (09 B 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 5 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1241 \\ \text { (04D9h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2484 \\ (09 B 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2485 \\ (09 B 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 6 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1242 \\ \text { (04DAh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2486 \\ (09 B 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2487 \\ (09 B 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 7 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1243 \\ \text { (04DBh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2488 \\ \text { (09B8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2489 \\ (09 B 9 h) \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 8 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1244 \\ \text { (04DCh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2490 \\ (09 B A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2491 \\ (09 B B h) \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 9 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1245 \\ \text { (04DDh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2492 \\ (09 B C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2493 \\ \text { (09BDh) } \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 10 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1246 \\ \text { (04DEh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2494 \\ \text { (09BEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2495 \\ \text { (09BFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Share Write data 11 |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1247 \\ \text { (04DFh) } \end{gathered}$ |

## 13-6 Power removal setting, ETO setting, and alarm setting

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 770 \\ (0302 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 771 \\ \text { (0303h) } \end{gathered}$ | Position deviation alarm (user setting) | Sets the condition in which the position deviation alarm is generated. *1 <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 10,000,000 <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 108,000 | step | $\begin{gathered} 385 \\ (0181 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 778 \\ \text { (030Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 779 \\ \text { (030Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Stopping method at alarm generation | Sets how to stop the motor when an alarm which motor excitation state is <br> "Excitation" or "Non-excitation after deceleration" is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Immediate stop <br> 1: Deceleration rate stop (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 2: Follow QSTOP setting (the excitation state is according to the alarm specifications) | A | 2 | - | $\begin{gathered} 389 \\ (0185 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 780 \\ \text { (030Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 781 \\ \text { (030Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Stopping timeout at alarm generation | Sets the time-out period from when the alarm of "Non-excitation after deceleration" is generated until the excitation is turned off. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $10,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | A | 3,000 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 390 \\ (0186 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 782 \\ \text { (030Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 783 \\ \text { (030Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Overvoltage alarm (user setting) | Sets the condition in which the overvoltage alarm is generated. *1 <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable *2 <br> 1 to 720 ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | A | 0 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\begin{gathered} 391 \\ (0187 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 784 \\ (0310 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 785 \\ (0311 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Overvoltage alarm (main power supply voltage differential conditions) | Sets the condition in which the overvoltage alarm is generated. *1 <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable *2 <br> 1 to 450 ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | A | 0 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\begin{gathered} 392 \\ (0188 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 800 \\ (0320 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 801 \\ (0321 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Occur alarm at HWTO input OFF | Sets whether to generate an alarm of "HWTO input detection" when both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs are turned OFF. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1: Enable | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 400 \\ (0190 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 802 \\ (0322 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 803 \\ (0323 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | HWTO delay time of checking dual system | Sets a threshold from when either the HWTO1 input or the HWTO2 input is turned OFF until the other input is turned OFF. If the other input is not turned OFF even when the threshold is exceeded, an alarm is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 10: Disable <br> 11 to 100 ms | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 401 \\ (0191 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 816 \\ (0330 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 817 \\ (0331 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | ETO reset ineffective period | Sets the time from when the driver transitions to the ETO status until it can release the ETO status. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 100 ms | A | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 408 \\ (0198 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 818 \\ (0332 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 819 \\ (0333 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | ETO reset action (ETO-CLR) | Sets the judgment criterion of the signal when the ETO status is released by the ETO-CLR input. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1: ON edge (Positive edge) <br> 2: ON level | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 409 \\ (0199 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 820 \\ (0334 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 821 \\ (0335 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | ETO reset action (ALM-RST) | Enables to release the ETO status by the ALM-RST input. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: ON edge (Positive edge) | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 410 \\ (019 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 822 \\ (0336 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 823 \\ (0337 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | ETO reset action (S-ON) | Enables to release the ETO status by the S-ON input. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: ON edge (Positive edge) | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 411 \\ (019 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 824 \\ (0338 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 825 \\ (0339 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | ETO reset action (STOP) | Enables to release the ETO status by the STOP input. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: ON edge (Positive edge) | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 412 \\ \text { (019Ch) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 5076 \\ (13 \mathrm{D} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5077 \\ (13 D 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | User alarm action *3 | Sets whether or not to excite the motor after stop when the user alarm is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Non-excitation after deceleration <br> 1: Excitation | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2538 \\ \text { (09EAh) } \end{gathered}$ |

*1 If a value larger than the condition to generate the alarm is set, an alarm will be generated base on the condition in which the alarm is generated.
*2 If it is set to "Disable," the condition in which the overvoltage alarm is generated is applied.
*3 It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.

## 13-7 I/O operation and function

|  | Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 3586 \\ (0 E 02 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3587 \\ (0 E 03 h) \end{gathered}$ | FW-LS/RV-LS input action | Sets how to stop the motor when the FW-LS input or the RV-LS input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> -1 : Only for homing sensor <br> 0: Immediate stop <br> 1: Deceleration rate stop (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 2: Follow QSTOP setting (current is not cut off) <br> 3: Follow STOP setting <br> 4: Immediate stop with alarm <br> 5: Deceleration stop with alarm (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 6: Follow QSTOP setting with alarm (current is not cut off) <br> 7: Follow STOP setting with alarm | A | 4 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1793 \\ (0701 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \Omega \\ & D \\ & \Omega \\ & \frac{D}{2} \\ & \underset{\sim}{n} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3588 \\ (0 E 04 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3589 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 05 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | FW-BLK/ RV-BLK input action | Sets how to stop the motor when the FW-BLK input or the RV-BLK input is turned ON. <br> [Setting Range] <br> 0: Immediate stop <br> 1: Deceleration stop (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 2: Follow QSTOP setting (current is not cut off) <br> 3: Follow STOP setting | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1794 \\ (0702 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\frac{\stackrel{0}{D}}{\frac{\sim}{\bar{n}}}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3590 \\ (0 E 06 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3591 \\ (0 \mathrm{EO} 07 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | IN-POS positioning completion signal range | Sets the output range (one side) of the IN-POS output with the target position as a center. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 (User-defined position unit) | A | 18 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1795 \\ (0703 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 3594 \\ (0 \mathrm{EOAh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3595 \\ \text { (OEOBh) } \end{gathered}$ | D-SEL drive start function | Sets whether to start operation when the D-SEL input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Operation data number selection only <br> 1: Operation data number selection + START function | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1797 \\ (0705 h) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 3598 \\ \text { (OEOEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3599 \\ \text { (0EOFh) } \end{gathered}$ | ZSG signal width | Sets the output width of the ZSG-N output. <br> [Setting range] $1 \text { to } 7200\left(1=0.01^{\circ}\right)$ | A | 180 | $1=0.01^{\circ}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1799 \\ (0707 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 3600 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 10 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3601 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 11 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | WRAP-ZERO signal width | Sets the output width of the WRAP-ZERO output. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 10,000 (User-defined position unit) | A | 10 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1800 \\ (0708 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 3602 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 12 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3603 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 13 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | WRAP-ZERO signal base setting | Sets the criterion of the WRAP-ZERO output. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Based on actual position <br> 1: Based on demand position | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1801 \\ (0709 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 3604 \\ \text { (OE14h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3605 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 15 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | MOVE <br> minimum ON time | Sets the minimum time during which the MOVE output remains ON. <br> The minimum ON time is guaranteed when the output time of the MOVE signal is short, such as when the operating time is short. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 255 ms | A | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1802 \\ (070 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3610 \\ (0 E 1 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3611 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 1 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | TRQ-LMT input torque limit value | Sets the torque to be limited by the TRQ-LMT input. Set the percentage of the torque based on the rated torque being $100 \%$. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 10,000 (1=0.1\%) | A | 500 | 1=0.1\% | $\begin{gathered} 1805 \\ \text { (070Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3612 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 1 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3613 \\ \text { (0E1Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | SPD-LMT <br> speed limit type selection | Selects the setting method of the speed limit value. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Ratio <br> 1: Value | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1806 \\ \text { (070Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3614 \\ \text { (OE1Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3615 \\ \text { (0E1Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | SPD-LMT <br> speed limit ratio | Sets the percentage of the speed limit based on the "Operating velocity" of the operation profile being $100 \%$. <br> This is enabled when the "SPD-LMT speed limit type selection" parameter is set to "Ratio." <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 100\% | A | 50 | \% | $\begin{gathered} 1807 \\ \text { (070Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3616 \\ \text { (OE20h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3617 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 21 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | SPD-LMT <br> speed limit value | Sets the value of the operating velocity. This is enabled when the "SPD-LMT speed limit type selection" parameter is set to "Value." <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit) | A | 1,000 | r/min | $\begin{gathered} 1808 \\ (0710 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3632 \\ \text { (OE30h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3633 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 31 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | VA mode selection | Selects the judgment criterion of the VA output. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Actual velocity attainment <br> 1: Profile demand velocity attainment <br> 2: Velocity attainment <br> (actual velocity \& profile demand velocity) | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1816 \\ (0718 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3634 \\ \text { (OE32h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3635 \\ (0 E 33 h) \end{gathered}$ | VA detection speed range | Sets the output range (one side) of the VA output with the target speed as a center. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 (User-defined velocity unit) | A | 15 | r/min | $\begin{gathered} 1817 \\ (0719 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3636 \\ \text { (OE34h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3637 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 35 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | MAREA output source | Sets the criterion to turn the MAREA output ON and the status of the MAREA output after operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Based on actual position (ON after operation) <br> 1: Based on demand position <br> (ON after operation) <br> 2: Based on actual position <br> (MAREA output OFF at completion) <br> 3: Based on demand position <br> (MAREA output OFF at completion) | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1818 \\ (071 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3638 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 36 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3639 \\ (0 E 37 h) \end{gathered}$ | Automatic S-ON for the FW/RV operation | Selects the setting that automatically turns the S-ON input ON in FW/RV operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1819 \\ \text { (071Bh) } \end{gathered}$ |


|  | Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 3640 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 38 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3641 \\ \text { (OE39h) } \end{gathered}$ | Accept stored data override operation start by START input | Selects whether to start operation using the START input while operating. <br> When the function of the D-SEL input is set to "Operation data number selection + START function," the D-SEL is also applied. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1: Enable | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1820 \\ (071 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 3642 \\ (0 E 3 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3643 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 3 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | ZV detection speed range | Sets the output range (one side) of the ZV output with the operating velocity 0 as a center. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 (User-defined velocity unit) | A | 15 | $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1821 \\ \text { (071Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { o } \\ & \text { D } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\circ} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{D} \\ & \sim \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3680 \\ \text { (OE60h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3681 \\ \text { (0E61h) } \end{gathered}$ | STOP input action | Sets how to stop the motor when the STOP input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> -3: Deceleration time stop (according to the Custom stopping time parameter) <br> -2: Deceleration rate stop (according to the Custom stopping rate parameter) <br> -1: Immediate stop <br> 1: Deceleration stop (according to the operation profile during operation except for the torque limiting value) <br> 2: Deceleration rate stop (according to the Quick stop rate parameter) | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1840 \\ (0730 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \frac{0}{D} \\ & \stackrel{0}{\bar{n}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3682 \\ \text { (OE62h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3683 \\ \text { (OE63h) } \end{gathered}$ | STOP input stopping torque limiting value | Sets the torque limiting value when the STOP input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Use profile torque limit continuously <br> 1 to 10,000 ( $1=0.1 \%$ ) | A | 0 | 1=0.1\% | $\begin{gathered} 1841 \\ (0731 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 3684 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 64 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3685 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 65 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | QSTOP input action | Sets how to stop the motor when the QSTOP input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> -3: Deceleration time stop (according to the Custom stopping time parameter) <br> -2: Deceleration rate stop (according to the Custom stopping rate parameter) <br> -1: Immediate stop <br> 0: Immediate stop (current is cut off after stopping) <br> 1: Deceleration stop (according to the operation profile during operation except for the torque limiting value) <br> (current is cut off after stopping) <br> 2: Deceleration rate stop (according to the Quick stop rate parameter) (current is cut off after stopping) <br> 5: Deceleration stop (according to the operation profile during operation except for the torque limiting value) <br> 6: Deceleration rate stop (according to the Quick stop rate parameter) | A | 2 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1842 \\ (0732 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3686 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 66 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3687 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 67 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | QSTOP input stopping torque limiting value | Sets the torque limiting value when the QSTOP input is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Use profile torque limit continuously <br> 1 to $10,000(1=0.1 \%)$ | A | 0 | $1=0.1 \%$ | $\begin{gathered} 1843 \\ (0733 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3688 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 68 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3689 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 69 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Quick stop rate | Sets the deceleration rate when "Deceleration rate stop (according to the Quick stop rate parameter)" is selected in the "STOP input action" and "QSTOP input action" parameters. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit/s) | A | 1,000 | (r/min)/s | $\begin{gathered} 1844 \\ (0734 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3690 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 6 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3691 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 6 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Custom stopping rate | Sets the deceleration rate when "Deceleration rate stop (according to the Custom stopping rate parameter)" is selected in the "STOP input action" and "QSTOP input action" parameters. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 (User-defined velocity unit/s) | A | 1,000 | (r/min)/s | $\begin{gathered} 1845 \\ (0735 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3692 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 6 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3693 \\ \text { (0E6Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Custom stopping time | Sets the deceleration time when "Deceleration time stop (according to the Custom stopping time parameter)" is selected in the "STOP input action" and "QSTOP input action" parameters. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to $1,000,000,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | A | 1,000 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 1846 \\ (0736 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3712 \\ \text { (OE80h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3713 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 81 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | AREAO positive direction position/offset | Sets the positive direction position or offset from the target position for the AREAO output. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1856 \\ \text { (0740h) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
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| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 3714 \\ \text { (OE82h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3715 \\ \text { (OE83h) } \end{gathered}$ | AREAO negative direction position/ detection range | Sets the negative direction position or distance from the offset position for the AREAO output. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1857 \\ (0741 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3716 \\ \text { (OE84h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3717 \\ \text { (OE85h) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA1 positive direction position/offset | Sets the positive direction position or offset from the target position for the AREA1 output. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1858 \\ (0742 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3718 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 86 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3719 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 87 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | AREA1 negative direction position/ detection range | Sets the negative direction position or distance from the offset position for the AREA1 output. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1859 \\ (0743 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3720 \\ \text { (OE88h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3721 \\ \text { (0E89h) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA2 positive direction position/offset | Sets the positive direction position or offset from the target position for the AREA2 output. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1860 \\ (0744 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3722 \\ \text { (OE8Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3723 \\ \text { (OE8Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA2 negative direction position/ detection range | Sets the negative direction position or distance from the offset position for the AREA2 output. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1861 \\ (0745 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3724 \\ \text { (OE8Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3725 \\ \text { (OE8Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA3 positive direction position/offset | Sets the positive direction position or offset from the target position for the AREA3 output. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1862 \\ (0746 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3726 \\ \text { (OE8Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3727 \\ \text { (0E8Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA3 negative direction position/ detection range | Sets the negative direction position or distance from the offset position for the AREA3 output. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1863 \\ (0747 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3728 \\ \text { (OE90h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3729 \\ \text { (0E91h) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA4 positive direction position/offset | Sets the positive direction position or offset from the target position for the AREA4 output. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1864 \\ (0748 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3730 \\ \text { (0E92h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3731 \\ \text { (0E93h) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA4 negative direction position/ detection range | Sets the negative direction position or distance from the offset position for the AREA4 output. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to $2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1865 \\ (0749 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3732 \\ \text { (0E94h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3733 \\ \text { (0E95h) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA5 positive direction position/offset | Sets the positive direction position or offset from the target position for the AREA5 output. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to $2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1866 \\ (074 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 3734 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 96 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3735 \\ (0 \mathrm{E} 97 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | AREA5 negative direction position/ detection range | Sets the negative direction position or distance from the offset position for the AREA5 output. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1867 \\ \text { (074Bh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3736 \\ \text { (0E98h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3737 \\ \text { (0E99h) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA6 positive direction position/offset | Sets the positive direction position or offset from the target position for the AREA6 output. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1868 \\ (074 C h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3738 \\ \text { (OE9Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3739 \\ \text { (OE9Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA6 negative direction position/ detection range | Sets the negative direction position or distance from the offset position for the AREA6 output. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1869 \\ (074 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3740 \\ \text { (0E9Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3741 \\ \text { (0E9Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA7 positive direction position/offset | Sets the positive direction position or offset from the target position for the AREA7 output. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1870 \\ \text { (074Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3742 \\ \text { (0E9Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3743 \\ \text { (0E9Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA7 negative direction position/ detection range | Sets the negative direction position or distance from the offset position for the AREA7 output. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 1871 \\ \text { (074Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $3744$ <br> (0EAOh) | 3745 <br> (0EA1h) | AREAO range setting mode | Sets the range setting mode for the AREAO to AREA7 outputs. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Range setting with absolute value <br> 1: Offset/width setting from the target position | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1872 \\ (0750 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3746 \\ (0 \mathrm{EA} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $3747$ <br> (0EA3h) | AREA1 range setting mode |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1873 \\ (0751 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3748 \\ (0 \mathrm{EA} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3749 \\ (0 E A 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | AREA2 range setting mode |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1874 \\ (0752 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $3750$ <br> (0EA6h) | $\begin{gathered} 3751 \\ (0 \mathrm{EA} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | AREA3 range setting mode |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1875 \\ (0753 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3752 \\ (0 E A 8 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3753 \\ \text { (0EA9h) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA4 range setting mode |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1876 \\ (0754 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3754 \\ (O E A A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3755 \\ (0 E A B h) \end{gathered}$ | AREA5 range setting mode |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1877 \\ (0755 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3756 \\ (0 \mathrm{EACh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3757 \\ \text { (OEADh) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA6 range setting mode |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1878 \\ (0756 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3758 \\ \text { (OEAEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3759 \\ \text { (OEAFh) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA7 range setting mode |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1879 \\ (0757 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 3760 \\ \text { (OEBOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3761 \\ \text { (OEB1h) } \end{gathered}$ | AREAO positioning standard | Sets the judgment criterion of position for the AREAO to AREA7 outputs. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Based on actual position <br> 1: Based on demand position | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1880 \\ (0758 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3762 \\ \text { (OEB2h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3763 \\ \text { (OEB3h) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA1 positioning standard |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1881 \\ (0759 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3764 \\ \text { (OEB4h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3765 \\ \text { (OEB5h) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA2 positioning standard |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1882 \\ (075 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3766 \\ \text { (0EB6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3767 \\ \text { (OEB7h) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA3 positioning standard |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1883 \\ (075 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3768 \\ \text { (OEB8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3769 \\ \text { (OEB9h) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA4 positioning standard |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1884 \\ (075 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3770 \\ \text { (OEBAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3771 \\ \text { (OEBBh) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA5 positioning standard |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1885 \\ (075 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3772 \\ \text { (OEBCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3773 \\ \text { (OEBDh) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA6 positioning standard |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1886 \\ \text { (075Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3774 \\ \text { (OEBEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3775 \\ \text { (OEBFh) } \end{gathered}$ | AREA7 positioning standard |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1887 \\ \text { (075Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3840 \\ \text { (OFOOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3841 \\ \text { (OF01h) } \end{gathered}$ | D-SELO <br> operation <br> number <br> selection | Sets the operation data number corresponding to the D-SEL input. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 255 : Operation data number | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1920 \\ (0780 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3842 \\ \text { (OF02h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3843 \\ \text { (OF03h) } \end{gathered}$ | D-SEL1 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1921 \\ (0781 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3844 \\ \text { (OF04h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3845 \\ \text { (OF05h) } \end{gathered}$ | D-SEL2 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 2 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1922 \\ (0782 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3846 \\ \text { (OF06h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3847 \\ \text { (OF07h) } \end{gathered}$ | D-SEL3 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 3 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1923 \\ (0783 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3848 \\ \text { (OF08h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3849 \\ \text { (OF09h) } \end{gathered}$ | D-SEL4 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 4 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1924 \\ (0784 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3850 \\ \text { (OFOAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3851 \\ \text { (OFOBh) } \end{gathered}$ | D-SEL5 operation number selection |  | A | 5 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1925 \\ (0785 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3852 \\ \text { (OFOCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3853 \\ \text { (OFODh) } \end{gathered}$ | D-SEL6 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 6 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1926 \\ (0786 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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| $\begin{gathered} 3854 \\ \text { (OFOEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3855 \\ (0 \mathrm{FOFh}) \end{gathered}$ | D-SEL7 <br> operation number selection | Sets the operation data number corresponding to the D-SEL input. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 255: Operation data number | A | 7 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1927 \\ (0787 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3856 \\ \text { (OF10h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3857 \\ (0 \mathrm{~F} 11 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | D-SEL8 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 8 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1928 \\ (0788 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3858 \\ (0 F 12 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3859 \\ (0 F 13 h) \end{gathered}$ | D-SEL9 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 9 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1929 \\ (0789 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3860 \\ \text { (OF14h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3861 \\ (0 F 15 h) \end{gathered}$ | D-SEL10 <br> operation <br> number <br> selection |  | A | 10 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1930 \\ \text { (078Ah) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3862 \\ (0 F 16 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3863 \\ (0 F 17 h) \end{gathered}$ | D-SEL11 <br> operation <br> number <br> selection |  | A | 11 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1931 \\ \text { (078Bh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3864 \\ \text { (OF18h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3865 \\ \text { (0F19h) } \end{gathered}$ | D-SEL12 <br> operation <br> number selection |  | A | 12 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1932 \\ (078 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3866 \\ (0 \mathrm{~F} 1 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3867 \\ \text { (0F1Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | D-SEL13 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 13 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1933 \\ (078 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3868 \\ \text { (OF1Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3869 \\ (0 \mathrm{~F} 1 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | D-SEL14 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 14 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1934 \\ \text { (O78Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3870 \\ \text { (OF1Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3871 \\ \text { (OF1Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | D-SEL15 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 15 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1935 \\ (078 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3872 \\ \text { (OF20h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3873 \\ (0 \mathrm{~F} 21 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | D-ENDO operation number selection | Sets the operation data number corresponding to the D-END output. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 255: Operation data number | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1936 \\ (0790 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3874 \\ \text { (OF22h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3875 \\ (0 F 23 h) \end{gathered}$ | D-END1 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1937 \\ (0791 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3876 \\ (0 F 24 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3877 \\ \text { (OF25h) } \end{gathered}$ | D-END2 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 2 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1938 \\ (0792 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3878 \\ (0 F 26 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3879 \\ (0 F 27 h) \end{gathered}$ | D-END3 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 3 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1939 \\ (0793 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 3880 \\ (0 \mathrm{~F} 28 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3881 \\ (0 F 29 h) \end{gathered}$ | D-END4 <br> operation <br> number <br> selection | Sets the operation data number corresponding to the D-END output. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 255: Operation data number | A | 4 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1940 \\ (0794 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3882 \\ (0 F 2 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3883 \\ (0 \mathrm{O} 2 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | D-END5 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 5 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1941 \\ (0795 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3884 \\ (0 \mathrm{~F} 2 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3885 \\ (0 F 2 D h) \end{gathered}$ | D-END6 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 6 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1942 \\ (0796 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3886 \\ \text { (0F2Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3887 \\ \text { (OF2Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | D-END7 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 7 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1943 \\ (0797 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3888 \\ (0 F 30 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3889 \\ (0 F 31 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | D-END8 <br> operation <br> number <br> selection |  | A | 8 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1944 \\ (0798 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3890 \\ (0 F 32 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3891 \\ (0 F 33 h) \end{gathered}$ | D-END9 operation number selection |  | A | 9 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1945 \\ (0799 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3892 \\ (0 F 34 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3893 \\ (0 F 35 h) \end{gathered}$ | D-END10 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 10 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1946 \\ (079 A h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3894 \\ (0 F 36 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3895 \\ (0 F 37 h) \end{gathered}$ | D-END11 <br> operation <br> number <br> selection |  | A | 11 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1947 \\ (079 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3896 \\ (0 F 38 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3897 \\ (0 F 39 h) \end{gathered}$ | D-END12 <br> operation <br> number <br> selection |  | A | 12 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1948 \\ (079 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3898 \\ (0 F 3 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3899 \\ (0 F 3 B h) \end{gathered}$ | D-END13 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 13 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1949 \\ \text { (079Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3900 \\ (0 \mathrm{~F} 3 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3901 \\ (0 F 3 D h) \end{gathered}$ | D-END14 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 14 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1950 \\ \text { (079Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 3902 \\ \text { (OF3Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3903 \\ \text { (OF3Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | D-END15 <br> operation number selection |  | A | 15 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1951 \\ \text { (079Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 5074 \\ (13 \mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5075 \\ \text { (13D3h) } \end{gathered}$ | FW/RV operation control mode setting * | Selects the control mode in FW/RV operation. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Normal <br> 1: Motion extension | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2537 \\ \text { (09E9h) } \end{gathered}$ |

* It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.


## 13-8 Direct-IN function selection (DIN)

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4224 \\ (1080 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 4225 \\ (1081 \mathrm{~h}) \end{array}$ | DIN0 input function | Selects the input signals to be assigned to DIN0 to DIN3. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-1 Input signals list" on p. 151 | C | 72: ID-SELO | - | $\begin{gathered} 2112 \\ (0840 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4226 \\ (1082 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4227 \\ (1083 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DIN1 input function |  | C | 73: ID-SEL1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2113 \\ (0841 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4228 \\ (1084 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4229 \\ (1085 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DIN2 input function |  | C | 5: STOP | - | $\begin{gathered} 2114 \\ (0842 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4230 \\ (1086 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4231 \\ (1087 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DIN3 input function |  | C | 1: FREE | - | $\begin{gathered} 2115 \\ (0843 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4256 \\ \text { (10AOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4257 \\ (10 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DINO inverting mode | Changes ON/OFF of DINO to DIN3. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2128 \\ (0850 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4258 \\ (10 \mathrm{~A} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4259 \\ (10 \mathrm{~A} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DIN1 inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2129 \\ (0851 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4260 \\ (10 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4261 \\ (10 \mathrm{~A} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DIN2 inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2130 \\ (0852 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4262 \\ \text { (10A6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4263 \\ (10 \mathrm{~A} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DIN3 inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2131 \\ (0853 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4352 \\ (1100 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4353 \\ (1101 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DINO composite input function | When any of DINO to DIN3 is turned ON, an input signal assigned to the corresponding DIN0 to DIN3 composite input function is simultaneously turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-1 Input signals list" on p.151 | C | 0: Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 2176 \\ (0880 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4354 \\ (1102 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4355 \\ (1103 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DIN1 composite input function |  | C | 0 : Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 2177 \\ (0881 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4356 \\ (1104 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4357 \\ (1105 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DIN2 composite input function |  | C | 0: Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2178 \\ (0882 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 4358 \\ (1106 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4359 \\ (1107 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DIN3 composite input function |  | C | 0 : Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 2179 \\ (0883 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4480 \\ (1180 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4481 \\ (1181 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DINO ON signal dead-time | The input signal is turned ON when the time having set is exceeded. <br> This can be used for taking measures to eliminate noise or for adjusting the timing between devices. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 250 ms | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 2240 \\ (08 \mathrm{COh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4482 \\ (1182 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4483 \\ (1183 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DIN1 ON signal dead-time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 2241 \\ (08 \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4484 \\ (1184 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | 4485 $(1185 \mathrm{~h})$ | DIN2 ON signal dead-time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 2242 \\ (08 C 2 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4486 \\ (1186 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4487 \\ (1187 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | DIN3 ON signal dead-time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2243 \\ (08 C 3 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4512 \\ (11 \mathrm{AOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4513 \\ (11 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DINO 1 shot signal | Automatically turns the signal, which was input to DINO to DIN3, to OFF (or ON) $250 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ after input. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1: Enable | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2256 \\ \text { (08D0h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4514 \\ (11 \mathrm{~A} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4515 \\ (11 \mathrm{~A} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DIN1 1 shot signal |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2257 \\ \text { (08D1h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4516 \\ (11 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4517 \\ \text { (11A5h) } \end{gathered}$ | DIN2 1 shot signal |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2258 \\ \text { (08D2h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4518 \\ \text { (11A6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4519 \\ \text { (11A7h) } \end{gathered}$ | DIN3 1 shot signal |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2259 \\ \text { (08D3h) } \end{gathered}$ |

## 13-9 Direct-OUT function selection (DOUT)

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4288 \\ (10 \mathrm{COh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4289 \\ (10 \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DOUTO (normal) Output function | Selects the output signals to be assigned to DOUT0 and DOUT1. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 241: } \\ & \text { COMM- } \\ & \text { PWR } \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 2144 \\ (0860 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4290 \\ (10 \mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4291 \\ (10 \mathrm{C} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | DOUT1 (normal) Output function |  | C | $\begin{gathered} \text { 130: } \\ \text { ALM-B } \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 2145 \\ (0861 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4320 \\ (10 \mathrm{EOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4321 \\ (10 \mathrm{E} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DOUTO inverting mode | Changes ON/OFF of DOUTO and DOUT1. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Not invert <br> 1: Invert | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2160 \\ (0870 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4322 \\ (10 \mathrm{E} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4323 \\ \text { (10E3h) } \end{gathered}$ | DOUT1 inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2161 \\ (0871 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4384 \\ (1120 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4385 \\ (1121 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DOUTO composite output function | Selects the output signals for logical operation with the signals of DOUTO and DOUT1. <br> When logical combination of the two signals has been established, the output is turned ON. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 2192 \\ (0890 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4386 \\ (1122 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4387 \\ (1123 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DOUT1 composite output function |  | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 2193 \\ (0891 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4416 \\ (1140 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4417 \\ (1141 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DOUTO composite inverting mode | Changes ON/OFF of the composite output function. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2208 \\ (08 A 0 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4418 \\ (1142 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4419 \\ (1143 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DOUT1 composite inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2209 \\ (08 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4448 \\ (1160 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4449 \\ (1161 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DOUTO composite logical combination | Sets the logical combination [logical conjunction or logical disjunction] of the composite output function. <br> [Setting range] $0: \text { AND }$ <br> 1 OR | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2224 \\ (08 B 0 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4450 \\ (1162 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4451 \\ (1163 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DOUT1 composite logical combination |  | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2225 \\ (08 B 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4544 \\ (11 \mathrm{COh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4545 \\ (11 \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DOUTO OFF delay time | The output signal is turned OFF when the time having set is exceeded. This can be used for taking measures to eliminate noise or for adjusting the timing between devices. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $4,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 2272 \\ (08 \mathrm{EOh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4546 \\ (11 \mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4547 \\ (11 \mathrm{C} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | DOUT1 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 2273 \\ (08 \mathrm{E} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |

## 13-10 Remote-I/O function selection (R-I/O)

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 34816 \\ (8800 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34817 \\ (8801 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-INO input function | Selects the input signals to be assigned to R-IN0 to R-IN31. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-1 Input signals list" on p. 151 | C | 2: S-ON | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17408 \\ & \text { (4400h) } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34818 \\ (8802 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34819 \\ (8803 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN1 input function |  | C | 24: PLOOP-MODE | - | $\begin{gathered} 17409 \\ (4401 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34820 \\ (8804 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34821 \\ (8805 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN2 input function |  | C | 18:TRQ-LMT | - | $\begin{gathered} 17410 \\ (4402 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34822 \\ (8806 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34823 \\ (8807 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN3 input function |  | C | 3: CLR | - | $\begin{gathered} 17411 \\ (4403 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34824 \\ (8808 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34825 \\ (8809 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN4 input function |  | C | 4: QSTOP | - | $\begin{gathered} 17412 \\ (4404 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34826 \\ (880 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34827 \\ (880 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN5 input function |  | C | 5: STOP | - | $\begin{gathered} 17413 \\ (4405 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34828 \\ (880 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34829 \\ (880 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN6 input function |  | C | 1: FREE | - | $\begin{gathered} 17414 \\ (4406 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34830 \\ \text { (880Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34831 \\ \text { (880Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | R-IN7 input function |  | C | 8: ALM-RST | - | $\begin{gathered} 17415 \\ (4407 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34832 \\ (8810 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34833 \\ (8811 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN8 input function |  | C | 80: D-SEL0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17416 \\ \text { (4408h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34834 \\ (8812 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34835 \\ (8813 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN9 input function |  | C | 81: D-SEL1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17417 \\ (4409 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34836 \\ (8814 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34837 \\ (8815 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN10 input function |  | C | 82: D-SEL2 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17418 \\ (440 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34838 \\ (8816 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34839 \\ (8817 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN11 input function |  | C | 83: D-SEL3 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17419 \\ (440 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34840 \\ (8818 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34841 \\ (8819 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN12 input function |  | C | 84: D-SEL4 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17420 \\ & (440 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34842 \\ (881 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34843 \\ (881 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN13 input function |  | C | 85: D-SEL5 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17421 \\ (440 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34844 \\ (881 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34845 \\ (881 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN14 input function |  | C | 86: D-SEL6 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17422 \\ \text { (440Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34846 \\ \text { (881Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34847 \\ (881 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN15 input function |  | C | 87: D-SEL7 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17423 \\ \text { (440Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34848 \\ (8820 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34849 \\ (8821 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN16 input function |  | C | 52: FW-JOG-P | - | $\begin{gathered} 17424 \\ (4410 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34850 \\ (8822 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34851 \\ (8823 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN17 input function |  | C | 53: RV-JOG-P | - | $\begin{gathered} 17425 \\ (4411 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34852 \\ (8824 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34853 \\ (8825 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN18 input function |  | C | 58: FW-SPD | - | $\begin{gathered} 17426 \\ (4412 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34854 \\ (8826 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34855 \\ (8827 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN19 input function |  | C | 59: RV-SPD | - | $\begin{gathered} 17427 \\ (4413 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34856 \\ (8828 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34857 \\ (8829 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN20 input function |  | C | 36: HOME | - | $\begin{gathered} 17428 \\ (4414 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34858 \\ (882 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34859 \\ (882 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN21 input function |  | C | 0 : Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 17429 \\ (4415 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34860 \\ (882 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34861 \\ (882 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN22 input function |  | C | 32: START | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17430 \\ (4416 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34862 \\ \text { (882Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34863 \\ \text { (882Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | R-IN23 input function |  | C | 33: SSTART | - | $\begin{gathered} 17431 \\ (4417 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34864 \\ (8830 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34865 \\ (8831 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN24 input function |  | C | 40: M0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17432 \\ (4418 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 34866 \\ (8832 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34867 \\ (8833 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN25 input function | Selects the input signals to be assigned to R-INO to R-IN31. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-1 Input signals list" on p. 151 | C | 41: M1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17433 \\ (4419 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34868 \\ (8834 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34869 \\ (8835 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN26 input function |  | C | 42: M2 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17434 \\ (441 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34870 \\ (8836 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34871 \\ (8837 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN27 input function |  | C | 43: M3 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17435 \\ (441 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34872 \\ (8838 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34873 \\ (8839 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN28 input function |  | C | 44: M4 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17436 \\ (441 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34874 \\ (883 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34875 \\ \text { (883Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | R-IN29 input function |  | C | 45: M5 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17437 \\ & \text { (441Dh) } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34876 \\ (883 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34877 \\ (883 D h) \end{gathered}$ | R-IN30 input function |  | C | 46: M6 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17438 \\ \text { (441Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34878 \\ \text { (883Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34879 \\ \text { (883Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | R-IN31 input function |  | C | 47: M7 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17439 \\ \text { (441Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34880 \\ (8840 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34881 \\ (8841 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUTO output function | Selects the output signals to be assigned to R-OUT0 to R-OUT31. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | C | 133: SON-MON | - | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 17440 \\ & \text { (4420h) } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34882 \\ (8842 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34883 \\ (8843 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT1 output function |  | C | 192: PLOOP-MON | - | $\begin{gathered} 17441 \\ (4421 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34884 \\ (8844 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34885 \\ (8845 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT2 output function |  | C | 224:TRQ-LMTD | - | $\begin{gathered} 17442 \\ (4422 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34886 \\ (8846 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34887 \\ (8847 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT3 output function |  | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 148: RDY-DD- } \\ & \text { OPE } \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17443 \\ (4423 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34888 \\ (8848 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34889 \\ (8849 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT4 output function |  | C | 177: ABSPEN | - | $\begin{gathered} 17444 \\ (4424 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34890 \\ (884 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34891 \\ (884 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT5 output function |  | C | 5: STOP_R | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17445 \\ (4425 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34892 \\ (884 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34893 \\ (884 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT6 output function |  | C | 1: FREE_R | - | $\begin{gathered} 17446 \\ (4426 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34894 \\ \text { (884Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34895 \\ \text { (884Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT7 output function |  | C | 129: ALM-A | - | $\begin{gathered} 17447 \\ (4427 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34896 \\ (8850 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34897 \\ (8851 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT8 output function |  | C | 136: SYS-BSY | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17448 \\ (4428 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34898 \\ (8852 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34899 \\ (8853 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT9 output function |  | C | 138: IN-POS | - | $\begin{gathered} 17449 \\ (4429 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34900 \\ (8854 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34901 \\ (8855 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT10 output function |  | C | 145: <br> RDY-HOME-OPE | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17450 \\ & (442 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34902 \\ (8856 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34903 \\ (8857 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT11 output function |  | C | 146: <br> RDY-FWRV-OPE | - | $\begin{gathered} 17451 \\ (442 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34904 \\ (8858 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34905 \\ (8859 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT12 output function |  | C | 147: RDY-SD-OPE | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17452 \\ & (442 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34906 \\ (885 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34907 \\ (885 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT13 output function |  | C | 134: MOVE | - | $\begin{gathered} 17453 \\ (442 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34908 \\ (885 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34909 \\ (885 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT14 output function |  | C | 141:VA | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17454 \\ \text { (442Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34910 \\ \text { (885Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34911 \\ (885 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT15 output function |  | C | 140: TLC | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17455 \\ \text { (442Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34912 \\ (8860 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34913 \\ (8861 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT16 output function |  | C | 135: INFO | - | $\begin{gathered} 17456 \\ (4430 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34914 \\ (8862 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34915 \\ \text { (8863h) } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT17 output function |  | C | 262: <br> INFO-MNT-G | - | $\begin{gathered} 17457 \\ (4431 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34916 \\ (8864 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34917 \\ (8865 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT18 output function |  | C | 264: <br> INFO-DRVTMP | - | $\begin{gathered} 17458 \\ (4432 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 34918 \\ (8866 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34919 \\ (8867 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT19 output function | Selects the output signals to be assigned to R-OUT0 to R-OUT31. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | C | $\begin{gathered} 265: \\ \text { INFO-MTRTMP } \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 17459 \\ (4433 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34920 \\ (8868 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34921 \\ (8869 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT20 output function |  | C | 267: INFO-TRQ | - | $\begin{gathered} 17460 \\ (4434 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34922 \\ (886 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34923 \\ (886 B h) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT21 output function |  | C | 268: INFO-WATT | - | $\begin{gathered} 17461 \\ (4435 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34924 \\ (886 C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34925 \\ (886 D h) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT22 output function |  | C | $\begin{gathered} 272: \\ \text { INFO-VOLT-H } \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 17462 \\ (4436 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34926 \\ \text { (886Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34927 \\ (886 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT23 output function |  | C | 273: INFO-VOLT-L | - | $\begin{gathered} 17463 \\ (4437 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34928 \\ (8870 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34929 \\ (8871 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT24 output function |  | C | $\begin{gathered} 257: \\ \text { INFO-START-G } \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 17464 \\ (4438 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34930 \\ (8872 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34931 \\ (8873 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT25 output function |  | C | $\begin{gathered} 256: \\ \text { INFO-USRIO-G } \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 17465 \\ (4439 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34932 \\ (8874 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34933 \\ (8875 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT26 output function |  | C | 128: CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17466 \\ (443 A h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34934 \\ (8876 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34935 \\ (8877 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT27 output function |  | C | 128: CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17467 \\ & (443 B h) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34936 \\ (8878 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34937 \\ (8879 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT28 output function |  | C | 128: CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17468 \\ (443 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34938 \\ (887 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34939 \\ (887 B h) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT29 output function |  | C | 128: CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17469 \\ (443 D h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34940 \\ (887 C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34941 \\ \text { (887Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT30 output function |  | C | 288: USR-OUT0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17470 \\ \text { (443Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34942 \\ \text { (887Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34943 \\ \text { (887Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT31 output function |  | C | 289: USR-OUT1 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17471 \\ & \text { (443Fh) } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35008 \\ (88 C 0 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35009 \\ (88 C 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT0 OFF delay time | Sets the OFF delay time for R-OUT0 to R-OUT31. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $4,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17504 \\ (4460 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35010 \\ (88 C 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35011 \\ (88 C 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT1 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17505 \\ (4461 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35012 \\ (88 C 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35013 \\ (88 C 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT2 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17506 \\ (4462 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35014 \\ (88 C 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35015 \\ (88 C 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT3 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17507 \\ (4463 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35016 \\ (88 C 8 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35017 \\ (88 C 9 h) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT4 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17508 \\ (4464 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35018 \\ (88 \mathrm{CAh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35019 \\ (88 C B h) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT5 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17509 \\ (4465 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35020 \\ (88 C C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35021 \\ \text { (88CDh) } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT6 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17510 \\ (4466 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35022 \\ \text { (88CEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35023 \\ \text { (88CFh) } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT7 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17511 \\ (4467 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35024 \\ (88 \mathrm{D} 0 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35025 \\ (88 \mathrm{D} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT8 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17512 \\ (4468 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35026 \\ (88 \mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35027 \\ (88 \mathrm{D} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT9 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17513 \\ (4469 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35028 \\ (88 \mathrm{D} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35029 \\ (88 D 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT10 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17514 \\ (446 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35030 \\ \text { (88D6h) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35031 \\ \text { (88D7h) } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT11 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17515 \\ (446 B h) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35032 \\ (88 \mathrm{D} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35033 \\ \text { (88D9h) } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT12 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{aligned} & 17516 \\ & (446 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{aligned}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35034 \\ \text { (88DAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 35035 \\ \text { (88DBh) } \end{array}$ | R-OUT13 OFF delay time | Sets the OFF delay time for R-OUTO to R-OUT31. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $4,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17517 \\ (446 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35036 \\ \text { (88DCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35037 \\ \text { (88DDh) } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT14 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17518 \\ \text { (446Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35038 \\ \text { (88DEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35039 \\ \text { (88DFh) } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT15 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17519 \\ (446 F h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35040 \\ (88 \mathrm{EOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35041 \\ (88 \mathrm{E} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT16 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17520 \\ (4470 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35042 \\ (88 \mathrm{E} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35043 \\ & \text { (88E3h) } \end{aligned}$ | R-OUT17 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17521 \\ (4471 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35044 \\ (88 E 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35045 \\ & (88 \mathrm{E} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ | R-OUT18 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17522 \\ (4472 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35046 \\ (88 \mathrm{E} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 35047 \\ & (88 \mathrm{E} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ | R-OUT19 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17523 \\ (4473 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35048 \\ \text { (88E8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35049 \\ (88 \mathrm{E} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT20 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17524 \\ (4474 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35050 \\ (88 \mathrm{EAh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35051 \\ (88 \mathrm{EBh}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT21 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17525 \\ (4475 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35052 \\ (88 \mathrm{ECh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35053 \\ \text { (88EDh) } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT22 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17526 \\ (4476 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35054 \\ \text { (88EEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35055 \\ \text { (88EFh) } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT23 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17527 \\ (4477 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35056 \\ (88 \mathrm{FOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline 35057 \\ (88 F 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{array}$ | R-OUT24 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{array}{\|c} 17528 \\ (4478 \mathrm{~h}) \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35058 \\ (88 F 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35059 \\ (88 \mathrm{~F} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT25 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17529 \\ (4479 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35060 \\ (88 \mathrm{~F} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35061 \\ (88 F 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT26 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17530 \\ (447 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35062 \\ (88 F 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 35063 \\ (88 F 7 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | R-OUT27 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 17531 \\ (447 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35064 \\ (88 \mathrm{~F} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35065 \\ (88 \mathrm{~F} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT28 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17532 \\ (447 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35066 \\ (88 \mathrm{FAh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35067 \\ (88 \mathrm{FBh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT29 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17533 \\ (447 \mathrm{Dh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35068 \\ \text { (88FCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline 35069 \\ \text { (88FDh) } \end{array}$ | R-OUT30 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17534 \\ \text { (447Eh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35070 \\ \text { (88FEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35071 \\ \text { (88FFh) } \end{gathered}$ | R-OUT31 OFF delay time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{aligned} & 17535 \\ & \text { (447Fh) } \end{aligned}$ |

## 13-11 Adjustment and function

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 576 \\ \text { (0240h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 577 \\ (0241 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Load inertia setting mode selection | Selects the setting method of the load inertia. <br> [Setting Range] <br> -2: Automatic <br> -1 : "Load inertia setting" parameter is used <br> 0 : Small inertia (2 times) <br> 1: Medium inertia ( 7.5 times) <br> 2: Large inertia (20 times) | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 288 \\ (0120 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 578 \\ (0242 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 579 \\ (0243 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Load inertia setting | Sets the ratio of the load inertia to the motor rotor inertia. When the rotor inertia is equal to the load inertia, the ratio is 100\%. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 10,000\% | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 289 \\ (0121 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 584 \\ (0248 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 585 \\ (0249 h) \end{gathered}$ | Mechanical rigidity setting | Selects the rigidity of equipment. <br> The motor response improves as the setting value increases. An excessively high value may cause the motor to vibrate or to generate noise. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 15 | A | 4 | - | $\begin{gathered} 292 \\ (0124 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 594 \\ (0252 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 595 \\ (0253 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Command filter setting | Selects the command filter to be activated for the operation command. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1: LPF (speed filter) <br> 2: Moving average filter | B | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 297 \\ (0129 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 596 \\ (0254 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 597 \\ (0255 h) \end{gathered}$ | Command filter time constant | Sets the time constant for the command filter to adjust the motor response. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 200 ms | B | 1 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 298 \\ (012 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 604 \\ (025 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 605 \\ (025 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Motor response setting | Selects the setting method of the motor response in reaction to the command. <br> [Setting Range] <br> -1 : Manual setting <br> 0 to 8 | A | 4 | - | $\begin{gathered} 302 \\ \text { (012Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 606 \\ \text { (025Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 607 \\ (025 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Position loop gain | Adjusts the motor response in reaction to the position deviation. Increasing the value will make the deviation between the demand position and the actual position smaller. An excessively large value may increase the motor overshoot or cause the motor vibration. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 50 Hz | A | 6 | - | $\begin{gathered} 303 \\ \text { (012Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |


|  | Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 608 \\ (0260 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 609 \\ (0261 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Speed loop gain | Adjusts the motor response in reaction to the speed deviation. Increasing the value will make the deviation between the demand velocity and the actual velocity smaller. An excessively large value may increase the motor overshoot or cause the motor vibration. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 500 Hz | A | 56 | - | $\begin{gathered} 304 \\ (0130 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 610 \\ (0262 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 611 \\ (0263 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Speed loop integral time constant | Decreases the deviation that cannot be adjusted with the speed loop gain. An excessively long value may slow the motor response. Too short value may cause the motor vibration. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 10,000 ( $1=0.01 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) | A | 2,840 | $1=0.01 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $\begin{gathered} 305 \\ (0131 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 620 \\ (026 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 621 \\ (026 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Electronic damper | Sets the electronic damper function for vibration suppression set in the motor in advance. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 310 \\ (0136 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { の } \\ & \text { D } \\ & \frac{2}{2} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 628 \\ (0274 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 629 \\ (0275 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Torque filter (LPF) | Changes the motor response at high frequencies. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 4700 Hz | A | 560 | Hz | $\begin{gathered} 314 \\ (013 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $n$ $\tilde{n}$ 0 0 0 $\overline{0}$ $\bar{n}$ | $\begin{gathered} 630 \\ (0276 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 631 \\ (0277 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Speed feedforward | When the velocity is constant, the deviation between the demand position and the actual position can be reduced to shorten the settling time. If it is set to $100 \%$, the deviation will be approximately $0 \%$. However, an excessively high value may increase the motor overshoot or cause the motor vibration. <br> [Setting range] 0 to 100\% | A | 80 | \% | $\begin{gathered} 315 \\ (013 B h) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 954 \\ \text { (03BAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 955 \\ \text { (03BBh) } \end{gathered}$ | Electromagnetic brake automatic control | Sets the control method of the electromagnetic brake. When controlling the electromagnetic brake using the host controller, set to "0: Disable." <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1: Automatic control <br> 2: Automatic control with alarm detection | D | 2 | - | $\begin{gathered} 477 \\ \text { (01DDh) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 4128 \\ (1020 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4129 \\ (1021 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Damping control frequency | Sets the frequency of vibration to be suppressed. <br> [Setting range] 700 to 20000 ( $1=0.01 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) | A | 10,000 | $1=0.01 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2064 \\ (0810 h) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 4130 \\ (1022 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4131 \\ (1023 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Damping control gain | Sets the gain for damping control (vibration suppression control). <br> [Setting range] 0 to 100\% | A | 0 | \% | $\begin{gathered} 2065 \\ (0811 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4134 \\ (1026 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4135 \\ (1027 h) \end{gathered}$ | Resonance suppression control A frequency | Sets the frequency of vibration to be suppressed. <br> [Setting range] <br> 100 to $3,200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | A | 1,000 | Hz | $\begin{gathered} 2067 \\ (0813 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4136 \\ (1028 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4137 \\ (1029 h) \end{gathered}$ | Resonance suppression control A gain | Sets the gain to suppress the vibration. Increasing the value causes the motor response to the deviation to lower. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 100\% | A | 0 | \% | $\begin{gathered} 2068 \\ (0814 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4138 \\ (102 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4139 \\ (102 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Resonance suppression control A width | Sets the width of vibration to be suppressed. <br> [Setting range] <br> 30 to 120 | A | 30 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2069 \\ (0815 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4140 \\ (102 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4141 \\ \text { (102Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Resonance suppression control B frequency | Sets the frequency of vibration to be suppressed. <br> [Setting range] <br> 100 to $3,200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | A | 1,000 | Hz | $\begin{gathered} 2070 \\ (0816 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4142 \\ \text { (102Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4143 \\ \text { (102Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Resonance suppression control B gain | Sets the gain to suppress the vibration. Increasing the value causes the motor response to the deviation to lower. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 100\% | A | 0 | \% | $\begin{gathered} 2071 \\ (0817 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4144 \\ (1030 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4145 \\ (1031 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Resonance suppression control B width | Sets the width of vibration to be suppressed. <br> [Setting range] <br> 30 to 120 | A | 30 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2072 \\ (0818 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4146 \\ (1032 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4147 \\ (1033 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Resonance suppression control C frequency | Sets the frequency of vibration to be suppressed. <br> [Setting range] <br> 100 to $3,200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | A | 1,000 | Hz | $\begin{gathered} 2073 \\ (0819 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4148 \\ (1034 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4149 \\ (1035 h) \end{gathered}$ | Resonance suppression control C gain | Sets the gain to suppress the vibration. Increasing the value causes the motor response to the deviation to lower. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 100\% | A | 0 | \% | $\begin{gathered} 2074 \\ (081 A h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4150 \\ (1036 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4151 \\ (1037 h) \end{gathered}$ | Resonance suppression control C width | Sets the width of vibration to be suppressed. <br> [Setting range] <br> 30 to 120 | A | 30 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2075 \\ (081 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4152 \\ (1038 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4153 \\ (1039 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Resonance suppression control D frequency | Sets the frequency of vibration to be suppressed. <br> [Setting range] <br> 100 to $3,200 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | A | 1,000 | Hz | $\begin{gathered} 2076 \\ (081 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4154 \\ (103 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4155 \\ (103 B h) \end{gathered}$ | Resonance suppression control D gain | Sets the gain to suppress the vibration. Increasing the value causes the motor response to the deviation to lower. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 100\% | A | 0 | \% | $\begin{gathered} 2077 \\ \text { (081Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4156 \\ (103 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4157 \\ \text { (103Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Resonance suppression control D width | Sets the width of vibration to be suppressed. <br> [Setting range] <br> 30 to 120 | A | 30 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2078 \\ \text { (081Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 5060 \\ (13 C 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5061 \\ (13 C 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | FFT target | Selects the target of FFT. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Torque <br> 1: Velocity | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2530 \\ (09 E 2 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 5062 \\ (13 C 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5063 \\ (13 C 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Velocity detection monitor time constant | Sets the time constant of the velocity monitor. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 100 ms | A | 5 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 2531 \\ (09 E 3 h) \end{gathered}$ |

## 13-12 Information setting

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| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 36352 \\ (8 \mathrm{EOOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36353 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 01 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (assigned I/O status group information (INFO-USRIO-G)) | Sets whether or not to apply to the group output, INFO output, and LED blinking when information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : INFO action is not applied * <br> 1: INFO action is applied <br> * The information history is left. | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18176 \\ (4700 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36354 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 02 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36355 \\ \text { (8E03h) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (start operation group information (INFO-START-G)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18177 \\ (4701 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36356 \\ (8 E 04 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36357 \\ \text { (8E05h) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (RS-485 communication group information (INFO-485-G)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18178 \\ (4702 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36364 \\ \text { (8EOCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36365 \\ \text { (8EODh) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (maintenance group information (INFO-MNT-G)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18182 \\ (4706 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 36366 \\ \text { (8EOEh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 36367 \\ \text { (8EOFh) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (setting group information (INFO-SET-G)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18183 \\ (4707 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36368 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 10 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36369 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 11 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (driver temperature information (INFO-DRVTMP)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18184 \\ (4708 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36370 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 12 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36371 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 13 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (motor temperature information (INFO-MTRTMP)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18185 \\ (4709 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 36372 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 14 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 36373 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 15 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (load factor information (INFO-LOAD)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 18186 \\ \text { (470Ah) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 36374 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 16 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 36375 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 17 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (torque information (INFO-TRQ)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 18187 \\ (470 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36376 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 18 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36377 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 19 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (power consumption information (INFO-WATT)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18188 \\ (470 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36384 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 20 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36385 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 21 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (upper voltage information (INFO-VOLT-H)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18192 \\ (4710 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36386 \\ (8 E 22 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36387 \\ \text { (8E23h) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (lower voltage information (INFO-VOLT-L)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18193 \\ (4711 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 36406 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 36 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36407 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 37 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (preset execution information (INFO-PRESET)) | Sets whether or not to apply to the group output, INFO output, and LED blinking when information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : INFO action is not applied * <br> 1: INFO action is applied <br> * The information history is left. | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18203 \\ (471 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36408 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 38 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36409 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 39 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (Operation start restricted mode information (INFODSLMTD)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18204 \\ (471 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36410 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 3 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36411 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 3 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (I/O test mode information (INFOIOTEST)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18205 \\ \text { (471Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36412 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 3 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36413 \\ \text { (8E3Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (configuration request information (INFO-CONFIG)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18206 \\ (471 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $36414$ <br> (8E3Eh) | $\begin{gathered} 36415 \\ \text { (8E3Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (reboot request information (INFO-REBOOT)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 18207 \\ & (471 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $36416$ <br> (8E40h) | $\begin{gathered} 36417 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 41 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (assigned I/O status 0 information (INFO-USRIOO)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18208 \\ (4720 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36418 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 42 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36419 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 43 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (assigned I/O status 1 information (INFO-USRIO1)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18209 \\ (4721 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36420 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 44 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36421 \\ (8 E 45 h) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (assigned I/O status 2 information (INFO-USRIO2)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18210 \\ (4722 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36422 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 46 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36423 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 47 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (assigned I/O status 3 information (INFO-USRIO3)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18211 \\ (4723 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $36424$ <br> (8E48h) | $\begin{gathered} 36425 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 49 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (assigned I/O status 4 information (INFO-USRIO4)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18212 \\ (4724 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36426 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 4 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36427 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 4 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (assigned I/O status 5 information (INFO-USRIO5)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18213 \\ (4725 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36428 \\ \text { (8E4Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36429 \\ (8 E 4 D h) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (assigned I/O status 6 information (INFO-USRIO6)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18214 \\ (4726 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36430 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 4 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36431 \\ \text { (8E4Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (assigned I/O status 7 information (INFO-USRIO7)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18215 \\ (4727 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36432 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 50 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36433 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 51 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (position deviation information (INFO-POS-ERR)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18216 \\ (4728 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36440 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 58 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36441 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 59 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (upper speed information (INFO-SPD-H)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 18220 \\ & (472 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{aligned}$ |
| 36442 <br> (8E5Ah) | $\begin{gathered} 36443 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 5 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (lower speed information (INFO-SPD-L)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18221 \\ (472 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $36444$ <br> (8E5Ch) | $\begin{gathered} 36445 \\ \text { (8E5Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (speed deviation information (INFO-SPD-ERR)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18222 \\ (472 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36448 \\ \text { (8E60h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36449 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 61 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (torque limiting time information (INFO-TLC-TIME)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18224 \\ (4730 h) \end{gathered}$ |

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| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 36452 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 64 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36453 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 65 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (cumulative load 0 information (INFOCULDO)) | Sets whether or not to apply to the group output, INFO output, and LED blinking when information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : INFO action is not applied * <br> 1: INFO action is applied <br> * The information history is left. | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18226 \\ (4732 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36454 \\ \text { (8E66h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36455 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 67 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (cumulative load 1 information (INFOCULD1)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18227 \\ (4733 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36462 \\ \text { (8E6Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36463 \\ \text { (8E6Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (settling time information (INFOSTLTIME)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18231 \\ (4737 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36480 \\ \text { (8E80h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36481 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 81 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (energy consumption information (INFO-WH-BOOT)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18240 \\ (4740 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36482 \\ (8 E 82 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36483 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 83 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (user energy consumption information (INFO-WH-USR)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18241 \\ (4741 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36484 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 84 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36485 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 85 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (total energy consumption information (INFO-WH-TOTAL)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18242 \\ (4742 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36492 \\ (8 E 8 C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36493 \\ \text { (8E8Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (positive direction main power supply current information (INFO-MPFWCRNT)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18246 \\ (4746 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36494 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 8 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36495 \\ \text { (8E8Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (negative direction main power supply current information (INFO-MPRVCRNT)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18247 \\ (4747 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36496 \\ \text { (8E90h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36497 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 91 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (tripmeter 0 information (INFO-TRIPO)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18248 \\ (4748 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36498 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 92 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 36499 \\ \text { (8E93h) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (tripmeter 1 information (INFO-TRIP1)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18249 \\ (4749 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 36500 \\ (8 E 94 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36501 \\ (8 \mathrm{E} 95 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (odometer information (INFO-ODO)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18250 \\ (474 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36504 \\ \text { (8E98h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36505 \\ \text { (8E99h) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (CPU load information (INFO-CPULOAD)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18252 \\ (474 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36506 \\ \text { (8E9Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36507 \\ \text { (8E9Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (total uptime information (INFO-PTIME)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18253 \\ (474 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36508 \\ \text { (8E9Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36509 \\ \text { (8E9Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (number of boots information (INFOPCOUNT)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18254 \\ (474 \text { Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36512 \\ \text { (8EAOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36513 \\ \text { (8EA1h) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (RS-485 communication error information (INFO-485ERR)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18256 \\ (4750 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36514 \\ \text { (8EA2h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36515 \\ \text { (8EA3h) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (RS-485 communication processing time information (INFO-485PRCST)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18257 \\ (4751 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 36516 \\ (8 E A 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36517 \\ (8 \mathrm{EA} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (RS-485 communication interval information (INFO-485INTVL)) | Sets whether or not to apply to the group output, INFO output, and LED blinking when information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : INFO action is not applied * <br> 1: INFO action is applied <br> * The information history is left. | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18258 \\ (4752 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36528 \\ (8 \mathrm{EBOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36529 \\ (8 \mathrm{~EB} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (CAN communication warning information (INFO-485INTVL)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18264 \\ (4758 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36546 \\ (8 \mathrm{EC} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36547 \\ (8 \mathrm{EC} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (start homing error information (INFO-START-HOME)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18273 \\ (4761 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36548 \\ (8 \mathrm{EC} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36549 \\ (8 \mathrm{EC} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (start FW/RV operation error information (INFO-STARTFWRV)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18274 \\ (4762 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36550 \\ (8 \mathrm{EC} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36551 \\ (8 \mathrm{EC} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (start stored data operation error information (INFO-STARTSD)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18275 \\ (4763 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36552 \\ (8 \mathrm{EC} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36553 \\ (8 \mathrm{EC} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (start direct data operation error information (INFO-STARTDD)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18276 \\ (4764 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36554 \\ (8 E C A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36555 \\ (8 \mathrm{ECBh}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (start drive profile error information (INFO-START-DP)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18277 \\ (4765 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36558 \\ \text { (8ECEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36559 \\ (8 \mathrm{ECFh}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (driving prohibited information (INFO-IDDRV-DIS)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18279 \\ (4767 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36560 \\ (8 \mathrm{EDOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36561 \\ (8 \mathrm{ED} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (forward operation prohibition information (INFO-FWOT)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18280 \\ (4768 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36562 \\ (8 E D 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36563 \\ (8 E D 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (reverse operation prohibition information (INFO-RV-OT)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18281 \\ (4769 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36576 \\ \text { (8EEOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36577 \\ (8 \mathrm{EE} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (unit setting information (INFO-UNIT-E)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18288 \\ (4770 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36578 \\ (8 \mathrm{EE} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36579 \\ (8 \mathrm{EE} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (software limit setting information (INFO-SOFTLMT-E)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18289 \\ (4771 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36592 \\ (8 \mathrm{EFOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36593 \\ (8 \mathrm{EF} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (CPU fault information (INFO-CPUFAULT)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18296 \\ (4778 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36594 \\ (8 E F 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36595 \\ (8 E F 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (over current fault information (INFO-CPU-FAULT)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18297 \\ (4779 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36596 \\ (8 E F 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36597 \\ (8 \mathrm{EF} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO action (encoder fault information (INFO-CPUFAULT)) |  | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18298 \\ (477 A h) \end{gathered}$ |


|  | Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36616 \\ \text { (8F08h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36617 \\ \text { (8F09h) } \end{gathered}$ | Information LED condition | Sets the LED status when information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1: Enable | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18308 \\ (4784 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36618 \\ (8 \text { FOAh }) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36619 \\ \text { (8FOBh) } \end{gathered}$ | Information auto clear | When the condition to clear the information is satisfied, a bit output of the corresponding information is automatically turned OFF. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18309 \\ (4785 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36624 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 10 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36625 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 11 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO-USRIOO output selection | Selects the output signals to be checked with the INFO-USRIOO to INFO-USRIO7 outputs. <br> [Setting range] $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 18312 \\ (4788 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36626 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 12 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36627 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 13 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO-USRIO1 output selection |  | A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 18313 \\ (4789 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36628 \\ \text { (8F14h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36629 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 15 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO-USRIO2 output selection |  | A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 18314 \\ (478 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36630 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 16 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36631 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 17 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO-USRIO3 output selection |  | A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 18315 \\ (478 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36632 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 18 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36633 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 19 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO-USRIO4 output selection |  | A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 18316 \\ (478 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36634 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 1 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36635 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 1 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO-USRIO5 output selection |  | A | $\begin{gathered} \text { 128: } \\ \text { CONST- } \\ \text { OFF } \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 18317 \\ (478 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36636 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 1 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36637 \\ \text { (8F1Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO-USRIO6 output selection |  | A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 18318 \\ \text { (478Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36638 \\ \text { (8F1Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36639 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 1 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO-USRIO7 output selection |  | A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 18319 \\ (478 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36640 \\ (8 F 20 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36641 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 21 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO-USRIOO output inversion | Sets the ON/OFF inversion function to output signals to be checked with the INFO-USRIOO to INFO-USRIO7 outputs. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | A | 0 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 18320 \\ & (4790 \mathrm{~h}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36642 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 22 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36643 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 23 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO-USRIO1 output inversion |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18321 \\ (4791 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36644 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 24 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36645 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 25 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO-USRIO2 output inversion |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18322 \\ (4792 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36646 \\ (8 F 26 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36647 \\ (8 F 27 h) \end{gathered}$ | INFO-USRIO3 output inversion |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18323 \\ (4793 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 36648 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 28 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 36649 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 29 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | INFO-USRIO4 output inversion |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 18324 \\ (4794 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36650 \\ \text { (8F2Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36651 \\ \text { (8F2Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO-USRIO5 output inversion |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 18325 \\ (4795 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36652 \\ \text { (8F2Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36653 \\ (8 F 2 D h) \end{gathered}$ | INFO-USRIO6 output inversion |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18326 \\ (4796 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36654 \\ \text { (8F2Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36655 \\ \text { (8F2Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | INFO-USRIO7 output inversion |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18327 \\ (4797 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 36656 \\ (8 F 30 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36657 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 31 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Driver temperature information (INFO-DRVTMP) | Sets the condition in which the driver temperature information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | A | 0 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18328 \\ (4798 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36658 \\ (8 F 32 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36659 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 33 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Motor temperature information (INFO-MTRTMP) | Sets the condition in which the motor temperature information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | A | 0 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18329 \\ (4799 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36660 \\ (8 F 34 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36661 \\ (8 F 35 h) \end{gathered}$ | Position deviation information (INFO-POS-ERR) | Sets the condition in which the position deviation information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to 10,000,000 <br> (User-defined position unit) | A | 0 | step | $\begin{gathered} 18330 \\ (479 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36674 \\ (8 F 42 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36675 \\ (8 F 43 h) \end{gathered}$ | Upper speed information (INFO-SPD-H) | Sets the condition in which the upper speed information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to 4,000,000 <br> (User-defined velocity unit) | A | 0 | $r / m i n$ | $\begin{gathered} 18337 \\ (47 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36676 \\ (8 F 44 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36677 \\ (8 F 45 h) \end{gathered}$ | Lower speed information (INFO-SPD-L) | Sets the condition in which the lower speed information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to 4,000,000 <br> (User-defined velocity unit) | A | 0 | $r / m i n$ | $\begin{gathered} 18338 \\ (47 A 2 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36678 \\ (8 F 46 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36679 \\ (8 F 47 h) \end{gathered}$ | Speed deviation information (INFO-SPD-ERR) | Sets the condition in which the speed deviation information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to 4,000,000 <br> (User-defined velocity unit) | A | 0 | r/min | $\begin{gathered} 18339 \\ (47 A 3 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36686 \\ (8 F 4 E h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36687 \\ (8 F 4 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Load factor information (INFO-LOAD) | Sets the condition in which the load factor information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to 10,000 ( $1=0.1 \%$ ) | A | 0 | $1=0.1 \%$ | $\begin{gathered} 18343 \\ (47 A 7 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36688 \\ (8 F 50 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36689 \\ (8 F 51 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Torque information (INFO-TRQ) | Sets the condition in which the torque information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to 10,000 ( $1=0.1 \%$ ) | A | 0 | $1=0.1 \%$ | $\begin{gathered} 18344 \\ (47 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


|  | Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36692 \\ (8 F 54 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36693 \\ (8 F 55 h) \end{gathered}$ | Torque limiting time information (INFO-TLC-TIME) | Sets the condition in which the torque limiting time information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to $10,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | A | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 18346 \\ (47 A A h) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36694 \\ (8 F 56 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36695 \\ (8 F 57 h) \end{gathered}$ | Settling time information (INFO-STLTIME) | Sets the condition in which the settling time information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to $10,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | A | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 18347 \\ (47 A B h) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36708 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 64 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36709 \\ (8 F 65 h) \end{gathered}$ | Upper voltage information (INFO-VOLT-H) | Sets the condition in which the upper voltage information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to $1,000(1=0.1 \mathrm{~V})$ | A | 0 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18354 \\ (47 \mathrm{~B} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| の | $\begin{gathered} 36710 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 66 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36711 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 67 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Lower voltage information (INFO-VOLT-L) | Sets the condition in which the lower voltage information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to 1,000 ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | A | 0 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18355 \\ (47 \mathrm{~B} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\ddots}{\bar{D}} \\ & \underset{\sim}{n} \\ & \hat{O} \\ & \frac{0}{D} \\ & \sim \\ & \bar{\sim} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36712 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 68 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36713 \\ (8 F 69 h) \end{gathered}$ | Positive direction main power supply current information (INFO-MP-FWCRNT) | Sets the condition in which the positive direction main power supply current information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to 500 ( $1=0.1$ A) | A | 0 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~A}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18356 \\ (47 B 4 h) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36714 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 6 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | 36715 <br> (8F6Bh) | Negative direction main power supply current information (INFO-MP-RVCRNT) | Sets the condition in which the negative direction main power supply current information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable $-500 \text { to }-1(1=0.1 \mathrm{~A})$ | A | 0 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~A}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18357 \\ (47 B 5 h) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36720 \\ (8 F 70 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36721 \\ (8 F 71 h) \end{gathered}$ | Power consumption information (INFO-WATT) | Sets the condition in which the power consumption information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to 10,000 ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{~W}$ ) | A | 0 | $1=0.1$ W | $\begin{gathered} 18360 \\ (47 \mathrm{~B} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36722 \\ (8 F 72 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36723 \\ (8 F 73 h) \end{gathered}$ | Energy consumption information (INFO-WH-BOOT) | Sets the condition in which the energy consumption information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to $2,147,483,647(1=0.001 \mathrm{~Wh})$ | A | 0 | $\begin{gathered} 1=0.001 \\ \mathrm{~Wh} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18361 \\ (47 \mathrm{~B} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 36724 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 74 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36725 \\ (8 F 75 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User energy consumption information (INFO-WH-USR) | Sets the condition in which the user energy consumption information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to $2,147,483,647$ (Wh) | A | 0 | Wh | $\begin{gathered} 18362 \\ (47 B A h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36726 \\ (8 F 76 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36727 \\ (8 F 77 h) \end{gathered}$ | Total energy consumption information (INFO-WH-TOTAL) | Sets the condition in which the total energy consumption information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to $2,147,483,647$ (Wh) | A | 0 | Wh | $\begin{gathered} 18363 \\ (47 \mathrm{BBh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36732 \\ \text { (8F7Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36733 \\ \text { (8F7Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Tripmeter 0 information (INFO-TRIPO) | Sets the condition in which the tripmeter 0 information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to $2,147,483,647$ ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ ) | A | 0 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18366 \\ \text { (47BEh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36734 \\ \text { (8F7Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36735 \\ (8 F 7 F h) \end{gathered}$ | Tripmeter 1 information (INFO-TRIP1) | Sets the condition in which the tripmeter 1 information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to $2,147,483,647$ ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ ) | A | 0 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18367 \\ \text { (47BFh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36736 \\ (8 F 80 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36737 \\ (8 \mathrm{~F} 81 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Odometer information (INFO-ODO) | Sets the condition in which the odometer information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to $2,147,483,647$ ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ ) | A | 0 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18368 \\ (47 \mathrm{COh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36738 \\ (8 F 82 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36739 \\ (8 F 83 h) \end{gathered}$ | Cumulative load 0 information (INFO-CULDO) | Sets the condition in which the cumulative load 0 information is generated. <br> [Setting range] $0 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18369 \\ (47 \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36740 \\ (8 F 84 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36741 \\ (8 F 85 h) \end{gathered}$ | Cumulative load 1 information (INFO-CULD1) | Sets the condition in which the cumulative load 1 information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 2,147,483,647 | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18370 \\ (47 \mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36742 \\ (8 F 86 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36743 \\ (8 F 87 h) \end{gathered}$ | Cumulative load value auto clear | Clears the cumulative load when operation is started (at the ON edge of the MOVE output). <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18371 \\ (47 C 3 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36744 \\ (8 F 88 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36745 \\ (8 F 89 h) \end{gathered}$ | Cumulative load value count divisor | Sets the divisor of the cumulative load. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 32,767 | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18372 \\ (47 C 4 h) \end{gathered}$ |


|  | Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36750 \\ \text { (8F8Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36751 \\ \text { (8F8Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication error information <br> (INFO-485-ERR) | Sets the condition in which the RS-485 communication error information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to 10 times | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18375 \\ (47 \mathrm{C} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36752 \\ \text { (8F90h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36753 \\ \text { (8F91h) } \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication processing time information (INFO-485-PRCST) | Sets the condition in which the RS-485 communication processing time information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to $10,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | A | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 18376 \\ (47 \mathrm{C} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36754 \\ \text { (8F92h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36755 \\ \text { (8F93h) } \end{gathered}$ | RS-485 communication interval information (INFO-485-INTVL) | Sets the condition in which the RS-485 communication interval information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to $10,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | A | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 18377 \\ (47 \mathrm{C} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { の } \\ & \text { D } \\ & \stackrel{2}{O} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36776 \\ \text { (8FA8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36777 \\ \text { (8FA9h) } \end{gathered}$ | CPU load information (NIFO-CPU-LOAD) | Sets the condition in which the CPU load information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to 100\% | A | 0 | \% | $\begin{aligned} & 18388 \\ & (47 \mathrm{D} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36778 \\ \text { (8FAAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36779 \\ (8 F A B h) \end{gathered}$ | Total uptime information (INFO-PTIME) | Sets the condition in which the total uptime information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to $30,000,000 \mathrm{~min}$ | A | 0 | min | $\begin{aligned} & 18389 \\ & \text { (47D5h) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 36780 \\ \text { (8FACh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36781 \\ (8 \text { FADh }) \end{gathered}$ | Number of boots information (INFO-PCOUNT) | Sets the condition in which the number of boots information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to $2,147,483,647$ times | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18390 \\ \text { (47D6h) } \end{gathered}$ |

## 13-13 USB and LED functions

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 976 \\ \text { (03D0h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 977 \\ \text { (03D1h) } \end{gathered}$ | Number of times the GREEN LED blinks at booting | The COMM LED can blink in green when the main power supply is turned on. <br> [Setting range] 0 to 9 times | A | 0 | - | 488 <br> (01E8h) |
| $\begin{gathered} 978 \\ (03 \mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 979 \\ \text { (03D3h) } \end{gathered}$ | Number of times the RED LED blinks at booting | The COMM LED can blink in red when the main power supply is turned on. <br> [Setting range] 0 to 9 times | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 489 \\ (01 \mathrm{E} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 980 \\ (03 \mathrm{D} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 981 \\ \text { (03D5h) } \end{gathered}$ | Number of times the BLUE LED blinks at booting | The COMM LED can blink in blue when the main power supply is turned on. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 9 times | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 490 \\ (01 \mathrm{EAh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 996 \\ (03 \mathrm{E} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 997 \\ (03 E 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | USB-ID enable | Sets the USB-ID enable to fix the COM port. ( $\Rightarrow$ p.399) <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable | D | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 498 \\ (01 \mathrm{~F} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 998 \\ \text { (03E6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 999 \\ (03 \mathrm{E} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | USB-ID | This can be set when the "USB-ID enable" parameter is set to "Enable." Sets the ID to the COM port. ( $\Rightarrow$ p.399) <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 999,999,999 | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 499 \\ (01 F 3 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1000 \\ (03 \mathrm{E} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1001 \\ \text { (03E9h) } \end{gathered}$ | USB-PID | Sets the product ID to be displayed in the COM port. $(\Rightarrow \mathrm{p} .400)$ <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 31 | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 500 \\ (01 \mathrm{~F} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1002 \\ (03 E A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1003 \\ (03 E B h) \end{gathered}$ | LED-OUT mode | Sets the information to be indicated by the PWR/SYS LED and the COMM LED. <br> [Setting range] <br> Refer to the table below. | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 501 \\ (01 F 5 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1004 \\ \text { (03ECh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1005 \\ \text { (03EDh) } \end{gathered}$ | LED-OUT-GREEN function (I/O status output) | Selects the output signal to be indicated by the green LED. * <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST-OFF } \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 502 \\ \text { (01F6h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1006 \\ \text { (03EEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1007 \\ \text { (03EFh) } \end{gathered}$ | LED-OUT-GREEN inverting mode (I/O status output) | Sets whether to invert ON/OFF when the internal I/O is output with LED-OUT-GREEN. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Not invert <br> 1: Invert | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 503 \\ (01 \mathrm{~F} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1008 \\ \text { (03FOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1009 \\ (03 F 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | LED-OUT-RED function (I/O status output) | Selects the output signal to be indicated by the red LED. * <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | A | $\begin{gathered} \text { 128: } \\ \text { CONST-OFF } \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 504 \\ (01 \mathrm{~F} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1010 \\ (03 F 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1011 \\ \text { (03F3h) } \end{gathered}$ | LED-OUT-RED inverting mode (I/O status output) | Sets whether to invert ON/OFF when the internal I/O is output with LED-OUT-RED. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 505 \\ (01 \mathrm{F9h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1012 \\ (03 F 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1013 \\ \text { (03F5h) } \end{gathered}$ | LED-OUT-BLUE function (I/O status output) | Selects the output signal to be indicated by the blue LED.* <br> [Setting range] $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | A | 128: <br> CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 506 \\ (01 \mathrm{FAh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1014 \\ (03 F 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1015 \\ (03 F 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | LED-OUT-BLUE inverting mode (I/O status output) | Sets whether to invert ON/OFF when the internal I/O is output with LED-OUT-BLUE. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 507 \\ (01 \mathrm{FBh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1016 \\ (03 F 8 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1017 \\ \text { (03F9h) } \end{gathered}$ | LED (PWR/C-DAT) color changing | The lighting colors of the PWR/ SYS LED and the COMM LED can be changed. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Green <br> 1: White | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 508 \\ (01 \mathrm{FCh}) \end{gathered}$ |

* It operates only when the "LED-OUT mode" parameter is set to "0."

| Setting value | LED status |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PWR/SYS |  |
| -3 | No LED output * |  |
| -2 | No LED output (Except when an alarm is present) |  |
| -1 | Normal operation | No LED output |
|  |  | I/O status |
|  |  | Normal operation |
| 1 |  |  |

[^24]
## ■ USB-ID

The USB-ID is a parameter to associate the USB port (COM port number) of a PC with the driver. The COM port number is used when the communication port is set with the support software.
If multiple drivers are connected to a PC, the PC allocates empty COM ports to the drivers in the connected order. If the driver power is turned on again or if the UBS cable is removed and inserted, the allocated COM port numbers may be changed because the order of connection recognized by the PC is changed.

- When the USB-ID is not set

| COM port number | Connection status |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Connected |
| 2 | Connected |
| 3 | Empty |
| 4 | Connected |
| 5 | Empty |
| 6 | Empty | | COM port on the driver that the power was supplied first |
| :---: |



- When the USB-ID is set

If the "USB-ID" parameter is set, the same COM port numbers are always displayed regardless of the order of connection because the COM port number is fixed to each driver.
(The USB-ID and the COM port number may not match because a PC associates with empty COM port numbers in descending order.)


Note The COM port number set with the "USB-ID" parameter is disabled if the PC is changed.

■ USB-PID
Although the USB-ID can fix the COM port number to each driver, changing the PC will also change and disable the COM port numbers.
Meanwhile, the USB-PID is a parameter to set an ID number to the driver itself. Even if the PC or the COM port number is changed, the product can easily be distinguished using the support software because the ID number of the driver is not changed.

Setting of the Communication $\times$
Serial Port
COM6 : ORIENTAL MOTOR/Common Virtual COM Port \#06 $\quad$ _ Product ID set by "USB-PID" parameter COM6 : ORIENTAL MOTOR/Common Vitual COM Port \#06
memo If USB-PID with the same number is set to multiple drivers, COM port numbers are allocated in the connected order.

## 13-14 User output function selection

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 35840 \\ \text { (8C00h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35841 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 01 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUTO) (IO) operation mode | Selects the operation mode of the user output. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Internal IO judgment <br> 1: Value judgment (value $X$, value $Y$ ) $=$ (value A, value B) <br> 2: Value judgment (value $X$, value $Y$ ) $=$ (value of NET-ID = A, value B) <br> 3: Value judgment (value $X$, value $Y$ ) $=$ (value A, value of NET-ID = B) <br> 4: Value Judgment (value $X$, value $Y$ ) = (value of NET-ID = A, value of NET-ID = B) | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17920 \\ (4600 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35842 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 02 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35843 \\ (8 C 03 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT1) (IO) operation mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17921 \\ (4601 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35844 \\ (8 C 04 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35845 \\ (8 C 05 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT2) (IO) operation mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17922 \\ (4602 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35846 \\ \text { (8C06h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35847 \\ (8 C 07 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT3) (IO) operation mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17923 \\ (4603 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35848 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 08 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35849 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 09 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT4) (IO) operation mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17924 \\ (4604 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35850 \\ (8 \mathrm{COAh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35851 \\ (8 C O B h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT5) (IO) operation mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17925 \\ (4605 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35852 \\ (8 \mathrm{COCh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35853 \\ (8 \mathrm{CODh}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT6) (IO) operation mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17926 \\ (4606 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35854 \\ \text { (8COEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35855 \\ \text { (8COFh) } \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT7) (IO) operation mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17927 \\ (4607 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35872 \\ (8 C 20 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35873 \\ (8 C 21 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUTO) (IO) source A function | Selects the user output source A function (output signal) for USR-OUT0 to USR-OUT7. This is the setting when the operation mode is set to internal IO judgment. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 17936 \\ (4610 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35874 \\ (8 C 22 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35875 \\ (8 C 23 h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT1) (IO) source A function |  | C | $\begin{gathered} \text { 128: } \\ \text { CONST- } \\ \text { OFF } \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17937 \\ & (4611 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35876 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 24 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35877 \\ (8 C 25 h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT2) (IO) source A function |  | C | 128: CONSTOFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17938 \\ (4612 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35878 \\ (8 C 26 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35879 \\ (8 C 27 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT3) (IO) source A function |  | C | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { 128: } \\ \text { CONST- } \\ \text { OFF } \end{array}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 17939 \\ (4613 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35880 \\ (8 C 28 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35881 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 29 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT4) (IO) source A function |  | C | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { 128: } \\ \text { CONST- } \\ \text { OFF } \end{array}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 17940 \\ (4614 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35882 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35883 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT5) (IO) source A function |  | C | $\begin{gathered} \text { 128: } \\ \text { CONST- } \\ \text { OFF } \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 17941 \\ (4615 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35884 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35885 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT6) (IO) source A function |  | C | $\begin{aligned} & 128: \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 17942 \\ (4616 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35886 \\ \text { (8C2Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35887 \\ \text { (8C2Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT7) (IO) source A function |  | C | $\begin{gathered} \text { 128: } \\ \text { CONST- } \\ \text { OFF } \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17943 \\ & (4617 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 35904 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 40 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35905 \\ (8 C 41 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUTO) (IO) source A inverting mode | Changes ON/OFF of the user output source <br> A. <br> This is the setting when the operation mode is set to internal IO judgment. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17952 \\ (4620 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35906 \\ (8 C 42 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35907 \\ & (8 \mathrm{C} 43 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ | User output (USR-OUT1) (IO) source A inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17953 \\ & (4621 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35908 \\ (8 C 44 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35909 \\ (8 C 45 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT2) (IO) source A inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17954 \\ (4622 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35910 \\ \text { (8C } 46 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35911 \\ (8 C 47 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT3) (IO) source A inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17955 \\ (4623 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35912 \\ (8 C 48 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35913 \\ (8 C 49 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT4) (IO) source A inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17956 \\ (4624 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35914 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35915 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT5) (IO) source A inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17957 \\ & (4625 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35916 \\ (8 C 4 C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35917 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT6) (IO) source A inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17958 \\ (4626 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35918 \\ \text { (8C4Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35919 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT7) (IO) source A inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17959 \\ (4627 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35936 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 60 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35937 \\ (8 C 61 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUTO) (IO) source B function | Selects the user output source $B$ function (output signal) for USR-OUT0 to USR-OUT7. <br> This is the setting when the operation mode is set to internal IO judgment. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | C | $128:$ <br> CONSTOFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17968 \\ (4630 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35938 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 62 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35939 \\ (8 C 63 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT1) (IO) source B function |  | C | $128:$ CONSTOFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17969 \\ (4631 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35940 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 64 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35941 \\ (8 C 65 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT2) (IO) source B function |  | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 17970 \\ (4632 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35942 \\ (8 C 66 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35943 \\ (8 C 67 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT3) (IO) source B function |  | C | $128:$ CONSTOFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17971 \\ (4633 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35944 \\ (8 C 68 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35945 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 69 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT4) (IO) source B function |  | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 17972 \\ (4634 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35946 \\ \text { (8C6Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35947 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 6 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT5) (IO) source B function |  | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17973 \\ & (4635 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35948 \\ (8 C 6 C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35949 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 6 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT6) (IO) source B function |  | C | $\begin{gathered} 128: \\ \text { CONST- } \end{gathered}$ OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17974 \\ (4636 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35950 \\ \text { (8C6Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35951 \\ \text { (8C6Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT7) (IO) source B function |  | C | 128: CONSTOFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17975 \\ (4637 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 35968 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 80 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35969 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 81 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUTO) (IO) source B inverting mode | Changes ON/OFF of the user output source <br> B. <br> This is the setting when the operation mode is set to internal IO judgment. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17984 \\ (4640 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35970 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 82 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35971 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 83 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT1) (IO) source B inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17985 \\ (4641 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35972 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 84 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35973 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 85 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT2) (IO) source B inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17986 \\ (4642 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35974 \\ (8 C 86 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35975 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 87 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT3) (IO) source B inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17987 \\ (4643 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35976 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 88 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35977 \\ (8 C 89 h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT4) (IO) source B inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17988 \\ (4644 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35978 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 8 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35979 \\ \text { (8C8Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT5) (IO) source B inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17989 \\ (4645 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35980 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 8 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35981 \\ (8 \mathrm{C} 8 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT6) (IO) source B inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17990 \\ (4646 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35982 \\ \text { (8C8Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35983 \\ & \text { (8C8Fh) } \end{aligned}$ | User output (USR-OUT7) (IO) source B inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17991 \\ (4647 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36000 \\ (8 C A 0 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36001 \\ (8 C A 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUTO) (IO) logical operation | Sets the logical combination of user output source A and user output source B. <br> This is the setting when the operation mode is set to internal IO judgment. <br> [Setting range] $0: \text { AND }$ <br> 1 OR | C | 1 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 18000 \\ & (4650 h) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36002 \\ (8 C A 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36003 \\ (8 C A 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT1) <br> (IO) logical operation |  | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18001 \\ (4651 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36004 \\ (8 \mathrm{CA} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36005 \\ (8 C A 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT2) <br> (IO) logical operation |  | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18002 \\ (4652 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36006 \\ (8 C A 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36007 \\ (8 C A 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT3) <br> (IO) logical operation |  | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18003 \\ (4653 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36008 \\ (8 C A 8 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36009 \\ \text { (8CA9h) } \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT4) (IO) logical operation |  | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18004 \\ (4654 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36010 \\ (8 C A A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36011 \\ (8 C A B h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT5) <br> (IO) logical operation |  | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18005 \\ (4655 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36012 \\ (8 C A C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36013 \\ (8 C A D h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT6) (IO) logical operation |  | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18006 \\ (4656 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| 36014 <br> (8CAEh) | $36015$ (8CAFh) | User output (USR-OUT7) (IO) logical operation |  | C | 1 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 18007 \\ & (4657 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |

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| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 36032 \\ (8 C C O h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36033 \\ (8 C C 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUTO) (value) ON condition | Selects the ON condition of the user output. <br> This is the setting when the operation | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18016 \\ (4660 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36034 \\ (8 C C 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36035 \\ (8 C C 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT1) (value) ON condition | [Setting range] <br> 0 : (value of target NET-ID + value Y$)=$ (value X) | C | 0 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 18017 \\ & (4661 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36036 \\ (8 C C 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36037 \\ (8 C C 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT2) (value) ON condition | ```1: (target NET-ID value + value Y) < (value X) 2:(value of target NET-ID + value Y) \leq``` | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18018 \\ (4662 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36038 \\ (8 C C 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36039 \\ (8 C C 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT3) (value) ON condition | 3: (value X) < (value of target NET-ID + value Y ) <br> 4: $($ value $X) \leq$ (value of target NET-ID + | C | 0 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 18019 \\ & (4663 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36040 \\ (8 C C 8 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36041 \\ (8 C C 9 h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT4) (value) ON condition | 5: (value of target NET-ID) < (value X) or (value Y ) < (value of target NET-ID) <br> 6: (value of target NET-ID) $\leq$ (value X) or | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18020 \\ (4664 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36042 \\ (8 C C A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36043 \\ (8 C C B h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT5) (value) ON condition | 7: (value X) < (value of target NET-ID) $<$ (value Y ) | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18021 \\ (4665 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36044 \\ \text { (8CCCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36045 \\ (8 C C D h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT6) (value) ON condition | (value Y) <br> 9: (value $Y$ ) $=$ ( (value of target NET-ID) And (value X)) | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18022 \\ (4666 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36046 \\ \text { (8CCEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36047 \\ & \text { (8CCFh) } \end{aligned}$ | User output (USR-OUT7) (value) ON condition | (value X)) <br> 11: ((value of target NET-ID) And (value X)) is not 0 | C | 0 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 18023 \\ & (4667 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36064 \\ \text { (8CEOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36065 \\ \text { (8CE1h) } \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUTO) (value) target NET-ID |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18032 \\ \text { (4670h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 36066 \\ (8 C E 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 36067 \\ (8 C E 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT1) (value) target NET-ID |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 18033 \\ (4671 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 36068 \\ \text { (8CE4h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 36069 \\ \text { (8CE5h) } \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT2) (value) target NET-ID |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18034 \\ (4672 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36070 \\ \text { (8CE6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36071 \\ \text { (8CE7h) } \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT3) (value) target NET-ID | Sets the target NET-ID of the user output. <br> This is the setting when the operation mode is set to value judgment | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18035 \\ (4673 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36072 \\ \text { (8CE8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36073 \\ \text { (8CE9h) } \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT4) (value) target NET-ID | [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18036 \\ (4674 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36074 \\ \text { (8CEAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36075 \\ \text { (8CEBh) } \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT5) (value) target NET-ID |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18037 \\ (4675 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36076 \\ \text { (8CECh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36077 \\ \text { (8CEDh) } \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT6) (value) target NET-ID |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18038 \\ (4676 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 36078 \\ \text { (8CEEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 36079 \\ \text { (8CEFh) } \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT7) (value) target NET-ID |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 18039 \\ (4677 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 36096 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 00 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36097 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 01 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUTO) (value) value A | Sets the value $A$ of the user ID. <br> This is the setting when the operation mode is set to value judgment. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18048 \\ (4680 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36098 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 02 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36099 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 03 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT1) (value) value A |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18049 \\ (4681 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36100 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 04 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36101 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 05 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT2) (value) value A |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 18050 \\ & (4682 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36102 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 06 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36103 \\ (8 \mathrm{DO} \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT3) (value) value A |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18051 \\ (4683 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36104 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 08 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36105 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 09 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT4) (value) value A |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18052 \\ (4684 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36106 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 0 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36107 \\ \text { (8D0Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT5) (value) value A |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18053 \\ (4685 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36108 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 0 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36109 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 0 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT6) (value) value A |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 18054 \\ (4686 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36110 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 0 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36111 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 0 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT7) (value) value A |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18055 \\ (4687 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36128 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 20 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36129 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 21 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUTO) (value) value B | Sets the value $B$ of the user output. <br> This is the setting when the operation mode is set to value judgment. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18064 \\ (4690 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36130 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 22 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36131 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 23 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT1) (value) value B |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18065 \\ (4691 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36132 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 24 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36133 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 25 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT2) (value) value B |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18066 \\ (4692 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36134 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 26 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36135 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 27 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT3) (value) value B |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 18067 \\ & \text { (4693h) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36136 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 28 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36137 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 29 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT4) (value) value B |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 18068 \\ (4694 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36138 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36139 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT5) (value) value B |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18069 \\ (4695 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36140 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36141 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT6) (value) value B |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18070 \\ (4696 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 36142 \\ \text { (8D2Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36143 \\ (8 \mathrm{D} 2 F h) \end{gathered}$ | User output (USR-OUT7) (value) value B |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 18071 \\ (4697 h) \end{gathered}$ |

## 13-15 Virtual input function selection (VIN)

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 35328 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 00 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35329 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 01 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-INO) function (link) | Selects the input signals to be assigned to VIR-INO to VIR-IN7. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-1 Input signals list" on p. 151 | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 17664 \\ (4500 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35330 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 02 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35331 \\ \text { (8A03h) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN1) function (link) |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17665 \\ (4501 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35332 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 04 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35333 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 05 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN2) function (link) |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 17666 \\ (4502 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35334 \\ (8 A 06 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35335 \\ (8 A 07 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN3) function (link) |  | C | 0: <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 17667 \\ (4503 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35336 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 08 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35337 \\ \text { (8A09h) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN4) function (link) |  | C | Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 17668 \\ (4504 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35338 \\ (8 A 0 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35339 \\ (8 \mathrm{AOBh}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN5) function (link) |  | C | Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17669 \\ (4505 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35340 \\ (8 \mathrm{AOCh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35341 \\ (8 \mathrm{AODh}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN6) function (link) |  | C | Not used | - | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 17670 \\ & \text { (4506h) } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35342 \\ \text { (8AOEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35343 \\ \text { (8AOFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN7) function (link) |  | C | 0: <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 17671 \\ (4507 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35392 \\ \text { (8A40h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35393 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 41 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-INO) source A function | Selects the virtual input source A function (output signal) for VIR-INO to VIR-IN7. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | C | 128: <br> CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17696 \\ (4520 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35394 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 42 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35395 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 43 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN1) source A function |  | C | 128: CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17697 \\ (4521 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35396 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 44 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35397 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 45 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN2) source A function |  | C | 128: <br> CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17698 \\ (4522 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35398 \\ \text { (8A46h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35399 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 47 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN3) source A function |  | C | 128: <br> CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17699 \\ (4523 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35400 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 48 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35401 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 49 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN4) source A function |  | C | $\begin{gathered} \text { 128: } \\ \text { CONST-OFF } \end{gathered}$ | - | $\begin{gathered} 17700 \\ \text { (4524h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35402 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35403 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN5) source A function |  | C | 128: <br> CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17701 \\ (4525 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35404 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35405 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN6) source A function |  | C | 128: <br> CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17702 \\ (4526 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35406 \\ \text { (8A4Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35407 \\ \text { (8A4Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN7) source A function |  | C | 128: <br> CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17703 \\ (4527 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 35456 \\ & \text { (8A80h) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35457 \\ (8 A 81 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-INO) source A inverting mode | Changes ON/OFF of the virtual input source A. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17728 \\ (4540 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35458 \\ (8 A 82 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35459 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 83 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN1) source A inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17729 \\ (4541 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35460 \\ \text { (8A84h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35461 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 85 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN2) source A inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17730 \\ (4542 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35462 \\ \text { (8A86h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35463 \\ \text { (8A87h) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN3) source A inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17731 \\ (4543 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35464 \\ \text { (8A88h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35465 \\ (8 A 89 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN4) source A inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17732 \\ (4544 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35466 \\ (8 A 8 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $35467$ (8A8Bh) | Virtual input (VIR-IN5) source A inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17733 \\ (4545 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 35468 \\ & (8 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35469 \\ (8 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN6) source A inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17734 \\ (4546 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35470 \\ \text { (8A8Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35471 \\ \text { (8A8Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN7) source A inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17735 \\ (4547 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 35520 \\ (8 \mathrm{ACOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35521 \\ (8 \mathrm{AC} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-INO) source $B$ function | Selects the virtual input source $B$ function (output signal) for VIR-INO to VIR-IN7. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | C | 128: <br> CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17760 \\ (4560 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35522 \\ (8 A C 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35523 \\ (8 A C 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN1) source B function |  | C | 128: <br> CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17761 \\ (4561 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35524 \\ (8 A C 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35525 \\ (8 A C 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN2) source B function |  | C | 128: <br> CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17762 \\ (4562 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35526 \\ (8 A C 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35527 \\ (8 A C 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN3) source $B$ function |  | C | 128: <br> CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17763 \\ (4563 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35528 \\ \text { (8AC8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35529 \\ \text { (8AC9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN4) source B function |  | C | 128: <br> CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17764 \\ (4564 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35530 \\ \text { (8ACAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35531 \\ (8 \mathrm{ACBh}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN5) source B function |  | C | 128: CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17765 \\ (4565 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35532 \\ (8 \mathrm{ACCh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 35533 \\ \text { (8ACDh) } \end{array}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN6) source $B$ function |  | C | 128: CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17766 \\ (4566 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35534 \\ \text { (8ACEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35535 \\ \text { (8ACFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN7) source $B$ function |  | C | 128: CONST-OFF | - | $\begin{gathered} 17767 \\ (4567 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35584 \\ \text { (8B00h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35585 \\ \text { (8B01h) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-INO) source B inverting mode | Changes ON/OFF of the virtual input source B. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17792 \\ \text { (4580h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35586 \\ (8 \mathrm{BO} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35587 \\ (8 \mathrm{~B} 03 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN1) source B inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17793 \\ (4581 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35588 \\ \text { (8B04h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35589 \\ (8 \mathrm{~B} 05 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN2) source B inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17794 \\ (4582 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35590 \\ (8 \mathrm{BO} 06 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35591 \\ (8 \mathrm{BO} 07 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN3) source B inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17795 \\ (4583 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35592 \\ (8 \mathrm{B08h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35593 \\ (8 \mathrm{BO9h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN4) source B inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17796 \\ (4584 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35594 \\ (8 \mathrm{BOAh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35595 \\ \text { (8BOBh) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN5) source B inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17797 \\ (4585 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35596 \\ \text { (8B0Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35597 \\ \text { (8BODh) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN6) source B inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17798 \\ (4586 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35598 \\ \text { (8B0Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35599 \\ \text { (8B0Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN7) source B inverting mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17799 \\ (4587 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35648 \\ (8 \mathrm{~B} 40 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35649 \\ (8 \mathrm{~B} 41 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-INO) logical operation | Sets the logical combination of virtual input source A and virtual input source B. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : AND <br> 1 OR | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17824 \\ \text { (45AOh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35650 \\ (8 B 42 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35651 \\ (8 B 43 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN1) logical operation |  | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17825 \\ (45 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35652 \\ (8 \mathrm{~B} 44 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35653 \\ \text { (8B45h) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN2) logical operation |  | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17826 \\ (45 \mathrm{~A} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35654 \\ \text { (8B46h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35655 \\ \text { (8B47h) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN3) logical operation |  | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17827 \\ (45 \mathrm{~A} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35656 \\ (8 B 48 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35657 \\ (8 B 49 h) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN4) logical operation |  | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17828 \\ (45 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35658 \\ \text { (8B4Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35659 \\ (8 \mathrm{~B} 4 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN5) logical operation |  | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17829 \\ (45 \mathrm{~A} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 35660 \\ & (8 \mathrm{~B} 4 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35661 \\ \text { (8B4Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN6) logical operation |  | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17830 \\ (45 \mathrm{~A} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35662 \\ \text { (8B4Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35663 \\ \text { (8B4Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN7) logical operation |  | C | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17831 \\ (45 \mathrm{~A} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |

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| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 35712 \\ \text { (8B80h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35713 \\ (8 \mathrm{~B} 81 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-INO) ON signal dead time | Sets the ON signal dead-time for VIR-INO to VIR-IN7. <br> (The input signal is turned ON when the time having set is exceeded.) <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $4,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17856 \\ (45 \mathrm{COh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35714 \\ (8 B 82 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35715 \\ \text { (8B83h) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN1) ON signal dead time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17857 \\ (45 \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35716 \\ (8 \mathrm{~B} 84 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35717 \\ (8 \mathrm{~B} 85 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN2) ON signal dead time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17858 \\ (45 \mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35718 \\ (8 B 86 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35719 \\ (8 \mathrm{~B} 87 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN3) ON signal dead time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17859 \\ (45 C 3 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35720 \\ \text { (8B88h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35721 \\ \text { (8B89h) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN4) ON signal dead time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17860 \\ (45 \mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35722 \\ (8 B 8 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35723 \\ \text { (8B8Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN5) ON signal dead time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17861 \\ (45 C 5 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35724 \\ \text { (8B8Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35725 \\ \text { (8B8Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN6) ON signal dead time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17862 \\ (45 \mathrm{C} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35726 \\ \text { (8B8Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 35727 \\ \text { (8B8Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN7) ON signal dead time |  | C | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17863 \\ (45 C 7 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 35776 \\ (8 B C O h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35777 \\ (8 B C 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-INO) 1 shot signal mode | Enables the 1-shot signal function for VIR-INO to VIR-IN7. <br> (The input signal having been turned ON is automatically turned OFF after $250 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.) <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17888 \\ (45 E O h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 35778 \\ & (8 B C 2 h) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35779 \\ (8 B C 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN1) 1 shot signal mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17889 \\ (45 \mathrm{E} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35780 \\ (8 B C 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35781 \\ (8 B C 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN2) 1 shot signal mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17890 \\ (45 \mathrm{E} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35782 \\ (8 B C 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35783 \\ (8 B C 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN3) 1 shot signal mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17891 \\ (45 \mathrm{E} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35784 \\ (8 B C 8 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35785 \\ (8 B C 9 h) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN4) 1 shot signal mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17892 \\ (45 \mathrm{E} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35786 \\ \text { (8BCAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35787 \\ (8 B C B h) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN5) 1 shot signal mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17893 \\ (45 \mathrm{E} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 35788 \\ \text { (8BCCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35789 \\ (8 B C D h) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN6) 1 shot signal mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17894 \\ (45 \mathrm{E} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 35790 \\ & \text { (8BCEh) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35791 \\ (8 B C F h) \end{gathered}$ | Virtual input (VIR-IN7) 1 shot signal mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17895 \\ (45 \mathrm{EFh}) \end{gathered}$ |

## 13-16 Data transfer

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 33792 \\ (8400 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33793 \\ (8401 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTFO) trigger IO | Selects the output signal to be triggered data transfer. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | C | $0:$ <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16896 \\ \text { (4200h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33794 \\ (8402 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33795 \\ (8403 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF1) trigger IO |  | C | $0:$ <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16897 \\ (4201 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33796 \\ (8404 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33797 \\ (8405 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF2) trigger IO |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16898 \\ (4202 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33798 \\ (8406 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33799 \\ (8407 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF3) trigger IO |  | C | $0:$ <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16899 \\ (4203 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33800 \\ (8408 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33801 \\ (8409 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF4) trigger IO |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{aligned} & 16900 \\ & (4204 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 33802 \\ (840 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33803 \\ (840 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF5) trigger IO | Selects the output signal to be triggered data transfer. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | C | 0: <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16901 \\ (4205 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33804 \\ (840 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33805 \\ \text { (840Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF6) trigger IO |  | C | 0: <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16902 \\ (4206 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33806 \\ \text { (840Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33807 \\ \text { (840Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF7) trigger IO |  | C | $0:$ <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16903 \\ (4207 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33808 \\ (8410 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33809 \\ (8411 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF8) trigger IO |  | C | 0: <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16904 \\ (4208 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33810 \\ (8412 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33811 \\ (8413 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF9) trigger IO |  | C | 0: <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16905 \\ (4209 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33812 \\ (8414 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33813 \\ (8415 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF10) trigger IO |  | C | 0: <br> Not used | - | $\begin{aligned} & 16906 \\ & (420 A h) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33814 \\ (8416 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33815 \\ (8417 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF11) trigger IO |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{aligned} & 16907 \\ & (420 B h) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33816 \\ (8418 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33817 \\ (8419 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF12) trigger IO |  | C | 0: <br> Not used | - | $\begin{aligned} & 16908 \\ & (420 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33818 \\ (841 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33819 \\ (841 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF13) trigger IO |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16909 \\ (420 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33820 \\ (841 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33821 \\ \text { (841Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF14) trigger IO |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16910 \\ \text { (420Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33822 \\ \text { (841Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33823 \\ (841 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF15) trigger IO |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16911 \\ \text { (420Fh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33824 \\ (8420 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33825 \\ (8421 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF16) trigger IO |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16912 \\ (4210 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33826 \\ (8422 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33827 \\ (8423 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF17) trigger IO |  | C | 0: <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16913 \\ (4211 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33828 \\ (8424 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33829 \\ (8425 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF18) trigger IO |  | C | 0: <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16914 \\ (4212 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33830 \\ (8426 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33831 \\ (8427 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF19) trigger IO |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16915 \\ (4213 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33832 \\ (8428 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33833 \\ (8429 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF20) trigger IO |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16916 \\ (4214 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33834 \\ (842 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33835 \\ (842 B h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF21) trigger IO |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16917 \\ (4215 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33836 \\ (842 C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33837 \\ \text { (842Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF22) trigger IO |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16918 \\ (4216 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33838 \\ \text { (842Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33839 \\ \text { (842Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF23) trigger IO |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16919 \\ (4217 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33840 \\ (8430 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33841 \\ (8431 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF24) trigger IO |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16920 \\ (4218 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33842 \\ (8432 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33843 \\ (8433 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF25) trigger IO |  | C | 0: <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16921 \\ (4219 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33844 \\ (8434 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33845 \\ (8435 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF26) trigger IO |  | C | 0: <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16922 \\ (421 A h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33846 \\ (8436 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33847 \\ (8437 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF27) trigger IO |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16923 \\ (421 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33848 \\ (8438 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33849 \\ (8439 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF28) trigger IO |  | C | $0:$ <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16924 \\ (421 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33850 \\ (843 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33851 \\ (843 B h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF29) trigger IO |  | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16925 \\ (421 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 33852 \\ (843 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33853 \\ (843 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF30) trigger IO | Selects the output signal to be triggered data transfer. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | C | 0 : <br> Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16926 \\ \text { (421Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33854 \\ \text { (843Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33855 \\ \text { (843Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF31) trigger IO |  | C | 0 : Not used | - | $\begin{gathered} 16927 \\ \text { (421Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33856 \\ (8440 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33857 \\ (8441 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTFO) trigger form | Selects the edge shape to be triggered. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Positive-Edge <br> 1: Negative-Edge <br> 2: Double-Edge | C | 0 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 16928 \\ & (4220 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33858 \\ (8442 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33859 \\ (8443 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF1) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16929 \\ (4221 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33860 \\ (8444 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33861 \\ (8445 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF2) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16930 \\ (4222 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33862 \\ (8446 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33863 \\ (8447 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF3) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16931 \\ (4223 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33864 \\ (8448 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33865 \\ (8449 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF4) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16932 \\ (4224 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 33866 \\ (844 \mathrm{Ah}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33867 \\ (844 \mathrm{Bh}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF5) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16933 \\ (4225 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33868 \\ (844 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33869 \\ (844 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF6) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16934 \\ \text { (4226h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33870 \\ \text { (844Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33871 \\ \text { (844Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF7) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16935 \\ (4227 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33872 \\ (8450 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33873 \\ (8451 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF8) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16936 \\ (4228 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33874 \\ (8452 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33875 \\ (8453 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF9) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16937 \\ (4229 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 33876 \\ (8454 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33877 \\ (8455 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF10) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16938 \\ (422 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33878 \\ (8456 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 33879 \\ (8457 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF11) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16939 \\ (422 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 33880 \\ (8458 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 33881 \\ (8459 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF12) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16940 \\ (422 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33882 \\ (845 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33883 \\ (845 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF13) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16941 \\ (422 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 33884 \\ (845 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33885 \\ (845 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF14) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16942 \\ \text { (422Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 33886 \\ \text { (845Eh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33887 \\ \text { (845Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF15) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16943 \\ \text { (422Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33888 \\ (8460 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33889 \\ (8461 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF16) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16944 \\ (4230 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33890 \\ (8462 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33891 \\ (8463 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF17) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16945 \\ (4231 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33892 \\ (8464 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33893 \\ (8465 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF18) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16946 \\ (4232 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33894 \\ (8466 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33895 \\ (8467 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF19) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16947 \\ (4233 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 33896 \\ (8468 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33897 \\ (8469 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF20) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16948 \\ (4234 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33898 \\ (846 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33899 \\ (846 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF21) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16949 \\ (4235 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33900 \\ (846 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33901 \\ (846 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF22) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16950 \\ (4236 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial s | ting | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 33902 \\ \text { (846Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33903 \\ \text { (846Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF23) trigger form | Selects the edge shape to be triggered. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Positive-Edge <br> 1: Negative-Edge <br> 2: Double-Edge | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16951 \\ (4237 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33904 \\ (8470 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33905 \\ (8471 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF24) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16952 \\ (4238 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33906 \\ (8472 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33907 \\ (8473 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF25) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16953 \\ (4239 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33908 \\ (8474 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33909 \\ (8475 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF26) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16954 \\ (423 A h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33910 \\ (8476 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33911 \\ (8477 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF27) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16955 \\ (423 B h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33912 \\ (8478 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33913 \\ (8479 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF28) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16956 \\ (423 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33914 \\ (847 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33915 \\ \text { (847Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF29) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16957 \\ (423 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33916 \\ \text { (847Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33917 \\ \text { (847Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF30) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16958 \\ \text { (423Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33918 \\ \text { (847Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33919 \\ \text { (847Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF31) trigger form |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 16959 \\ & (423 F h) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33920 \\ (8480 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33921 \\ (8481 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTFO) transfer mode | Selects the transfer mode of data transfer. | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16960 \\ (4240 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33922 \\ (8482 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33923 \\ (8483 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF1) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16961 \\ (4241 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33924 \\ (8484 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33925 \\ (8485 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF2) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16962 \\ (4242 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33926 \\ (8486 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33927 \\ (8487 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF3) transfer mode | [Setting range] <br> 0 : Transfers the value of the argument NET-ID to the target NET-ID <br> 1:Transfers the value of the argument NET-ID to the target NET-ID with AND-Logic synthesis <br> 2: Transfers the value of the argument NET-ID | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16963 \\ (4243 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33928 \\ \text { (8488h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33929 \\ (8489 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF4) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16964 \\ (4244 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33930 \\ (848 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33931 \\ (848 B h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF5) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16965 \\ (4245 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33932 \\ (848 C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33933 \\ \text { (848Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF6) transfer mode | to the target NET-ID with OR-Logic synthesis | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16966 \\ (4246 h) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33934 \\ \text { (848Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33935 \\ (848 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF7) transfer mode | 3: Transfers the value of the argument NET-ID to the target NET-ID with CLR-Logic synthesis | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16967 \\ (4247 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33936 \\ (8490 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33937 \\ (8491 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF8) transfer mode | 4: Transfers the value of the argument NET-ID to the target NET-ID with Additive function | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16968 \\ (4248 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33938 \\ (8492 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33939 \\ (8493 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF9) transfer mode | 8: Transfers the value of the argument to the target NET-ID | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16969 \\ (4249 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33940 \\ (8494 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33941 \\ (8495 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF10) transfer mode | 9: Transfers the value of the argument to the target NET-ID with AND-Logic synthesis <br> 10: Transfers the value of the argument to the target NET-ID with OR-Logic synthesis <br> 11: Transfers the value of the argument to the target NET-ID with CLR-Logic synthesis <br> 12: Transfers the value of the argument to the target NET-ID with Additive function | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16970 \\ (424 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33942 \\ (8496 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33943 \\ (8497 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF11) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16971 \\ (424 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33944 \\ (8498 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33945 \\ (8499 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF12) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16972 \\ (424 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33946 \\ (849 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33947 \\ (849 B h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF13) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16973 \\ (424 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33948 \\ \text { (849Ch) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33949 \\ \text { (849Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF14) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16974 \\ (424 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33950 \\ \text { (849Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33951 \\ \text { (849Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF15) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16975 \\ \text { (424Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 33952 \\ (84 \mathrm{AOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33953 \\ (84 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF16) transfer mode | Selects the transfer mode of data transfer. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Transfers the value of the argument NET-ID to the target NET-ID <br> 1:Transfers the value of the argument NET-ID to the target NET-ID with AND-Logic synthesis <br> 2: Transfers the value of the argument NET-ID to the target NET-ID with OR-Logic synthesis <br> 3: Transfers the value of the argument NET-ID to the target NET-ID with CLR-Logic synthesis <br> 4: Transfers the value of the argument NET-ID to the target NET-ID with Additive function <br> 8: Transfers the value of the argument to the target NET-ID <br> 9: Transfers the value of the argument to the target NET-ID with AND-Logic synthesis <br> 10: Transfers the value of the argument to the target NET-ID with OR-Logic synthesis <br> 11: Transfers the value of the argument to the target NET-ID with CLR-Logic synthesis <br> 12: Transfers the value of the argument to the target NET-ID with Additive function | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16976 \\ (4250 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33954 \\ (84 A 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33955 \\ (84 A 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF17) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16977 \\ (4251 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33956 \\ (84 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33957 \\ \text { (84A5h) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF18) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16978 \\ (4252 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33958 \\ (84 A 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33959 \\ (84 A 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF19) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16979 \\ (4253 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 33960 \\ (84 \mathrm{~A} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33961 \\ (84 \mathrm{~A} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF20) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16980 \\ (4254 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33962 \\ (84 A A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33963 \\ (84 \mathrm{ABh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF21) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16981 \\ (4255 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 33964 \\ (84 \mathrm{ACh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 33965 \\ \text { (84ADh) } \end{array}$ | Data transfer (DTF22) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16982 \\ (4256 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline 33966 \\ \text { (84AEh) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 33967 \\ \text { (84AFh) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Data transfer (DTF23) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16983 \\ (4257 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 33968 \\ (84 \mathrm{BOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33969 \\ (84 \mathrm{~B} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF24) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16984 \\ (4258 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 33970 \\ (84 \mathrm{~B} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 33971 \\ (84 \mathrm{~B} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF25) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16985 \\ (4259 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33972 \\ \text { (84B4h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33973 \\ (84 \mathrm{~B} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF26) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16986 \\ (425 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33974 \\ (84 \mathrm{~B} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33975 \\ (84 \mathrm{~B} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF27) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16987 \\ (425 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 33976 \\ \text { (84B8h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33977 \\ (84 \mathrm{~B} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF28) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16988 \\ (425 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33978 \\ (84 B A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33979 \\ \text { (84BBh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF29) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 16989 \\ (425 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33980 \\ \text { (84BCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 33981 \\ (84 \mathrm{BDh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF30) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16990 \\ \text { (425Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33982 \\ \text { (84BEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33983 \\ \text { (84BFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF31) transfer mode |  | C | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16991 \\ (425 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33984 \\ (84 \mathrm{COh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 33985 \\ (84 \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{array}$ | Data transfer (DTFO) argument | Sets the value or NET-ID (data source) to be transferred in data transfer. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16992 \\ (4260 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33986 \\ (84 C 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33987 \\ (84 C 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF1) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16993 \\ (4261 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33988 \\ (84 C 4 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33989 \\ (84 C 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF2) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16994 \\ (4262 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33990 \\ (84 \mathrm{C} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33991 \\ (84 \mathrm{C} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF3) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16995 \\ (4263 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33992 \\ (84 \mathrm{C} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33993 \\ (84 C 9 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF4) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16996 \\ (4264 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33994 \\ (84 C A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33995 \\ (84 C B h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF5) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16997 \\ (4265 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33996 \\ (84 C C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33997 \\ (84 C D h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF6) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16998 \\ (4266 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 33998 \\ \text { (84CEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33999 \\ \text { (84CFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF7) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 16999 \\ (4267 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34000 \\ (84 \mathrm{DOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34001 \\ (84 \mathrm{D} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF8) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17000 \\ (4268 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 34002 \\ (84 \mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34003 \\ (84 \mathrm{D} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF9) argument | Sets the value or NET-ID (data source) to be transferred in data transfer. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17001 \\ (4269 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34004 \\ (84 \mathrm{D} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34005 \\ (84 D 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF10) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17002 \\ (426 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34006 \\ (84 D 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34007 \\ (84 D 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF11) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17003 \\ (426 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34008 \\ (84 \mathrm{D} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34009 \\ (84 \mathrm{D} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF12) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17004 \\ (426 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34010 \\ \text { (84DAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34011 \\ \text { (84DBh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF13) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17005 \\ (426 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34012 \\ \text { (84DCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34013 \\ \text { (84DDh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF14) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17006 \\ \text { (426Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34014 \\ \text { (84DEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34015 \\ \text { (84DFh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF15) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17007 \\ & (426 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34016 \\ (84 \mathrm{EOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34017 \\ (84 \mathrm{E} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF16) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17008 \\ (4270 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34018 \\ (84 \mathrm{E} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34019 \\ (84 \mathrm{E} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF17) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17009 \\ (4271 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34020 \\ (84 \mathrm{E} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34021 \\ (84 \mathrm{E} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF18) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17010 \\ (4272 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34022 \\ (84 \mathrm{E} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34023 \\ (84 \mathrm{E} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF19) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17011 \\ (4273 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34024 \\ (84 \mathrm{E} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34025 \\ \text { (84E9h) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF20) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17012 \\ (4274 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $34026$ (84EAh) | $\begin{gathered} 34027 \\ (84 \mathrm{EBh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF21) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17013 \\ (4275 h) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34028 \\ (84 \mathrm{ECh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34029 \\ (84 E D h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF22) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17014 \\ (4276 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34030 \\ \text { (84EEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34031 \\ (84 \mathrm{EFh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF23) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17015 \\ (4277 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34032 \\ \text { (84F0h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34033 \\ (84 F 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF24) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17016 \\ (4278 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34034 \\ (84 F 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34035 \\ (84 \mathrm{~F} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF25) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17017 \\ (4279 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34036 \\ (84 \mathrm{~F} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34037 \\ (84 F 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF26) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17018 \\ (427 A h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34038 \\ (84 \mathrm{~F} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34039 \\ (84 F 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF27) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17019 \\ (427 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34040 \\ (84 \mathrm{~F} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34041 \\ (84 F 9 h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF28) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17020 \\ (427 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34042 \\ (84 F A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34043 \\ (84 \mathrm{FBh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF29) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17021 \\ (427 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34044 \\ \text { (84FCh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34045 \\ (84 F D h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF30) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17022 \\ (427 \mathrm{Eh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34046 \\ \text { (84FEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34047 \\ (84 F F h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF31) argument |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17023 \\ \text { (427Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34048 \\ \text { (8500h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34049 \\ (8501 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTFO) target NET-ID | Sets the NET-ID (data destination) to be transferred in data transfer. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17024 \\ (4280 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34050 \\ (8502 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34051 \\ (8503 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF1) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17025 \\ (4281 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |

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| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 34052 \\ (8504 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34053 \\ (8505 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF2) target NET-ID | Sets the NET-ID (data destination) to be transferred in data transfer. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17026 \\ (4282 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34054 \\ \text { (8506h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34055 \\ (8507 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF3) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17027 \\ & (4283 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34056 \\ (8508 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34057 \\ (8509 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF4) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17028 \\ (4284 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34058 \\ \text { (850Ah) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34059 \\ \text { (850Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF5) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17029 \\ (4285 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34060 \\ (850 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34061 \\ (850 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF6) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17030 \\ (4286 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34062 \\ \text { (850Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34063 \\ \text { (850Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF7) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17031 \\ (4287 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34064 \\ (8510 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34065 \\ (8511 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF8) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17032 \\ (4288 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34066 \\ (8512 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34067 \\ (8513 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF9) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17033 \\ (4289 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34068 \\ (8514 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34069 \\ (8515 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF10) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17034 \\ (428 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34070 \\ (8516 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34071 \\ (8517 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF11) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17035 \\ (428 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34072 \\ (8518 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34073 \\ (8519 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF12) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17036 \\ (428 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34074 \\ (851 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34075 \\ (851 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF13) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17037 \\ (428 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34076 \\ (851 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34077 \\ (851 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF14) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17038 \\ \text { (428Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34078 \\ \text { (851Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34079 \\ \text { (851Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF15) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17039 \\ \text { (428Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34080 \\ (8520 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34081 \\ (8521 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF16) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17040 \\ (4290 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34082 \\ (8522 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34083 \\ (8523 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF17) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17041 \\ (4291 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34084 \\ (8524 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34085 \\ (8525 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF18) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17042 \\ (4292 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34086 \\ (8526 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34087 \\ (8527 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF19) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17043 \\ (4293 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34088 \\ (8528 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34089 \\ (8529 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF20) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17044 \\ \text { (4294h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34090 \\ (852 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34091 \\ (852 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF21) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17045 \\ (4295 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34092 \\ (852 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34093 \\ (852 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF22) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17046 \\ (4296 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34094 \\ \text { (852Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34095 \\ \text { (852Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF23) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17047 \\ (4297 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34096 \\ \text { (8530h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34097 \\ (8531 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF24) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17048 \\ (4298 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34098 \\ (8532 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34099 \\ (8533 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF25) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17049 \\ (4299 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34100 \\ (8534 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34101 \\ (8535 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF26) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17050 \\ & \text { (429Ah) } \end{aligned}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 34102 \\ (8536 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34103 \\ (8537 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF27) target NET-ID | Sets the NET-ID (data destination) to be transferred in data transfer. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17051 \\ (429 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34104 \\ (8538 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34105 \\ (8539 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF28) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17052 \\ (429 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34106 \\ (853 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34107 \\ (853 B h) \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF29) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17053 \\ \text { (429Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34108 \\ (853 C h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34109 \\ \text { (853Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF30) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17054 \\ \text { (429Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34110 \\ \text { (853Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34111 \\ \text { (853Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | Data transfer (DTF31) target NET-ID |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17055 \\ (429 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ |

## 13-17 General purpose registers

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2048 \\ (0800 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2049 \\ (0801 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 0 default value | Sets the initial value of the general register. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to $2,147,483,647$ | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1024 \\ (0400 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2050 \\ (0802 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2051 \\ (0803 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 1 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1025 \\ (0401 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2052 \\ (0804 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2053 \\ (0805 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 2 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1026 \\ (0402 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2054 \\ (0806 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2055 \\ (0807 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 3 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1027 \\ \text { (0403h) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 2056 \\ (0808 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2057 \\ (0809 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 4 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1028 \\ (0404 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2058 \\ (080 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2059 \\ (080 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 5 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1029 \\ (0405 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2060 \\ (080 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2061 \\ (080 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 6 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1030 \\ (0406 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2062 \\ \text { (080Eh) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2063 \\ \text { (080Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | General register 7 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1031 \\ (0407 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2064 \\ (0810 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2065 \\ (0811 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 8 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1032 \\ (0408 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2066 \\ (0812 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2067 \\ (0813 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 9 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1033 \\ (0409 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2068 \\ (0814 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2069 \\ (0815 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 10 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1034 \\ (040 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2070 \\ (0816 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2071 \\ (0817 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 11 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1035 \\ \text { (040Bh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2072 \\ (0818 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2073 \\ (0819 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 12 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1036 \\ (040 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2074 \\ (081 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2075 \\ (081 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 13 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1037 \\ \text { (040Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2076 \\ (081 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2077 \\ \text { (081Dh) } \end{gathered}$ | General register 14 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1038 \\ \text { (040Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2078 \\ \text { (081Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2079 \\ \text { (081Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | General register 15 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1039 \\ \text { (040Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |


|  | Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2080 \\ (0820 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2081 \\ (0821 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 16 default value | Sets the initial value of the general register. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to $2,147,483,647$ | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1040 \\ (0410 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2082 \\ (0822 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2083 \\ (0823 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 17 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1041 \\ (0411 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2084 \\ (0824 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2085 \\ (0825 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 18 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1042 \\ (0412 h) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2086 \\ (0826 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2087 \\ (0827 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 19 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1043 \\ (0413 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2088 \\ (0828 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2089 \\ (0829 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 20 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1044 \\ (0414 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2090 \\ (082 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2091 \\ (082 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 21 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1045 \\ (0415 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2092 \\ (082 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2093 \\ (082 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 22 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1046 \\ (0416 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2094 \\ \text { (082Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2095 \\ \text { (082Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | General register 23 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1047 \\ (0417 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2096 \\ (0830 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2097 \\ (0831 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 24 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1048 \\ (0418 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2098 \\ (0832 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2099 \\ (0833 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 25 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1049 \\ (0419 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2100 \\ (0834 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2101 \\ (0835 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 26 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1050 \\ (041 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2102 \\ (0836 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2103 \\ (0837 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 27 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1051 \\ (041 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2104 \\ (0838 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2105 \\ (0839 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 28 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1052 \\ (041 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2106 \\ (083 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2107 \\ (083 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 29 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1053 \\ \text { (041Dh) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2108 \\ (083 \mathrm{Ch}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2109 \\ (083 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | General register 30 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1054 \\ \text { (041Eh) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2110 \\ \text { (083Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2111 \\ \text { (083Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | General register 31 default value |  | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 1055 \\ \text { (041Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |

## 13-18 Latch function

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 4160 \\ (1040 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4161 \\ (1041 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | LAT-JUMPO action | Selects the movement of the latch by the low event. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: 1 shot <br> 1: Continuous | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2080 \\ (0820 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4162 \\ (1042 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4163 \\ (1043 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | LAT-JUMP1 action | Indicates the movement of the latch by the middle event. <br> [Setting range] <br> $0: 1$ shot <br> 1: Continuous | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2081 \\ (0821 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4164 \\ (1044 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4165 \\ (1045 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | LAT-JUMP2 action | Selects the movement of the latch by the high event. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0:1 shot <br> 1: Continuous | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2082 \\ (0822 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4166 \\ (1046 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4167 \\ (1047 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | LAT-NEXT action | Selects the movement of the latch by the NEXT input. <br> [Setting range] <br> $0: 1$ shot <br> 1: Continuous | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2083 \\ (0823 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4168 \\ (1048 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4169 \\ (1049 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | LAT-STOP action | Selects the movement of the latch by the stop input. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: 1 shot <br> 1: Continuous | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2084 \\ (0824 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4176 \\ (1050 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4177 \\ (1051 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | USR-LATO action | Selects the movement of the latch by USR-LATO. <br> [Setting range] <br> $0: 1$ shot <br> 1: Continuous | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2088 \\ (0828 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4178 \\ (1052 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4179 \\ (1053 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | USR-LAT1 action | Selects the movement of the latch by USR-LAT1. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0:1 shot <br> 1: Continuous | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2089 \\ (0829 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4180 \\ (1054 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4181 \\ (1055 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | USR-LAT0 source | Selects the input source of USR-LATO. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : IO for latch (USR-LAT-INO) <br> 1: Phase Z (ZSG-N) | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2090 \\ (082 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 4182 \\ (1056 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4183 \\ (1057 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | USR-LAT1 source | Selects the input source of USR-LAT1. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: IO for latch (USR-LAT-IN1) <br> 1: Phase Z (ZSG-N) | A | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 2091 \\ (082 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |

## 13-19 CANopen objects

| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 34320 \\ (8610 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34321 \\ (8611 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | COB-ID SYNC message-generate | [Setting range] <br> 0 : CANopen device does not generate SYNC message <br> 1: CANopen device generates SYNC message | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17160 \\ (4308 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34322 \\ (8612 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34323 \\ (8613 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | COB-ID SYNC message-11bit CAN-ID | [Setting range] 0001h to 0700h | D | 0080h | - | $\begin{gathered} 17161 \\ (4309 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34324 \\ (8614 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34325 \\ (8615 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Communication cycle period | [Setting range] 0 to 1,000,000 us | D | 0 | us | $\begin{gathered} 17162 \\ \text { (430Ah) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34328 \\ (8618 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34329 \\ (8619 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Guard time | [Setting range] 0 to $65,535 \mathrm{~ms}$ | D | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17164 \\ \text { (430Ch) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34330 \\ (861 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34331 \\ (861 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ | Life time factor | [Setting range] 0 to 255 | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17165 \\ (430 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34334 \\ \text { (861Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34335 \\ \text { (861Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | COB-ID EMCY-Valid | [Setting range] <br> 0 : PDO exists/is valid <br> 1: PDO does not exist/is not valid | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17167 \\ \text { (430Fh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34336 \\ (8620 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34337 \\ (8621 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | COB-ID EMCY-11bit CAN-ID <br> (000: 80h + Node-ID) | [Setting range] 0000h to 0700h | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17168 \\ (4310 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34340 \\ (8624 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34341 \\ (8625 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Consumer heartbeat time-time | [Setting range] 0 to $65,535 \mathrm{~ms}$ | D | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17170 \\ (4312 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34342 \\ (8626 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34343 \\ (8627 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Consumer heartbeat time-NodeID | [Setting range] 0 to 127 | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17171 \\ (4313 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34344 \\ (8628 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34345 \\ (8629 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Producer heartbeat time | [Setting range] 0 to $65,535 \mathrm{~ms}$ | D | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17172 \\ (4314 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34368 \\ (8640 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34369 \\ (8641 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO1 COB-ID-Valid | [Setting range] <br> 0 : PDO exists/is valid <br> 1: PDO does not exist/is not valid | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17184 \\ (4320 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34370 \\ (8642 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34371 \\ (8643 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RPDO1 COB-ID- } 11 \text { bit } \\ & \text { CAN-ID } \\ & \text { (000: } 200 \mathrm{~h}+\text { Node-ID) } \end{aligned}$ | [Setting range] 0000h to 0700h | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17185 \\ (4321 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34372 \\ (8644 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34373 \\ (8645 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO1 Transmission type | [Setting range] <br> 00h: synchronous (reflected in Sync) <br> FEh: event-driven <br> (relected at receive timing/TPDO1- <br> RTR internal issue/Node life time reset) <br> FFh: event-driven (reflected at receive timing) | D | FFh | - | $\begin{gathered} 17186 \\ (4322 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34382 \\ \text { (864Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34383 \\ \text { (864Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | RPDO1 Number of mapped | [Setting range] 0 to 4 | D | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17191 \\ (4327 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34384 \\ (8650 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34385 \\ (8651 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO1 1st objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 6040 0010h | - | $\begin{gathered} 17192 \\ (4328 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34386 \\ (8652 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34387 \\ (8653 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO1 2nd objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17193 \\ (4329 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34388 \\ (8654 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34389 \\ (8655 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO1 3rd objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17194 \\ (432 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34390 \\ (8656 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34391 \\ (8657 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO1 4th objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17195 \\ (432 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 34400 \\ (8660 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34401 \\ (8661 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO2 COB-ID-Valid | [Setting range] <br> 0: PDO exists/is valid <br> 1: PDO does not exist/is not valid | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17200 \\ (4330 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34402 \\ (8662 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34403 \\ (8663 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RPDO2 COB-ID-1 } 1 \text { bit } \\ & \text { CAN-ID } \\ & \text { (000: } 300 \mathrm{~h}+\text { Node-ID) } \end{aligned}$ | [Setting range] 0000h to 0700h | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17201 \\ (4331 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34404 \\ (8664 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34405 \\ (8665 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO2 Transmission type | [Setting range] <br> 00h: synchronous (reflected in Sync) <br> FEh: event-driven <br> (relected at receive timing/TPDO2- <br> RTR internal issue/Node life time reset) <br> FFh: event-driven (reflected at receive timing) | D | FFh | - | $\begin{gathered} 17202 \\ (4332 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34414 \\ \text { (866Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34415 \\ (866 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO2 Number of mapped | [Setting range] 0 to 4 | D | 2 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17207 \\ (4337 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34416 \\ (8670 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34417 \\ (8671 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO2 1st objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 6040 0010h | - | $\begin{gathered} 17208 \\ (4338 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34418 \\ (8672 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34419 \\ (8673 h) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO2 2nd objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 6060 0008h | - | $\begin{gathered} 17209 \\ (4339 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34420 \\ (8674 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34421 \\ (8675 h) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO2 3rd objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17210 \\ (433 A h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34422 \\ (8676 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34423 \\ (8677 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO2 4th objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17211 \\ (433 B h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34432 \\ (8680 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34433 \\ (8681 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO3 COB-ID-Valid | [Setting range] <br> 0 : PDO exists/is valid <br> 1: PDO does not exist/is not valid | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17216 \\ (4340 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34434 \\ (8682 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34435 \\ (8683 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RPDO3 COB-ID-1 } 1 \text { bit } \\ & \text { CAN-ID } \\ & \text { (000: } 400 \mathrm{~h}+\text { Node-ID) } \end{aligned}$ | [Setting range] 0000h to 0700h | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17217 \\ (4341 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34436 \\ (8684 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34437 \\ (8685 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO3 Transmission type | [Setting range] <br> 00h: synchronous (reflected in Sync) <br> FEh: event-driven <br> (relected at receive timing/TPDO3- <br> RTR internal issue/Node life time reset) <br> FFh: event-driven (reflected at receive timing) | D | FFh | - | $\begin{gathered} 17218 \\ (4342 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34446 \\ \text { (868Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34447 \\ (868 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO3 Number of mapped | [Setting range] 0 to 4 | D | 2 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17223 \\ (4347 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34448 \\ (8690 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34449 \\ (8691 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO3 1st objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 6040 0010h | - | $\begin{gathered} 17224 \\ (4348 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34450 \\ (8692 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34451 \\ (8693 h) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO3 2nd objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 607A 0020h | - | $\begin{gathered} 17225 \\ (4349 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34452 \\ (8694 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34453 \\ (8695 h) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO3 3rd objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17226 \\ (434 \mathrm{Ah}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34454 \\ (8696 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34455 \\ (8697 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO3 4th objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17227 \\ (434 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34464 \\ (86 A 0 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34465 \\ (86 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO4 COB-ID-Valid | [Setting range] <br> 0 : PDO exists/is valid <br> 1: PDO does not exist/is not valid | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17232 \\ (4350 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34466 \\ (86 A 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34467 \\ (86 \mathrm{~A} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RPDO4 COB-ID-1 } 1 \text { bit } \\ & \text { CAN-ID } \\ & \text { (000: } 500 \mathrm{~h}+\text { Node-ID) } \end{aligned}$ | [Setting range] 0000h to 0700h | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17233 \\ (4351 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| 34468 <br> (86A4h) | $\begin{gathered} 34469 \\ (86 \text { A5h) } \end{gathered}$ | RPDO4 Transmission type | [Setting range] <br> 00h: synchronous (reflected in Sync) <br> FEh: event-driven (relected at receive timing/TPDO4RTR internal issue/Node life time reset) <br> FFh: event-driven (reflected at receive timing) | D | FFh | - | $\begin{gathered} 17234 \\ (4352 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34478 \\ \text { (86AEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34479 \\ \text { (86AFh) } \end{gathered}$ | RPDO4 Number of mapped | [Setting range] 0 to 4 | D | 2 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17239 \\ (4357 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34480 \\ (86 \mathrm{BOh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34481 \\ (86 \mathrm{~B} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO4 1st objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 6040 0010h | - | $\begin{gathered} 17240 \\ (4358 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34482 \\ (86 \mathrm{~B} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34483 \\ (86 \mathrm{~B} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | RPDO4 2nd objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 60FF 0020h | - | $\begin{gathered} 17241 \\ (4359 \mathrm{~h}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34484 \\ (86 \mathrm{~B} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34485 \\ (86 \mathrm{~B} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO4 3rd objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17242 \\ (435 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34486 \\ (86 \mathrm{~B} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34487 \\ (86 \mathrm{~B} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | RPDO4 4th objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17243 \\ (435 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34496 \\ (86 \mathrm{COh}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34497 \\ (86 \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO1 COB-ID-Valid | [Setting range] <br> 0: PDO exists/is valid <br> 1: PDO does not exist/is not valid | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17248 \\ (4360 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34498 \\ (86 \mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34499 \\ (86 C 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO1 COB-ID-RTR | [Setting range] <br> 0 : RTR allowed on this PDO <br> 1: no RTR allowed on this PDO | D | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17249 \\ (4361 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34500 \\ (86 \mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34501 \\ (86 \mathrm{C} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO1 COB-ID-11bit CAN-ID (000: 180h + Node-ID) | [Setting range] 0000h to 0700h | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17250 \\ (4362 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34502 \\ (86 C 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34503 \\ (86 \mathrm{C} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO1 Transmission type | [Setting range] <br> 00h: synchronous (acyclic) <br> 01h to FOh: synchronous <br> (cyclic every SYNC) <br> F1h to FBh: reserved <br> FCh: RTR-only (synchronous) <br> FDh: RTR-only (event-driven) <br> FEh to FFh: event-driven (when the value is changed/ when EVENT-TIME is elapsed) | D | FFh | - | $\begin{gathered} 17251 \\ (4363 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34504 \\ (86 \mathrm{C} 8 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34505 \\ (86 \mathrm{C} 9 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO1 Inhibit time | [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 (1=100 us) | D | 50 | 100 us | $\begin{gathered} 17252 \\ (4364 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34506 \\ (86 C A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34507 \\ (86 \mathrm{CBh}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO1 Event timer | [Setting range] 0 to 65,535 ms | D | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17253 \\ (4365 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34510 \\ \text { (86CEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34511 \\ \text { (86CFh) } \end{gathered}$ | TPDO1 Number of mapped | [Setting range] 0 to 4 | D | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17255 \\ (4367 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34512 \\ \text { (86DOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34513 \\ (86 \mathrm{D} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO1 1st objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 6041 0010h | - | $\begin{gathered} 17256 \\ (4368 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34514 \\ (86 \mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34515 \\ (86 \mathrm{D} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO1 2nd objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17257 \\ (4369 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34516 \\ (86 \mathrm{D} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34517 \\ (86 \mathrm{Dh}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO1 3rd objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17258 \\ (436 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34518 \\ \text { (86D6h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34519 \\ (86 \mathrm{D} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO1 4th objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17259 \\ (436 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34528 \\ \text { (86EOh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34529 \\ (86 \mathrm{E} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO2 COB-ID-Valid | [Setting range] <br> 0 : PDO exists/is valid <br> 1: PDO does not exist/is not valid | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17264 \\ (4370 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 34530 \\ (86 \mathrm{E} 2 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34531 \\ (86 \mathrm{E} 3 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO2 COB-ID-RTR | [Setting range] <br> 0: RTR allowed on this PDO <br> 1: no RTR allowed on this PDO | D | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17265 \\ (4371 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34532 \\ (86 \mathrm{E} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34533 \\ (86 \mathrm{E} 5 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TPDO2 COB-ID-1 } 1 \text { bit } \\ & \text { CAN-ID } \\ & \text { (000: } 280 \mathrm{~h}+\text { Node-ID) } \end{aligned}$ | [Setting range] 0000h to 0700h | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17266 \\ (4372 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34534 \\ (86 \mathrm{E} 6 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34535 \\ (86 \mathrm{E} 7 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO2 Transmission type | [Setting range] <br> 00h: synchronous (acyclic) <br> 01h to FOh: synchronous <br> (cyclic every SYNC) <br> F1h to FBh: reserved <br> FCh: RTR-only (synchronous) <br> FDh: RTR-only (event-driven) <br> FEh to FFh: event-driven <br> (when the value is changed/ <br> when EVENT-TIME is elapsed) | D | FFh | - | $\begin{gathered} 17267 \\ (4373 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34536 \\ (86 E 8 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34537 \\ \text { (86E9h) } \end{gathered}$ | TPDO2 Inhibit time | [Setting range] 0 to 65,535 ( $1=100$ us) | D | 50 | 100 us | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17268 \\ (4374 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34538 \\ \text { (86EAh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34539 \\ (86 \mathrm{EBh}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO2 Event timer | [Setting range] 0 to $65,535 \mathrm{~ms}$ | D | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17269 \\ (4375 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34542 \\ \text { (86EEh) } \end{gathered}$ | $34543$ (86EFh) | TPDO2 Number of mapped | [Setting range] 0 to 4 | D | 2 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17271 \\ (4377 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34544 \\ (86 F 0 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34545 \\ (86 F 1 h) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO2 1st objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 6041 0010h | - | $\begin{gathered} 17272 \\ (4378 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34546 \\ (86 F 2 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34547 \\ (86 F 3 h) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO2 2nd objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 6061 0008h | - | $\begin{gathered} 17273 \\ (4379 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34548 \\ (86 F 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34549 \\ (86 F 5 h) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO2 3rd objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17274 \\ (437 A h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34550 \\ (86 F 6 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34551 \\ (86 F 7 h) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO2 4th objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17275 \\ (437 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34560 \\ (8700 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34561 \\ (8701 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO3 COB-ID-Valid | [Setting range] <br> 0: PDO exists/is valid <br> 1: PDO does not exist/is not valid | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17280 \\ (4380 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34562 \\ (8702 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34563 \\ (8703 h) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO3 COB-ID-RTR | [Setting range] <br> 0: RTR allowed on this PDO <br> 1: no RTR allowed on this PDO | D | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17281 \\ (4381 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34564 \\ (8704 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34565 \\ (8705 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TPDO3 COB-ID-1 } 1 \text { bit } \\ & \text { CAN-ID } \\ & \text { (000: } 380 \mathrm{~h}+\text { Node-ID) } \end{aligned}$ | [Setting range] 0000h to 0700h | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17282 \\ (4382 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34566 \\ (8706 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34567 \\ (8707 h) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO3 Transmission type | [Setting range] <br> 00h: synchronous (acyclic) <br> 01h to FOh: synchronous <br> (cyclic every SYNC) <br> F1h to FBh: reserved <br> FCh: RTR-only (synchronous) <br> FDh: RTR-only (event-driven) <br> FEh to FFh: event-driven <br> (when the value is changed/ <br> when EVENT-TIME is elapsed) | D | 01h | - | $\begin{gathered} 17283 \\ (4383 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34568 \\ (8708 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34569 \\ (8709 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO3 Inhibit time | [Setting range] 0 to 65,535 ( $1=100$ us) | D | 50 | 100 us | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17284 \\ (4384 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34570 \\ (870 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34571 \\ \text { (870Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | TPDO3 Event timer | [Setting range] 0 to $65,535 \mathrm{~ms}$ | D | 0 | ms | $\begin{aligned} & 17285 \\ & (4385 \mathrm{~h}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34574 \\ \text { (870Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34575 \\ \text { (870Fh) } \end{gathered}$ | TPDO3 Number of mapped | [Setting range] 0 to 4 | D | 2 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17287 \\ (4387 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 34576 \\ (8710 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34577 \\ (8711 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO3 1st objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 6041 0010h | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17288 \\ (4388 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34578 \\ (8712 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34579 \\ (8713 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO3 2nd objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 6064 0020h | - | $\begin{gathered} 17289 \\ (4389 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34580 \\ (8714 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34581 \\ (8715 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO3 3rd objects | [Setting range] <br> 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17290 \\ (438 \mathrm{Ah}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34582 \\ (8716 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34583 \\ (8717 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO3 4th objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17291 \\ (438 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34592 \\ (8720 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34593 \\ (8721 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO4 COB-ID-Valid | [Setting range] <br> 0 : PDO exists/is valid <br> 1: PDO does not exist/is not valid | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17296 \\ (4390 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34594 \\ (8722 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34595 \\ (8723 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO4 COB-ID-RTR | [Setting range] <br> 0 : RTR allowed on this PDO <br> 1: no RTR allowed on this PDO | D | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17297 \\ (4391 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34596 \\ (8724 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34597 \\ (8725 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO4 COB-ID-11bit CAN-ID (000: 480h + Node-ID) | [Setting range] 0000h to 0700h | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17298 \\ (4392 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34598 \\ (8726 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34599 \\ (8727 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO4 Transmission type | [Setting range] <br> 00h: synchronous (acyclic) <br> 01h to FOh: synchronous <br> (cyclic every SYNC) <br> F1h to FBh: reserved <br> FCh: RTR-only (synchronous) <br> FDh: RTR-only (event-driven) <br> FEh to FFh: event-driven (when the value is changed/ when EVENT-TIME is elapsed) | D | 01h | - | $\begin{gathered} 17299 \\ (4393 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34600 \\ (8728 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 34601 \\ (8729 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO4 Inhibit time | [Setting range] 0 to 65,535 ( $1=100$ us) | D | 50 | 100 us | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17300 \\ (4394 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34602 \\ (872 A h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34603 \\ \text { (872Bh) } \end{gathered}$ | TPDO4 Event timer | [Setting range] 0 to 65,535 ms | D | 0 | ms | $\begin{gathered} 17301 \\ (4395 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34606 \\ \text { (872Eh) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34607 \\ (872 \mathrm{Fh}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO4 Number of mapped | [Setting range] 0 to 4 | D | 2 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17303 \\ (4397 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34608 \\ \text { (8730h) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34609 \\ (8731 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO4 1st objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 6041 0010h | - | $\begin{gathered} 17304 \\ (4398 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline 34610 \\ (8732 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34611 \\ (8733 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO4 2nd objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 606C 0020h | - | $\begin{gathered} 17305 \\ (4399 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34612 \\ (8734 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34613 \\ (8735 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO4 3rd objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17306 \\ (439 \mathrm{Ah}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34614 \\ (8736 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34615 \\ (8737 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | TPDO4 4th objects | [Setting range] 0000 0000h to 7FFF FFFFh | D | 0 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17307 \\ (439 \mathrm{Bh}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34656 \\ (8760 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34657 \\ (8761 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Shutdown option code | [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable drive function <br> 1: Slow down with slow down ramp | A | 0 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17328 \\ & (43 \mathrm{BOh}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34658 \\ (8762 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34659 \\ (8763 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Disable operation option code | [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable drive function <br> 1: Slow down with slow down ramp | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17329 \\ (43 \mathrm{~B} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34664 \\ (8768 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34665 \\ (8769 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Modes of operation | [Setting range] <br> 0 : non <br> 1: Profile position mode <br> 3: Profile velocity mode <br> 6: Homing mode | A | 3 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17332 \\ (43 \mathrm{~B} 4 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34688 \\ (8780 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34689 \\ (8781 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Max torque | [Setting range] 0 to 10,000 | A | 10,000 | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 17344 \\ (43 \mathrm{COh}) \end{gathered}$ |


| Modbus communication register address |  | Name | Description | Update | Initial setting |  | NET-ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Upper | Lower |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 34704 \\ (8790 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34705 \\ (8791 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Profile velocity | [Setting range] <br> 1 to 4,000,000 | A | 1 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17352 \\ (43 C 8 h) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34708 \\ (8794 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34709 \\ (8795 h) \end{gathered}$ | Profile acceleration | [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 | A | 1,000 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17354 \\ \text { (43CAh) } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34710 \\ (8796 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34711 \\ (8797 h) \end{gathered}$ | Profile deceleration | [Setting range] <br> 1 to 1,000,000,000 | A | 1,000 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 17355 \\ & (43 C B h) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 34720 \\ (87 A 0 h) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34721 \\ (87 \mathrm{~A} 1 \mathrm{~h}) \end{gathered}$ | Homing method | [Setting range] <br> 37: Homing on current position <br> 35: Homing on current position (obsolete) <br> 1: Homing on negative limit switch and index pulse (Dir: -) <br> 2: Homing on positive limit switch and index pulse (Dir: +) <br> 8: Homing on home switch and index pulse (Dir: +) <br> 12: Homing on home switch and index pulse (Dir: -) <br> 17: Homing on negative limit switch without index pulse (Dir: -) <br> 18: Homing on positive limit switch without index pulse (Dir: +) <br> 24: Homing on home switch without index pulse (Dir: +) <br> 28: Homing on home switch without index pulse (Dir: -) <br> -1 : Follow (HOME) Homing mode parameter | A | 37 | - | $\begin{gathered} 17360 \\ \text { (43D0h) } \end{gathered}$ |

## 14 I/O signals assignment list

## 14-1 Input signals

To assign signals via industrial network, use the "assignment numbers" in the table instead of the signal names.

| Assignment number | Signal name |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | FREE |
| 2 | S-ON |
| 3 | CLR |
| 4 | QSTOP |
| 5 | STOP |
| 7 | BREAK-ATSQ |
| 8 | ALM-RST |
| 9 | P-PRESET |
| 10 | EL-PRST |
| 11 | USR-ALM |
| 12 | ETO-CLR |
| 13 | LAT-CLR |
| 14 | INFO-CLR |
| 16 | HMI |
| 18 | TRQ-LMT |
| 19 | SPD-LMT |
| 24 | PLOOP-MODE |
| 25 | ATL-EN |
| 32 | START |
| 33 | SSTART |
| 35 | NEXT |
| 36 | HOME |
| 40 | M0 |
| 41 | M1 |
| 42 | M2 |
| 43 | M3 |
| 44 | M4 |
| 45 | M5 |
| 46 | M6 |
| 47 | M7 |
| 48 | FW-JOG |
| 49 | RV-JOG |
| 50 | FW-JOG-H |
| 51 | RV-JOG-H |


| Assignment number | Signal name |
| :---: | :---: |
| 52 | FW-JOG-P |
| 53 | RV-JOG-P |
| 56 | FW-POS |
| 57 | RV-POS |
| 58 | FW-SPD |
| 59 | RV-SPD |
| 60 | FW-PSH |
| 61 | RV-PSH |
| 64 | USR-LAT-INO |
| 65 | USR-LAT-IN1 |
| 66 | FW-BLK |
| 67 | RV-BLK |
| 68 | FW-LS |
| 69 | RV-LS |
| 70 | HOMES |
| 71 | SLIT |
| 72 | ID-SELO |
| 73 | ID-SEL1 |
| 74 | ID-SEL2 |
| 75 | ID-SEL3 |
| 80 | D-SELO |
| 81 | D-SEL1 |
| 82 | D-SEL2 |
| 83 | D-SEL3 |
| 84 | D-SEL4 |
| 85 | D-SEL5 |
| 86 | D-SEL6 |
| 87 | D-SEL7 |
| 88 | D-SEL8 |
| 89 | D-SEL9 |
| 90 | D-SEL10 |
| 91 | D-SEL11 |
| 92 | D-SEL12 |
| 93 | D-SEL13 |
| 94 | D-SEL14 |


| Assignment number | Signal name |
| :---: | :---: |
| 95 | D-SEL15 |
| 96 | Ro |
| 97 | R1 |
| 98 | R2 |
| 99 | R3 |
| 100 | R4 |
| 101 | R5 |
| 102 | R6 |
| 103 | R7 |
| 104 | R8 |
| 105 | R9 |
| 106 | R10 |
| 107 | R11 |
| 108 | R12 |
| 109 | R13 |
| 110 | R14 |
| 111 | R15 |
| 112 | R16 |
| 113 | R17 |
| 114 | R18 |
| 115 | R19 |
| 116 | R20 |
| 117 | R21 |
| 118 | R22 |
| 119 | R23 |
| 120 | R24 |
| 121 | R25 |
| 122 | R26 |
| 123 | R27 |
| 124 | R28 |
| 125 | R29 |
| 126 | R30 |
| 127 | R31 |

## 14-2 Output signals

To assign signals via industrial network, use the "assignment numbers" in the table instead of the signal names.

| Assignment number | Signal name | Assignment number | Signal name | Assignment number | Signal name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | FREE_R | 66 | FW-BLK_R | 114 | R18_R |
| 2 | S-ON_R | 67 | RV-BLK_R | 115 | R19_R |
| 3 | CLR_R | 68 | FW-LS_R | 116 | R20_R |
| 4 | QSTOP_R | 69 | RV-LS_R | 117 | R21_R |
| 5 | STOP_R | 70 | HOMES_R | 118 | R22_R |
| 7 | BREAK-ATSQ_R | 71 | SLIT_R | 119 | R23_R |
| 8 | ALM-RST_R | 72 | ID-SELO_R | 120 | R24_R |
| 9 | P-PRESET_R | 73 | ID-SEL1_R | 121 | R25_R |
| 10 | EL-PRST_R | 74 | ID-SEL2_R | 122 | R26_R |
| 11 | USR-ALM_R | 75 | ID-SEL3_R | 123 | R27_R |
| 12 | ETO-CLR_R | 80 | D-SELO_R | 124 | R28_R |
| 13 | LAT-CLR_R | 81 | D-SEL1_R | 125 | R29_R |
| 14 | INFO-CLR_R | 82 | D-SEL2_R | 126 | R30_R |
| 16 | HMI_R | 83 | D-SEL3_R | 127 | R31_R |
| 18 | TRQ-LMT_R | 84 | D-SEL4_R | 128 | CONST-OFF |
| 19 | SPD-LMT_R | 85 | D-SEL5_R | 129 | ALM-A |
| 24 | PLOOP-MODE_R | 86 | D-SEL6_R | 130 | ALM-B |
| 25 | ATL-EN_R | 87 | D-SEL7_R | 131 | SYS-RDY |
| 32 | START_R | 88 | D-SEL8_R | 133 | SON-MON |
| 33 | SSTART_R | 89 | D-SEL9_R | 134 | MOVE |
| 35 | NEXT_R | 90 | D-SEL10_R | 135 | INFO |
| 36 | HOME_R | 91 | D-SEL11_R | 136 | SYS-BSY |
| 40 | M0_R | 92 | D-SEL12_R | 137 | ETO-MON |
| 41 | M1_R | 93 | D-SEL13_R | 138 | IN-POS |
| 42 | M2_R | 94 | D-SEL14_R | 140 | TLC |
| 43 | M3_R | 95 | D-SEL15_R | 141 | VA |
| 44 | M4_R | 96 | Ro_R | 142 | ZV |
| 45 | M5_R | 97 | R1_R | 145 | RDY-HOME-OPE |
| 46 | M6_R | 98 | R2_R | 146 | RDY-FWRV-OPE |
| 47 | M7_R | 99 | R3_R | 147 | RDY-SD-OPE |
| 48 | FW-JOG_R | 100 | R4_R | 148 | RDY-DD-OPE |
| 49 | RV-JOG_R | 101 | R5_R | 149 | RDY-DPROF-OPE |
| 50 | FW-JOG-H_R | 102 | R6_R | 152 | OPE-BSY |
| 51 | RV-JOG-H_R | 103 | R7_R | 154 | SEQ-BSY |
| 52 | FW-JOG-P_R | 104 | R8_R | 155 | DELAY-BSY |
| 53 | RV-JOG-P_R | 105 | R9_R | 159 | DDBUF-FULL |
| 56 | FW-POS_R | 106 | R10_R | 160 | AREAO |
| 57 | RV-POS_R | 107 | R11_R | 162 | AREA2 |
| 58 | FW-SPD_R | 108 | R12_R | 163 | AREA3 |
| 59 | RV-SPD_R | 109 | R13_R | 164 | AREA4 |
| 60 | FW-PSH_R | 110 | R14_R | 165 | AREA5 |
| 61 | RV-PSH_R | 111 | R15_R | 166 | AREA6 |
| 64 | USR-LAT-INO_R | 112 | R16_R | 167 | AREA7 |
| 65 | USR-LAT-IN1_R | 113 | R17_R | 168 | WRAP-OVF |


| Assignment number | Signal name |
| :---: | :---: |
| 169 | FW-SLS |
| 170 | RV-SLS |
| 171 | ZSG-N |
| 172 | WRAP-ZERO |
| 175 | MAREA |
| 176 | HOME-END |
| 177 | ABSPEN |
| 178 | ELPRST-MON |
| 184 | USR-LATO |
| 185 | USR-LAT1 |
| 186 | JUMPO-LAT |
| 187 | JUMP1-LAT |
| 188 | JUMP2-LAT |
| 189 | NEXT-LAT |
| 190 | STOP-LAT |
| 192 | PLOOP-MON |
| 193 | SLIP |
| 194 | ATL-MON |
| 199 | M-CHG |
| 200 | M-ACTO |
| 201 | M-ACT1 |
| 202 | M-ACT2 |
| 203 | M-ACT3 |
| 204 | M-ACT4 |
| 205 | M-ACT5 |
| 206 | M-ACT6 |
| 207 | M-ACT7 |
| 208 | D-END0 |
| 209 | D-END1 |
| 210 | D-END2 |
| 211 | D-END3 |
| 212 | D-END4 |
| 213 | D-END5 |
| 214 | D-END6 |
| 215 | D-END7 |
| 216 | D-END8 |
| 217 | D-END9 |
| 218 | D-END10 |
| 219 | D-END11 |
| 220 | D-END12 |


| Assignment number | Signal name |
| :---: | :---: |
| 221 | D-END13 |
| 222 | D-END14 |
| 223 | D-END15 |
| 224 | TRQ-LMTD |
| 225 | SPD-LMTD |
| 228 | OL-DTCT |
| 232 | USR-OUT0 |
| 233 | USR-OUT1 |
| 234 | USR-OUT2 |
| 235 | USR-OUT3 |
| 236 | USR-OUT4 |
| 237 | USR-OUT5 |
| 238 | USR-OUT6 |
| 239 | USR-OUT7 |
| 240 | MAIN-PWR |
| 241 | COMM-PWR |
| 244 | MBC |
| 252 | EDM-MON |
| 253 | HWTOIN-MON |
| 256 | INFO-USRIO-G |
| 257 | INFO-START-G |
| 258 | INFO-485-G |
| 262 | INFO-MNT-G |
| 263 | INFO-SET-G |
| 264 | INFO-DRVTMP |
| 265 | INFO-MTRTMP |
| 266 | INFO-LOAD |
| 267 | INFO-TRQ |
| 268 | INFO-WATT |
| 272 | INFO-VOLT-H |
| 273 | INFO-VOLT-L |
| 283 | INFO-PRESET |
| 284 | INFO-DSLMTD |
| 285 | INFO-IOTEST |
| 286 | INFO-CONFIG |
| 287 | INFO-REBOOT |
| 288 | INFO-USRIOO |
| 289 | INFO-USRIO1 |
| 290 | INFO-USRIO2 |
| 291 | INFO-USRIO3 |


| Assignment number | Signal name |
| :---: | :---: |
| 292 | INFO-USRIO4 |
| 293 | INFO-USRIO5 |
| 294 | INFO-USRIO6 |
| 295 | INFO-USRIO7 |
| 296 | INFO-POS-ERR |
| 300 | INFO-SPD-H |
| 301 | INFO-SPD-L |
| 302 | INFO-SPD-ERR |
| 304 | INFO-TLC-TIME |
| 306 | INFO-CULD0 |
| 307 | INFO-CULD1 |
| 311 | INFO-STLTIME |
| 320 | INFO-WH-BOOT |
| 321 | INFO-WH-USR |
| 322 | INFO-WH-TOTAL |
| 326 | INFO-MP-FWCRNT |
| 327 | INFO-MP-RVCRNT |
| 328 | INFO-TRIPO |
| 329 | INFO-TRIP1 |
| 330 | INFO-ODO |
| 332 | INFO-CPU-LOAD |
| 333 | INFO-PTIME |
| 334 | INFO-PCOUNT |
| 336 | INFO-485-ERR |
| 337 | INFO-485-PRCST |
| 338 | INFO-485-INTVL |
| 344 | INFO-CAN-WNG |
| 353 | INFO-START-HOME |
| 354 | INFO-START-FWRV |
| 355 | INFO-START-SD |
| 356 | INFO-START-DD |
| 357 | INFO-START-DP |
| 359 | INFO-IODRV-DIS |
| 360 | INFO-FW-OT |
| 361 | INFO-RV-OT |
| 368 | INFO-UNIT-E |
| 369 | INFO-SOFTLMT-E |
| 376 | INFO-CPU-FAULT |
| 377 | INFO-OC-FAULT |
| 378 | INFO-ENC-FAULT |

## $7 \quad$ Alarms and Information

This part explains alarm and information functions. It also describes functions useful for maintenance of equipment.

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## 1 Alarms

This driver has the alarm function to protect from temperature rise, poor connection, error in operation, and others. If an alarm is generated, the ALM-A output is turned ON and the ALM-B output is turned OFF to stop the motor. At the same time, the PWR/SYS LED blinks in red.
The present alarm can be checked by counting the number of times the LED blinks, using the support software, or via communication.

## 1-1 Alarm reset

Before resetting an alarm, always remove the cause of the alarm and ensure safety, and perform one of the reset operations specified below.
(Timing chart $\Rightarrow$ p.444)

- Turn the ALM-RST input ON. (The alarm will be reset at the ON edge of the input.)
- Execute the alarm reset via communication.
- Execute the alarm reset using the support software.
- Turn off the power supply and on it again.

Note Some alarms cannot be reset with the ALM-RST input, the support software, or communication. Check with "1-4 Alarms list" on p.432. To reset these alarms, turn off the power supply and turn on it again.

## 1-2 Alarm history

Up to 16 generated alarm items are stored in the non-volatile memory in order of the latest to oldest. The alarm history stored in the non-volatile memory can be read or cleared if one of the following is performed.

- Read the alarm history with the monitor command via communication.
- Clear the alarm history with the maintenance command via communication.
- Read and clear the alarm history using the support software.


## 1-3 Generation conditions of alarms

In the case of alarms shown in the table, an alarm will be generated if the generation condition is exceeded.

| Alarm code | Alarm name | Generation condition |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 200 W or less | 400 W |
| 10 h | Position deviation $(\mathrm{rev})$ | 300 |  |
| 21 h | Main circuit overheat $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | 85 |  |
| 22 h | Overvoltage $(\mathrm{V})$ | 63 |  |
| 25 h | Undervoltage $(\mathrm{V})$ | 14 | 29 |
| 26 h | Motor overheat $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | 95 |  |
| 31 h | Overspeed | Figure below |  |

## - Overspeed alarm

The condition in which the overspeed alarm is generated varies depending on the motor excitation state and the main power supply input voltage.

- 60 W type motor

- 100 W type motor

- 200 W type motor

- 400 W type motor

-     - . Non-excitation


## Overvoltage alarm

Setting the following parameters can change the condition in which the overvoltage alarm is generated.
Set according to the equipment used.

- Overvoltage alarm (user setting)
- Overvoltage alarm (main power supply voltage differential conditions)

* It is the main power supply voltage when the main power supply is supplied to the driver.
memo - If a value exceeding 63 V is set, the overvoltage alarm is generated at 63 V .
- When both the overvoltage alarm (user setting) and the overvoltage alarm (main power supply voltage differential conditions) are set, the overvoltage alarm is generated at the lower voltage.


## 1-4 Alarms list

| Alarm code | Number of LED blinks | Alarm type | Cause | Remedial action | Reset by the ALM-RST input | Motor excitation *1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10h | 7 | Position deviation | - When the motor was in an excitation state, the deviation between the demand position and the actual position exceeded the value set in the "Position deviation alarm" parameter in the motor shaft. <br> - A load is large or the acceleration/deceleration time is too short against the load. <br> - The operating range of positioning push-motion SD operation was exceeded. | - Decrease the load. <br> - Set the acceleration/ deceleration time longer. <br> - Reconsider the torque limiting value. | Possible | Nonexcitation after deceleration |
| 20h | 9 | Overcurrent | The motor, the cable, and the driver output circuit were short-circuited. | Turn off the power supply, and check the motor, cable, and driver are not damaged before turning on the power again. If the alarm has still not reset, the motor, cable, or driver may be damaged. Contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office. | Not possible | Nonexcitation |
| 21h | 7 | Main circuit overheat | The internal temperature of the driver reached the upper limit of the specification value. | Re-examine the ventilation condition. | Possible | Nonexcitation after deceleration |
| 22h | 5 | Overvoltage | - The main power supply voltage exceeded the permissible value. <br> - A large load inertia was suddenly stopped. <br> - Vertical operation (elevating operation) was performed. <br> - The value set in the "Overvoltage alarm (user setting)" parameter was exceeded. <br> - The value set in the "Overvoltage alarm (main power supply voltage differential conditions)" parameter was exceeded. | - Check the input voltage of the main power supply. <br> - Decrease the load. <br> - Set the acceleration/ deceleration time longer. <br> - Check the value set in the "Overvoltage alarm (user setting)" parameter. <br> - Check the value set in the "Overvoltage alarm (main power supply voltage differential conditions)" parameter. | Possible | Nonexcitation |
| 25h | 5 | Undervoltage | The main power supply was shut off momentarily or the voltage became low. | Check the input voltage of the main power supply. | Possible | Nonexcitation after deceleration |
| 26h | 7 | Motor overheat | The detection temperature of the motor reached the upper limit of the specification value. | - Check the heat radiation condition of the motor. <br> - Reconsider the ventilation condition. | Possible | Nonexcitation after deceleration |


| Alarm code | Number of LED blinks | Alarm type | Cause | Remedial action | Reset by the ALM-RST input | Motor excitation *1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28h | 2 | Encoder error | An error of the encoder was detected during operation. | Turn off the power supply, and check the connection of the encoder before turning on the power again. | Not possible | Nonexcitation |
| 29h | 9 | Internal circuit error | The CPU peripheral circuit is damaged. | Contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office. | Not possible | Nonexcitation |
| 2Ah | 2 | Encoder communication error | An error occurred in communication between the driver and the encoder. | Turn off the power supply, and check the connection of the encoder before turning on the power again. | Not possible | Nonexcitation |
| 2Dh | 2 | Motor connection error *2 | The motor and the driver are not connected properly. | Turn off the power supply, and check the connection between the motor and the driver before turning on the power supply again. | Not possible | Nonexcitation |
| 30h | 7 | Overload | A load exceeding the rated torque was applied for more than the specified time. Refer to p .442 for the specified time. | - Decrease the load. <br> - Reconsider operating conditions such as the acceleration time and deceleration time. <br> - If the alarm is generated at a low temperature, warm up. <br> - Check if the motor power line is disconnected. | Possible | Nonexcitation after deceleration |
| 31h | 7 | Overspeed | The actual velocity of the motor shaft exceeded the specification value. | - Decrease the load. <br> - Reconsider operating conditions such as the acceleration time and deceleration time. | Possible | Nonexcitation |
| 41h | 9 | EEPROM error | The data stored in the driver was damaged. | Initialize all parameters, and then turn on the main power supply again. If the alarm has still not reset, the driver may be damaged. Contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office. | Not possible | Nonexcitation |
| 42h | 2 | Initial encoder error | An error of the encoder was detected when the main power supply was turned on. | Turn off the power supply, and check the connection of the encoder before turning on the power again. | Not possible | Nonexcitation |
| 44h | 9 | Encoder <br> EEPROM error | The data stored in the encoder was damaged. | Turn off the power supply, and check the motor, cable, and driver are not damaged before turning on the power again. If the alarm has still not reset, the motor may be damaged. Contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office. | Not possible | Nonexcitation |
| 45h | 2 | Motor combination error | A motor not allowed to combine with the driver was connected. | Check the motor model name and driver model name, and connect them in the correct combination. | Not possible | Nonexcitation |


| Alarm code | Number of LED blinks | Alarm type | Cause | Remedial action | Reset by the ALM-RST input | Motor excitation *1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4Ah | 7 | Homing incomplete | Absolute positioning operation was started in a state where the coordinates had not been set. | Execute the position preset or homing operation. | Possible | Excitation |
| 50h | 9 | Electromagnetic brake overcurrent | The motor, the cable, and the driver output circuit were short-circuited. | Turn off the power supply, and check the motor, cable, and driver are not damaged before turning on the power again. If the alarm has still not reset, the motor, cable, or driver may be damaged. Contact your nearest Oriental Motor sales office. | Not possible | Nonexcitation |
| 53h | 3 | HWTO input circuit error | - The allowable time from when one of the HWTO input is turned OFF until when the other is turned OFF exceeded the value set in the "HWTO delay time of checking dual system" parameter. <br> - An error of the circuit corresponding to the phenomenon above was detected. | - Check the wiring of the HWTO input. <br> - Increase the value set in the "HWTO delay time of checking dual system" parameter. | Not possible | Nonexcitation |
| 55h | 2 | Electromagnetic brake connection error | The electromagnetic brake is not connected properly. | Turn off the power supply, and check the connection of the electromagnetic brake before turning on the power again. | Not possible | Nonexcitation |
| 60h | 3 | $\pm L S$ both sides active | Both the FW-LS input and the RV-LS input were detected. | Check the sensor logic installed and the "Inverting mode" parameter. | Possible | Excitation |
| 61h | 3 | Reverse $\pm$ LS connection | The LS input opposite to the operating direction was detected while homing operation in 2-sensor mode or 3-sensor mode was performed. | Check the wiring of the sensor. | Possible | Excitation |


| Alarm code | Number of LED blinks | Alarm type | Cause | Remedial action | Reset by the ALM-RST input | Motor excitation *1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 62h | 4 | Homing operation error | - An unanticipated load was applied while homing operation was performed. <br> -The installation positions of the FW-LS and RV-LS sensors and the HOME sensor are near to each other. <br> - Homing operation was executed in a state where both the FW-LS input and the RV-LS input were detected. <br> - Position preset processing upon completion of homing operation was failed. <br> - In homing operation in oneway rotation mode, the HOME sensor was exceeded while the motor decelerated to a stop. | - Check the load. <br> - Reconsider the sensor installation positions and the starting direction of motor operation. <br> - Check the sensor logic installed and the "Inverting mode" parameter. <br> - See that a load exceeding the maximum torque is not applied upon completion of homing operation. <br> - Reconsider the specification of the HOME sensor and the "(HOME) Acceleration/deceleration" parameter. | Possible | Excitation |
| 63h | 4 | No HOMES | The HOMES input was not detected at a position between the FW-LS input and the RV-LS input while homing operation in 3-sensor mode was performed. | Install the HOME sensor at a position between the FW-LS and RV-LS sensors. | Possible | Excitation |
| 64h | 4 | Z, SLIT signal error | The ZSG output and the SLIT input could not be detected during homing operation. | - Reconsider the connection status of the load and the position of the HOME sensor so that these signals should be ON while the HOMES input is ON. <br> - When a signal is not used, set the "(HOME) ZSG signal detection" parameter or the "(HOME) SLIT detection" parameter to "Disable." | Possible | Excitation |
| 66h | 4 | Hardware overtravel | When the "FW-LS/RV-LS input action" parameter is set to "Immediate stop with alarm," "Deceleration stop with alarm," "Follow QSTOP setting with alarm," or "Follow STOP setting with alarm," the FW-LS input or the RV-LS input was detected. | Reset the alarm and then escape from the sensor by operating the motor or manually. | Possible | Excitation |
| 67h | 6 | Software overtravel | When the "Software overtravel" parameter is set to "Immediate stop with alarm," "Deceleration stop with alarm," "Follow QSTOP setting with alarm," or "Follow STOP setting with alarm," the demand position reached the software limit. | - Reconsider the operation data. <br> - Reset the alarm and then escape from the sensor by operating the motor or manually. | Possible | Excitation |


|  | Alarm code | Number of LED blinks | Alarm type | Cause | Remedial action | Reset by the ALM-RST input | Motor excitation *1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 68h | 1 | HWTO input detection | When the "Occur alarm at HWTO input OFF" parameter is set to "Enable," the HWTO1 input or the HWTO2 input was turned OFF. | Turn both the HWTO1 and HWTO2 inputs ON. | Possible | Nonexcitation |
|  | 6Ah | 6 | Homing additional operation error | The FW-LS input or the RV-LS input was detected while homing additional operation was performed. | Check the value set in the "(HOME) Travel amount of additional operation after homing" parameter. | Possible | Excitation |
|  | 6Eh | 1 | User alarm *2 | The USR-ALM input is turned on. | Turn the USR-ALM input OFF. | Possible | Nonexcitation after deceleration *3 |
|  | 70h | 6 | Operation data error | - The motor was operated with the travel amount exceeding the specification value. <br> - The motor was operated with the torque limiting value exceeding the specification value. <br> - When the "WRAP setting" parameter is set to "32-bit range," operation using the WRAP function was executed. | Check the operation data. (Sub code of operation data error $\Rightarrow$ p.440) | Possible | Excitation |
| $\begin{aligned} & V \\ & \geq 2 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \\ & 3 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 71h | 6 | Unit setting error | - The control resolution exceeding the specification value was set. <br> - The velocity unit exceeding the specification value was set. | - Reconsider the setting of the user-defined position unit. <br> - Reconsider the setting of the user-defined velocity unit. | Not possible | Nonexcitation |
|  | 81h | 8 | Network bus error | - A CANopen error occurred. <br> - When the "Communication power supply lost action" parameter is set to "Immediate stop with alarm," "Deceleration stop with alarm," "Follow QSTOP setting with alarm", or "Follow STOP setting with alarm," OFF (OFF edge) of the power supply for communication was detected. | - Check for an appropriate error in CANopen. <br> - Check if the power supply for communication is supplied properly. (Sub code of network bus error $\Rightarrow$ p.440) | Possible | Excitation |
|  | 84h | 8 | RS-485 <br> communication error | The number of consecutive Modbus communication errors reached the value set in the "Communication error detection (Modbus)" parameter. | - Check the connection between the driver and the host controller. <br> - Check the setting of RS-485 communication. <br> - Check if the power supply for communication is supplied properly. | Possible | Excitation |


| Alarm code | Number of LED blinks | Alarm type | Cause | Remedial action | Reset by the ALM-RST input | Motor excitation *1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 85h | 8 | RS-485 communication timeout | - The time set in the "Communication timeout (Modbus)" parameter has elapsed, and yet the communication could not be established with the host controller. <br> - The direct data operation lifetime was activated. *2 | - Check the connection between the driver and the host controller. <br> - Check if the power supply for communication is supplied properly. | Possible | Excitation |
| 8Ch | 8 | Out of setting range | A parameter out of specification was detected in the CAN parameter when the power supply was turned on or communication was reset. | Set the parameter value in the range of the specification. (Sub code of out of setting range $\Rightarrow$ p.441) | Not possible | Nonexcitation |
| FOh | Lighting | CPU error | CPU malfunctioned. | Turn on the power again. | Not possible | Nonexcitation |
| F3h | 6 | CPU overload | A load of CPU was exceeded the permissible value. | - Reconsider the extended function used. <br> - Reconsider the number of registrations of PDO. | Not possible | Nonexcitation |

*1 An excitation state of the motor when an alarm is generated is as follows.
Non-excitation: If an alarm is generated, the motor current is cut off and the motor holding force is lost.
When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake automatically actuates to hold the motor shaft.
Non-excitation after deceleration: If an alarm is generated, the motor will decelerates to a stop.
After decelerating to a stop, the motor current is cut off and the motor holding force is lost. When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the electromagnetic brake automatically actuates to hold the motor shaft.
Excitation: If an alarm is generated, the motor will decelerates to a stop.
After decelerating to a stop, the motor current is not shut off and the motor excitation state is continued.
*2 It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.
*3 This is the initial setting. The excitation state after the motor stops can be set with the "User alarm action" parameter.
Note If a 400 W motor or a geared motor is connected to a driver older than the version 3.00, an alarm of "Motor combination error" will be generated.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Position deviation alarm (user setting) | Sets the condition in which the position deviation alarm is generated. * <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 10,000,000 (User-defined position unit) | 108,000 | step |
| Stopping method at alarm generation | Sets how to stop the motor when an alarm which motor excitation state is "Excitation" or "Non-excitation after deceleration" is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Immediate Stop <br> 1: Deceleration stop <br> (according to the operation profile during operation) <br> 2: Follow QSTOP setting (the excitation state is according to the alarm specifications) | 2 | - |
| Stopping timeout at alarm generation | Sets the time-out period from when the alarm of "Nonexcitation after deceleration" is generated until the excitation is turned off. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $10,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 3,000 | ms |
| Overvoltage alarm (user setting) | Sets the condition in which the overvoltage alarm is generated. * <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to 720 ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | 0 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Overvoltage alarm (main power supply voltage differential conditions) | Sets the condition in which the overvoltage alarm is generated. * <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to 450 ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | 0 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| User alarm action *2 | Sets whether or not to excite the motor after stop when the user alarm is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Non-excitation after deceleration <br> 1: Excitation | 0 | - |

*1 If a value larger than the "Generation conditions of alarms" of page 429 is set, an alarm is generated base on the "Generation conditions of alarms."
*2 It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.

## Items that can be checked in the alarm history

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Code | This is an alarm code. |
| Alarm message | This is the description of the alarm. |
| Sub code | This is our code for checking. However, when the operation data error (alarm code 70h) or the <br> network bus error (alarm code 81h) occurs, the cause of the alarm can be checked by a customer <br> if the sub code is used. (Refer to the next section.) |
| Driver temperature | This is the driver temperature when an alarm is generated. |
| Motor temperature | This is the motor temperature when an alarm is generated. |
| Inverter voltage | This is the inverter voltage when an alarm was generated. |
| Main power supply voltage | This is the main power supply voltage when an alarm was generated. |
| Main power supply current | This is the main power supply current when an alarm is generated. |
| Physical I/O input | Indicates the input status of the direct I/O when an alarm was generated in hexadecimal. |
| R-I/O input | Indicates the input status of the remote I/O when an alarm was generated in hexadecimal. |
| R-I/O output | Indicates the output status of the remote l/O when an alarm was generated in hexadecimal. |
| Continuous uptime | This is the time period from when the main power supply was turned on until an alarm was |
| generated. |  |
| Continuous operating time | This is the elapsed time from when operation was started until an alarm was generated. |
| Total operating time | This is the total (cumulative) operating time since the main power supply was turned on first |
| (within continuous uptime) | time until an alarm was generated. |
| Total uptime | This is the total (cumulative) uptime since the main power supply was turned on first time until |
| an alarm was generated. |  |

memo If an alarm is generated immediately after the main power is turned on, the detected information such as temperature may be indefinite.

- Sub code of operation data error (alarm code 70h)

| bit | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rsv.[8] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | DriveType [8] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | MSB LSB |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



| bit | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 24 to 31 | Rsv. | This is a reserved function. The value is indefinite. |
| 16 to 23 | DriveType | Indicates the operation type when an alarm was generated. |
| 15 | MaxVal | Operation was executed with the operation profile exceeding the specification value. |
| 14 | Push | The torque limiting value was exceeded the specification value when push-motion <br> operation was executed. |
| 13 | Wrap | When the "WRAP setting" parameter is set to "32-bit range," operation using the <br> WRAP function was executed. |
| 12 | LOfs | The offset value of the loop was exceeded the specification value. |
| 11 | SLim | Positioning operation that the target position exceeded the software limit was <br> executed. |
| 7 to 10 | Rsv. | This is a reserved function. The value is indefinite. |
| 6 | Vs | Operation was executed at the starting velocity exceeding the specification value. |
| 5 | Trq | Operation was executed with the torque limiting value exceeding the specification <br> value. |
| 4 | Dec | Operation was executed with the deceleration rate exceeding the specification value. |
| 3 | Acc | Operation was executed with the acceleration rate exceeding the specification value. |
| 2 | Vel | Operation was executed at the operating velocity exceeding the specification value. |
| 1 | Pos | Operation was executed with the positioning travel amount exceeding the <br> specification value. |
| 0 | Type | Operation was executed with the operation type out of the specification. |

- Sub code of network bus error (alarm code 81 h )

| bit | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rsv.[16] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MSB LSB |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bit | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|  | Error [16] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| bit | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 to 31 | Rsv. | This is a reserved function. The value is indefinite. |
| 0 to 15 | Error | Indicates the description of the error. 0000h: Communication power loss 0002h: Abort connection <br> 8110h: CAN overrun <br> 8120h: Passive error mode <br> 8130h: Node guarding error <br> 8140h: Recovery from bus off <br> 8210h: PDO length error |

- Sub code of out of setting range (alarm code 8Ch)


| bit | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 16 to 31 | Index | Indicates the Index of the CANopen Object that was out of range. |
| 8 to 15 | Sub | Indicates the Sub-index of the CANopen Object that was out of range. |
| 0 to 7 | Rsv. | This is a reserved function. The value is indefinite. |

## ■ Characteristics of overload alarm

The time when the overload alarm is detected varies according to the load factor of the motor. Refer to p .477 for a load factor.

- 60 W type motor

Overload detection time (reference)

Load factor \begin{tabular}{c|c}

\hline | Overload detection |
| :---: |
| time |
| (reference) | <br>

\hline $100 \%$ \& Not detected <br>
\hline $117 \%$ \& About 53 seconds <br>
\hline $140 \%$ \& About 16 seconds <br>
\hline $160 \%$ \& About 10 seconds <br>
\hline $180 \%$ \& About 7 seconds <br>
\hline $200 \%$ \& About 5 seconds <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}



- 100 W type motor

Overload detection time (reference)

| Load factor | Overload detection <br> time <br> (reference) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $100 \%$ | Not detected |
| $121 \%$ | About 57 seconds |
| $140 \%$ | About 18 seconds |
| $160 \%$ | About 11 seconds |
| $180 \%$ | About 8 seconds |
| $200 \%$ | About 6 seconds |



- 200 W type motor

Overload detection time (reference)

| Load factor | Overload detection <br> time <br> (reference) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $100 \%$ | Not detected |
| $111 \%$ | About 11 seconds |
| $130 \%$ | About 3.5 seconds |
| $150 \%$ | About 2.1 seconds |
| $170 \%$ | About 1.5 seconds |
| $200 \%$ | About 1.0 seconds |



- 400 W type motor

Overload detection time (reference)

| Load factor | Overload detection <br> time <br> (reference) |
| :---: | :---: |
| $100 \%$ | Not detected |
| $108 \%$ | About 12 seconds |
| $130 \%$ | About 3.2 seconds |
| $150 \%$ | About 2.0 seconds |
| $170 \%$ | About 1.4 seconds |
| $200 \%$ | About 0.9 seconds |



## 1-5 Timing chart

## When an alarm which motor excitation state is "Excitation" is generated.

1. If an error occurs, the ALM-B output and the RDY-DD-OPE output are turned OFF. At the same time, the motor stops according to the value set in the "Stopping method alarm generation" parameter.
Some alarms will stop the motor according to the "FW-LS/RV-LS input action" parameter, "Software overtravel action" parameter, or "Communication power supply lost action" parameter.
2. Remove the cause of the alarm and then turn the ALM-RST input ON.

The alarm is reset, and the ALM-B output and the RDY-DD-OPE output are turned ON.
3. Check the ALM-B output has been turned ON and then turn the ALM-RST input OFF.



[^25]*2 It is when the MOVE input is being OFF.

## When an alarm which motor excitation state is "Non-excitation" is generated.

1. If an error occurs, the ALM-B output, the MOVE output, and the RDY-DD-OPE output are turned OFF. At the same time, the motor puts into a non-excitation state.
2. Remove the cause of the alarm and then turn the ALM-RST input ON.

The alarm is reset, and the ALM-B output and the RDY-DD-OPE output are turned ON.
3. Check the ALM-B output has been turned ON and then turn the ALM-RST input OFF.


## When an alarm which motor excitation state is "Non-excitation after deceleration" is generated.

1. If an error occurs, the ALM-B output and the RDY-DD-OPE output are turned OFF.

At the same time, the motor stops according to the value set in the "Stopping method alarm generation" parameter.
2. When the motor stops, it puts into a non-excitation state.
3. Remove the cause of the alarm and then turn the ALM-RST input ON.

The alarm is reset, and the ALM-B output and the RDY-DD-OPE output are turned ON.
4. Check the ALM-B output has been turned ON and then turn the ALM-RST input OFF.


*1 It varies depending on the driving condition.
*2 It varies depending on the driving condition.
When a value set in the "Stopping timeout at alarm generation" parameter is exceeded, the motor puts into a non-excitation state even if it is not stopped.
*3 It varies depending on the driving condition or the value set in the "Stopping timeout at alarm generation" parameter.

## 2 Information

The driver is equipped with a function to generate information output before an alarm is generated.
If information is generated, a bit output of the corresponding information is turned ON.
At the same time, the PWR/SYS LED blinks in blue.
This function can be utilized for periodic maintenance of equipment by setting a suitable value in the parameter of each information.
For example, utilizing the "Motor temperature information" parameter can prevent equipment malfunction or production stoppage due to motor overheat.
memo The motor continues to operate during information unlike in the case of an alarm.

## 2-1 Information output

There are three types of information outputs as shown below.

- Information bit output

If information is generated, a bit output (INFO-** output) of the corresponding information is turned ON.

- Information group output

If any of bit outputs of information in the group is turned ON, an information group output (INFO-**-G output) is turned ON.
When all bit outputs of information in the group are turned OFF, the group output is turned OFF.

## - Information output (INFO output)

If any of bit outputs of information is turned ON, the INFO output is turned ON.
When all bit outputs of information are turned OFF, the INFO output is turned OFF.

## Example: When the "Total uptime" information was generated

- INFO output = ON
- INFO-MNT-G output = ON
- INFO-PTIME output = ON

Relationship for each information output

| Information output | Group output signal |  | Bit output signal |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Description | Name | Description | Name |
| INFO | Assigned I/O status | INFO-USRIO-G | Assigned I/O status 0 | INFO-USRIOO |
|  |  |  | Assigned I/O status 1 | INFO-USRIO1 |
|  |  |  | Assigned I/O status 2 | INFO-USRIO2 |
|  |  |  | Assigned I/O status 3 | INFO-USRIO3 |
|  |  |  | Assigned I/O status 4 | INFO-USRIO4 |
|  |  |  | Assigned I/O status 5 | INFO-USRIO5 |
|  |  |  | Assigned I/O status 6 | INFO-USRIO6 |
|  |  |  | Assigned I/O status 7 | INFO-USRIO7 |
|  | Start operation | INFO-START-G | Start homing operation error | INFO-START-HOME |
|  |  |  | Start FW/RV operation error | INFO-START-FWRV |
|  |  |  | Start stored data operation error | INFO-START-SD |
|  |  |  | Start direct data operation error | INFO-START-DD |
|  |  |  | Start drive profile error | INFO-START-DP |
|  |  |  | I/O operation disabled | INFO-IODRV-DIS |



## 2-2 Clearing information

How to clear the information can be set with the "Information auto clear" parameter.

- When the "Information auto clear" parameter is set to "1: Enable" (factory setting)

The generated information will automatically be cleared if the condition to clear information is satisfied.

- When the "Information auto clear" parameter is set to " 0 : Disable"

Even if the condition to clear information is satisfied, the information is kept generated. The information can be cleared if one of the following is performed in a state where the condition to clear information is satisfied.

- Execute the Clear information with the maintenance command via communication.
- Execute the Clear information on the information monitor of the support software.
- Turn the INFO-CLR input ON.
- Turn on the main power supply again.
- Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| Information auto <br> clear | When the condition to clear the information is satisfied, a bit output <br> of the corresponding information is automatically turned OFF. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable |  |  |

## 2-3 Information history

Up to 16 generated information items are stored in RAM in order of the latest to oldest. Information items stored as the information history are the information status and generation time.
The information history stored can be read or cleared when one of the following is performed.

- Read the information history with the monitor command via communication.
- Clear the information history with the maintenance command via communication.
- Read or clear the information history using the support software.


## Note

Information history is stored in RAM, so they are cleared when the main power supply of the driver is turned off.

2-4 Information list

| Information item | Information bit output signal | Cause | Reset condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Driver temperature | INFO-DRVTMP | The internal temperature of the driver increased to the value set in the "Driver temperature information" parameter or higher. | The internal temperature of the driver fell below the value set in the "Driver temperature information" parameter. |
| Motor temperature | INFO-MTRTMP | The detection temperature of the encoder increased to the value set in the "Motor temperature information" parameter or higher. | The detection temperature of the encoder fell below the value set in the "Motor temperature information" parameter. |
| Load factor | INFO-LOAD | The load factor of the motor increased to the value set in the "Load factor information" parameter or more. | The load factor of the motor fell below the value set in the "Load factor information" parameter. |
| Torque | INFO-TRQ | The detection torque of the motor increased to the value set in the "Torque information" parameter or more. | The detection torque of the motor fell below the value set in the "Torque information" parameter. |
| Power consumption | INFO-WATT | The power consumption increased to the value set in the "Power consumption information" parameter or more. | The power consumption fell below the value set in the "Power consumption information" parameter. |
| Upper voltage | INFO-VOLT-H | The inverter voltage increased to the value set in the "Upper voltage information" parameter or more. | The inverter voltage fell below the value set in the "Upper voltage information" parameter. |
| Lower voltage | INFO-VOLT-L | The main power supply voltage decreased to the value set in the "Lower voltage information" parameter or less. | The main power supply voltage exceeded the value set in the "Lower voltage information" parameter. |
| Preset execution | INFO-PRESET | Preset was executed by the position preset or homing operation. | Preset was completed. |
| Operation start restricted mode | INFO-DSLMTD | - "Remote operation" was executed with the support software. <br> - Configuration was executed. <br> - Data was written to the driver from the support software. <br> - "Reset" was executed with the support software. | - Remote operation was canceled. <br> - Configuration was completed. <br> - Writing data was completed. <br> - Data was restored to the factory setting. |
| I/O test mode | INFO-IOTEST | - "I/O test" was executed with the support software. <br> - Configuration was executed. | -The I/O test mode was canceled. <br> - Configuration was completed. |
| Configuration request | INFO-CONFIG | The parameter that required executing the configuration was changed. | Configuration was executed. |
| Reboot request | INFO-REBOOT | A parameter required the main power supply to turn on again was changed. | The main power supply was turned on again. |
| Assigned I/O status 0 | INFO-USRIOO | The I/O signal set in the "INFO-USRIOO output selection" parameter was turned ON. | The I/O signal set in the "INFOUSRIOO output selection" parameter was turned OFF. |
| Assigned I/O status 1 | INFO-USRIO1 | The I/O signal set in the "INFO-USRIO1 output selection" parameter was turned ON. | The I/O signal set in the "INFOUSRIO1 output selection" parameter was turned OFF. |
| Assigned I/O status 2 | INFO-USRIO2 | The I/O signal set in the "INFO-USRIO2 output selection" parameter was turned ON. | The I/O signal set in the "INFOUSRIO2 output selection" parameter was turned OFF. |
| Assigned I/O status 3 | INFO-USRIO3 | The I/O signal set in the "INFO-USRIO3 output selection" parameter was turned ON. | The I/O signal set in the "INFOUSRIO3 output selection" parameter was turned OFF. |


| Information item | Information bit output signal | Cause | Reset condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assigned I/O status 4 | INFO-USRIO4 | The I/O signal set in the "INFO-USRIO4 output selection" parameter was turned ON. | The I/O signal set in the "INFOUSRIO4 output selection" parameter was turned OFF. |
| Assigned I/O status 5 | INFO-USRIO5 | The I/O signal set in the "INFO-USRIO5 output selection" parameter was turned ON. | The I/O signal set in the "INFOUSRIO5 output selection" parameter was turned OFF. |
| Assigned I/O status 6 | INFO-USRIO6 | The I/O signal set in the "INFO-USRIO6 output selection" parameter was turned ON. | The I/O signal set in the "INFOUSRIO6 output selection" parameter was turned OFF. |
| Assigned I/O status 7 | INFO-USRIO7 | The I/O signal set in the "INFO-USRIO7 output selection" parameter was turned ON. | The I/O signal set in the "INFOUSRIO7 output selection" parameter was turned OFF. |
| Position deviation | INFO-POS-ERR | The deviation between the demand position and the actual position increased to the value set in the "Position deviation information" parameter or more. | The deviation between the demand position and the actual position fell below the value set in the "Position deviation information" parameter. |
| Upper speed | INFO-SPD-H | The actual velocity of the motor increased to the value set in the "Upper speed information" parameter or more. | The actual velocity of the motor fell below the value set in the "Upper speed information" parameter. |
| Lower speed | INFO-SPD-L | When the demand velocity reaches the target velocity, the actual velocity of the motor decreased to the value set in the "Lower speed information" parameter or less. | - The actual velocity of the motor exceeded the value set in the "Lower speed information" parameter. <br> - The target velocity was changed. |
| Speed deviation | INFO-SPD-ERR | The deviation between the demand velocity and the actual velocity increased to the value set in the "Speed deviation information" parameter or more. | The deviation between the demand velocity and the actual velocity fell below the value set in the "Speed deviation information" parameter. |
| Torque limiting time | INFO-TLC-TIME | The ON time of the TLC output increased to the value set in the "Torque limiting time information" parameter or more. | The TLC output was turned OFF. |
| Cumulative load 0 | INFO-CULDO | The cumulative load increased to the value set in the "Cumulative load 0 information" parameter or more. | The cumulative load fell below the value set in the "Cumulative load 0 information" parameter. |
| Cumulative load 1 | INFO-CULD1 | The cumulative load increased to the value set in the "Cumulative load 1 information" parameter or more. | The cumulative load fell below the value set in the "Cumulative load 1 information" parameter. |
| Settling time | INFO-STLTIME | The settling time increased to the value set in the "Settling time information" parameter or more. | - Operation was started. <br> -The settling time fell below the value set in the "Settling time information" parameter. |
| Energy consumption | INFO-WH-BOOT | The energy consumption increased to the value set in the "Energy consumption information" parameter or more. | - A value larger than the energy consumption was set to the "Energy consumption information" parameter again. <br> - The main power supply was turned on again. |
| User energy consumption | INFO-WH-USR | The user energy consumption increased to the value set in the "User energy consumption information" parameter or more. | - A value larger than the user energy consumption was set to the "User energy consumption information" parameter again. <br> - The user energy consumption was cleared using the support software or via communication. |


| Information item | Information bit output signal | Cause | Reset condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total energy consumption | INFO-WH-TOTAL | The total energy consumption increased to the value set in the "Total energy consumption information" parameter or more. | A value larger than the total energy consumption was set again to the "Total energy consumption information" parameter. |
| Positive direction main power supply current | INFO-MP-FWCRNT | The main power supply current increased to the value set in the "Positive direction main power supply current information" parameter or more. | The main power supply current fell below the value set in the "Positive direction main power supply current information" parameter. |
| Negative direction main power supply current | INFO-MP-RVCRNT | The main power supply current decreased to the value set in the "Negative direction main power supply current information" parameter or less. | The main power supply current exceeded the value set in the "Negative direction main power supply current information" parameter. |
| Tripmeter 0 | INFO-TRIPO | The travel distance of the motor increased to the value set in the "Tripmeter 0 information" parameter or more. | - A value larger than the travel distance of the motor was set to the "Tripmeter 0 information" parameter again. <br> - The tripmeter 0 was cleared using the support software or via communication. |
| Tripmeter 1 | INFO-TRIP1 | The travel distance of the motor increased to the value set in the "Tripmeter 1 information" parameter or more. | - A value larger than the travel distance of the motor was set to the "Tripmeter 1 information" parameter again. <br> - The tripmeter 1 was cleared using the support software or via communication. |
| Odometer | INFO-ODO | The cumulative travel distance of the motor increased to the value set in the "Odometer information" parameter or more. | A value larger than the cumulative travel distance of the motor was set to the "Odometer information" parameter again. |
| CPU load | INFO-CPU-LOAD | The CPU load increased to the value set in the "CPU load information" parameter or more. | The CPU load fell below the value set in the "CPU load information" parameter. |
| Total uptime | INFO-PTIME | The total operation time of the driver increased to the value set in the "Total uptime information" parameter or more. | A value larger than the total operation time of the driver was set to the "Total uptime information" parameter again. |
| Number of boots | INFO-PCOUNT | The number of times of starting the driver increased to the value set in the "Number of boots information" parameter or more. | A value larger than the number of times of starting the driver was set to the "Number of boots information" parameter again. |
| RS-485 communication error | INFO-485-ERR | The RS-485 communication error was consecutively detected equal to or more than the value set in the "RS-485 communication error information" parameter. | RS-485 communication was performed properly. |
| RS-485 communication processing time | INFO-485-PRCST | The communication processing time of RS-485 communication increased to the value set in the "RS-485 communication processing time information" parameter or more. | The communication processing time of RS-485 communication fell below the value set in the "RS-485 communication processing time information" parameter. |
| RS-485 communication interval | INFO-485-INTVL | The communication interval of RS-485 communication increased to the value set in the "RS-485 communication interval information" parameter or more. | The communication interval of RS-485 communication fell below the value set in the "RS-485 communication interval information" parameter. |


| Information item | Information bit output signal | Cause | Reset condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CAN communication warning | INFO-CAN-WNG | The value of the CAN communication transmission or reception error counter was exceeded 96. | The value of the CAN communication transmission or reception error counter was decreased to 96 or below. |
| Start homing operation error | INFO-START-HOME | Homing operation was executed when the RDY-HOME-OPE output was OFF. | Operation was started properly. |
| Start FW/RV operation error | INFO-START-FWRV | - FW/RV operation was executed in the direction having prohibited by the FW-BLK input or the RV-BLK input. <br> - FW/RV operation was executed in the direction having prohibited by the FW-LS input or the RV-LS input. <br> - FW/RV operation was executed in the direction having stopped by the software limit. <br> - FW/RV operation was executed when the RDY-FWRV-OPE output was OFF. | Operation was started properly. |
| Start stored data operation error | INFO-START-SD | - Stored data operation was executed in the direction having prohibited by the FW-BLK input or the RV-BLK input. <br> - Stored data operation was executed in the direction having prohibited by the FW-LS input or the RV-LS input. <br> - Stored data operation was executed in the direction having stopped by the software limit. <br> - Stored data operation was executed when the RDY-SD-OPE output was OFF. | Operation was started properly. |
| Start direct data operation error | INFO-START-DD | - Direct data operation was executed in the direction having prohibited by the FW-BLK input or the RV-BLK input. <br> - Direct data operation was executed in the direction having prohibited by the FW-LS input or the RV-LS input. <br> - Direct data operation was executed in the direction having stopped by the software limit. <br> - Direct data operation was executed when the RDY-DD-OPE output was OFF. | Operation was started properly. |
| Start drive profile error | INFO-START-DP | - Drive profile was executed in the direction having prohibited by the FW-BLK input or the RV-BLK input. <br> - Drive profile was executed in the direction having prohibited by the FW-LS input or the RV-LS input. <br> - Drive profile was executed in the direction having stopped by the software limit. <br> - Drive profile was executed when the RDY-DPROF-OPE output was OFF. | Operation was started properly. |
| I/O operation disabled | INFO-IODRV-DIS | An operation start signal is being ON when "I/O test" or "remote operation" of the support software was completed. | All operation start signal were turned OFF. |


| Information item | Information bit output signal | Cause | Reset condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Forward operation prohibition | INFO-FW-OT | - Either the FW-LS input or the FW-BLK input was turned ON. <br> - The demand position exceeded "Corrected max software limit." | - Both the FW-LS input and the FW-BLK input were turned OFF. <br> - The demand position fell in the range of "Corrected max software limit." |
| Reverse operation prohibition | INFO-RV-OT | - Either the RV-LS input or the RV-BLK input was turned ON. <br> - The demand position exceeded "Corrected min software limit." | - Both the RV-LS input and the RV-BLK input were turned OFF. <br> - The demand position fell in the range of "Corrected min software limit." |
| Unit setting | INFO-UNIT-E | - The control resolution exceeding the specification value was set. <br> -The velocity unit exceeding the specification value was set. | - The control resolution was set in the range of the specification. <br> - The velocity unit was set in the range of the specification. |
| Software limit setting | INFO-SOFTLMT-E | "Corrected max software limit" or "Corrected min software limit" was set outside the WRAP setting range. | "Corrected max software limit" and "Corrected min software limit" were set within the WRAP setting range. |
| CPU error | INFO-CPU-FAULT | The CPU overload alarm was generated. | The power supply was turned on again. |
| Overcurrent error | INFO-OC-FAULT | An alarm of overcurrent or electromagnetic brake overcurrent was generated. | The power supply was turned on again. |
| Encoder error | INFO-ENC-FAULT | An alarm of encoder error, encoder communication error, initial encoder error, or encoder EEPROM error was generated. | The power supply was turned on again. |

Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| INFO action (assigned I/O status group information (INFO-USRIO-G)) | Sets whether or not to apply to the group output, INFO output, and LED blinking when information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : INFO action is not applied * <br> 1: INFO action is applied <br> * The information history is left. | 1 | - |
| INFO action (start operation group information (INFO-START-G)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (RS-485 communication group information (INFO-485-G)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (maintenance group information (INFO-MNT-G)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (setting group information (INFO-SET-G)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (driver temperature information (INFO-DRVTMP)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (motor temperature information (INFO-MTRTMP)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (load factor information (INFOLOAD)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (torque information (INFOTRQ)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (power consumption information (INFO-WATT)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (upper voltage information (INFO-VOLT-H)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (lower voltage information (INFO-VOLT-L)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (preset execution information (INFO-PRESET)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (Operation start restricted mode information (INFO-DSLMTD)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (I/O test mode information (INFO-IOTEST)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (configuration request information (INFO-CONFIG)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (reboot request information (INFO-REBOOT)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (assigned I/O status 0 information (INFO-USRIOO)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (assigned I/O status 1 information (INFO-USRIO1)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (assigned I/O status 2 information (INFO-USRIO2)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (assigned I/O status 3 information (INFO-USRIO3)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (assigned I/O status 4 information (INFO-USRIO4)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (assigned I/O status 5 information (INFO-USRIO5)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (assigned I/O status 6 information (INFO-USRIO6)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (assigned I/O status 7 information (INFO-USRIO7)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (position deviation information (INFO-POS-ERR)) |  |  |  |



| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| INFO action (start direct data operation error information (INFO-START-DD)) | Sets whether or not to apply to the group output, INFO output, and LED blinking when information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : INFO action is not applied * <br> 1: INFO action is applied <br> * The information history is left. | 1 | - |
| INFO action (start drive profile error information (INFO-START-DP)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (driving prohibited information (INFO-IDDRV-DIS)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (forward operation prohibition information (INFO-FW-OT)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (reverse operation prohibition information (INFO-RV-OT)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (unit setting information (INFO-UNIT-E)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (software limit setting information (INFO-SOFTLMT-E)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (CPU fault information (INFO-CPU-FAULT)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (over current fault information (INFO-OC-FAULT)) |  |  |  |
| INFO action (encoder fault information (INFO-ENC-FAULT)) |  |  |  |
| INFO-USRIOO output selection | Selects the output signals to be checked with the INFO-USRIO0 to INFO-USRIO7 outputs. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | 128: <br> CONST-OFF | - |
| INFO-USRIO1 output selection |  |  |  |
| INFO-USRIO2 output selection |  |  |  |
| INFO-USRIO3 output selection |  |  |  |
| INFO-USRIO4 output selection |  |  |  |
| INFO-USRIO5 output selection |  |  |  |
| INFO-USRIO6 output selection |  |  |  |
| INFO-USRIO7 output selection |  |  |  |
| INFO-USRIOO output inversion | Sets the ON/OFF inversion function to output signals to be checked with the INFO-USRIOO to INFO-USRIO7 outputs. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | 0 | - |
| INFO-USRIO1 output inversion |  | 0 | - |
| INFO-USRIO2 output inversion |  | 0 | - |
| INFO-USRIO3 output inversion |  | 0 | - |
| INFO-USRIO4 output inversion |  | 0 | - |
| INFO-USRIO5 output inversion |  | 0 | - |
| INFO-USRIO6 output inversion |  | 0 | - |
| INFO-USRIO7 output inversion |  | 0 | - |
| Driver temperature information (INFO-DRVTMP) | Sets the condition in which the driver temperature information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Motor temperature information (INFO-MTRTMP) | Sets the condition in which the motor temperature information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Position deviation information (INFO-POS-ERR) | Sets the condition in which the position deviation information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to 10,000,000 (User-defined position unit) | 0 | step |


| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Upper speed information (INFO-SPD-H) | Sets the condition in which the upper speed information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined position unit) | 0 | r/min |
| Lower speed information (INFO-SPD-L) | Sets the condition in which the lower speed information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined position unit) | 0 | r/min |
| Speed deviation information (INFO-SPD-ERR) | Sets the condition in which the speed deviation information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to 4,000,000 (User-defined position unit) | 0 | r/min |
| Load factor information (INFO-LOAD) | Sets the condition in which the load factor information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to 10,000 ( $1=0.1 \%$ ) | 0 | 1=0.1\% |
| Torque information (INFO-TRQ) | Sets the condition in which the torque information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to 10,000 ( $1=0.1 \%$ ) | 0 | 1=0.1\% |
| Torque limiting time information (INFO-TLC-TIME) | Sets the condition in which the torque limiting time information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to $10,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 0 | ms |
| Settling time information (INFO-STLTIME) | Sets the condition in which the settling time information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to $10,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 0 | ms |
| Upper voltage information (INFO-VOLT-H) | Sets the condition in which the upper voltage information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to $1,000(1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | 0 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Lower voltage information (INFO-VOLT-L) | Sets the condition in which the lower voltage information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to $1,000(1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | 0 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Positive direction main power supply current information (INFO-MP-FWCRNT) | Sets the condition in which the positive direction main power supply current information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to 500 ( $1=0.1$ A) | 0 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| Negative direction main power supply current information (INFO-MP-RVCRNT) | Sets the condition in which the negative direction main power supply current information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> -500 to -1 (1=0.1 A) | 0 | $1=0.1 \mathrm{~A}$ |


| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Power consumption information (INFO-WATT) | Sets the condition in which the power consumption information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to 10,000 ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{~W}$ ) | 0 | 1=0.1 W |
| Energy consumption information (INFO-WH-BOOT) | Sets the condition in which the energy consumption information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to $2,147,483,647$ ( $1=0.001 \mathrm{~Wh}$ ) | 0 | $1=0.001 \mathrm{~Wh}$ |
| User energy consumption information (INFO-WH-USR) | Sets the condition in which the user energy consumption information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to $2,147,483,647$ (Wh) | 0 | Wh |
| Total energy consumption information (INFO-WH-TOTAL) | Sets the condition in which the total energy consumption information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to 2,147,483,647 (Wh) | 0 | Wh |
| Tripmeter 0 information (INFO-TRIPO) | Sets the condition in which the tripmeter 0 information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to $2,147,483,647$ ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ ) | 0 | $1=0.1$ krev |
| Tripmeter 1 information (INFO-TRIP1) | Sets the condition in which the tripmeter 1 information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to $2,147,483,647$ ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ ) | 0 | $1=0.1$ krev |
| Odometer information (INFO-ODO) | Sets the condition in which the odometer information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to $2,147,483,647$ ( $1=0.1 \mathrm{krev}$ ) | 0 | $1=0.1$ krev |
| Cumulative load 0 information (INFO-CULDO) | Sets the condition in which the cumulative load 0 information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 2,147,483,647 | 0 | - |
| Cumulative load 1 information (INFO-CULD1) | Sets the condition in which the cumulative load 1 information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $2,147,483,647$ | 0 | - |
| Cumulative load value auto clear | Clears the cumulative load when operation is started (at the ON edge of the MOVE output). <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1: Enable | 1 | - |
| Cumulative load value count divisor | Sets the divisor of the cumulative load. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 32,767 | 1 | - |
| RS-485 communication error information (INFO-485-ERR) | Sets the condition in which the RS-485 communication error information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to 10 times | 0 | - |


| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| RS-485 communication processing time information (INFO-485-PRCST) | Sets the condition in which the RS-485 communication processing time information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to $10,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 0 | ms |
| RS-485 communication interval information (INFO-485-INTVL) | Sets the condition in which the RS-485 communication interval information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to $10,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 0 | ms |
| CPU load information (INFO-CPU-LOAD) | Sets the condition in which the CPU load information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to 100\% | 0 | \% |
| Total uptime information (INFO-PTIME) | Sets the condition in which the total uptime information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1 to $30,000,000 \mathrm{~min}$ | 0 | $\min$ |
| Number of boots information (INFO-PCOUNT) | Sets the condition in which the number of boots information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1 to $2,147,483,647$ | 0 | - |



## 2-5 Information status

The information presently being generated can be checked using the "information status." If information is generated, a bit corresponding to the information status is turned ON. Refer to p. 334 for bit arrangements of the information status.

## 2-6 LED indication for information

If information is generated, the PWR/SYS LED blinks in blue.
Changing the "Information LED condition" parameter can make the setting that the LED does not blink.

- Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Sets the LED status when information is generated. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable |  |  |

## 8 <br> Extended function

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## 1 Gain tuning

The motor response in reaction to the command can be adjusted according to the load inertia and the mechanical rigidity.

## 1-1 Setting of load inertia

Set the load inertia according to the load inertia of equipment.
Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Load inertia setting mode selection | Selects the setting method of the load inertia. <br> [Setting range] <br> -2: Automatic <br> -1: "Load inertia setting" parameter is used <br> 0 : Small inertia (2 times) <br> 1: Medium inertia ( 7.5 times) <br> 2: Large inertia (20 times) | 0 | - |
| Load inertia setting | Sets the ratio of the load inertia to the motor rotor inertia. When the rotor inertia is equal to the load inertia, the ratio is $100 \%$. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 10000\% | 0 | - |

## 1-2 Setting of motor response

Set the motor response in reaction to the command.

## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Motor response setting | Selects the setting method of the motor response in reaction to the command. <br> [Setting Range] <br> -1 : Manual setting <br> 0 to 8 | 4 | - |

■ When setting " 0 " to " 8 " to the "Motor response setting" parameter
The table below shows each gain setting when " 0 " to " 8 " is set in the "Motor response setting" parameter.

| Motor <br> response <br> setting | Position loop <br> gain [Hz] | Speed loop gain <br> $[\mathrm{Hz}]$ | Speed loop <br> integral time <br> constant $[\mathrm{ms}]$ | Speed <br> feed-forward <br> $[\%]$ | Torque filter <br> $[\mathrm{Hz}]$ | Mechanical <br> rigidity <br> setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 1 | 14 | 51.00 | 80 | 300 | 0 |
| 1 | 2 | 22 | 51.00 | 80 | 300 | 1 |
| 2 | 3 | 32 | 48.20 | 80 | 320 | 2 |
| 3 | 5 | 46 | 33.80 | 80 | 460 | 3 |
| 4 | 6 | 56 | 28.40 | 80 | 560 | 4 |
| 5 | 7 | 68 | 23.40 | 80 | 680 | 5 |
| 6 | 8 | 82 | 19.40 | 80 | 820 | 6 |
| 7 | 10 | 100 | 15.80 | 80 | 1000 | 7 |
| 8 | 12 | 120 | 13.20 | 80 | 1200 | 8 |

## When setting "-1: Manual setting" to the "Motor response setting" parameter

Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Mechanical rigidity setting | Selects the rigidity of equipment. The motor response improves as the setting value increases. An excessively high value may cause the motor to vibrate or to generate noise. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 15 | 4 | - |
| Position loop gain | Adjusts the motor response in reaction to the position deviation. Increasing the value will make the deviation between the demand position and the actual position smaller. An excessively large value may increase the motor overshoot or cause the motor vibration. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 50 Hz | 6 | - |
| Speed loop gain | Adjusts the motor response in reaction to the speed deviation. Increasing the value will make the deviation between the demand velocity and the actual velocity smaller. An excessively large value may increase the motor overshoot or cause the motor vibration. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 500 Hz | 56 | - |
| Speed loop integral time constant | Decreases the deviation that cannot be adjusted with the speed loop gain. An excessively long value may slow the motor response. Too short value may cause the motor vibration. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1 to 10,000 ( $1=0.01 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) | 2,840 | $1=0.01 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Electronic damper | Sets the electronic damper function for vibration suppression set in the motor in advance. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1: Enable | 1 | - |
| Torque filter (LPF) | Changes the motor response at high frequencies. [Setting range] <br> 0 to 4700 Hz | 560 | Hz |
| Speed feed-forward | When the speed is constant, the deviation between the demand position and the actual position can be reduced to shorten the settling time. If it is set to $100 \%$, the deviation will be approximately $0 \%$. However, an excessively high value may increase the motor overshoot or cause the motor vibration. <br> [Setting range] $0 \text { to } 100 \%$ | 80 | \% |

Note The above parameters are enabled only when the "Motor response setting" parameter is set to "-1: Manual setting."

Generally speaking, the order of rigidity arranged from low to high is as follows. Belt and pulley - Rack and pinion - Ball screw - Rigid body (index table, gear, etc.)

## Control devices block diagram (position control)



Control devices block diagram (speed control)


| Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Control device velocity demand | Indicates the velocity demand of the control device (after command filter). |
| Actual velocity | Indicates the actual velocity. |
| Control device speed deviation | Indicates the speed deviation of the control device (after command filter). |

## 2 Vibration suppression

## 2-1 Command filter

Using the command filter to adjust the motor response can suppress the motor vibration.
There are two types of command filters, LPF (speed filter) and moving average filter.
Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Command filter setting | Select the command filter to be activated for the operation command. <br> [Setting range] <br> 1: LPF (speed filter) <br> 2: Moving average filter | 1 | - |
| Command filter time constant | Sets the time constant for the command filter to adjust the motor response. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 200 ms | 1 | ms |

## LPR (Speed filter)

Select "LPF (speed filter)" in the "Command filter setting" parameter, and set the "Command filter time constant" parameter.
Increasing a value in the "Command filter time constant" parameter can suppress the motor vibration at low speed operation and make the motor movement at starting/stopping smoother. However, setting an excessively high time constant reduces the synchronization performance in response to the command. Set an appropriate value according to a load or an application.

- When the "Command filter time constant"
parameter is set to 0 ms

- When the "Command filter time constant" parameter is set to 200 ms



## - Moving average filter

Select "Moving average filter" in the "Command filter setting" parameter, and set the "Command filter time constant" parameter.
The motor response can be adjusted. In addition, the positioning time can be shortened by suppressing the residual vibration in positioning operation.
The optimal value for the "Command filter time constant" parameter varies depending on a load or operating condition. Set an appropriate value according to a load or operating condition.


## Command filter and deviation monitor

| Deviation monitor | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Position deviation | Indicates the deviation between the demand position before the command <br> filter and the actual position. |
| Control device position deviation | Indicates the deviation between the demand position after the command <br> filter and the actual position. <br> Refer to p.466 for details. |
| Speed deviation | Indicates the deviation between the demand velocity before the command <br> filter and the actual velocity. |
| Control device speed deviation | Indicates the deviation between the demand velocity after the command <br> filter and the actual velocity. <br> Refer to p.466 for details. |

## 2-2 Resonance suppression

Set the filter for suppressing the motor resonance.
Related parameters

| Parameter name |  | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Resonance suppression control A <br> frequency | Sets the frequency of vibration to be suppressed. <br> [Setting range] <br> 100 to 3,200 Hz | 1,000 | Hz |
|  | Sets the gain to suppress the vibration. Increasing the <br> value causes the motor response to the deviation to <br> lower. <br> [Setting range] <br> Resonance suppression control <br> gain |  | Sets the width of vibration to be suppressed. <br> [Setting range] <br> 30 to 120 |

## 2-3 Damping control

Even when the motor is installed in a machine with low rigidity, residual vibration during positioning can be suppressed to shorten the positioning time.
(The optimal value varies depending on the equipment or operating condition.)

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| Damping control frequency | Sets the frequency of vibration to be suppressed. <br> lSetting range] <br> 700 to 20,000 $(1=0.01 \mathrm{~Hz})$ | 10,000 | $1=0.01 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Damping control gain | Sets the gain for damping control (vibration <br> suppression control). <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 100\% | 0 | $\%$ |

## 2-4 Electronic damper

Whether to enable or disable the electronic damper function for vibration suppression having set in the motor beforehand can be set.
(Depending on a coupling and a load, the setting to disable may be more effective for vibration suppression. )
Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Electronic damper | Sets the electronic damper function for vibration suppression set in <br> the motor in advance. <br> lSetting range] <br> 0: Disable <br> 1:Enable | 1 | - |

## 3 <br> Virtual input

The virtual input (VIR-IN) is a function that uses the output signal assigned to the virtual input source to configure the input to the set input signal. Assign two output signals ( A and B ) to one virtual input. VIR-IN is input after the logical combination of $A$ and $B$ is established.
No wiring is required and this function can be used together with direct I/O because of the input method to use the internal I/O. Up to 8 virtual inputs can be set.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Virtual input function (link) | Selects the input signals to be assigned to VIR-INO to VIR-IN7. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-1 Input signals list" on p. 151 | 0: Not used | - |
| Virtual input source A function | Selects the virtual input source A function (output signal) for VIR-INO to VIR-IN7. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | 128: <br> CONST-OFF | - |
| Virtual input source A inverting mode | Changes ON/OFF of the virtual input source $A$. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | 0 | - |
| Virtual input source B function | Selects the virtual input source $B$ function (output signal) for VIR-INO to VIR-IN7. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | 128: <br> CONST-OFF | - |
| Virtual input source B inverting mode | Changes ON/OFF of the virtual input source B. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | 0 | - |
| Virtual input logical operation | Sets the logical combination of virtual input source $A$ and virtual input source B. <br> [Setting range] $0: \text { AND }$ $1 \text { OR }$ | 1 | - |
| Virtual input ON signal dead time | Sets the ON signal dead-time for VIR-INO to VIR-IN7. <br> (The input signal is turned ON when the time having set is exceeded.) <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to $4,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 0 | ms |
| Virtual input 1 shot signal | Enables the 1-shot signal function for VIR-INO to VIR-IN7. (The input signal having been turned ON is automatically turned OFF after $250 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.) <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Disable <br> 1: Enable | 0 | - |

Setting example: When the TLC output is turned ON using VIR-INO, turn the STOP input ON to stop the motor.

|  | Virtual <br> input <br> function <br> (link) | Virtual <br> input <br> source A <br> function | Virtual input <br> source A <br> inverting <br> mode | Virtual input <br> source B <br> function | Virtual input <br> source B <br> inverting <br> mode | Virtual <br> input <br> logical <br> operation | Virtual <br> input ON <br> signal <br> dead time | Virtual <br> input 1 <br> shot signal <br> mode |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VIR-INO | STOP | TLC | Not invert | CONST-OFF | Not invert | OR | 0 | Enable |

The user output (USR-OUT) is a function that controls the output based on a logical conjunction or logical disjunction of two types of output signals and the comparison result with the internal monitor group.
Up to 8 user outputs can be set.
The output condition of the user output can be selected from the following two items.

## Internal IO judgment

Assign two types of signals ( $A$ and $B$ ) to a single user output. USR-OUT is output after the logical combination of $A$ and $B$ is established.

Value judgment
Set the ON condition to a single user output. USR-OUT is output after the ON condition is established.
Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| User output operation mode | Selects the operation mode of the user output. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Internal IO judgment <br> 1: Value judgment (value $X$, value $Y$ ) $=($ value $A$, value $B$ ) <br> 2: Value judgment (value $X$, value $Y$ ) $=($ value of NET-ID $=A$, value $B$ ) <br> 3: Value judgment (value $X$, value $Y$ ) $=($ value $A$, value of $N E T-I D=B$ ) <br> 4: Value Judgment (value $X$, value $Y$ ) $=$ (value of NET-ID=A, value of NET-ID=B) | 0 | - |
| User output (IO) source A function | Selects the user output source A function (output signal) for USR-OUTO to USR-OUT7. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | $\begin{aligned} & 128: \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \end{aligned}$ | - |
| User output (IO) source A inverting mode | Changes ON/OFF of the user output source $A$. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | 0 | - |
| User output (IO) source B function | Selects the user output source B function (output signal) for USR-OUTO to USR-OUT7. <br> [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 128: } \\ & \text { CONST- } \\ & \text { OFF } \end{aligned}$ | - |
| User output (IO) source B inverting mode | Changes ON/OFF of the user output source B. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Not invert <br> 1: Invert | 0 | - |
| User output (IO) logical operation | Sets the logical combination of user output source A and user output source B. <br> [Setting range] $0 \text { : AND }$ $1 \text { OR }$ | 1 | - |


| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| User output (value) ON condition | Selects the ON condition of the user output. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : (value of target NET-ID + value $Y)=($ value $X)$ <br> 1: (target NET-ID value + value Y ) < (value X) <br> 2: (value of target NET-ID + value Y ) $\leq$ (value X ) <br> 3: (value X) < (value of target NET-ID + value $Y$ ) <br> 4: (value $X$ ) $\leq$ (value of target NET-ID + value $Y$ ) <br> 5: (value of target NET-ID) < (value X) or (value Y) < (value of target NET-ID) <br> 6: (value of target NET-ID) $\leq($ value $X)$ or (value $Y$ ) $\leq$ (value of target NET-ID) <br> 7: (value X ) < (value of target NET-ID) < (value Y) <br> 8 : (value $X) \leq($ value of target NET-ID) $\leq($ value $Y$ ) <br> 9: (value Y$)=(($ value of target NET-ID) And (value X)) <br> 10: (value Y$)=(($ value of target NET-ID) Or (value X)) <br> 11: ((value of target NET-ID) And (value X)) is not 0 | 0 | - |
| User output (value) target NET-ID | Sets the target NET-ID of the user output. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 | 0 | - |
| User output (value) value A | Sets the value A of the user ID. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ | 0 | - |
| User output (value) value B | Sets the value $B$ of the user output. <br> [Setting range] <br> $-2,147,483,648$ to $2,147,483,647$ | 0 | - |

Setting example: Using USR-OUTO, if the IN-POS output and the RDY-SD-OPE outputs are turned ON, USR-OUTO is output.

| Output signal | User output <br> operation <br> mode | User output <br> (IO) <br> source A <br> function | User output (IO) <br> source A <br> inverting mode | User output (IO) <br> source B function | User output (IO) <br> source B <br> inverting mode | User output <br> (IO) <br> logical <br> operation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| USR-OUTO | Internal IO <br> judgment | IN-POS | 0 Not invert | RDY-SD-OPE | 0 : Not invert | $0:$ AND |

## 5 <br> Data transfer

The data transfer (DTF) is a function that transfers the data (value) to a specified NET-ID using internal I/O.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| Data transfer trigger IO | Selects the output signal to be triggered data transfer. [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 | 0 : Not used | - |
| Data transfer trigger form | Selects the edge shape to be triggered. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Positive-Edge <br> 1: Negative-Edge <br> 2: Double-Edge | 0 | - |
| Data transfer transfer mode | Selects the transfer mode of data transfer. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : Transfers the value of the argument NET-ID to the target NET-ID <br> 1: Transfers the value of the argument NET-ID to the target NET-ID with AND-Logic synthesis <br> 2: Transfers the value of the argument NET-ID to the target NET-ID with OR-Logic synthesis <br> 3: Transfers the value of the argument NET-ID to the target NET-ID with CLR-Logic synthesis <br> 4: Transfers the value of the argument NET-ID to the target NET-ID with Additive function <br> 8: Transfers the value of the argument to the target NET-ID <br> 9: Transfers the value of the argument to the target NET-ID with AND-Logic synthesis <br> 10: Transfers the value of the argument to the target NET-ID with OR-Logic synthesis <br> 11: Transfers the value of the argument to the target NET-ID with CLR-Logic synthesis <br> 12: Transfers the value of the argument to the target NET-ID with Additive function | 0 | - |
| Data transfer argument | Sets the value or NET-ID (data source) to be transferred in data transfer. <br> [Setting range] $-2,147,483,648 \text { to } 2,147,483,647$ | 0 | - |
| Data transfer target NET-ID | Sets the NET-ID (data destination) to be transferred in data transfer. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 65,535 | 0 | - |

Note When an alarm of "CPU overload" is generated, the data transfer function is disabled.

## 6 Cumulative load

The driver obtains the load factor in the motor operation pattern as an area, and it can notify as information if the integrated area (load) exceeds a certain value. This is a useful function that can be used as a guide for the motor life and the aged deterioration of equipment.

■ How to consider the cumulative load
As the operating time of equipment passes, a friction force and load will be increased by adhesion of rusts or foreign particles, deterioration of greases and others.
Estimating this kind of load increase (cumulative load) and setting to the information can prevent the equipment from stopping due to aging problems. Set a value having enough allowance because the load increases at starting or stopping.


## ■ How to use

1. Open the status monitor window of the support software during operation to check the cumulative load in the normal operation pattern.
Use this value having enough allowance and estimate the maximum value of the cumulative load.
2. Set the maximum value determined in the step 1 to the information.
3. Equipment starts operating, and when the cumulative load of the motor increases to reach "5,000," the information is generated.
Perform maintenance on the equipment.
Note The information is cleared when the main power supply of the driver is turned off because the cumulative load is stored in RAM.

## ■ "Cumulative load value count divisor" parameter

The upper limit to count the cumulative load is 2,147,483,647.
If the operating time is long, the cumulative load may increase, making it difficult to manage or exceeding the upper limit.
In this case, use the "Cumulative load value count divisor" parameter. The "Cumulative load value count divisor" parameter is a divisor used to divide the count value of the cumulative load. Dividing by the cumulative load value count divisor makes it easier to manage the count value.
-When the "Cumulative load value count divisor" parameter is " 1 "


The upper limit value has been reached while operation is continued to perform, and the cumulative load cannot be counted

- When the "Cumulative load value count divisor" parameter is " 5 "


Increase slows down because the count value of the cumulative load is divided by "5"

## ■ "Cumulative load value auto clear" parameter

- If the "Cumulative load value auto clear" parameter is set to "Enable" (initial value: Enable), the cumulative load is cleared to 0 each time the MOVE output is turned ON. The cumulative load can be reset for each operation.
- If the "Cumulative load value auto clear" parameter is set to "Disable," the cumulative load is not reset even if the MOVE output is turned ON, and it is continued to integrate. The cumulative load can be monitored for a certain period of time or under a certain condition. When this parameter is set to "Disable," reset the cumulative load with the LAT-CLR input.
- When the "Cumulative load value auto clear" parameter is enabled

- When the "Cumulative load value auto clear" parameter is disabled



## $7 \quad$ Load factor monitor

There are two methods to monitor the load factor of the motor.

- Torque monitor: This indicates the output torque presently generated as a percentage of the rated torque being 100\%.
- Load factor monitor: This indicates the output torque presently generated as a percentage of the maximum torque in the continuous duty region being $100 \%$.



## 8 Actual velocity monitor

The filter time constant (LPF) of the actual velocity can be changed.

## Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Initial value | Unit <br> monitor. <br> lSetting range] <br> 1 to 100 ms | 5 | ms

Related monitor commands

| Name | Description |  | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| Actual velocity <br> (User-defined velocity unit) | Indicates the present actual velocity. <br> (User-defined velocity unit) | - | $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ |  |
| Actual velocity (r/min) | Indicates the present actual velocity. (r/min) | - | $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ |  |
| Actual velocity (step/s) | Indicates the present actual velocity. (step/s) | - | $\mathrm{step} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |

## 9 Latch function

The latch function is a function that saves the instantaneous operation information in the driver when the operation is switched by an event jump or the operation is stopped. For example, if operation is switched by the NEXT input during continuous operation, the operation information at the moment of switching is latched. A trigger to generate a latch, such as the event jump or the NEXT input, is called "latch trigger." The operation information saved by the latch function is maintained until it is cleared. The latched operation information can be used for maintenance of the equipment and checking the operation situation.

## - Information to be latched

- Demand position: Demand position when the latch trigger is generated
- Actual position: Actual position when the latch trigger is generated
- Target position: Target position of operation for the transition destination when latched by the event jump or the NEXT input.
Target position of operation having stopped when latched by operation stop.
Target position at which the latch trigger is generated when latched by the user latch input.
- Operation data number: Operation data number when latched
- Number of loop times: When latched while loop operation is executed, the number of loop times when latched is saved.
- Number of latch times: The number of times latched is saved.
- Latch time: Continuous uptime when latched is saved.
memo All information having latched is cleared if the power supply is turned on again.


## Types of latch trigger

- User latch input
- When the USR-LAT-INO input or the USR-LAT--IN1 input is input
- When the ZSG-N output is turned ON
memo - The input source of the user latch input can be changed using the parameter.
- The user latch input saves the latch information by both ON edge and OFF edge.


## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| USR-LAT0 source | Selects the input source of USR-LAT0. <br> lSetting range] <br> 0: IO for latch (USR-LAT-IN0) <br> $1:$ Phase Z (ZSG-N) | 0 | - |
|  | Selects the input source of USR-LAT1. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: IO for latch (USR-LAT-IN1) <br> $1:$ Phase Z (ZSG-N) | 0 | - |

- Event jump [(Low) I/O event number, (Middle) I/O event number, (High) I/O event number], NEXT input
- During stored data operation, when the event jump [(Low) I/O event number, (Middle) I/O event number, (High) I/ O event number] is generated to switch the operation.
- During stored data operation, when the NEXT input is input to switch the operation.


## - Stop of operation

- When operation is stopped by the S-ON input, the FREE input, the CLR input, the QSTOP input, or the STOP input.
- When operation is stopped by the Quick stop event or the Halt event.
- When operation is stopped by software overtravel or hardware overtravel.
- When operation was stopped by alarm generation.
- When operation is stopped by the FW-BLK input while operation in the forward direction is executed.
- When operation is stopped by the RV-BLK input while operation in the reverse direction is executed.
- When operation is stopped by "Stop operation" of the maintenance command.
- When the power supply for communication is lost and operation is stopped.


## - Operation of latch trigger

There are two types of latch trigger operation, " 1 shot" and "Continuous."
It can be set for each latch trigger.

- 1 shot: The latched value is maintained until the LAT-CLR input is turned from OFF to ON.
- Continuous: The value is overwritten each time the latch trigger is generated.

Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| LAT-JUMPO action | Selects the movement of the latch by the low event. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : 1 shot <br> 1: Continuous | 0 | - |
| LAT-JUMP1 action | Indicates the movement of the latch by the middle event. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : 1 shot <br> 1: Continuous | 0 | - |
| LAT-JUMP2 action | Selects the movement of the latch by the high event. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : 1 shot <br> 1: Continuous | 0 | - |
| LAT-NEXT action | Selects the movement of the latch by the NEXT input. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : 1 shot <br> 1: Continuous | 0 | - |
| LAT-STOP action | Selects the movement of the latch by the stop input. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 : 1 shot <br> 1: Continuous | 0 | - |
| USR-LATO action | Selects the movement of the latch by USR-LATO. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: 1 shot <br> 1: Continuous | 0 | - |
| USR-LAT1 action | Selects the movement of the latch by USR-LAT1. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: 1 shot <br> 1: Continuous | 0 | - |

## Related I/O signals

- Input signals
- LAT-CLR input
- USR-LAT-INO input
- USR-LAT-IN1 input
- Output signals
- USR-LATO output
- USR-LAT1 output
- JUMPO-LAT output
- JUMP1-LAT output
- JUMP2-LAT output
- NEXT-LAT output
- STOP-LAT output
- ZSG-N output


## 10 Driver simulation mode

Using the driver simulation mode can simulate coordinates and I/O status without connecting a motor. In the driver simulation mode, the PWR/SYS LED is lit as follows.
Repeating "Green light $\rightarrow$ Red light $\rightarrow$ Green and red are simultaneously lit (yellow) $\rightarrow$ No light"
Note - In the driver simulation mode, the motor does not operate regardless of whether or not the motor is connected.

- In the driver simulation mode, the driver functions and I/O signals may differ from those in the normal state.
memo Even if a motor and a driver are connected, the motor is in a non-excitation state during the simulation.
When an electromagnetic brake motor is used, the motor output shaft is held by the electromagnetic brake.

Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Operation can be simulated using a virtual motor without <br> lonnecting a motor. <br> lSetting range] <br> 0: Use real motor <br> 1:Virtual motor | 0 | Unit |

## 10-1 Use this function for the following

- To check the driver command information
- To check the wiring
- To check the operation data and parameters
- To check the input signal status.
- To check the output signal status.
- Verification when an error occurs in the system


## 10-2 Monitor

In the driver simulation mode, the following monitor values are indefinite.

- Cumulative load
- Torque
- Load factor
- Position deviation
- Speed deviation
- Control device position deviation
- Control device speed deviation
- Settling time
- ATL torque limiting value


## 10-3 Operation

The driver simulation mode is in a state where an external load does not exist.
The output torque and actual velocity of the motor are calculated values using a virtual motor as a model. Therefore, exercise caution when simulating the operation based on the output torque such as push-motion operation.
Also, in homing operation, external sensors cannot be detected because the motor does not rotate. When homing operation is simulated, it is necessary to turn the sensor input ON intentionally.

## 10-4 Alarm

In the driver simulation mode, an alarm of "Initial encoder error" is not generated.

## 11 LED of driver

Various driver status can be checked by the lighting state or the number of blinks of LEDs on the driver.
memo When each color is lit on the LED together, the colors are overlapped. Refer to the "Operating Manual Installation and Connection Edition" for LED indication of the driver.

## 11-1 Changing the lighting color of LED

The lighting colors of the PWR/SYS LED and the COMM LED can be changed.
Related parameter

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| LED (PWR/C-DAT) color <br> changing | The lighting colors of the PWR/SYS LED and the COMM LED can <br> be changed. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Green <br> $1:$ White | 1 | - |

## 11-2 Changing the lighting conditions of LED

The function of the COMM LED can be changed to ON/OFF indication of the output signal.
There is a method of use, for instance, that the LED is lit in white when a specific output signal is ON or in red when OFF.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description |  |  | Initial setting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Initial value | Unit |
| LED-OUT mode | Sets the information to be indicated by the PWR/SYS LED and the COMM LED. <br> [Setting range] |  |  | 1 | - |
|  | Setting value | LED status |  |  |  |
|  |  | PWR/SYS | COMM |  |  |
|  | -3 | No LED | tput *1 |  |  |
|  | -2 | No LED (Except when an | utput <br> arm is present)*1 |  |  |
|  | -1 | Normal operation | No LED output |  |  |
|  | 0 |  | I/O status |  |  |
|  | 1 |  | Normal operation |  |  |
| LED-OUT-GREEN function | Selects the output signal to be indicated by the green LED. *2 [Setting range] $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 128: \\ \text { CONST-OFF } \end{gathered}$ | - |
| LED-OUT-GREEN inverting mode | Sets whether to invert ON/OFF when the internal I/O is output with LED-OUT-GREEN. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0: Not invert <br> 1: Invert |  |  | 0 | - |
| LED-OUT-RED function | Selects the output signal to be indicated by the red LED. *2 [Setting range] <br> $\Rightarrow$ "2-2 Output signals list" on p. 154 |  |  | 128: <br> CONST-OFF | - |


| LED-OUT-RED inverting <br> mode | with LED-OUT-RED. <br> [Setting range] <br> $0:$ Not invert <br> 1: Invert | 0 | - |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| LED-OUT-BLUE function | Selects the output signal to be indicated by the blue LED. *2 <br> [Setting range] <br> S"2-2 Output signals list" on p.154 | $128:$ <br> CONST-OFF | - |
| Sets whether to invert ON/OFF when the internal I/O is output <br> with LED-OUT-BLUE. <br> LSetting range] <br> $0:$ Not invert <br> $1:$ Invert | 0 | - |  |

[^26]
## 11-3 Changing the LED blinking condition when the main power supply is turned on

The COMM LED can blink when the main power supply is turned on.

## Related parameters

| Parameter name | Description | Initial setting |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Initial value | Unit |  |
| Number of times the GREEN <br> LED blinks at booting | The COMM LED can blink in green when the main power <br> supply is turned on. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 9 times | 0 | - |
| Number of times the RED LED <br> blinks at booting | The COMM LED can blink in red when the main power <br> supply is turned on. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 9 times | 0 | - |
| Number of times the BLUE LED <br> blinks at booting | The COMM LED can blink in blue when the main power <br> supply is turned on. <br> [Setting range] <br> 0 to 9 times | 0 | - |

## 9 Appendix

- Table of contents

1 Relation between operation types and operation data/parameters

## 1 <br> Relation between operation types and operation data/parameters

|  |  |  |  |  |  | /RV | perat |  |  |  | ning | pera |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parameter name |  |  |  |  |  |  | (\|0ヵұuos uo!!!!sod) uo!̣erado snonu!̣uo) |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & \tilde{\omega} \\ & 0 \\ & \tilde{H} \\ & \underline{0} \\ & 3 \\ & 0 \\ & \frac{0}{D} \end{aligned}$ |  | O <br> 0 <br> $\sum_{0}^{1}$ <br>  <br>  <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 3 <br> 3 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \frac{0}{n} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \\ & \frac{0}{0} \end{aligned}$ |
| Operation data | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - |
| Operation I/O event | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Command filter setting | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Command filter time constant | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - |
| Starting velocity | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - |
| Permission of absolute positioning without setting absolute coordinates | O | O | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Acceleration/deceleration setting method | O | O | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | O | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - |
| Automatic S-ON for the FW/RV operation | - | - | - | O | $\bigcirc$ | O | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - |
| Accept stored data override operation start by START input | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| User-defined position unit setting | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| User-defined velocity unit setting | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| User acceleration/deceleration unit setting | - | O | 0 | O | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | O | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | 0 |
| (JOG) Travel amount | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (JOG) Operating velocity | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (JOG) Acceleration/deceleration | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (JOG) Starting velocity | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (JOG) Operating velocity (high) | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JOG/HOME command filter time constant | - | - | - | O | O | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | O | O | $\bigcirc$ |
| JOG/HOME Torque limit value | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| (HOME) Homing mode | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | $\bigcirc$ |
| (HOME) Starting direction | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| (HOME) Acceleration/deceleration | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| (HOME) Starting velocity | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| (HOME) Operating velocity | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| (HOME) Last velocity | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| (HOME) SLIT detection | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |


|  |  | ио!̣еләdo еұер |  | FW/RV operation |  |  |  |  |  | Homing operation |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parameter name |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & N \\ & \tilde{N} \\ & \tilde{D} \\ & \underline{N} \\ & \underline{3} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \frac{1}{n} \\ & \frac{1}{3} \\ & 3 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ |
| (HOME) ZSG signal detection | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| (HOME) Travel amount of additional operation after homing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| (HOME) Backward steps in 2 sensor homing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | - | - | - |
| (HOME) Operating amount in unidirectional homing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | - |
| (HOME) Torque limit value for push-homing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ |
| (HOME) Backward steps after first entry in push-homing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ |
| (HOME) Pushing time in pushhoming | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ |
| (HOME) Backward steps in pushhoming | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ |

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## Revision record

| Revision number | Revised contents |
| :---: | :--- |
| First edition |  |
| Second edition | $\bullet$ Added 400 W <br> $\bullet$ Update according to design change of driver firmware version 3.00 |
| Third edition | Added 60 W |

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[^0]:    * The value in $\square$ represents the coordinate of the position where the motor stopped.

[^1]:    *1 A state of the position loop is based on the operation type before starting stop operation.
    *2 In positioning push-motion operation, the position loop is enabled only for the following time period when operation is stopped.
    1 ms or less or the setting time of the drive-complete delay time

[^2]:    *1 Although the motor does not rotate because the velocity is "0," the output signals are in an operating status.
    *2 It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.

[^3]:    *1 Query via RS-485 communication
    *2 C3.5 (silent interval) + Longer one from among Tb4 (query processing time) and Tb2 (transmission waiting time)
    *3 C3.5 (silent interval) + Tb4 (query processing time) +2 ms or less

[^4]:    * It varies depending on the load, operating velocity, speed filter, etc.

[^5]:    *1 The maximum torque limiting value varies depending on the motor. Refer to p .39 for the maximum value of each motor.
    *2 When combined with a gear, set the "JOG starting speed" parameter so that the motor shaft speed is $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or lower.

[^6]:    * When combined with a gear, set the "Starting velocity" parameter so that the motor shaft speed is $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or lower.

[^7]:    * When combined with a gear, set the "Starting velocity" parameter so that the motor shaft speed is $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or lower.

[^8]:    * It varies depending on the load, operating velocity, speed filter, etc.

[^9]:    * When combined with a gear, set the "Starting velocity" parameter so that the motor shaft speed is $300 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or lower.

[^10]:    * The motor pulls out of the limit sensor, and rotates according to the value set in the "(HOME) Backward steps in 2 sensor homing."

[^11]:    * The motor pulls out of the HOME sensor, and rotates according to the value set in the "(HOME) Operating amount in unidirectional homing."

[^12]:    * The motor rotates from the mechanical end according to the value set in the "(HOME) Backward steps in push-homing."

[^13]:    * It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.

[^14]:    * It varies depending on the driving condition.

[^15]:    * It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.

[^16]:    * It varies depending on the driving condition.

[^17]:    memo
    Refer to $p .472$ for details about user output.

[^18]:    * The maximum number of registers in total for all axes includes the error check between slaves. Example: When used with six axes, the maximum value is 119 ( $125-6=119$ ).

[^19]:    Send a query to set the read data for the slave address 2 in the same way.

[^20]:    *1 The value set in the "Direct data operation operation parameter initial value reference data number" parameter will be the initial value.
    *2 The operation data of the operation data number set in the "Direct data operation operation parameter initial value reference data number" parameter will be the initial value.
    *3 The maximum torque limiting value varies depending on the motor. Refer to p. 39 for the maximum value of each motor.
    *4 It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.

[^21]:    memo NET-ID of the base address is half the value of the Modbus communication base address.

[^22]:    memo

[^23]:    *1 When writing is performed with the support software, the value written is immediately updated.
    *2 It is effective for the driver version 3.00 or later.

[^24]:    * The PWR/SYS LED is lit in red for maximum one second when the main power supply is turned on.

[^25]:    *1 It varies depending on the driving condition

[^26]:    *1 The PWR/SYS LED is lit in red for maximum one second when the main power supply is turned on.
    *2 It operates only when the "LED-OUT mode" parameter is set to "0."

